

Large Scale Exchange Reaction

8/30/57

8/29

1.6 ml of PP^{32} (8/20/57) = 10 mC. Evap to dryness. Add water & reagent. Repeat. Add 0.2 ml Na_2HPO_4 , 0.1M. Add 4-5 drops of 0.1N NaOH to bring pH to dirty blue (darker blue) equivalent to that of the Na_2HPO_4 . Muffle furnace - 1 hour - 400°C. (Setting = 4.5).

8/30

Dissolve PP^{32} product in water. Add 0.2 ml Monte. Cent. Pipet off clear solution from under Monte "fines"; lost about 0.1 ml in leaving "fines" behind.

Incubation Mixture:

PP^{32} , ~ 10 mC, ~ 10 μ mole	1.50
Jus, 1M, 7.5	.20
$MgCl_2$, 0.1M	.20
TTP, 0.5 μ M/ml	.20
DATP	.20
DCTP	.20
DGTP	.20
DNA, 7 μ /ml	.20
DEAE, Fr. 4 7/19 (undio)	.04
Water	.06
	3.00

60' at 37°. Fairly turbid. Now add: (after chilling)

albumin 10mg/ml	0.50
PCA, 7.0%	2.50
Radiofied PP	5.00

V_f ~ 11.0 Cent. Supt = S1

Treat with 0.2 ml of Monte. Supt = S2

Warm Monte 3X with 15 ml - volume of cold water to which 2-3 drops of 7% PCA was added each time. (Counts over)

Samp. #1	vol	dilin	cpm/0.1ml	Σ
" 42 (after Monte)	11	10^6	122	1.34×10^{10}
Wash #1	15	10^6	162	1.78×10^{10}
2	"	10^4	101	1.5×10^8
3	"	10^3	30	4.5×10^6
Monte susp. after Wash #3	"	10^2	116	1.8×10^6
		10^2	(0.5ml) 3127	93×10^6

Electrons : 50% EtOH (NH₂) , 2 ml each time.

El. 1+2	vol	dilin	cpm/0.02 ml	
3	4	10^3	265	53×10^6
Monte susp	2	"	31	3
4	2	"	308	31
	2	"	10	1

} 88×10^6

Take El. 1, 2 and 3 and blow off EtOH at about 40°.

Vol = 3.0 ml. Store in deep freeze.

9/3/57

Chromatography of Pyruvate-exchanged triphosphates.

To mount eluate 8/30/57 A.K. (2.9 ml) add following:

- ✓ DCTP 1.25 uM/ml - 0.80 ml
 - ✓ DCTP 2.5 uM/ml - 0.40 ml
 - ✓ TTP 3.55 uM/ml - 0.28 ml
 - ✓ DTP 3.5 uM/ml - 0.25 ml
- } in 1.0 ml of each triphosphate

Uf in 4.8% - pH 7.2 - 7.5 (BTB → Thymol Blue)

Spectrum - 1:20 - neutral pH

2250	2260	2280	0.81/ml
.409	.472	.268	9.48

Counts - plate .02 of 1:400 Sta = 8 x 10⁴ cpm

Cp² = $\frac{10797}{967} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1023 \div 2 = 512 \text{ cpm} \\ 5.12 \times 10^2 \times 4 \times 10^2 \times 5 \times 10^6 = 1.02 \times 10^7 / \text{ml} = 4.9 \times 10^7 \text{ cpm total} \end{array} \right.$

Column - 8.0 x 1.0 cm Dow 1 Cl⁻ 2% x L (fast running)

Material - 4.4 ml of above mixture put on in 50'. Wash with 8 ml H₂O.

Elute at rate of ~ 0.5 ml / minute

Tube #	Vol.	E ₂₅₀ 1:20	E ₂₆₀ 1:20	E ₂₈₀ 1:20	E ₂₈₀ / E ₂₆₀	E ₂₅₀ / E ₂₆₀	Σ E ₂₆₀	Vol. plate 1:400	Cpm	Σ cpm
Original	4.4	.409	.472	.268	.57	.87	41.5	.02	512	4.48 x 10 ⁷
PF wash	13.0	.048	.025	.013				.02	7	
1	14.0	.057	.069	.050				.02	700	.49 x 10 ⁶
2	13.0	.055	.075	.085				.02	712	.46 x 10 ⁶
3	13.5	.038	.050	.025				.02	385	.26 x 10 ⁶
4	13.5	.032	.025					.02	260	.16 x 10 ⁶
5	13.5	.010	.000					.02	165	.11 x 10 ⁶
6	16.5							.02	104	
7	16.5							.02	48	
8	16.5		.020					↓	74	Counts 9/4/57
9	22.5		.015						130	.15 x 10 ⁶
10	21		.000						516	.54 x 10 ⁶

} 4.50 x 10⁶

9/4/57

Tab #	Vol	E ₂₅₀	E ₂₆₀	E ₂₈₀	$\frac{260}{250}$	$\frac{280}{260}$	ΣE_{260}	Vol. $\frac{260}{250}$	Q ₂₆₀	ΣQ_{260}
11	18.5		.043	.075				.02	1042	.96x10 ⁶
12	17.5		.055	.105				↓	1630	1.43x10 ⁶
13	17.5		.065	.125					2085	1.52x10 ⁶
14	18.5		.062	.118					1706	1.38x10 ⁶
15	18.5		.042	.070					1060	.98x10 ⁶
16	18		.027	.035					520	.47x10 ⁶
17			.025						300	.27x10 ⁶
18			.025						292	.26x10 ⁶
19			.027						440	.40x10 ⁶
20	18	.050	.040	.027					610	.55x10 ⁶
21		.055	.055	.027					878	.79x10 ⁶
22		.060	.065	.023					1143	1.03x10 ⁶
23		.080	.080	.031					1410	1.27x10 ⁶
24		.080	.085	.028					1543	1.39x10 ⁶
25	17.5	.082	.087	.028					1655	1.48x10 ⁶
26		.070	.072	.030					1739	1.51x10 ⁶
27		.075	.075	.025					1426	1.27x10 ⁶
28		.062	.062	.020					1154	1.01x10 ⁶
29			.050	.023					760	.67x10 ⁶
30	17		.040	.019					531	.45x10 ⁶
31	1		.027	.017					300	.27x10 ⁶
32			.017						185	.14x10 ⁶
33									86	
34			.010						35	
35	17								22	
36			.010						15	
37									15	
38									16	
39									15	
40									3	
41			.015						17	
42	18.5								30	
43									26	
44									21	
45									11	

8.20x10⁶

12.45x10⁶

← counted 9/5/57

9/4/57

Pool tubes 10 thru 16. Volume = 130 ml. Wash tubes \bar{C} H_2O . Volume = 133 ml.
 Add 1.4 ml $\frac{1}{2}$ glycine 9.2 and 0.34 ml $4M$ $LiOH$. pH = 9.2 (BTB and Thymol Blue)
 Freeze up.

Pool tubes 20 thru 30. Volume = 190. Wash tubes \bar{C} H_2O . Volume = 200 ml.
 Add 2.0 ml glycine $\frac{1}{2}$, 9.2 and .48 ml $4M$ $LiOH$. pH = 9.2

Pool tubes 50 thru 73. Volume = 205 ml. Wash out tubes. Volume = 205. Neutralize (pH 7.5)
 with $4M$ $LiOH$. Freeze up.

Pool tubes 88 thru 98. Vol = 235 - Wash out tubes - Vol = 255.
 Since 0.2 ml of $\approx 3M$ $LiOH$ was added to each tube during collection, no
 neutralization was required. pH = 10.8 (BTB and Thymol Blue)

Plate .02 ml of last pool (TTP?). 839 cpm
 $839 \times 50 \times 255 = 10.70 \times 10^6$ cpm total (on 9/4/57)

Add 2.5 ml $\frac{1}{2}$ glycine 9.2 and 4 drops $4M$ $LiOH$. pH = 9.2

9/5/57

<u>Index</u>	<u>Vol</u>	<u>E₂₅₀</u>	<u>E₂₆₀</u>	<u>E₂₈₀</u>	<u>250/260</u>	<u>250/280</u>	<u>Σ E₂₆₀</u>	<u>Vol_{total}</u>	<u>Cor_{Cor}</u>	<u>Σ_{Cor}</u>
46								.02	18	
47	15.0							↓	21	
48									42	
49									22	
50									27	
51									48	
52	15.0								63	
53									55	
54									68	
55									90	
56									111	.08 x 10 ⁶
57	14.8								125	.12 "
58									156	.12
59									156	.14
60									263	.19
61									321	.24
62	14.0								308	.22
63									379	.27
64									377	.26
65									354	.28
66									403	.28
67	14								352	.27
68									336	.24
69									320	.22
70									252	.19
71									228	.16
72	13.5								157	.11
73									126	.08
74									92	
75									94	
76									81	
77									78	
78									66	
79									47	
80									45	

3.46 x 10⁶

5/5/57

Sub II	Vol	\bar{E}_{250}	\bar{E}_{260}	\bar{E}_{270}	$\frac{270}{360}$	$\frac{370}{360}$	ΣE_{260}	$\sqrt{\text{plate}}$	f_{con}	ΣX	Σcp
81	3							.02	36		
82								↓	31		
83									44		
84									36		
85									20		
86									136		
87									600		.39
88	18.0								2384	Corrected 8/6/57	2.14×10^6
89									3003	↓	2.70×10^6
90									2108		1.90 "
91									1101		.99 "
92									632		.57 "
93	18.0								568		.51
94									536	10 .71	.48
95									463		.42
96									304		.27
97									259		.23
98	18.0								124		.11
99									35		
100									9		
101									2		
102									17		
103	17.5								8		
104									-1		
105									0		
106									9		
107											
108	17.0								-1		
109											
110									6		
111											
112	16.5								0		
113											
114											
115									2		

9/6/57

Tube #	Vol	Vol phos. sol.	sp. con	Σ sp.
116	15			
117				
118			0	
119				
120	15		12	
121	↓		7	
122	↓		7	
123			< 5	
124			< 5	
125			< 5	
126			< 5	

0.5M HCl
0.5M LiCl

Harvest of DATP and TTP (ppts labeled)

DATP

Count 0.02 ml. of pooled DATP tubes (see 9/4/57).

979 cpm. $979 \times 50 \times \frac{200}{1000} = 9.8 \times 10^6$ cpm total

Add 0.92 ml 3M BaBr₂ (this adjusts Ba⁺⁺ conc. to .02 M)

Add 140 ml Abs. ethanol at -12°. Let stand at 2° for 1 hr.

Spin at #60 4' (Plate 0.2 ml of supernatant = 0 cpm)

Harvest remainder of ppt. Store in vacuo over KOH @ 2°.

Decompose ppt in usual manner.

TTP

Take pooled TTP tubes (see 9/4/57) which have volume of 265 ml and have pH adjusted to 9.2. Total cts in solution = ~~6.2 x 10⁶~~ 10.7 x 10⁶ on 9/6/57

Add 1.77 ml 3M BaBr₂ (this adjusts Ba⁺⁺ conc. to 0.02 M).

Add 265 ml Abs. ethanol at -12°. Let stand at 2° for 1 hr.

Spin at #60 4' Count 0.20 ml. of supernatant = 37 cpm.

$37 \times 5 \times 265 \times 2 = 9.8 \times 10^4$ cts non-precipitated = 1% of total

Harvest remainder of ppt. Store in vacuo over KOH @ 2°.

Decompose ppt in usual manner.

DGTP } working as above.
TTP }

9/12/57

Ino Pyrophosphate Released in Absence of DNA?

	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>
✓ TTP .107 μ m/ml	.05	.05				.05				.05	.05	*
✓ DATP .117 μ m/ml	.04		.04				.04			.04	.04	*
✓ DCTP .145 μ m/ml	.05			.05				.05		.05	.05	*
✓ DETP .145 μ m/ml	.03				.03				.03	.03	.03	*
✓ MgCl ₂ 0.11M	.02 →											
✓ KPO ₄ 7.4	.02 →											
Thymine DNA 5.7 μ m/ml	.02					.02	.02	.02	.02		.02	.02
DEAE f ₄ 7.1/57		.01 →										
H ₂ O	.09	.20	.21	.22	.20	.18	.15	.20	.18	.08	.06	.19
	.30 →											

30' 37°

Add .20 ml carrier (DNA, 2.5 μ m/ml) + 0.5 ml 7% PCA. 3' 0". Add 0.1 ml Mont (25% P.V.). Add .01 ml BSA (50 μ m/ml). Min. #. 5' 0". Spin 5'. Plate 0.60 ml of prep. Add 0.16 ml 2N KOH to neutralize PCA.

Slk = 756
 200 = 1300

C/2 m.
 C/h. con

5046	1876	2102	585	786	1606	3156	1470	1892	4380	5912
------	------	------	-----	-----	------	------	------	------	------	------

5
 4
 3
 2
 1

9/13/57

Worst Treatment of Pysr Labeled DCTP

To 2.0 ml of DCRPPP* Add .02 ml of 1M HCl, H=2. Add
 0.015 ml worst 20% P.V. Mix intermittently 5' @ 1000. Spin. Do not decant.

Counts

Original 1:10, plate 02; cpm = 1300 ($1.3 \times 10^3 \times 10^1 \times 5 \times 10^1 \times 2 = 1.3 \times 10^6$ cp total)
 Nontelope undiluted, plate 02; cpm = 4350 ($\approx 33\%$ of counts remain in suspension)

Add .015 ml more. Stir up 5'. Spin. Do not decant.
 Plate 02 undiluted; cpm = 1350
 $\frac{1350}{13000} \times 100 = 10.4\%$

From data of 9/12/57 one can calculate that 7% of DCTP counts remain worst
 non-absorbable. \therefore about 93% of worst absorbable counts have been
 absorbed.

Spin suspension once more 3'. Decant suspension. Wipe out tube. Wash
 precipitate 2x @ 2.0 ml ice cold $\frac{1}{100}$ HCl. Decant washes.
 Elute worst with 1.5 ml volumes of ECOH: H₂O: con. NO₂ mixture (50:50:0.3 by vol.)
 10' @ 1000. Collect suspension after centrifugation.

Eluate I Plate 01 = 4400 cp.
 $4.4 \times 10^3 \times 10^2 \times 1.5 = 6.6 \times 10^6$ cp total (56% of that absorbed)

Eluate II plate 01 cpm = 650 $6.5 \times 10^2 \times 10^2 \times 1.5 = .97 \times 10^6 = 8\%$

	250	350	270	OD/ml 200	OD/ml 250	nm/ml 250	nm/ml 360	nm/ml Average
1:20, H ₂	.097	.098	.143	1.96	2.86	.22	.32	.27
Plate 0.01 H ₂ = 20	= 516 cpm							
	$5.16 \times 10^2 \times 10^2 \times 2 \times 10^1 = 2.03 \times 10^6$ cp/ml							
	$\frac{2.03 \times 10^6}{9.27} = 3.8 \times 10^6$ cp/μM							

9/13/57

Does Reaction Require DNA when measured by γ -release from DCRPP?

	1	2	3	4	5	6
DCTP ^{0.27 M/2M} _{3.8x10⁶}	.02 →					
√ DATP	.01	—	—	.01	.01	—
√ DCTP ^{0.27 M/2M} _{Cold}	.02	—	—	.02	.02	—
√ DTP	.01	—	—	.01	.01	—
√ MgCl ₂ 0.1M	.02 →					
√ KPO ₄ 1M 7.4	.02 →					
√ Thymine DNA ^{5.5 μg/ml} _{refract.}	.02	—	.02	—	.02	—
√ DEAE _{fn 4 8/9}	—	.02	.01	.01	.01	—
√ H ₂ O	.18	.23	.21	.19	.17	.24
∅	.30 →					

37° 30'

Add 0.20 ml. Carrier DNA (2.5 μg/ml) ~~to~~ 0.05 ml 1N HCl + 0.35 ml H₂O + 0.01 ml BSA. + 0.10 ml mount, (20% P.V.) Mix, 5'0". Spin. Note packs well. Plate 0.5 ml

Sta = 815
Reg = 15

C/2 _n	128	119	1027	168	2814	109
∅ _n con	49	45	498	70	1392	40
∅ _n 49	0	-4	449	21	1343	-9
m _n molecules	0	0	.236	.011	.710	0

9/16/57

Re Nonte Treatment of TTP, DATP, DGETP to reduce blanks (Piper release)

To 3.0 ml of each of TTP, DATP, DGETP add 0.03 ml M_1 wcd.
 Add 0.045 ml Nonte (70% P.V.). Stir intermittently 5' Spin.
 Do not decant. Plate 0.02 ml of supco.

	Cfm	Cp/ml
TTP	1241	6.2×10^4
DATP	2201	1.1×10^5
DGETP	323	1.6×10^4

Plate 02 of a 1:10 dilution of original sol.

	Cfm	Cp/ml
TTP	926	4.6×10^5
DATP	1576	7.9×10^5
DGETP	311	1.5×10^5

Add 0.02 ml more of Nonte to each tube. Stir 5' 00" Spin. Plate 0.2 of supco.

TTP		
DATP	1515	7.6×10^4
DGETP	264	1.3×10^4

Plate E 2.0 ml of 50% EtOH containing 0.3% Conc. M_1 30' 00" Spin. Plate .01 of supco

TTP	3194	3.19×10^5 /ml
DATP	6075	6.08×10^5 /ml
DGETP	1087	1.09×10^5 /ml

UV. on solutions diluted 1:10

	250	250	280	E_{250} /ml	μM /ml	Sp. Act
TTP	.069	.070	.054	.77	.092	3.4×10^6
DATP	.131	.138	.057	1.52	.107	5.67×10^6
DGETP	.107	.088	.064	.97	.083	1.31×10^6

TTP and DATP concentrated 2.5-fold and DGETP concentrated 3-fold by blowing air through all 100 tubes.

Final concentrations:	TTP	.23 μM /ml
	DATP	.27 μM /ml
	DGETP	.25 μM /ml

9/15/57

Check Whether Single Deoxyribonucleoside Triphosphates Release P₃₂ in Presence of DNA & Absence of DNA

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
γ-TTP	.02			.02			.02			.02	.02
γ-DATP		.02			.02			.02		.02	.02
γ-DGTP			.02			.02			.02	.02	.02
γ-DCTP										.01	.01
γ-KPO ₄ 7.4	.02 →										
γ-H ₂ Cl ₂ 0.1M	.02 →										
γ-Thymine DNA 5 μg/ml	.02	.02	.02	—	—	—	.02	.02	.02	.02	—
γ-DEAE fr. 9/9	—	—	—	.01 →							
γ-H ₂ O	.22	.22	.22	.23	.23	.23	.21	.21	.21	.17	.15
γ-30	→										

37° 30'

Add 0.20 ml carrier + 0.40 ml 1% HCl (cold). Add 0.01 ml Albumin (50 mg/ml) followed by 0.10 ml. Nuclei. Mix, 5' 0". Spin. Plate 0.50 μl of prep.

std = POC
C₂ = 2

	1/2'	158	92	140	267	335	425	1176	1668	6424	1319
C ₂ con	63	67	34	58	122	156	200	576	822	3200	647
5-Emscat	0	0	0	-5	55	122	137	507	787	3130	483
μg nucleoside	—	—	—	0	.02	.186	.08	.180	1.202		

Sp. Activities:

TTP	3.46 x 10 ⁶
DATP	5.07 x 10 ⁶
DCTP	1.31 x 10 ⁶

9/17/57

Is it Pyr that is released from DAPP when incubated \bar{E} lysates + DNA?

√ DAPP	5.4 x 10 ⁶ / ml	.40
√ $\frac{1}{2}$ KPO ₄	7.4	.40
√ MgCl ₂	0.1M	.40
√ Thymus DNA	5.0 / ml	.40
√ DEAE for	9/8	.20
√ H ₂ O		4.20
		<u>6.00</u>

30' 37"

Add 4.0 ml "Carrier" and 8.0 ml $\frac{1}{10}$ HCl (cold). Add 0.20 ml Albumin (50 mg/ml) and 2.0 ml NaOAc (20% P.V.). Mix. Sit 10' 0° with intermittent mixing. Spin 5'. Decant supe.

Volume of NaOAc supe = 15.5 ml Neutralize \bar{E} 0.3 ml 2M KOH. Vol = 15.8 ml
 Count 0.5 ml = 564 cpm. Set aside 1.0 ml. Put remainder (14.8 ml) on column.
 (Add 0.05 ml $\frac{1}{10}$ PP pH 7 A.K.)

Column - Dav 1 Cl⁻ 29% XL 10 cm x 1 cm.

Tube #	Volume	Vol plated	Cpm con	Σ cpm	net for Pamalyse	μ A	Σ m d P
original	18	0.5	545	18,600			
PT+work	27	1.0	0				
HCl → 1	9	↓	85	800	.10	0.0	
2	14		3		↓	0.0	
3	15		-3			0.0	
4	15		3	45		0.0	
5	23		6	140		0.07	20
6	15		2	20		.131	15.6
7	15		5 1/2	170		.160	24
8	25		10	200		.188	47
9	15		9	235		.188	28
10	15		7	205			
11	8		4	59			
cl → 12	18		34	648			
13			8	150			
14			2	35			
				<u>1665</u>			

Counted 9/18/57

Jan 18

VY

2/18/57
hydrolysis in 1M H₂SO₄ 15' 100°

Tubes	Volume	Vol. added	Cp. corr	Σ Cp.
15	15	1.0	-3	
16		↓	4	
17			-7	
18	15		4	
19			-1	
20			7	
21	15		1	15
22			34	645
23			100	1900
24	15		215	4160
25			230	4370
26			130	2470
27	15		67	1270
28			21	400
29			5	95
30	12.5			
31				
32				
33				
34				
35				

15,310

~~inorganic~~
inorganic

←
Pyr/ml
Σ Pyrs

Sp. Activity

000	.155	2.85	2.9x10 ³
000	.146	2.78	3.1x10 ³
000	.091	1.73	2.5x10 ³

Summary - 94 % of Counts detected are in Pyrs region. Looks definite that Pyrs is split off DAPP in presence of DNA in limit reaction.