LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS

OPERATIONS & REGULATIONS COMMITTEE

OPEN SESSION

Thursday, July 28, 2005

1:08 p.m.

Hyatt Regency Monterey 1 Old Golf Course Road Monterey, California

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

Lillian R. BeVier, Acting Chair Thomas R. Meites, Chairman (via telephone) Michael D. McKay

OTHER MEMBERS PRESENT:

Herbert S. Garten David Hall Maria Luisa Mercado Frank B. Strickland, ex officio Florentino Subia

OTHERS PRESENT:

Patricia Batie, LSC Manager of Board Operations Mattie C. Condray, LSC Senior Assistant General Counsel Karen M. Dozier, LSC Executive Assistant to the President Victor M. Fortuno, LSC Vice President for Legal Affairs Thomas A. Fuentes, Nominee, LSC Board of Directors David C. Maddox, LSC Assistant Inspector General for Resource Management Bernice Phillips, Nominee, LSC Board of Directors Thomas Polgar, LSC Acting Director, Government Relations and Public Affairs David L. Richardson, LSC Treasurer and Comptroller Karen Sarjeant, LSC Vice President for Programs and Compliance Laurie Trantowicz, LSC Assistant Inspector General and Legal Counsel Richard "Kirt" West, LSC Inspector General Linda Perle, CLASP Don Saunders, NLADA Jonathan Asher, Colorado Legal Services Thomas F. Smegal, ABA/SCLAID Janice Morgan, Legal Aid Services of Oregon William G. Hoerger, CRLA Emanuel V. Benitez, CRLA Julie Clark, NLADA Ana C. Garza, CRLA Deborah Escobedo, attorney Haydee Diaz, CRLA Mary Jacka, CRLA Jeannie Barrett, CRLA Teri Scarlett, CRLA Juliana Hevvera, CRLA Maria Serena, CRLA Maria L. Mendoza, CRLA Michele Besso, Northwest Justice Project Hector de la Rosa, CRLA Lupe Quintero, CRLA Jose R. Padilla, CRLA Robert Sikin, CRLA

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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	MS. BeVIER: I'd like to call the meeting to
3	order. This is a meeting of the Ops & Regs Committee,
4	and I'm sitting in for Tom Meites, who is with us on
5	the phone, but it's a little hard to run a meeting from
6	Chicago when the meeting is taking place in Monterey,
7	so he asked me if I would just sort of run the meeting.
8	APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA
9	MS. BeVIER: And the first item here is the
10	approval of the agenda.
11	MOTION
12	MS. BeVIER: Do I have a motion to approve the
13	agenda?
14	MR. McKAY: So moved.
15	MR. MEITES: Second.
16	MS. BeVIER: Thank you. The next item all
17	in favor?
18	(Chorus of ayes.)
19	APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES (4/1/05)
20	MOTION
21	MS. BeVIER: Do I have a motion to approve the
22	committee's meeting minutes of April 1st, 2005?

1 MR. McKAY: So move. MR. MEITES: Second. 2 MS. BeVIER: All in favor? 3 (Chorus of ayes.) 4 APPROVAL OF MEETING MINUTES (4/29/05) 5 6 ΜΟΤΙΟΝ 7 MS. BeVIER: Do I have a motion to approve the committee's meeting minutes of April 29th, 2005? 8 9 MR. McKAY: So move. 10 MR. MEITES: Second. 11 MS. BeVIER: Thank you. All in favor? 12 (Chorus of ayes.) CONSIDERATION AND ACTION ON FINAL RULE 13 ON FINANCIAL ELIGIBILITY, 45 CFR, PART 1611 14 MS. BeVIER: Thank you. The next item on the 15 16 agenda is to consider and act on the Final Rule on Financial Eligibility, 45 CFR Part 1611. And I 17 understand that Mattie Condray is going to help us 18 understand this, or help us through this or report to 19 20 us. 21 MS. CONDRAY: I'm going to try to do something 22 of the kind.

1 MS. BeVIER: This has been a long haul, Mattie. You've done a great job and we're looking 2 forward to perhaps concluding our work on this rule. 3 MS. CONDRAY: Thank you. Yes, I'm thinking 4 5 that if the Board finally does approve this for 6 publication, there's a glass of champagne with my name 7 on it somewhere. 8 MS. BeVIER: Just one? MS. CONDRAY: One for that, and then the day 9 it comes out in the Federal Register, then --10 11 MS. BeVIER: Get another one? 12 MS. CONDRAY: -- that's the bottle. MS. BeVIER: Oh, okay. 13 MS. CONDRAY: Just so you know that I have 14 15 handed something out to everyone that has examples of 16 group representation. At the last meeting there was 17 some request for some examples to kind of walk people 18 through the group representation portions. We've done 19 that. We can go over that to the extent you like. If 20 afterwards you would like us to incorporate that into a 21 draft final rule, we can do that, or we can leave it out. That will be the committee's direction to us. 22

1 STAFF REPORT BY MATTIE CONDRAY 2 MS. CONDRAY: But I will start by saying on May 24th, we published a draft -- we published a 3 proposed rule in the Federal Register with a 30-day 4 5 comment period. The comment period closed on June 6 23rd, and we received 13 comments on the proposed rule, including 9 comments from individual LSC grantees, one 7 comment from a senior attorney with a recipient who was 8 commenting in his personal capacity, comments from 9 CLASP on behalf of the National Legal Aid and Defenders 10 11 Association, and comments from ABA's SCLAID.

12 We also received one comment from a member of 13 the general public.

With minor exceptions, all of the commentors very strongly supported the proposed rule, supported the changes in the proposed rule and support and urged the Corporation to adopt the rule as final with a few minor changes.

19 The report, staff report that you have in your 20 materials goes over some of the places that the 21 Corporation in fact took the comments of our -- from 22 our commentors and made some changes either in, mostly

in the preamble, although there were a couple -- there
 was one change in the actual reg text.

I am at the committee's disposal about how much you want me to go over what's in the staff report and those changes.

6 MS. BeVIER: Mattie, I think it would be a 7 good idea for you to bring us up to date on or to 8 summarize the changes, just the specific changes that 9 you are recommending that we put in the rule itself. 10 MS. CONDRAY: Okay.

o mb. combinit onay.

11 MS. BeVIER: That's for starters.

MS. CONDRAY: Absolutely. Let me -- 1611, I mill direct you then to the text, the regulatory text for 1611.3, which I believe is on page 78 of your materials. It's page 37 of the draft final rule. And specifically, subsection (e) of that section,

17 1611.3(e), which actually I guess is on page 38. It's18 the following page, page 79.

19 This refers to Section 506 of LSC's Fiscal 20 Year 118 appropriations law, which provided that in 21 establishing the income or assets of an individual who 22 is a victim of domestic violence under Section

107(a)(2) of the Legal Services Corporation Act to
 determine if the individual is eligible for legal
 assistance, a recipient described in such section shall
 consider only the assets and income of the individual
 and shall not include any jointly held assets.

6 The original language that we had proposed 7 pretty much tracked the statutory language. We 8 received a comment asking us whether we meant that to 9 say that when you have a domestic violence victim you 10 only consider that victim's assets and income and not 11 any of the income or assets of any other members of 12 that victim's household.

And in going back, we realized, no, that's not exactly what we meant, and we don't think that's what Congress meant. We meant that we believe what Congress meant was that in domestic violence cases,

17 assets -- income of the perpetrator and assets of the 18 perpetrator and assets jointly held by members of the 19 household with the perpetrator are often unavailable to 20 the domestic violence victim and other household 21 members.

22

And we believe it's those assets and income

1 that was intended to be disregarded but that income and 2 assets of other members of the household, which would 3 otherwise be counted if the person was not a domestic 4 violence victim, was still intended to be counted.

5 So we have proposed changing the regulatory 6 text to reflect that; that it's the assets jointly held with anybody in the household and the perpetrator and 7 8 the income of the perpetrator that must be disregarded. MS. BeVIER: Thank you. Is that the only one? 9 What about the vehicle used for transportation? 10 11 MS. CONDRAY: Oh, you're right. I'm sorry. 12 Thank you very much for pointing that out. In 1611.5, Authorized Exceptions to the Annual Income Ceiling. 13 14 MS. BeVIER: I thought it was 1611.2 --MS. CONDRAY: Point 4? 15 16 MS. BeVIER: Point 2(d)(1). Assets -- no, 17 wait a second. No that can't --MS. CONDRAY: No, because (d) is just the 18 definition of that. 19 20 MS. BeVIER: I was looking at the 21 section-by-section discussion. MS. CONDRAY: Oh, it's 1611.3. It's that 22

1 same --

2 MS. BeVIER: 1611.3? MS. CONDRAY: I would try (d)(1). I think 3 that was a typo in your -- Financial Eligibility 4 Policies. 5 6 MS. MERCADO: It would be (c)(2). MS. BeVIER: (c)(2). Thank you. 7 MS. MERCADO: 1611.3(c)(2). 8 MS. BeVIER: No, there isn't --9 MS. CONDRAY: No, no. It's (d)(1). 10 11 MS. MERCADO: It's (d)(1). 12 MS. CONDRAY: 1611.3(d)(1). MS. BeVIER: Point 3(d)(1)? 13 MS. CONDRAY: Yeah. As part of its financial 14 15 eligibility policies, every recipient shall establish 16 reasonable asset ceilings for individuals and 17 households. In establishing asset ceilings, the recipient may exclude consideration of a household's 18 principal residents, vehicles used for transportation, 19 20 assets used in producing income and other assets which 21 are exempt from attachment under state and federal law. Originally, the proposed rule was vehicles 22

1 used for work. We received a number of comments explaining that oftentimes vehicles are used for things 2 other than work or basic transportation, education. 3 And in reviewing that, it did seem that we were being 4 5 too narrow. And one of the commentors pointed us to 6 some recent changes in the Social Security Administration's own regulations, their own eligibility 7 policies, which had made a similar change to just use 8 assets -- vehicles used for transportation. And we 9 think that will capture the importance of the asset, 10 11 but will not just mean that you can have a collection 12 of vehicles. I think that's what we're getting at.

MS. BeVIER: Okay. So those are the only two 13 specific changes in the text of the proposed rule that 14 15 you have made in response to the public comments? 16 MS. CONDRAY: I believe that is correct. The 17 other -- there are some other things that we address in 18 the preamble, one of which I will point out was the definition -- well, we did not -- in 1611.5, Authorized 19 20 Exceptions to the Annual Income Ceiling, we included in 21 the proposed rule a category of current taxes.

22 As you may remember, there was a question of

whether to put that as a separate category or include that as fixed debts and obligations, and we ended up, we the Corporation, ended up proposing it as a separate category but specifically asked for comment about what the scope of that term should mean.

6 We received a number of comments. The 7 comments suggested that we should actually define income as net after taxes, which staff does not 8 recommend doing, but kind of in the alternative, 9 keeping the current taxes but not including a 10 11 definition of current taxes, because taxes change, but 12 we do have preamble language describing what we propose that phrase to mean, which would include local, state, 13 federal income and employment taxes, Social Security, 14 15 Medicare taxes, local property taxes, including special 16 property tax assessments, but that we don't intend the phrase to include sales taxes or excise fees such as 17 18 airline ticket taxes, hotel occupancy taxes, gas taxes, et cetera. 19

20 And we would recommend in terms of past tax 21 debts, those have traditionally been considered as a 22 fixed debt or obligation, and a past tax debt that is

owing I think most appropriately fits as a continuing
 fixed debt and obligation.

There were a couple of other places, again, 3 with the authorized exceptions. One issue that had 4 5 been brought up was whether utilities should be 6 included as a fixed debt or -- I'm sorry -- as an 7 authorized exception. The management recommendation 8 that the Corporation proposed not including it but 9 asked for comment. The Corporation -- the management still recommends that utilities not be listed as an 10 11 authorized exception, because that starts to creep too 12 much into standard living expenses.

But the point of a couple of commentors was 13 well take that there may be instances in which utility 14 15 bills for a particular applicant in a particular time 16 are unusually high. If you have an area, you know, 17 that's experiencing a very unusual heat wave or a 18 brutally cold winter, or where gasoline prices have risen in response to international events, that in such 19 a case like that, it is well taken that the current 20 21 regulation as well as what we've proposed kind of has a catch-all phrase of an ability for grantees to take 22

1 into account unusual circumstances that have a

2 considerable effect on the applicant's ability to pay.
3

And there are circumstances in which a utility bill that is significantly out of the ordinary, management believes would fall into that category and therefore addresses that in the -- kind of makes that point, picking up from the comment, in the preamble as a reminder to grantees that they could avail themselves of that in the correct circumstances.

11 I believe that hits the major changes. I will 12 say that in re-reading the draft propose rule, in re-reading the draft final rule that we distributed to 13 you, we found a handful of small corrections that need 14 to be made. There's a word "not" that's missing. 15 MS. BeVIER: Ooh, that's very important. 16 MS. CONDRAY: Yeah. It's an important one. 17 18 It's like not a substantive policy issue, but it's like oh that "not" really needs to be in there. And I can 19 say that I met with Linda Perle from the Center for Law 20

21 and Social Policy, and we talked about a number of 22 those small corrections, and that we're comfortable 1 with those places, that they didn't represent any sort 2 of major policy issues, just some little cleaning up of 3 language that was imprecise or missing words or things 4 like that.

5 I can go over those with you if you like, but 6 I'm not sure how fruitful that would be.

7 MS. BeVIER: I would like to know where the8 "not" was supposed to go.

9 MS. CONDRAY: All right. Let me -- it's 10 pretty early on.

11 MS. BeVIER: Because I didn't pick it up. 12 MS. CONDRAY: On page 8 of the proposed -- the draft final rule which I guess is page 49 in the 13 overall numbering system of the book, the 14 15 second-to-last paragraph on the page that begins 16 "Throughout the course." The very last sentence: 17 "While it is undoubtedly true that automatically deducted taxes are not available to an applicant, LSC 18 agrees with the other commentor that the definition of 19 20 income is NOT the appropriate place in the regulation 21 to deal with this issue."

22 MS. BeVIER: Okay. Very good. So basically

what you have done for us is to describe the changes that are proposed in the text of the rule itself and the changes that are proposed, explicit changes that are proposed in the preamble in response to public comments. And apart from that, the recommendation is that the rule, the final rule be adopted in its present form?

8 MS. CONDRAY: That's correct.

9 MS. BeVIER: Having read your staff report, 10 which is very thorough and reminds me of many pleasant 11 days spent thinking about this issue, I was satisfied 12 with it personally. Tom and Mike -- or, Mike, do 13 either of you have questions for Mattie?

14 MR. McKAY: A couple of questions. First, 15 Mattie, you may recall at the last meeting, our dearly 16 departed Board member, Rob Dieter, asked a question 17 about 1611.6. And in the first paragraph, or .6(a): A recipient may provide legal assistance to a group, 18 corporation, association or other entity if it provides 19 20 information showing that it lacks and has no practical 21 means of obtaining funds to retain private counsel. He asked the question, would it not be 22

appropriate to impose an additional obligation that that entity was unable to obtain pro bono counsel? That is, an attorney in private practice who might be able to step in and represent the entity, as a condition; that is, we tried and we weren't able to, and then turn to a recipient for support. Did you give any consideration to making that change?

8 MS. CONDRAY: Not that I'm aware of, and we received -- you know, the Board approved the text as it 9 was, and we didn't -- there was no direction to include 10 11 that discussion in the preamble text, to even raise the 12 issue. So it is actually -- technically, it's a suggestion that's slightly outside the scope of the 13 current -- of what we asked people to comment on. 14 And so we received no comments on it. 15

I can tell you, I think it's a reiteration of probably what we said at that meeting was it's not something that the Corporation has ever asked a group to specifically put in the rule, to try to scare up pro bono counsel first. My understanding, and I'm sure some of the folks from the field can talk to this a little more specifically, but my understanding is that

by the point people are coming to grantees looking for legal assistance, they probably know that they're not finding pro bono legal counsel. But I don't want to speak for people who can describe the real world situation a little bit better.

6 MR. McKAY: Well, I raise it to honor Rob's suggestion, because I think I was standing in for Tom 7 at the time and said that we would take a look at it. 8 9 I'm actually attracted to that idea. I know we're fairly late in the ball game. On the other hand, with 10 11 resources being as tight as they are, it might be 12 something we might want to discuss, and I throw it out for suggestion. 13

I'm sensitive to the fact that it may be late 14 15 in the ball game, but to -- and the fact that it hasn't 16 been done before doesn't really dissuade me. I think 17 it should be openly considered. I guess I'd be 18 interested in knowing when we get to the public comment period whether or not it would be a burden, whether or 19 not it might be fruitless, as you intimate. We don't 20 21 want to impose a fruitless obligation.

22 On the other hand, it seems to me the

1 representation of an entity as opposed to an individual might be something a little more attractive to an 2 attorney in private practice to represent, as the 3 examples that you're about to discuss, a housing 4 tenant's association or a food bank. That might be 5 6 something you can attract a private attorney. And with our resources being as tight as they are, I'm wondering 7 if we might want to consider this. So I suggest that, 8 and I do have one other comment, too. 9 10 MS. BeVIER: Please go ahead. 11 MR. McKAY: This is more of a technical 12 nature, going back to the section you were just discussing, 1611.3, section (e). We refer to a 13 perpetrator of domestic violence. And I'm wondering 14 15 why we don't call this person an alleged perpetrator. 16 And I don't make that suggestion out of some level of 17 sensitivity. I'm a little concerned that there might 18 be some hair-splitting by someone who would read this; that is, gee, it's my understanding we're dealing with 19 20 folks who come in and allege that he or she has been a

21 victim of abuse.

22

And I don't want someone to think, jeez, I've

1 got to know that this person is a perpetrator. Putting in alleged perpetrator in there might make it easier 2 and avoid a hurdle. So the thought occurs to me we 3 might want to put alleged perpetrator in so that we 4 5 don't get someone splitting hairs, and thus avoid 6 giving representation or analyzing the financial situation in a less positive way for a victim. 7 MS. CONDRAY: Point well taken. 8 MR. MEITES: Lillian? 9 MS. BeVIER: Yes, Tom? 10 11 MR. MEITES: Can you all hear me? 12 MS. BeVIER: Yes. I have a question for Mattie. 13 MR. MEITES: Let's assume that our committee would like to recommend 14 15 that 1611.6(a) include the "and no practical means of obtaining pro bono representation." Do we have to send 16 17 this out for public comment again and go through the 18 whole cycle, or can we just recommend it to the Board and the Board adopt the proposed rule with that change? 19 20 MS. CONDRAY: I believe that portion of 21 the -- that particular change would need to be noticed 22 for comment, although the Board could adopt the entire

1 rest of the rule as a final rule. So you would open 2 that one piece up for additional comment, although you 3 could -- the Board could make the rest of the changes. 4

5 You'd end up publishing it as -- or what you'd 6 end up doing is publishing it basically as an interim 7 final rule where you publish it as a final rule, but 8 you acknowledge that there's a little bit -- there's 9 this one piece that you are requesting comment on. You 10 know, you could do it as a final rule and proposed 11 rule.

But anyway, my point is, you could adopt, the Board could adopt the rest of it.

14 MR. MEITES: Let me try and understand --15 MS. CONDRAY: And then just seek comment for 16 that one little piece and come back and meet on that 17 one little piece and make that final.

MR. MEITES: Well, let me suggest an alternative. That instead of changing the text of the rule, that the preamble states that it is the Board's belief as a matter of policy that a recipient before so-and-so should attempt to obtain pro bono

1 representation if it is practicable. Can we put that
2 in the preamble without having to go through this whole
3 thing again?

MS. CONDRAY: Yes. You could put a statement to that effect in the preamble that the Corporation, you know, believes that people will be going to find it but it's not going to be a regulatory requirement such that if there's not documentation that they went and asked three attorneys and they didn't get it, that that's going to turn into a violation.

11 MR. MEITES: I got you. All right, Mike and 12 Lillian, I'll throw those two possibilities out for vou. Because I agree with Mike. I agree with Rob's 13 sentiment. I kind of accept what Mattie says is that 14 15 most groups are going to either know their local legal 16 community and know it's hopeless or will try shaking 17 that tree before they go to legal assistance for group 18 representation. But putting in something in the preamble, is that going to be effective, or is that 19 just window dressing? I don't really know. 20 21 MS. BeVIER: What's your view on that, Mattie?

Is it window dressing, or is it likely to have an

1 impact?

2	MS. CONDRAY: Well, I'd like to hear what the
3	public comment is, but I think in the it could
4	easily go into the preamble as kind of a discussion of
5	also why the rule is being changed that, you know, it
6	is in fact the experience that these groups have very
7	little recourse to other legal assistance. And that's
8	why the end up at the doorstep of our grantees.
9	And so I think adding a reference to, we know
10	these people don't have a lot of money and we know that
11	these people often, you know, cannot get any other
12	counsel, they've tried, I don't see that as
13	problematic. Again, I would like to hear the comments
14	from the field.
15	That would not be adding a regulatory
16	requirement, but it would be offering the sense that,
17	you know, before the group ends up at the doorstep of
18	the grantee that they've looked around, that they've
19	tried to see what else is out there, which I think
20	often happens, and they know what their situation is.
21	They know that there's nobody out there. And
22	so that may be a more appropriate way of dealing with

the issue of just kind of reminding people that it's appropriate to look for pro bono counsel, and probably these people either know that there isn't out there or they've asked around.

5 MS. BeVIER: Yeah. Okay. We'll ask for 6 public comment on that when we get to the public 7 comment section. It's an important issue, and I am 8 inclined to agree, although it's almost implicit, but 9 maybe we -- you know, that -- oh, funds to retain 10 private counsel. I see. That's not implicit now in 11 the requirement, so.

MS. CONDRAY: Right. Because it's always beenfocused on the finances.

MS. BeVIER: It's talking about -- right. MR. MEITES: Lillian, in retrospect, a better draft would have been simply to have obtaining private counsel and leave out the phrase "funds to retain." Because obtaining private counsel would have covered both situations.

20 MS. BeVIER: It does. That's right. I 21 suppose if we made that change, it would be the same? 22 Do you see where we're going with this, Mattie? MS. CONDRAY: I do where you're going, and to the extent that it's a -- it creates a substantively new requirement, then I think it's, from a procedural standpoint, hard to say that that shouldn't be comment, put for public comment.

MS. BeVIER: Okay. We could, if we decided we wanted to do the rule that way, we could accomplish it with just taking out the comma, "funds to retain," and explaining that change in the preamble. But we have to decide that we want to do that first.

MS. CONDRAY: Correct. That would be an easyway to do it.

13 MS. BeVIER: Okay. Yes. All right.

14 MR. GARTEN: Maria Luisa has a question.

15 MS. BeVIER: Oh, Maria Luisa, yes?

MS. MERCADO: Yes. It would seem like that in principle I guess the issue that Mr. Dieter was trying to get at was to get more pro bono counsel for some of these group representations, but most legal services grantees have some active form of pro bono that they do. And part of what -- the end result may still be the same.

1 They may end up getting representation by pro bono counsel for their group, but it is a process that 2 goes through the pro bono program that is set up by the 3 local LSD grantee so that you actually do have perhaps 4 5 a little bit more stricter look of qualifications or eligibility of the group or the clients that are being 6 represented, but you also have a greater participation 7 with the grantee in the local office getting this 8 additional pro bono counsel for this group to do the 9 work, so that at the end result, it's still pro bono 10 11 counsel that's doing it, but it is being documented 12 better and is getting a greater relationship with your, you know, local bar and grantee as well as the 13 14 individual.

So I think that if you allow it to read as it 15 states now, knowing that other grantees also refer a 16 lot of these cases, especially some of these cases like 17 18 representations to a particular counsel, they might 19 have, you know, maybe some transactional issue or something that maybe the local grantee doesn't have, 20 21 might go to a pro bono counsel, and the end result will be the same that Mr. Dieter wanted to accomplish, only 22

1 it's not necessarily putting the burden or a

2 pre-requirement before the grantee can ever look at 3 this group, if they're the ones that are having to go 4 out there and hustle for pro bono counsel instead of 5 going through the organized pro bono committee or group 6 or program that's set up by the local grantee in that 7 area.

Because with all attorneys --

8

9 MR. GARTEN: There is a limited number of 10 people in firms who do pro bono work. I think it would 11 be a mistake to make this as a condition. I have no 12 problem if a reference is made in the preamble, just 13 indicating something to the effect that where pro bono 14 counsel is available, that it is our suggestion that 15 such counsel be utilized.

I wouldn't make it a condition to this.
MR. MEITES: Lillian, this is Tom. Can you
hear me okay?
MS. BeVIER: Yes, Tom. Yes, I can.

20 MR. MEITES: I think maybe that's where I come 21 out, too. You would hate to have a group go through 22 some laundry list of 20 different law firms and so on

1 in the area of Chicago. There is a lot of

2 possibilities of pro bono representation. If we put it 3 in the regulation, they may have to call all those 4 numbers and talk to all those people before they can go 5 to Legal Assistance.

MS. BeVIER: Yes. There is always a problem of putting it in a regulation, especially if it's already essentially an established practice, so that the regulation is redundant of what most people do, but nevertheless, it provides additional hoops for them to go through, that simply make it more cumbersome, time consuming, and difficult.

I'm not interested in drafting that sort of 13 I do appreciate and share the sentiments 14 regulation. 15 that to the extent there is pro bono private attorney 16 availability out there, that's the people that ought to provide it because that's appropriate. 17 It's a responsibility of the legal profession to do that. We 18 should be simply trying to pick up the considerable 19 slack there is with respect to that effort. 20

I think we had better hear from the public,
after we have finished with you -- not finished with

1 you, Mattie. We will never be finished with you. On 2 this issue, if other people have issues to raise with Mattie on this. 3 Tom? 4 5 MR. MEITES: I have sympathy with what you 6 just said, Lillian. 7 MS. BeVIER: We can bring to the Board, when the Committee makes the report to the Board, we can 8 9 have some suggested preamble language to make sure that reflects the Committee's considered opinion. 10 11 That sounds good. If that's what we decide, 12 we will no doubt take you up on that offer. Other questions for Mattie with respect to 13 14 this? 15 (No response.) 16 MS. BeVIER: All right. Thank you, Mattie, very much. We are going to invite public comment on 17 18 this now. MS. CONDRAY: I have one other question before 19 you are done with me. The examples that I handed out, 20 21 a question whether to the extent you wanted me to kind of walk people through the examples, and whether the 22

Committee would like to recommend that the examples be
 incorporated into the preamble or if that's not
 necessary.

MR. MEITES: Lillian, I've read the examples. I think they should not be in the preamble. I don't think you need to walk through them.

7 Doesn't the staff itself have some kind of 8 manual that they put together for guidance of the 9 grantees?

10 MS. CONDRAY: That's a good question. I 11 assume there is some. I'm not sure what it is. I feel 12 ignorant, and I apologize.

13 MR. MEITES: Something you have to help answer 14 grantee questions, I think these examples should be 15 there rather than the preamble.

MS. CONDRAY: I know OCE does compliance trainings and stuff, and we would be happy to share these examples with them, if it would help them in their compliance trainings that they do out at grantees.

21 MR. MEITES: There are lots of other things we 22 could give examples to, how to calculate the tax

1 issues. I don't think we need to put it in the

2 preamble.

3 MS. CONDRAY: Yes, you could get it awfully4 cluttered.

5 MR. McKAY: The only problem though, this is a 6 particularly sensitive section. I think we need to be 7 sensitive to the way this particular provision could be 8 misconstrued, and I believe has already been 9 misconstrued by people who have not been involved in

10 this process, watching from afar.

MR. MEITES: Do you think it would help if we put these in?

MR. McKAY: I believe -- I wouldn't be troubled if we put them in a footnote, but I think it's important that we put it in -- I see Mattie winching. Tom, you can't see that.

17 It is a very helpful document. I have re-read 18 it, and it is helpful. Because this is such a 19 sensitive issue, I would feel more comfortable, in 20 fact, I would feel more comfortable -- these are good 21 examples of where we would and I think we should add 22 two examples of where we would not. Again, there are people that are concerned and indeed, upset, about what they think this rule says, when it doesn't say it. I think we ought to go to great efforts to make sure.

5 One way to convince those folks that it isn't 6 what they think it is, is by showing them examples. We 7 could do it verbally.

8 I think if we put it in the preamble, I think 9 it would take an extra two pages out of a pretty 10 lengthy document -- I'm inclined to recommend we put it 11 in there, for that reason.

MR. MEITES: This is different than the tax example that I gave because essentially, although that is technically complex, it's not controversial.

15 MR. McKAY: Correct.

MS. BeVIER: Right. I think I'm inclined to agree, and in particular, with the suggestion that we put in examples of where this rule would not permit group representation. I agree with Mike that's important for people reading this and concerned about it to understand that not the whole universe about which they are concerned is being included.

1 You know the concerns have been, well, this is a back door class action idea. I think we have gone 2 out of our way to satisfy those concerns substantively, 3 but if we can make that clear by what we say in the 4 5 preamble, I think that's a good idea. 6 MS. CONDRAY: Okay. 7 MR. MEITES: Yes. Actually, I think I'm persuaded by that. Mattie, footnote time. 8 9 MS. BeVIER: Footnote, do you say? MR. MEITES: In the text. You are going to 10 11 have to have either an appendix or something. It is 12 going to take a considerable amount of text. 13 MS. CONDRAY: I can find the right place in 14 the body of the preamble. 15 MS. BeVIER: Can you find good examples, too? 16 MS. CONDRAY: I have no doubt that I can find 17 good examples. MS. BeVIER: I think that's true. 18 19 I think what we will have to do, Mattie, with 20 that, do you want to hear Mattie go through these two 21 examples? 22 MR. McKAY: I've read them. They look great.

1 MS. BeVIER: Yes, I have, too. I think we best leave it at that for now, and then perhaps when 2 the Board comes to consider it and we make our report, 3 we will have something to actually report to them 4 5 pursuant to the suggestions that I hear coming, 6 although before we take action, I think -- does that 7 conclude your presentation on this? 8 MS. CONDRAY: I believe that concludes my 9 presentation on this portion. MS. BeVIER: Okay. Thank you, Mattie, very 10 11 much. Now, public comment. 12 MR. McKAY: I would just want to echo Lillian's comments. Mattie, you've done a great job on 13 14 this. 15 MS. CONDRAY: Thank you. 16 PUBLIC COMMENT MS. PERLE: I'm Linda Perle with the Center 17 for Law and Social Policy. As Mattie mentioned, she 18 and I did meet. We have talked a number of times about 19 20 the rule, but we met the other day to kind of work out 21 some little glitchy places in the language, as Mattie 22 put it out.

I think we reached agreement on all of those Little things that just needed some little tweaking to make them clearer.

With regard to the particular question that you asked about whether the preamble was window dressing, I will tell you that from my perspective, I think it was -- I just wanted to say from my perspective, the preamble is a very, very important guide to interpreting the regulation.

As a matter of fact, the Corporation always used to include the preamble on its website when it listed the regulations, and in the last go around, for some reason, they got dropped.

14 I called Mattie and I said you must include15 these preambles.

16 MS. CONDRAY: We are working on that.

MS. PERLE: I think it was just an error, it wasn't done intentionally. It's the one place where if people actually read it, they do understand what was behind a lot of the language where you can't really explain in great detail in the language of the rule. It's something that when people call me to ask a question, I say, well, have you read the preamble,
 because the preamble explains X, Y or Z about what the
 rule was intended to say.

I think just from that perspective generally, the preamble is very important. I would say when there is something that can't be easily explained in the rule, that including it in the preamble is very helpful. It is helpful to the field and helpful to the Corporation for that matter, in interpreting and ensuring compliance.

I will say that generally, we have worked hard and for a very long time in putting this rule together. I, for one, with one exception, which I will get to in a minute, am very satisfied that this rule is going to be a great assistance and help to the field.

I think it explains -- every time I read the language of the rule, I'm more convinced that people will read this rule and say, oh, that's what that means, now I understand it.

This will be so much easier, both for the programs and for the Corporation, to utilize in determining eligibility. I'm very happy. Obviously, not every single decision that was made in the rule is one that the field was happy about, but it's overall a terrific compromise that I think addresses both the needs of the field and the Corporation in a way that will be very helpful.

7 The only issue that remains, I think, for me, is the language that was added in the group 8 representation provision. It is in 1611.6(b)(1)(i) and 9 (ii), which talks about considering whether the 10 11 characteristics of the persons comprised in the group 12 are consistent with financial eligibility under the Act or whether the characteristics of the persons served by 13 the group are consistent with financial eligibility 14 15 under the Act.

I think that language is sort of awkward.
It's confusing. I know that I'm going to be getting
lots of calls from people saying what does that mean.
I tried to work out some alternative language,
and I left it in the seat behind me. I can get it.
I'm not sure that it quite does it either. I think it
simplifies it a little bit. I'm going to give it to

1 you and pass it out.

I have it. You can see it sort of reiterates 2 what I think is the basic proposal under here, but it 3 does it in a way that I think is a little bit more 4 direct and less confusing. 5 6 Obviously, it's up to you to make the determination. It is consistent with what was said in 7 the comments, so I think if you did want to change it, 8 it wouldn't require that there be any republication. 9 10 While you are looking at it, I think this was 11 a long and sometimes very tedious process both for you 12 and for us, but I think we are pretty happy with the 13 results. 14 MS. BeVIER: We are just going to take a 15 minute to try to parse this. 16 MS. PERLE: Okay. What I was trying to do was 17 just to say these are things that you have to consider. I was concerned about this notion that -- I just 18 didn't think it was clear. I could just imagine 19 getting numerous questions about what that means. 20 21 I'm not sure this is better, but I think it 22 is.

(Pause.)

1

MS. BeVIER: Part of the difficulty I have just on the initial look is that we wanted to be pretty careful to distinguish two different kinds of groups. Your language collapses them and treats them as if they were the same.

7 MS. PERLE: No, I don't think it does. Ι think in both situations, you have to look at the 8 nature of the group, and then when it says the 9 characteristics of the group's members is the governing 10 11 body or for groups serving the eligible population, the 12 characteristics of the persons served by the group, and whether the legal assistance sought related to the 13 activities -- the second part of the sentence is for 14 15 those serving the eligible population, and the first 16 part of the sentence is for those of which the majority 17 of the members of the group are eligible.

18 We could certainly clarify it. We could put 19 an (1) or (i) and an (ii), I guess.

20 MS. CONDRAY: I was going to say it collapses 21 it visually but not substantively.

22 MS. BeVIER: I think the visual collapse makes

the difference. I understand it doesn't substantively because of the comments and stuff. The separation is important to me anyway, and I think it has been important to the Committee as we have gone through this, that these are two really quite different kinds of groups, for purposes of eligibility, financial eligibility.

8 MS. PERLE: I think that if you were concerned 9 about that, you could put in my proposal, the nature of 10 the group and (i) the characteristics of the group's 11 members or governing body members, or (ii) for groups 12 serving the eligible population and the characteristics 13 of the persons served by the group.

MR. GARTEN: Linda, what is troubling you about the way it is presently proposed?

MS. PERLE: I think it's the language -- when it says "are consistent with financial eligibility under the Act," that bothers me. It's not clear to me what that means.

I guess it's the term "consistent with" that bothers me. People are going to say what does it mean to say that the characteristics are "consistent with."

MR. McKAY: That they qualify.

MS. PERLE: Every time I've read this -- let 2 me just say, every time I've read this language, it 3 seems to me that every time I read it, I still have the 4 5 same reaction, that it's confusing and that people are 6 going to look at this and they are going to scratch their heads and say what does that mean. 7 8 Now, maybe what I have done is not any better, but it makes more sense to me. Obviously, it's up to 9 you to make the determination of what you want to do 10

11 with this.

1

I always felt that this language, the "consistent with," seems to me to be very unclear as to what is intended by that, and how it is going to be used. Maybe it's just an impression, but everybody that I've read it to sort of feels the same way, and has the same kind of difficulty with it as I have.

MR. GARTEN: Can I ask the same question of Mattie? What advantage is there to putting "consistent with financial eligibility" when they have to be financially eligible to begin with?

22 MS. CONDRAY: Well, this is written this way,

1 kind of (b)(1)(i) and (b)(1)(ii), as paralleling (a)(1)
2 and (a)(2).

Paragraph (a) sets forth the basic eligibility standard, and (b)(2) is what you have to look at to determine that the standard has been met, and to the extent that the standard is individuals who would be eligible for legal assistance.

8 As I recall the discussion at the April 1st Committee meeting, we talked about well, what is 9 consistent. Who are people who would be eligible for 10 11 assistance under the Act, and we talked about, as reflected in the examples, you know, you look at the 12 characteristics of the group. The group are filled 13 with people who even if you don't do an individual 14 15 eligibility screening on them, you have a pretty good 16 sense that their socioeconomic status is consistent 17 with financial eligibility.

18 So, the phrase "consistent with" came out of 19 that wanting to capture the key element of financial 20 eligibility, that people who would be financially 21 eligible if they were individual applicants, or the 22 people being served by a group, if they happen to come

1 in, they would be financially eligible type people. "Consistent with" is where that phrase came 2 from to pick up that key element of the eligibility 3 I'm not sure what other -- we did not want criteria. 4 to write it in such a way that we were implicitly 5 6 saying you have to do an individual eligibility screening on every single person, or every single 7 person who is served by or even most of those people. 8 I think we were trying to avoid phraseology 9 that would end up implicating individuals. 10 11 MS. PERLE: My sense honestly is that we could 12 leave out all of this language, we could stop (b)(1)after the word "obligations," and then just go to 13 (b)(2), which I think really captures that notion, that 14 you have to have information that reasonably 15 16 demonstrates that the group meets the eligibility 17 criteria set forth. For me, that would be more than 18 adequate to capture what Mattie was saying. 19 What I was trying to do was use some of the language that had been proposed, trying to make it a 20 21 little bit more concise and a little more

22 understandable.

I would prefer in fact to leave it out
 entirely.

MS. CONDRAY: That is what the November 2000 -- as you may recall from the previous discussion, the November 2000 NPRM did leave --

6 MS. PERLE: Didn't have this language at all. 7 MS. CONDRAY: But at the Committee meeting, it 8 was discussed that the Committee definitely felt, and 9 the Board agreed, that it was more appropriate to have 10 more specificity in the determination portion.

MS. BeVIER: Right, the eligibility determinations. I think that's right. I think Linda is right that it is a little bit confusing, and it's just impossible to draft it in Committee. I'm just not willing to try to do that right now, to be honest with you, although I also do not like the idea of holding up this rule to clarify this language.

18 I'm a little bit at sea about what to do here, 19 and am sort of searching for suggestions.

To the extent that we would not be changing the substantive meaning of this language, maybe you could take a stab, Mattie, at trying to clarify, just another stab at this precise language, and we can
 perhaps present that to the Board.

3 MS. CONDRAY: Sure.

MS. BeVIER: When the time comes, as a potential alternative. Does that work in terms of the legalities of the Committee and everything?

7 MS. CONDRAY: I think there's nothing wrong 8 with that because we are looking at staying within the 9 confines of the substantive requirement, and looking to 10 wordsmith is not something that would have to hold it 11 up, if the Committee was comfortable and the full Board 12 was comfortable, to hold up the rule.

As kind of a back stop, I can say if my clever 13 drafting abilities fail me overnight, even if the 14 Committee is not thrilled with the language, if the 15 16 Committee and the Board are comfortable enough with the 17 language, there is always if the Corporation gets a lot 18 of questions, and Linda starts to get a lot of questions, and it's clear that we have missed the boat 19 20 on what we intended this to mean, no one looks forward 21 to doing more rulemaking on 1611, God knows I don't, but it is a legal possibility out there. 22

1 MS. BeVIER: Okay.

2	MS. CONDRAY: It's not like this rule will be
3	never, ever, ever touched again forever and ever.
4	MS. BeVIER: Right. Oh, that's too bad.
5	MS. CONDRAY: Or it doesn't have to be.
6	MS. BeVIER: Right.
7	MS. MERCADO: I think part of the reason this
8	rule is so confusing is because you are trying to
9	restate, but in a slightly different way, (a)(1) and
10	(a)(2) and (b)(1)(i) and (ii).
11	When you are reading it and you haven't spent
12	as many hours as you guys have spent rehashing and
13	re-doing this, when you are looking at it as a grantee
14	or member of the public and you look at it and you are
15	going, well, there must be a significance to that
16	(b)(1)(i) and (ii), but I can't quite figure it out,
17	because didn't they say that already in (a)(1) and (2)?
18	You are just adding a little bit to expand the
19	characteristics. I think that is what makes it
20	confusing. It reads better. It is clearer, if you
21	take those provisions out, and just leave (b)(1) and
22	leave (b)(2), and that little extra definition that is

1 already in (a)(1) and (2 is taken out of the little (i)
2 and (ii).

MS. CONDRAY: Perhaps also the examples that we discussed that we are going to put into the preamble will help people understand what it is we meant, too. MS. MERCADO: I think so.

MS. BeVIER: They might, but as I understand it, there are two things here. One, who you can provide legal assistance to, and the other, how you get it documented. The how you get it documented is an important issue.

12 The Committee has decided that we can't just 13 sort of say here it is, go satisfy yourself, that we 14 have to be without imposing Draconian documentation 15 requirements. We have to be a little more specific 16 about what they have to satisfy themselves about.

As I say, they are two separate issues, two separate requirements, and we need to specify them both, I think.

20 MS. MERCADO: All I'm saying is that these two 21 provisions do not necessarily substantively give you 22 something new, other than the word "characteristics."

1 What is "characteristics?" Are we going to define what 2 "characteristics" are?

MS. BeVIER: Well, in order to make a determination, here's what you have to satisfy yourself about. That's where the difference is in (b)(1).

I think you are completely right, Maria Luisa, that it is somewhat confusing, and if you hadn't sort of spent time with this, you might not pick up on the two different issues here and realize that they are in fact separate.

11 One is who is eligible and the other one is 12 how you decide who is eligible. It is the how you 13 decide who is eligible language that is hard.

MS. CONDRAY: Right. As I recall that Committee meeting, where we really talked about this in detail, it was (a)(1) -- I'm just going to pick (a)(1).

18 "Primarily composed of individuals who would 19 be financially eligible for assistance," which then 20 begs the question how do you know whether the group is 21 primarily composed of people who would be financially 22 eligible.

1 The response was well, who is in the group. Look at the group. Is the group people who 2 are -- getting back to the example -- who are eligible 3 for public housing. Who is in the group. What does 4 5 the group and the make up of the group tell you. I 6 believe that discussion led to the use of the phrase 7 "characteristics" and "consistent with." 8 I'm sure that's not the only way that perhaps we can capture that begged question. I believe that is 9 in fact exactly what the Committee was getting at. 10 11 MS. BeVIER: Right. I propose that for the 12 time being, we leave it to you to see if you can come up with a different way of capturing this concern, 13 which is to have this reg clarify what the grantee's 14 responsibilities are in terms of documentation. 15 Τf 16 that's not the right word, in terms of making sure that 17 the groups to whom they are thinking about granting 18 money for legal assistance are indeed financially eligible according to (a)(1) and (2). 19

20 MS. CONDRAY: I will be happy to put my little 21 drafting cap back on.

22 MS. BeVIER: Okay.

1 MR. McKAY: I guess my preference would be 2 that you not collapse it. I like having it broken out 3 by the two different groups that might be represented, 4 so that it's clear.

5 I'm a little concerned about collapsing it 6 into a paragraph. Frankly, if there is a clause in 7 small (i)/(ii) that is troublesome, I would encourage 8 you to focus on that and make the change rather than do 9 a re-write.

10 MR. MEITES: I agree with Mike's remarks. 11 There is some pride of authorship here, of course, but 12 we went through a lot of work to get it the way it is. I would be reluctant to lose either detail precision 13 or confusion, whatever is in the eye of the reader that 14 15 we have now. I think the two subparagraphs really are 16 addressing different populations, and I think we should keep it distinct. 17

MS. BeVIER: Right. I think we have
consensus. Thank you, Linda, very much, for your
input.

21 MS. PERLE: You are welcome. I have no other 22 comments. 1 MS. BeVIER: Thanks very much. Do you want to 2 address the pro bono thing at all or not?

3 MS. PERLE: With regard to that, my sense is 4 that addressing that some place in the preamble is the 5 appropriate way to do it, for all the reasons, I think, 6 that were stated.

7 I think as I said earlier, people do pay 8 attention to the preamble. I think most programs would 9 make an effort to help a group find pro bono 10 representation. Programs aren't looking for new 11 clients.

12 As I said before, they do take the language in the preamble seriously. I think I would be troubled by 13 making that a requirement, mandatory requirement, for 14 15 all the reasons that were stated, both because in 16 places like Chicago, there might be so many potential pro bono resources, and do they have to go through all 17 18 of them, and in places like rural Idaho, where they would just be knocking their head against the wall, to 19 try to find somebody who could potentially handle it 20 21 pro bono.

22 I think that making it a mandatory requirement

1 would be a mistake. I think that suggesting that it be the right thing to do in a preamble is absolutely 2 3 appropriate. MS. BeVIER: Thank you. 4 MR. McKAY: I have a quick question for 5 6 Mattie. Is there a problem adding a legend to alleged perpetrator in point three without having to --7 MS. CONDRAY: No, I do not believe so. 8 MS. BeVIER: That's a very good idea. 9 MS. CONDRAY: I think that is appropriate and 10 11 does not change the substantive. 12 MS. BeVIER: No, it's a good idea. MR. McKAY: Thank you. 13 MS. BeVIER: All right. Thanks again, Mattie. 14 You have done yeoman service on this. 15 16 MS. CONDRAY: My pleasure. 17 MS. BeVIER: John, I'm sorry. John Asher. MR. ASHER: Madame Chair, I'm Jonathan Asher. 18 I thought I would make it through the weekend without 19 20 addressing the Board formally, but Mr. McKay's comment 21 about pro bono representation comes very close to home, I think, in Charlottesville. 22

1 I shared with you the last group or whatever that I personally met with, and it raises this issue 2 very clearly. A group of people dealing solely with 3 nutrition for low income people in the Denver metro 4 5 area, trying to get more people to apply for food 6 stamps for women, infant and children programs and other nutritional supplement programs, made up of a 7 couple of staff people from the state welfare 8 department, a couple of non-sectarian food banks, and a 9 couple of faith based groups, the ministries who give 10 11 emergency assistance.

12 I received a call from this group asking whether I would meet with them, because they had some 13 legal issues, and the question was they were not 14 15 incorporated. It was a very loose group. There was 16 now HHS grant funds available to expand the work they 17 were doing, and they simply wanted to know whether in 18 order to apply, did I read the grant requirements as saying they had to incorporate. 19

I looked at the documents and said I think you do. We referred that group then to pro bono counsel in Denver to get them incorporated and the like.

1 Were this to be a formal requirement though, I 2 would think I might not have been able to provide that 3 initial assistance and counsel, but might need ab 4 initio to have tried to find pro bono counsel.

5 That should be best practices for those of us 6 who have scarce resources. I absolutely believe that 7 when possible, we can and we should secure pro bono 8 counsel. It should not be a regulatory requirement which would require documentation in rural areas, as 9 Linda said, where it may not exist. In big cities, 10 11 there would need to be documentation of the efforts 12 made.

I absolutely support the idea, the inclusion in the preamble, but we don't want to add a requirement that would add to documentation problems and compliance.

Lastly, I think this is a terrific effort to
increase compliance by making the regulation clearer,
better organized, and easier to understand.

I'm concerned that despite my infinite respect for both Mattie and Linda, that we have not quite gotten to the level of clarity in the (i) and (ii) that

any of us want, and that is one piece of the regulation where we have not yet achieved our desired result of making it easier for grantees to comply, as opposed to continuing some ambiguity.

5 We have done an absolutely, I think, stellar 6 job in taking what has for over 20 years been if not 7 unintelligible, clearly confusing, and a difficult 8 regulation, and have made it much, much better.

9 MS. BeVIER: Thank you. We think Mattie might 10 be able to untie this Gordian knot some time in the 11 next day or so. We look forward to seeing her efforts. 12 If she can't, at some point, we will just have to 13 press on.

14 Thank you, Mattie. Is that all in terms of 15 public comment?

16 (No response.)

MS. BeVIER: We will move onto the next item on the agenda, which is consider and act on the adoption of our rulemaking agenda for 2005. 2006, I guess that is. What is that, 2006? MR. FORTUNO: For the record, Victor Fortuno,

22 general counsel of LSC. I don't know if I missed a

motion to make a recommendation to the Board, whether
 you wanted to do that.

MS. BeVIER: I believe we do want to make a motion to make a recommendation to the Board. I will invite such a motion.

ΜΟΤΙΟΝ

MR. MEITES: Mike, do you want to go ahead?
MR. MCKAY: I am fashioning it. I move that
this Committee recommend to the full Board adoption of
Rule 1611, subject to minor changes that might be made
by Ms. Condray, to section 1611.6(b)(1)(i) and (ii). I
should say section (b)(1).

MS. BeVIER: 1611.6(b)(1)(i) and (ii). As part of that motion is also that the Board would approve publication of the final rule with such other minor changes as have been discussed.

17 MR. McKAY: Correct.

6

18 MS. BeVIER: Thank you.

MS. CONDRAY: Including the changes to thepreamble.

21 MS. BeVIER: Yes.

22 MR. MEITES: I second that motion.

1 MS. BeVIER: All in favor.

(Chorus of ayes.) 2 MS. BeVIER: Thank you. Thank you, Mr. 3 Fortuno, for keeping us on our toes. 4 5 MR. MEITES: Nose to the grindstone. 6 MS. BeVIER: Nose to the grindstone. ACTION AND ADOPTION OF RULEMAKING AGENDA 7 8 MR. FORTUNO: Thank you. If I may, I'm here to join Mattie Condray to make a short presentation on 9 the issue of a rulemaking agenda. 10 11 Actually, on the subject of a proposed

rulemaking agenda, management has carefully considered and reviewed the seven comments that were received in response to the notice posted on LSC's website and published in the Federal Register on May 20th of this year, 2005, and has a recommendation to offer this Committee.

Management agrees that the process of regulatory revision should not be entered into lightly and initiated absent a compelling reason. The regulatory revision process, as evidenced by efforts to revise Part 1611, which are fresh in your memories, can

be very long and a difficult process, a process that consumes a great deal of Committee and staff time, not to mention the time of others, and considerable resources.

5 For the most part, both LSC management and 6 grantees believe that the current regulations are 7 working reasonably well, are generally understood, and 8 that there are not significant compliance problems that 9 need to be addressed.

10 As one commentor noted, "LSC programs know the 11 regulations and have adapted to them."

12 And new uncertainties about compliance issues 13 would only detract from client services while yielding 14 little benefit for clients."

Given that caution, however, there are a number of regulatory issues on which we would like to touch a little more specifically, the first of which would be Part 1614, the Corporation's private attorney involvement regulation.

As the Committee may recall, there was a petition received from Legal Action of Wisconsin, seeking an amendment to LSC's PAI reg. Specifically, 1 the petition seeks to have the current 12.5 percent 2 requirement changed to a requirement that a reasonable 3 amount be expended by grantees to support the 4 activities.

5 Certainly, that is a matter currently before 6 the Board, and if the Committee determines to take that 7 up and act on the petition, management is prepared to 8 develop a specific recommendation on the petition, and 9 to present that recommendation to this Committee at its 10 next meeting, which is scheduled for October in Boise, 11 Idaho.

12 I hasten to add, however, that with regard to the PAI regulation as a whole, management recommends 13 that no revision in the regulation be undertaken until, 14 15 as was requested by the ABA and CLASP on behalf of 16 NLADA, there is a full and frank conversation on the broader issue of private attorney involvement and the 17 18 utility of regulatory changes in the context of that broader conversation. 19

20 Another item that could be considered but we 21 would recommend against, and there was some discussion, 22 so we thought we would raise this as well, is Part

1 1610.

2 Some of the commentors -- you have in your Board book all of the comments received, there were 3 seven, and you also have a summary of comments. 4 Ι 5 believe the summary of comments appears at page 84, and the comments themselves appear at page 88. 6 7 Some of the commentors requested that LSC modify the regulation, that is Part 1610, to conform to 8 the District Court decisions in the Dobbins case. 9 Management would recommend that the Committee not 10 11 undertake to review 1610 for possible revision as the 12 litigation has not yet concluded, and it seems to management prudent that any consideration of 1610 be 13 put off at least until the Dobbins litigation is 14 concluded. 15 16 There were a number of other points made by 17 There was some reference to Part 1624, the commentors. 18 prohibition against discrimination on the basis of

19 handicap.

The regulation, Part 1624, predates the enactment of the Americans With Disabilities Act, and of course, could be reviewed, revised, and

significantly updated to reflect changes in the law
 since the adoption of the regulation in 1979.

3 LSC management would caution, however, against 4 duplicating enforcement mechanisms of other Federal 5 agencies that are specifically charged with enforcing 6 the anti-discrimination laws.

7 Two other regs that have been touched on, so 8 we thought we would very briefly comment on those. One 9 is Part 1621, the regulation governing client grievance 10 procedures.

11 There was a suggestion that increased 12 clarification would be a help with respect to that 13 regulation. Management is inclined to agree, and while 14 it's not crying out for additional work, it is 15 certainly one reg where the investment in terms of time 16 and resources would not outweigh the benefits. It 17 should be clearly straightforward.

18 If the Committee wished to look at regs that 19 provided that opportunity, that is to do some 20 measurable good without outweighing that with the 21 investment of time and resources, this might be a good 22 one for that.

In addition, there is Part 1631 on the expenditure of grant funds, which is still on the books, but it is a reg that was intended to cover all funds expended in 1986, including funds preceding that year, funds from prior years.

6 Those funds have long since been expended. 7 The regulation, while it remains on our books, is 8 outdated. Actually, it's obsolete, not outdated. It 9 could be deleted in its entirety.

10 If the Committee wanted to take a look at that 11 and determine whether or not it was appropriate to 12 delete that regulation from the Corporation's bank of 13 regulations, that, too, would be an appropriate one for 14 consideration.

15 With those few comments, unless Mattie has 16 something else to offer, I think that is the management 17 recommendation with respect to a proposed rulemaking 18 agenda.

19 MS. BeVIER: Are there questions for staff 20 from the Committee or from the Board members who are 21 here?

22 MR. MEITES: Lillian, I have a question for

1 Vic. Vic, has the ABA committed itself to undertake a 2 study of PAI, and if so, what kind of time frame is it 3 talking about?

MR. FORTUNO: I think they have offered to 4 engage in that discussion with LSC and other 5 6 stakeholders. Tom, actually, Tom Smegal is here on behalf of the ABA. Bill Whitehurst was unable to make 7 8 it. Tom Smeqal has been asked to appear today. Before I speak to that, I think I should probably turn the 9 mike over to Tom in case he has something on that point 10 11 that he can offer.

12 (No audible response.)

MR. FORTUNO: As I say, the official word we 13 have from the ABA is their comments in response to the 14 15 notice that was published soliciting comments on the 16 proposed rulemaking agenda, I think they do make the 17 point that they don't think the PAI reg should be taken up first order, but that if any consideration wants to 18 be given to the reg, that there be a broader 19 preliminary discussion that they are happy to take part 20 21 in.

I don't propose to speak for the ABA, but it

seems to me that they are more than willing to go ahead and work with us on this and engage in the dialogue and develop the kind of information that this Committee might be able to use in order to set policy.

5 MR. MCKAY: Madame Chair, if this broader 6 discussion is something beyond the 12.5 percent 7 obligation, we are talking about ways to get private 8 attorneys more involved in pro bono work.

9 MR. FORTUNO: Yes.

10 MR. McKAY: This kind of touches on provisions 11 as well, but still, a very important issue that I think 12 we ought to get involved in. I feel very strongly 13 about this.

Obviously, it's a provision issue, and it might not be appropriately in this Committee, but we certainly can be a catalyst for it. I think it's very important.

MS. BeVIER: I agree with that. I think it should be very high on our list of priorities as a corporation.

Does anybody have other questions for Vic at this point?

1

(No response.)

MS. BeVIER: May I invite public comment now 2 on the advisability of us undertaking a regulatory 3 agenda? 4 5 PUBLIC COMMENT MS. PERLE: Just to say that what Vic just 6 said to you is consistent with the comments that we 7 submitted. I don't have anything in addition. 8 In that case, are there other 9 MS. BeVIER: comments from the Board or members of the Committee? 10 11 (No response.) 12 MS. BeVIER: I would invite a motion to accept management's recommendations in this regard. Is that a 13 motion that makes sense, Vic, with respect to how we 14 15 proceed, which is essentially that we take a look at 16 Part 1621, that we consider deleting Part 1631, that we 17 leave the Dobbins' generated regs, if such, to a later date when we find out what is the final decision, that 18 we defer consideration of the PAI issue until the ABA 19 20 and we have had a more thorough discussion of that. 21 Unless you were suggesting that we should take up the 12.5 or reasonable issue. I sort of understood 22

you were saying maybe you could do that, but not the
 whole PAI issue.

3 MR. FORTUNO: Yes. I think that is something 4 on which management can come back to the Committee with 5 a recommendation in Boise in October.

I suspect the ABA, if the Committee indicates
it is prepared to take up the petition in October,
would also like to address it. It could either wait
for a fuller discussion of PAI, or it could be dealt
with now, and not drive the larger fuller discussion of
PAI.

I would suggest that the Committee maybe take up that piece, the petition, which seeks to substitute a reasonableness requirement, reasonable amount, for the 12.5 percent.

16 The Committee could take up that petition, 17 addressing that specific portion of the PAI reg in 18 Boise, Idaho. The ABA and anyone else who is 19 interested in appearing and presenting on that could do 20 so.

The Board could decide at that point either to deny the petition or it could decide it wanted to go

ahead and pursue a rulemaking to consider changes to
 that point.

I think the theme that has run across the comments, and I think you will find in the management recommendation, is that the rule as a whole not be opened up at this time until there has been the necessary groundwork laid by having those discussions with the ABA.

9 MS. BeVIER: All right. I see that we have a 10 public comment just aching to be shared.

MR. SAUNDERS: Not aching, but very briefly.
I'm Don Saunders with the National Legal Aid and
Defenders Association.

We also would welcome the opportunity to engage with you and the ABA in that dialogue. Obviously, the field has a great deal of interest in this issue as well. We have engaged in regular conversations with the ABA. I know they do intend to very quickly move to engage with us, with you, and with other stakeholders in that dialogue.

21 Our regulations committee, which is very 22 representative of the field, considered the issue of

1 the petition, and I would urge you not to take up the 2 petition separate and apart from the entire regulation, 3 because it is that part of the reg that puts the field 4 and the ABA and others at odds with one another, an 5 entire infrastructure has developed around that 6 regulation.

We agree that it's time to review that, but to
look at that one and the most controversial part of
that, to me, seems to undermine that dialogue.

10 We would urge you not to take up the petition. 11 We talked with the petitioner at some length about it. 12 He understands our position on that.

13 We think that it is better addressed in the 14 context of an overall review of 1614.

15 MS. BeVIER: Thank you.

16 MR. MEITES: Lillian, my sense is that what I 17 would like is to get this discussion moving. I kind of 18 agree with Don that focusing on the 12.5 percent may 19 not be the way to do it.

20 Perhaps instead on our agenda for October, we 21 could put the PAI on as item number one and ask for the 22 stakeholders and the staff to at least come up with a

1 list of the issues that we ought to consider or think about considering for PAI regulation, so we can at 2 least get the discussion started without really 3 committing ourselves to any one part of it. 4 5 MR. McKAY: I agree. I think that's a great 6 idea. 7 MS. BeVIER: I think that's a great idea. Do I hear a motion to that effect? 8 9 ΜΟΤΙΟΝ 10 MR. McKAY: So moved. 11 MR. MEITES: It would just modify that we 12 adopt the staff recommendation with that adjustment to it. 13 14 MS. BeVIER: All right. Are you moving the 15 whole thing about the management --16 MR. MEITES: Yes. 17 MS. BeVIER: Accepting management's recommendations accepting with the exception of putting 18 PAI on our agenda, inviting the stakeholders to 19 20 identify what the issues are for us. 21 MR. MEITES: Yes, at our October meeting. MS. BeVIER: At our October meeting. That is 22

1 a comprehensive motion, Mr. McKay. Did you mean to second the whole thing? 2 MR. McKAY: I second the whole thing. 3 4 MS. BeVIER: Okay. Is there any discussion of that motion? 5 (No response.) 6 7 MS. BeVIER: All right. All in favor, say 8 aye. 9 (Chorus of ayes.) 10 MS. BeVIER: All opposed. 11 (No response.) 12 MS. BeVIER: So moved. Thank you. We are now ready for our next item, and that 13 14 is our first staff report from Karen Sarjeant. Karen, we are delighted to have you with us, and to hear your 15 16 staff report on the 2006 grant assurances. 17 STAFF REPORT ON 2006 GRANT ASSURANCES MS. SARJEANT: Thank you very much. Good 18 afternoon. I'm delighted to be here. My name is Karen 19 20 I am, for about six weeks or so, the vice Sarjeant. 21 president for programs and compliance at LSC. 22 I want to thank the Board for the opportunity

to hold this position. Each day so far has been what I consider a personal and professional gift. I think that we are continuing to do the work that you would like to see us do at Legal Services Corporation.

5 This afternoon, I am pleased to discuss with 6 you the proposed grant assurances for the 2006 grant 7 awards. As you know, the Corporation uses grant 8 assurances any time it makes grants with its funds to 9 programs, and we use these to establish guidance for 10 the programs and their use of the funds.

11 This year, our staff and staff from the 12 Inspector General's Office, participated in a review 13 process in which we looked at most of the grant 14 assurances together, and came up with the proposed 15 assurances.

I should note, just in the interest of fairness, that Grant Assurance 25, which we will discuss at the end of this presentation, for which you also received an additional memo, that grant assurance was sent to the Office of Inspector General and CLASP, the Center for Law and Social Policy late in the process.

1 We received written comments from CLASP on Grant Assurance 25. We did not receive written 2 comments from the Office of Inspector General. I did 3 have the opportunity to speak with Laurie Tarantowicz. 4 5 We are certainly, as we move forward, going to be 6 taking the opportunity to try to meet a little bit earlier in the process to talk through some of these 7 8 issues.

9 The comments that we did receive from CLASP, 10 we accepted some of them in our thinking about these, 11 as we looked at them the last time. Some of them, we 12 did not.

As I go through the grant assurances with you, I will be happy to point out to you where we have added in those suggested changes.

MR. MEITES: Karen, this is Tom Meites. I am having quite a bit of trouble hearing you. Can you make sure you speak directly into the microphone? MS. SARJEANT: I'll pull it closer to me. Is that better? MR. MEITES: Much better. Thank you.

22 MS. SARJEANT: I will point out to you where

the changes are in the grant assurances. If that's okay with the Chair, I'll walk through all of them, or how would you like me to proceed? I can do it quickly. MS. BeVIER: Do it quickly. As I read through, they were mostly just clarifications, very few of substance, but I could be wrong.

7 MS. SARJEANT: I think that's correct. Many 8 of them are just clarifications, minor changes in 9 grammar. I think that is true of Grant Assurance 1 and 10 Grant Assurance 2, and the Board should have both a 11 copy of the grant assurances with the changes shown in 12 green print, and a copy of the grant assurances with 13 the proposed language entered in.

14 I would suggest for this conversation that you 15 refer to the set where you can see the changes in green 16 print.

Grant Assurance 1 was a minor change in grammar. Grant Assurance 2, which dealt with the use of LSC funds, we added some language clarifying that the use of funds was also governed by the LSC regulations implementing the Appropriations Act. Grant Assurances 3 and 4 were also minor

changes. In Grant Assurance 4, we changed the word
 "contact" to "grant," to be consistent with the other
 grant assurances.

In Grant Assurance 5 through 11, there were no changes. In Grant Assurance 12, there was a very minor change at the top of your page 106. We added the word T ... It's very minor.

8 Grant Assurance 13, no change. Grant Assurance 14, we corrected some references to LSC 9 offices, and we added the Office of Compliance and 10 11 Enforcement, and specifically in paragraph (f), we 12 changed the language so that we clearly stated what the specific change was that would require notice, and that 13 change would be the replacement or termination of an 14 15 independent public accountant or any new IPA who was 16 doing the program's audit.

In Grant Assurance 15 and in several that follow, you will see there were changes made between calendar days, to clarify when we were speaking about calendar days, and when we were speaking about work days, with the difference being that calendar days refer to one week or more, and work days refers to time 1 periods of less than one week.

In Grant Assurance 16, we made some minor 2 revisions to grammar and date changes. 3 Let me just step through those very quickly 4 5 for you. In the first part of the paragraph of 16, we 6 added "consolidation" to make sure that it was clear we were referring to situations where programs both merged 7 or consolidated with other programs. 8 9 In paragraph (a), we changed it to calendar In paragraph (b), calendar days. Paragraph 10 days. 11 (b)(2), calendar days. These are just to clarify what 12 the appropriate time period is. In paragraph five, we changed the language 13 there. You don't have the change in front of you. 14 This was one of the changes we received from CLASP that 15 16 we agreed with when we took a look at our 17 property -- it's PAMM. MS. BeVIER: Property Acquisition and 18 19 Management. 20 MS. SARJEANT: Property Acquisition and 21 Management Manual. The language will read, when we make this change, if it's approved, "An accounting of 22

1 each item of personal, non-expendable property 2 purchased after October 15, 2001, in whole or in part, 3 with LSC funds, that has a current market value 4 exceeding \$5,000."

5 The point there being that we wanted to be 6 clear that we were referring to an individual piece of 7 property that had a value of \$5,000, not an aggregate 8 amount.

9 In paragraph (b)(5)(6), we deleted the 10 reference to the 1981 property manual, since this 11 provision only deals with property that was acquired 12 after the date of the property acquisition manual.

In paragraph 16(c), we removed unnecessaryreferences to public laws.

In Grant Assurance 17, there were minor changes. Grant Assurance 18, again, we made some changes to specify calendar days, and we also -- this is a grant assurance that deals with notice to LSC and specifically to the Office of Compliance and

20 Enforcement.

21 We deleted the language arising from an "LSC 22 activity," because the thinking was we want programs to

notify LSC any time these situations come up, whether
 they are judgments or sanctions, et cetera.

We also changed the language of EEO "claims" to "findings," because it was more consistent with the other types of reporting that was going on in that paragraph, which were more decisional and final as opposed to just claims being made.

8 MR. MEITES: Can I ask a question here, 9 Lillian?

10 MS. BeVIER: Of course, Tom.

11 MR. MEITES: Why limit it to EEO findings? 12 Most states and many municipalities and other 13 governmental entities have human rights investigatory 14 and fact finding bodies.

15 Wouldn't you also want to know, for example, 16 if the Illinois Human Rights Commission made an adverse 17 finding?

MS. SARJEANT: Let me just check. The
language of the grant assurance refers to EEO findings.
MR. MEITES: Right.
MS. SARJEANT: That could take in both the

22 Federal and state departments.

1 MR. MEITES: You read that as -- then it 2 probably should not be capitalized. "EEO" in common 3 parlance means "equal employment opportunity," which is 4 the name of the Federal program. State programs are 5 not designated by those letters.

6 MS. SARJEANT: Okay. We could make that 7 change.

8 MR. MEITES: I would suggest that you 9 generalize it to all adverse employment discrimination 10 findings. You don't need to know about ones that find 11 in favor of the grantee, but maybe you want to. That's 12 something to consider.

13 MS. SARJEANT: All right. Thank you.

In Grant Assurance 19, there are no changes proposed. In Grant Assurance 20, there are some minor changes made, and we corrected the name for GAO, which is now the Government Accountability Office.

In 21, there were minor revisions. Grant Assurance 22, there are minor revisions, and we added in guidance for programs on new technology acquisitions. Now, it's important to note that this grant assurance does not require programs to purchase

new equipment. This language only gives them guidance
 when they get ready to purchase new equipment, so they
 would meet the technology requirements that we have for
 programs.

5 Grant Assurance 23 clarifies programs' 6 responsibilities regarding state-wide websites. There 7 is a typo on the tenth line. It should read "barring" 8 instead of "bearing." In relation to the state-wide 9 websites, as you know, LSC has put significant funds 10 into the development of state-wide websites through the 11 technologies initiatives grant program.

We feel it is important to continue to encourage programs to support and help develop and make those websites as functional and useful for clients and advocates as possible.

We have tried to clear up the language somewhat in this grant assurance, but we do have the expectations that programs will collaborate and be an active participant in keeping these websites viable.

Grant Assurance 24. We made some minor revisions and added a suggestion from CLASP where we made the change to read "upon request." CLASP

suggested that we add "upon request by LSC." We have
 accepted that revision, to help make it more clear.

I'm going to skip over Grant Assurance 25 forthe moment and come back to that.

For Grant Assurance 26, there were minor 5 6 changes made to clarify the recordkeeping requirements after a merger or consolidation. There was no change 7 to Grant Assurance 27. To Grant Assurance 28, we 8 made a change which requires internal policies for file 9 retention of at least five years from the date of 10 11 closure. It was important that we set out the time 12 frame that we wanted programs to at least have a policy on retaining records. 13

For Grant Assurance 29, there was no change. In the final paragraph of the document, there were minor revisions made, one to change the date, and there is also a typo. You will notice there is a period missing at the very end of the sentence, so that will be corrected.

20 MS. MERCADO: Is that number correct? 21 MS. SARJEANT: I'm sorry. Yes, the number is 22 correct because it is a reference to saying that the

program has complied with the grant assurances of the
 previous year.

3 MR. STRICKLAND: Do you mean it to read 4 "2004-5?"

5 MS. SARJEANT: If you look at the other set, 6 it reads "2005."

MS. MERCADO: So, the "4" should be deleted.
MS. SARJEANT: If you look at page 122, it has
9 been caught correctly on that one.

10 MS. BeVIER: Are there questions for Karen on 11 these so far?

MR. GARTEN: I have something. On page 106,
13 14(f), something is missing there.

MS. SARJEANT: No. All we did here is a "newIPA." We left the initials "IP."

MR. GARTEN: In other words, we should insert
17 "IPA" after "new?"

MS. SARJEANT: Right. If you check -- that's why we gave you both sets, both the one showing the strike out and the one showing the proposed language. It just was difficult to think of how to show these. MR. STRICKLAND: At that same place there in

number 20, relating back to 14(f). This is a very minor point. In 14(f), you say "independent public accountant (IPA)." I suppose you could say here in 20 and 21 "IPA" as opposed to spelling out "independent public accountant." Again, as I said, that is very minor.

7 You started to shorten it to IPA earlier in8 the document.

9 MS. SARJEANT: And then spelled it out.

10 MR. STRICKLAND: Yes. It's just a very minor 11 inconsistency. The typo you mentioned, "barring," that 12 is not corrected?

MS. SARJEANT: No, it is not. We caught that14 after. That will be corrected.

15 MS. BeVIER: Karen, is what you would like us 16 to do is proceed then to 25?

MS. SARJEANT: Yes, because I think at the end, hopefully, you will accept the whole set of proposed grant assurances.

20 You have a memo that explains LSC's position 21 on Grant Assurance 25. This came up at a prior Board 22 meeting. There was discussion about this.

1 The recommendation that we are making to the Committee is that the sentence that begins five lines 2 from the top be removed, and that sentence reads 3 "Non-renewal of a multi-year grant does not constitute 4 a termination or suspension under LSC regulations." 5 6 This is a grant assurance that deals with competitive grants. I think we tried to lay out the 7 8 situation as clearly as we could in the memo that you received. I'm going to try to paraphrase this, just so 9 everybody is clear, if that's necessary. If not, I'm 10 11 happy to go forward. 12 MS. BeVIER: It probably wouldn't hurt for you to just do that a little bit for us, if you wouldn't 13 14 mind. 15 MR. MEITES: Thank you, Lillian. I'm lost! 16 MS. BeVIER: Okay. MS. SARJEANT: Currently, the grant assurance 17 18 has the sentence in it. Here's what happens under our 19 competitive grants process now.

20 We make a multi-year grant award. At the 21 end -- let's say, for example, we make an award for 22 three years. When you read the grant assurance as it

1 reads now, with that sentence in there, at the end of 2 year one of a three year grant term, if LSC were to 3 decide not to renew the grant, the way the grant 4 assurance reads now, programs would have no true 5 recourse.

6 They would not be entitled to the hearing 7 provisions that are set out in Regulation 1606, because 8 the grant assurance says that does not apply.

9 It is our position, and I say to you honestly, 10 I don't know when or how this particular sentence got 11 into the grant assurances, but we think it is not 12 consistent with the Appropriations Act or with the 13 regulations.

What will happen if we take that sentence out is this, and the way we do things now anyway; if we make a three year grant award, and at the end of year one, we go through a renewal process, and at that time, we can attach new grant assurances, new grant conditions, things like that.

If there is a problem with the program, we will work with the program. If there is a problem with compliance, we have procedures under 1630 to question

1

costs. We have other procedures to address

2 non-performance.

What LSC should not do is take away a grant in the middle of a grant award term without giving the program some element of due process, because the nature of the interest at stake is too significant.

Our position is that we have -- the question is, well, if a program begins non-performing in the middle of a three year grant term, what can LSC do? The answer to that is that LSC has a lot of tools at its disposal to deal with that type of situation.

12 We have a very active and functioning compliance staff that goes out and can do training, can 13 do assistance with programs. As I said, we can attach 14 15 grant conditions, special grant conditions to programs. 16 We can send our program staff out to work with them. 17 If the problem is they are potentially violating some 18 compliance issue, that can be taken care of with the existing regulations that we have. 19

20 We feel that we have the kinds of tools we 21 need to manage our competitive grants process, and in 22 the middle of a grant award term, that if we were going

1 to propose to stop funding a grant, we should have to 2 meet certain standards, that we shouldn't just be able 3 to take a grant away without some due process standard.

When we read both the Appropriations Act and our competition regulation, we think we are being consistent with that language by saying that we will, if we award a three year grant, that the program would be entitled to use the 1606 hearing procedures if we determined in the middle of that grant term to take that grant away.

We are hoping that the Board will support the removal of that sentence that is inconsistent with both the Appropriations Act and our regulation.

We spent a lot of time talking as a staff about this issue, and we feel that we do have the tools, that the language is incorrect in that grant assurance, and that is why we are proposing to the Board that they agree to remove that sentence.

MS. BeVIER: That was very helpful. Are there
questions from the members of the Committee or the
Board? Mike?
MR. McKAY: If the sentence is deleted,

briefly tell us what the process is that would then be
 afforded to a grantee.

MS. SARJEANT: If they get a grant award for three years and they are performing fine, at the end of the first year, they go through a renewal process, and at that time, we can add new grant assurances like we do each year. We can add special grant conditions, whatever.

9 They would get their grant award money for the 10 second year. If they were doing fine in the second 11 year, they would go through a renewal process for the 12 third year.

Now, if we had a situation where the program that had a three year award, say at some point in the first or second year it began non-performing, there are a series of things that we would do.

17 If it was of such significant non-performance, 18 or a major compliance violation or anything like that, 19 LSC always has the ability to stop the grant, but then 20 what we are saying is since we have said to the 21 program, you have a three year grant award, that would 22 trigger the program's ability and LSC's responsibility

1 to use the 1606 hearing procedures.

2	What might also happen, depending on what the
3	problem is in the grant term, if we come to a problem
4	at the end of the first year and we are in grant
5	renewal and there's a problem, we might do short
6	funding. We might do special grant conditions. We
7	might send a programmatic evaluation team or a
8	compliance team out to do some work. We may do some
9	technical assistance with the program.
10	If in the course of the compliance evaluation
11	there is a problem that they uncover, we might use a
12	question cost proceeding.
13	We currently have a lot of tools available to
14	us to work with programs that find themselves in a
15	situation where by our determination, they are not
16	performing at the standard we think they should be.
17	We really do think that once we say to a
18	program that you have a three year grant award, that
19	has to mean something, and that it would be
20	inappropriate for us to then, because of some problem,
21	just take the grant away without some process in the
22	middle of that term.

1 MR. McKAY: Thank you.

2 MS. SARJEANT: If we do an one year award or even a three year award and they come to the end of the 3 three year term and no problem, they don't have a right 4 to re-funding or anything like that. 5 6 MS. BeVIER: In other words, you have a lot of tools at your disposal and we want to make it clear 7 that we intend to be fair. 8 9 MS. SARJEANT: Exactly. MS. BeVIER: Are there other questions for 10 11 Karen on this particular proposed change? 12 (No response.) MS. BeVIER: Thank you, Karen. I think I will 13 invite public comment now. Is there public comment on 14 15 the grant assurances? Sorry, Laurie Tarantowicz. 16 MS. TARANTOWICZ: Thank you. Laurie 17 Tarantowicz, counsel of the OIG. As Karen alluded to, she and I had a brief opportunity to speak yesterday on 18 the airplane. 19 20 Unfortunately, we were not aware that Grant 21 Assurance 25 was going to be proposed to be changed until actually a couple of days ago, when I had the 22

opportunity to look in the Board book, although we had requested the opportunity to discuss with management the proposal, and I do appreciate Karen's assurance that we will try to work this out more smoothly in the future.

6 Unfortunately, what that means is, of course, 7 I'm not prepared to fully discuss with you our 8 concerns. I did have some. I understand now from what 9 Karen said earlier that they did a full consideration 10 of the Appropriations Act and the regulation, and 11 believe that taking this sentence out makes it more 12 consistent.

My sort of quick look at this, I would draw the opposite conclusion. Of course, that is not a conclusion for the OIG to make, it is a policy decision for you. I just wanted to raise that issue so you are aware and let you know that perhaps we might provide comment to you in the future, although we didn't have the opportunity to do so at this time.

20 MS. BeVIER: Questions for Karen? For Laurie,21 I mean. I'm sorry.

22 (No response.)

1 MS. BeVIER: Thank you. I will invite public 2 comment now on the proposed changes to the grant assurances. Is there any comment from members of the 3 4 public? 5 (No response.) 6 ΜΟΤΙΟΝ 7 MS. BeVIER: In that case, I will invite a motion that we recommend to the Board the adoption of 8 the grant assurances for 2005/2006 as per management's 9 10 suggestion. Is that appropriate? 11 MR. McKAY: So moved. 12 MS. BeVIER: Is there a second? MR. MEITES: I second the motion. 13 14 MS. BeVIER: All in favor. 15 (Chorus of ayes.) 16 MS. BeVIER: All opposed. 17 (No response.) MS. BeVIER: That motion carries. 18 19 We have one more item on our agenda. I think 20 it ought not to take us a very long time, but it is on the agenda. Is Vic here? 21 22 STAFF REPORT CONCERNING LSC'S IMPLEMENTATION

1 OF THE GOVERNMENT IN THE SUNSHINE ACT

MS. BeVIER: If you will recall, the Committee 2 invited management to just give us a recapitulation of 3 LSC's position and regulations with respect to the 4 Government and the Sunshine Act. This item was never 5 6 on our agenda, and we never sort of meant to say that we are considering changing what LSC has done, but 7 8 because LSC's regulations do depart from the Act, and are more stringent than the Act would require, we just 9 were interested in understanding the history of that. 10 11 We weren't meaning to try to make the Corporation and 12 its work less transparent by any means, but we were interested in why what was done was done. 13 Vic will explain for us. 14 MANAGEMENT'S STATEMENT ON GOVERNMENT AND SUNSHINE ACT 15

16 MR. FORTUNO: I believe the Committee was 17 provided with a memo setting out the history of 18 implementation of the Government and Sunshine Act. 19 The establishment of LSC actually predates the

20 Government and Sunshine Act. There was a provision in 21 the LSC Act addressing open meetings. The Sunshine 22 Act, when it was promulgated, was made applicable to

LSC, not by its own terms, but by amendment to the LSC
 Act.

There is some question as to whether the LSC regulations, the implementing regulations, that is the regulation that implements the Government and Sunshine Act for the Legal Services Corporation, goes beyond the Government and Sunshine Act.

8 The Government and Sunshine Act applies to the 9 governing body and any executive committees of the 10 governing body.

As that term "executive committee" is commonly understood, that is, a committee that is authorized to act on behalf of and bind the board, the LSC Board has never established an executive committee.

15 If you will, the committees of the Board, 16 including the standing committees, Provision, Ops, 17 Regs, Finance, are in some respects study groups, where 18 issues can be aired, can be discussed, but no 19 definitive action can be taken because any definitive 20 action requires that the matter be brought to the Board 21 and that the Board act on the issue.

22 For example, the matters that have been taken

up by this Committee here today. The Committee did not
adopt as a final regulation 1611. Instead, the
Committee voted to recommend to the Board at its
meeting on Saturday that the Board adopt the regulation
as final. That action is up to the Board.

6 There being no executive committees, it would 7 appear that the Sunshine Act does not on its face 8 extend to the existing committees of the LSC Board, 9 because they are not executive committees.

10 The implementing regulation, however, has 11 extended Sunshine to the non-executive committees, to 12 all committees.

I think the history of that, the reasons why it was done was, I understand, because it was felt that it promoted transparency, that it was consistent with what was intended in the LSC Act provision on open meetings, not necessarily because the Government and Sunshine Act actually required it.

19 That material has been provided to the Board. 20 I don't know -- to this Committee. I don't know how 21 detailed a discussion you want me to undertake now. I'm 22 prepared to respond to questions or to give you a

1 fuller treatment of the subject.

That's essentially it, whether the 2 implementing reg goes farther than the Government and 3 Sunshine Act requires the implementing reg to go, and 4 5 if so, to what extent and what options the Board would 6 have. 7 I don't know if you want to engage in that discussion at this time. 8 MS. BeVIER: I think you have accomplished 9 what at least I had in mind when I asked for this 10 11 report. I don't think that there is anything for us to 12 actually move on. It seems to me that what we can do is thank you for the information. Now we understand 13 better the history. It was very nice to have it 14 explained. 15 16 Certainly, in terms of the way the Board 17 functions, I guess I'm inclined to think myself we 18 wouldn't necessarily be less transparent, but we would do our business differently. We would do the important 19 20 things at the Board meetings. Now, we do a lot of the 21 discussion at the Committee meetings rather than at the Board meetings themselves. That's neither here nor 22

1 there.

2	The Corporation functions quite well under its
3	present regs, and I for one am doubtful our Committee
4	is likely to take up any action on changing the
5	Government and Sunshine Act our own regs with
6	respect to open meetings.
7	I would ask whether any of my Committee
8	members disagree with me, have comments.
9	(No response.)
10	MS. BeVIER: We do have an agenda item
11	inviting public comment on this issue. Is there any
12	public comment to be offered?
13	(No response.)
14	OTHER PUBLIC COMMENT
15	MS. BeVIER: In that sense, I think we can
16	proceed to the next item on the agenda, which is other
17	public comment. Does any member of the public have
18	more to say or want to raise an issue?
19	(No response.)
20	CONSIDERATION AND ACTION ON OTHER BUSINESS
21	MS. BeVIER: Is there other business to come
22	before the Committee?

1 MR. MEITES: Lillian, I just have one point. If there is any additional language that Mattie or 2 anyone else drafts before the Board meeting, could you 3 make sure someone faxes it to me? 4 MS. BeVIER: Yes, we will certainly do that, 5 6 Tom. 7 CONSIDERATION AND ACTION ON ADJOURNMENT 8 MS. BeVIER: I would invite a motion to adjourn. 9 10 ΜΟΤΙΟΝ MR. McKAY: So moved. 11 MR. MEITES: Second. 12 13 MS. BeVIER: All in favor, aye. (Chorus of ayes.) 14 MS. BeVIER: The meeting is adjourned. Thank 15 16 you, everyone. 17 (Whereupon, at 3:11 p.m., the Committee was adjourned.) 18 \* \* \* \* \* 19 20 21 22