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Guidelines for Water Reuse

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Municipal Support Division
Office of Wastewater Management
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Technology Transfer and Support Division
National Risk Management Research Laboratory
Office of Research and Development
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U.S. Agency for International Development
Washington, DC

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Foreword

In an effort to help meet growing demands being placed on available water supplies, many communities throughout the U.S. and the world are turning to water reclamation and reuse. Water reclamation and reuse offer an effective means of conserving our limited high-quality freshwater supplies while helping to meet the ever growing demands for water.

For many years, effluent discharges have been accepted as an important source for maintaining minimum stream flows. The investment in treatment technologies required to meet restrictive discharge limits has lead an increasing number of industries and communities to consider other uses for their treated wastewater effluents as a means to recover at least a part of this investment. Further, as sources of water supplies have become limited, there has been greater use and acceptance of reclaimed wastewater effluents as an alternative source of water for a wide variety of applications, including landscape and agricultural irrigation, toilet and urinal flushing, industrial processing, power plant cooling, wetland habitat creation, restoration and maintenance, and groundwater recharge. In some areas of the country, water reuse and dual water systems with purple pipe for distribution of reclaimed water have become fully integrated into local water supplies.

The 2004 *Guidelines for Water Reuse* examines opportunities for substituting reclaimed water for potable water supplies where potable water quality is not required. It presents and summarizes recommended water reuse guidelines, along with supporting information, as guidance for the benefit of the water and wastewater utilities and regulatory agencies, particularly in the U.S. The document updates the 1992 *Guidelines* document by incorporating information on water reuse that has been developed since the 1992 document was issued. This revised edition also expands coverage of water reuse issues and practices in other countries. It includes many new and updated case studies, expanded coverage of indirect potable reuse and industrial reuse issues, new

information on treatment and disinfection technologies, emerging chemicals and pathogens of concern, economics, user rates and funding alternatives, public involvement and acceptance (both successes and failures), research activities and results, and sources of further information. It also includes as an updated matrix of state regulations and guidelines, and a list of state contacts. This information should be useful to states in developing water reuse standards, and revising or expanding existing regulations. It should also be useful to planners, consulting engineers and others actively involved in the evaluation, planning, design, operation or maintenance of water reclamation and reuse facilities.

Benjamin H. Grumbles
Assistant Administrator for Water U.S. EPA

Paul Gilman
Assistant Administrator for Research & Development
U.S. EPA

Jacqueline E. Schafer
Deputy Assistant Administrator
Bureau for Economic Growth, Agriculture and Trade
U.S. Agency for International Development

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Please note that the statutes and regulations described in this document may contain legally binding requirements. The summaries of those laws provided here, as well as the approaches suggested in this document, do not substitute for those statutes or regulations, nor are these guidelines themselves any kind of regulation. This document is intended to be solely informational and does not impose legally-binding requirements on EPA, States, local or tribal governments, or members of the public. Any EPA decisions regarding a particular water reuse project will be made based on the applicable statutes and regulations. EPA will continue to review and update these guidelines as necessary and appropriate.

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Please note that the listing of these contributors in no way identifies them as supporters of this document or represents their ideas and/or opinions on the subject. These persons are the leaders in the field and their expertise from every angle has added to the depth and breadth of the document.

The following colleagues contributed in the way of editing or submitting text and/or case studies. The asterisks annotate those who were part of the international efforts.

*Dr. Felix P. Amerasinghe
International Water Management Institute
Sri Lanka

Daniel Anderson, P.E.
CDM
West Palm Beach, Florida

Anthony J. Andrade
Southwest Florida Water Management District
Brooksville, Florida

Laura Andrews, P.E.
CDM
Sarasota, Florida

Ed Archuleta
El Paso Water Utilities
El Paso, Texas

*Dr. Takashi Asano
University of California at Davis
Davis, California

Richard W. Atwater
Inland Empire Utilities Agency
Rancho Cucamonga, California

Shelly Badger
City of Yelm
Yelm, Washington

John E. Balliew, P.E.
El Paso Water Utilities
El Paso, Texas

Kristina Bentson
Katz and Associates
La Jolla, California

Randy Bond
SE Farm Facility - City of Tallahassee
Tallahassee, Florida

*Brandon G. Braley, P.E.
CDM International
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Dennis Cafaro
Resource Conservation Systems
Bonita Springs, Florida

Kasey Brook Christian
University of Florida
Gainesville, Florida

Dr. Russell Christman
University of North Carolina – Chapel Hill
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

*Max S. Clark, P.E.
CDM International
Hong Kong

Pat Collins
Parsons
Santa Rosa, California

Aimee Conroy
Phoenix Water Services Department
Phoenix, Arizona

Dr. Robert C. Cooper
BioVir Laboratories, Inc.
Benicia, California

Robin Cort
Parsons Engineering Science, Inc.
Oakland, California

*Geoffrey Croke
PSI-Delta
Australia

Dr. James Crook, P.E.
Environmental Consultant
Norwell, Massachusetts

Phil Cross
Woodard & Curran, Inc./Water Conserv II
Winter Garden, Florida

Katharine Cupps, P.E.
Washington Department of Ecology
Olympia, Washington

*Jeroen H. J. Ensink
International Water Management Institute
India

William Everest Orange County Water Department Fountain Valley, California	Lauren Hildebrand, P.E. Western Carolina Regional Sewer Authority Greenville, South Carolina
David Farabee Environmental Consultant Sarasota, Florida	Dr. Helene Hilger University of North Carolina – Charlotte Charlotte, North Carolina
Dr. Peter Fox National Center for Sustainable Water Supply Arizona State University Tempe, Arizona	Stephen M. Hoffman CDM Orlando, Florida
Monica Gasca Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts Whittier, California	Keith Israel Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency Monterey, California
Jason M. Gorrie, P.E. CDM Tampa, Florida	Joe Ann Jackson PBS&J Orlando, Florida
Brian J. Graham, P.E., DEE United Water Carlsbad, California	Robert S. Jaques Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency Monterey, California
Gary K. Grinnell, P.E. Las Vegas Valley Water District Las Vegas, Nevada	Laura Johnson East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California
Michael Gritzuk Phoenix Water Services Department Phoenix, Arizona	Leslie C. Jones, P.E. CDM Charlotte, North Carolina
*Dr. Ross E. Hagan USAID Egypt	Sara Katz Katz & Associates La Jolla, California
Raymond E. Hanson, P.E. Orange County Utilities Water Reclamation Division Orlando, Florida	Diane Kemp CDM Sarasota, Florida
Earle Hartling Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts Whittier, California	*Mario Kerby Water Resources Sustainability Project Morocco
Roy L. Herndon Orange County Water District Fountain Valley, California	*Dr. Valentina Lazarova Suez Environment - CIRSEE France
*Dr. Ivanhido Hesponhol Polytechnic School, University of São Paolo Brazil	Thomas L. Lothrop, P.E., DEE City of Orlando Orlando, Florida

Peter M. MacLaggan, P.E., Esq. Poseidon Resources Corporation San Diego, California	Paul R. Puckorius Puckorius & Associates, Inc. Evergreen, Colorado
Rocco J. Maiellano Evesham Municipal Utilities Authority Evesham, New Jersey	William F. Quinn, Jr. El Paso Water Utilities El Paso, Texas
*Chris Marles SA Water Australia	Roderick D. Reardon, P.E., DEE CDM Orlando, Florida
Ted W. McKim, P.E. Reedy Creek Energy Services Lake Buena Vista, Florida	Craig L. Riley, P.E. State of Washington Department of Health Spokane, Washington
Dianne B. Mills CDM Charlotte, North Carolina	Martha Rincón Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts Whittier, California
Dr. Thomas M. Missimer, PG CDM Ft. Myers, Florida	Dr. Joan Rose Michigan State University East Lansing, Michigan
Dr. Seiichi Miyamoto Texas A&M University/Agricultural Research Center El Paso, Texas	Eric Rosenblum City of San Jose San Jose, California
*Dr. Rafael Mujeriego Universidad Politécnica de Cataluña Spain	Steve Rossi Phoenix Water Services Department Phoenix, Arizona
Richard Nagel, P.E. West and Central Basin Municipal Water Districts Carson, California	Dr. A. Charles Rowney, P.E. CDM Orlando, Florida
Margaret Nellor Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts Whittier, California	Robert W. Sackellares GA-Pacific Corporation Atlanta, Georgia
David Ornelas, P.E. El Paso Water Utilities El Paso, Texas	Richard H. Sakaji California Department of Health Services Berkeley, California
Ray T. Orvin Western Carolina Regional Sewer Authority Greenville, South Carolina	*Dr. Lluis Sala Consorti de la Costa Brava Spain
*Francis Pamminger Yarra Valley Water Ltd. Australia	*Ahmad Sawalha USAID West Bank & Gaza
Jeffrey F. Payne, P.E., DEE CDM Charlotte, North Carolina	Dr. Larry N. Schwartz CDM Orlando, Florida

*Dr. Christopher Scott, P.E. International Water Management Institute India	Andy Terrey Phoenix Water Services Department Phoenix, Arizona
Kathy F. Scott Southwest Florida Water Management District Brooksville, Florida	Hal Thomas City of Walla Walla Public Works Walla Walla, Washington
*Naief Saad Seder Jordan Valley Authority - Ministry of Water & Irrigation Jordan	Sandra Tripp, P.E. CDM Charlotte, North Carolina
Dr. David L. Sedlak University of California - Berkeley Berkeley, California	Joseph V. Towry City of St. Petersburg Water Systems Maintenance Division St. Petersburg, Florida
*Manel Serra Consorci de la Costa Brava Spain	Jay Unwin National Council for Air and Stream Improvement, Inc. Research Triangle Park, North Carolina
*Dr. Bahman Sheikh Water Reuse Consulting San Francisco, CA	Joe Upchurch Western Carolina Regional Sewer Authority Greenville, South Carolina
Wayne Simpson, P.E. Richard A. Alaimo & Associates Mount Holly, New Jersey	*Daniel van Oosterwijck Yarra Valley Water Australia
Dr. Theresa R. Slifko Orange County Government Orlando, Florida	Florence T. Wedington, P.E. East Bay Municipal Utility District Oakland, California
Michael P. Smith, P.E. CDM Tampa, Florida	Nancy J. Wheatley, J.D. Water Resources Strategies Siasconset, Massachusetts
Melissa J. Stanford National Regulatory Research Institute Columbus, Ohio	Lee P. Wiseman, P.E., DEE CDM Orlando, Florida
Keith Stoeffel Washington Department of Ecology Spokane, Washington	*Ralph Woolley Brisbane City Council Australia
Stephen C. Stratton National Council for Air and Stream Improvement, Inc. Research Triangle Park, North Carolina	David Young CDM Cambridge, Massachusetts
Robert D. Teegarden, P.E. Orange County Utilities Engineering Division Orlando, Florida	

The following persons attended the TRC in Phoenix, Arizona.

Dr. Barnes Bierck, P.E.

Environmental Engineering Consultant
Chapel Hill, North Carolina

Dr. Herman Bouwer

U.S. Water Conservation Laboratory
Phoenix, Arizona

Dennis Cafaro

Resource Conservation Systems
Bonita Springs, Florida

Lori Ann Carroll

Sarasota County Environmental Services
Sarasota, Florida

Tracy A. Clinton

Carollo Engineers
Walnut Creek, California

Katharine Cupps, P.E.

Washington Department of Ecology
Olympia, Washington

Gary K. Grinnell, P.E.

Las Vegas Valley Water District
Las Vegas, Nevada

Dr. Helene Hilger

University of North Carolina - Charlotte
Charlotte, North Carolina

Robert S. Jaques

Monterey Regional Water Pollution Control Agency
Monterey, California

Heather Kunz

CH2M Hill
Atlanta, Georgia

Keith Lewinger

Fallbrook Public Utility District
Fallbrook, California

Craig Lichy, P.E.

Kennedy/Jenks Consultants
San Francisco, California

Jeff Mosher

WateReuse Association
Alexandria, Virginia

Richard Nagel, P.E.

West and Central Basin Municipal Water Districts
Carson, California

Joan Oppenheimer

MWH
Pasadena, California

Jerry D. Phillips, P.E.

Jacobs Civil, Inc.
Orlando, Florida

Alan H. Plummer, P.E., DEE

Alan Plummer Associates, Inc.
Fort Worth, Texas

Fred Rapach, R.E.P.

Palm Beach County Water Utilities Department
West Palm Beach, Florida

Roderick D. Reardon, P.E., DEE

CDM
Orlando, Florida

Alan E. Rimer, P.E., DEE

Black & Veatch International Company
Cary, North Carolina

Todd L. Tanberg, P.E.

Pinellas County Utilities
Clearwater, Florida

Dr. Donald M. Thompson, P.E.

CDM
Jacksonville, Florida

Don Vandertulip, P.E.

Pape-Dawson Engineers, Inc.
San Antonio, Texas

Michael P. Wehner, MPA, REHS

Orange County Water District
Fountain Valley, California

Nancy J. Wheatley, J.D.

Water Resource Strategies
Siasconset, Massachusetts

Robert Whitley
Whitley, Burchett and Associates
Walnut Creek, California

Ronald E. Young, P.E., DEE
Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District
Lake Elsinore, California

The following contributors reviewed portions or all of the text.

Earnest Earn
Georgia Department of Natural Resources
Atlanta, Georgia

Christianne Ferraro, P.E.
Florida Department of Environmental Protection
Orlando, Florida

Patrick Gallagher
CDM
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Robert H. Hultquist
State of California Department of Health Services
Sacramento, California

Frank J. Johns II, P.E.
Arcadis G&M Inc.
Highlands Ranch, Colorado

C. Robert Mangrum, P.E.
CH2M Hill
Deerfield Beach, Florida

Kate Martin
Narasimhan Consulting Services
Irvine, California

David MacIntyre
PB Water
Orlando, Florida

Dr. Choon Nam Ong
National University of Singapore
Singapore

Henry Ongerth
Consulting Engineer
Berkeley, California

David R. Refling, P.E., DEE
Boyle Engineering Corporation
Orlando, Florida

The following individuals also provided review comments on behalf of the U.S. EPA:

Howard Beard
EPA Office of Water/Office of Groundwater and Drinking Water

Dr. Phillip Berger
EPA Office of Water/Office of Groundwater and Drinking Water

Bob Brobst
EPA Region 8
Denver, Colorado

Glendon D. Deal
USDA/RUS

David Del Porto
Ecological Engineering Group, Inc.

Dr. Jorg Drewes
Colorado School of Mines

Alan Godfree
United Utilities Water PLC

Jim Goodrich
EPA ORD/NRMRL
Cincinnati, Ohio

Dr. Hend Gorchev
EPA Office of Water/Office of Science and Technology

Dr. Fred Hauchman
EPA ORD/NHEERL
Research Triangle Park, North Carolina

Mark Kellet
Northbridge Environmental

Dr. Robert A. Rubin
UDSDA Extension Service
NCSU on detail to EPA OWM

Ben Shuman
USDA/RUS

Carrie Wehling
EPA Office of General Counsel/Water Law Office

Nancy Yoshikawa
EPA Region 9
San Francisco, California

