

## Small Business Profile: UTAH

Entrepreneurs, innovators, and small businesses are key players in the economy of Utah. They make up most of the employer firms in the state, and their contribution is indispensable. Their diverse composition and the spectrum of opportunities they offer are captured in this *Small Business Profile*, using the most current federal data available.

**Number of Businesses.** The state had an estimated total of 224,300 small businesses based on the most recent data.<sup>1</sup> Firms with employees numbered 62,915 in 2005, of which an estimated 96.7 percent or 60,839 were small firms (fewer than 500 employees). Self-employment (including incorporated) increased by 12.4 percent, from 134,591 in 2004 to 151,264 in 2005.<sup>2</sup> In 2004, non-employer firms increased by 6.1 percent and numbered 163,426. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau; U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.)

**Women-Owned Firms.** Firms owned by women increased 15 percent between 1997 and 2002, from 41,991 to 48,474; they represented 25.1 percent of the state's total businesses in 2002. These firms (with and without paid employees) generated \$5.9 billion in revenues in 2002. Of the total number of women-owned firms, 12.9 percent or 6,242 firms were employer firms. In 2005, self-employed women totaled 57,701, an increase of 25.8 percent from 2004, and they represented 38.1 percent of self-employed persons in the state. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

**Minority-Owned Firms.**<sup>3</sup> In 2002, Asian-owned firms totaled 2,821 and generated \$707 million in receipts; Black-owned firms numbered 649 and generated \$188 million in receipts; and Hispanic-owned businesses totaled 5,177 and created \$555 million in receipts. American Indian- and Alaska Native-owned firms numbered 1,145, and they generated \$81 million in receipts; the number of Native Hawaiian- and other Pacific Islander-owned firms was 429, and they generated \$152 million in receipts in 2002. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.)

<sup>1</sup> The Office of Advocacy's estimated total of state small businesses is based on the percent of small businesses (2003 Census firm size data) multiplied by the state's total number of employer businesses in 2005 (Dept. of Labor). The 2004 number of non-employer firms is added to this total (Census Bureau).

<sup>2</sup> The definition of self-employment has changed; as a result, statistics in the *Small Business Profiles* before 2004 are not comparable.

<sup>3</sup> Minority owners may belong to more than one minority group, so adding the different groups will result in double counting.

**Business Turnover.** New employer businesses in 2005 were estimated at 11,536, which is 1.6 percent more than the previous year. Business bankruptcies increased by 2.0 percent, to 449 in 2005, while business terminations increased by 2.4 percent, to 11,871 during the same period. (Sources: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Employment and Training Administration; Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts.)

**Employment.** There were 49,272 employer firms with fewer than 500 employees in 2003;<sup>4</sup> they provided 449,375 jobs in the state. These firms represented 96.7 percent of the employer businesses in the state and employed 49.9 percent of the state's non-farm private sector workforce (Table 1). Between 2002 and 2003, total small business net new jobs amounted to 17,531 (Table 2). (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau, Statistics of U.S. Businesses.)

**Small Business Income.** Non-farm proprietors' income, which is a partial measure of small business income, increased by 10.5 percent to \$7.3 billion in 2005. (Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce.)

**Finance.**<sup>5</sup> Two important sources of small business financing are commercial banks and savings and loan institutions, which owners rely on for their financial needs. The total number of operating bank and savings bank branches in the state decreased in 2005 (Table 3). A list of financial institutions in each state that make loans to small businesses has been compiled by the Office of Advocacy and is available at: [www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html](http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html).

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To learn more about the Office of Advocacy's data and analyses of small business, visit [www.sba.gov/advo/research](http://www.sba.gov/advo/research), call (202) 205-6533, or email [advocacy@sba.gov](mailto:advocacy@sba.gov). Sign up at <http://web.sba.gov/list> for email delivery of:

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<sup>4</sup> The latest year for which the data by size classification exist.

<sup>5</sup> This year's edition of *Small Business Profiles* covers the state's number of branches of commercial banks and savings institutions. Previous reports covered a smaller number of financial institutions—only parent banks, not their branches or those of savings institutions.

**Table 1.** Firms and Employment in Utah by Industry and Firm Size, 2003 and 2004 (Thousands)

Industry	Non-Employer Firms (2004)	Employer Firms (2003)			Employment (2003)		
		Total	< 100	< 500	Total	< 100	< 500
<b>Total</b>	<b>163.4</b>	<b>50.93</b>	<b>48.24</b>	<b>49.27</b>	<b>900.61</b>	<b>328.0</b>	<b>449.38</b>
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	1.1	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.23	*	*
Mining	0.4	0.29	0.24	0.25	6.85	*	*
Utilities	0.2	0.09	0.08	0.08	4.71	*	*
Construction	17.2	8.86	8.77	8.81	59.62	48.24	54.47
Manufacturing	3.5	2.92	2.58	2.72	108.77	30.76	48.17
Wholesale trade	3.4	3.05	2.59	2.74	43.69	20.21	27.3
Retail trade	17.1	5.62	5.19	5.33	123.11	40.8	55.35
Transportation and warehousing	4.6	1.44	1.26	1.31	41.16	8.79	11.91
Information	3.0	0.92	0.78	0.81	28.25	6.35	10.77
Finance and insurance	9.6	2.98	2.74	2.81	48.32	11.96	17.24
Real estate, and rental and leasing	24.3	2.82	2.72	2.75	14.93	9.34	11.02
Professional, scientific, and technical services	23.7	6.28	5.99	6.10	54.21	29.4	39.05
Management of companies and enterprises	N/A	0.31	0.12	0.19	17.51	*	*
Admin., support, waste mgt., and remed. serv.	8.3	2.85	2.63	2.70	83.25	16.15	25.15
Educational services	4.4	0.62	0.58	0.60	27.23	4.61	6.81
Health care and social assistance	11.4	4.79	4.62	4.71	98.87	32.68	48.95
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	7.3	0.73	0.69	0.71	15.2	5.74	9.67
Accommodation and food services	1.6	3.14	2.96	3.05	79.71	38.48	52.71
Other services	22.3	3.78	3.69	3.72	44.81	20.87	23.88
Unclassified	N/A	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.2	*	*

\*Data suppressed to protect the confidentiality of individual firms. N/A = not available.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Census Bureau.

**Table 2.** Non-Farm Establishment Job Gains and Losses by Firm Size, 2002–2003 (Thousands)

	Total	Firm Size (Number of Employees)		
		1–19	1–499	500+
<b>Job gains:</b>				
New establishments	67.8	21.7	39.2	28.6
Expanding establishments	88.4	27.7	55.9	32.5
<b>Job losses:</b>				
Downsized establishments	-97.9	-17.5	-46.2	-51.7
Closed establishments	-58.3	-16.4	-31.4	-27.0
<b>Net change in employment</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>-17.5</b>

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Statistics of U.S. Businesses.

**Table 3.** Number of Bank and Savings Institution Branches in Utah, 2001–2005

2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
533	531	536	542	540

Source: U.S. Small Business Administration, Office of Advocacy, from data collected by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, Statistics on Banking.

Note: A full list of small business lending banks collected by the Federal Reserve Board can be found on the Office of Advocacy's website at [www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html](http://www.sba.gov/advo/research/lending.html).