

Herbs continued...

Osmorhiza chilensis..Mountain sweet-cicely
Osmorhiza occidentalis..Western sweet-cicely
Pachistima myrsinifolia.....Mountain box
Pedicularis bracteosa Bracted lousewort
Pedicularis contorta..... Coiled lousewort
Pedicularis racemosa ...Sickletop lousewort
Penstemon davidsonii.. Davidson's penstemon
Penstemon fruticosus..Shrubby penstemon
Penstemon procerus .. Small-flowered penstemon
Penstemon rupicola Cliff penstemon
Penstemon serrulatus .. Cascade penstemon
Phacelia hastata White-leaf phacelia
Phacelia procera..... Tall phacelia
Phlox diffusa Spreading phlox
Phyllodoce empetriformis ..Red mountain heather
Platanthera dilatata..... White bog-orchid
Platanthera saccata Slender bog-orchid
Polemonium pulcherrimum...Showy Jacob's ladder
Heuchera micrantha..Small-flowered alumroot
Polygonum douglasii....Douglas' knotweed
Polygonum minimum ... Leafy dwarf knotweed
Potentilla glandulosa Sticky cinquefoil
Rubus lasiococcusDwarf bramble
Rubus leucodermis.....Blackcap
Rubus parviflorusThimbleberry
Rubus spectabilis..... Salmonberry
Rubus ursinus Wild blackberry
Sanguisorba occidentalisAnnual burnet
Sanicula graveolensSierra sanicle
Saussurea americana....American sawwort
Saxifraga bronchialis Spotted saxifrage
Saxifraga occidentalis....Western saxifrage
Lomatium nudicaule ...Canby's desert-parsley
Lomatium geyeriGeyer's desert-parsley
Luetkea pectinata Partridge foot
Luina hypoleucaSilverback luina
Luina nardosmia Silvercrown luina
Luina stricta Tongue-leaf luina
Lupinus latifolius Broad-leaf lupine
Lupinus polyphyllusBig-leaf lupine
Luzula parviflora .Small-flowered woodrush
Mertensia paniculata..... Tall bluebells
Microsteris gracilis.....Pink microsteris
Mimulus guttatus ..Common monkey-flower
Mimulus lewisii Lewis's monkey-flower
Mimulus moschatusMusk-flower
Mitella breweri.....Brewer's miterwort
Mitella trifidaThree-tooth miterwort
Montia perfoliata.....Miner's lettuce
Nothochelone nemerosa.. Woodland beard-tongue
Orthilia secunda One-sided wintergreen

Herbs continued...

Vaccinium membranaceum ..Mountain huckleberry
Bromus carinatus California brome
Vaccinium scopariumGrouseberry
Carex illota..... Sheep sedge
Valeriana sitchensis Sitka valerian
Veratrum virideGreen false hellebore
Verbenaria bracteata.....Bracted vervain
Veronica americana...American brooklime
Veronica serpyllifolia .Thyme-leaf speedwell
Veronica wormskjoldii Alpine speedwell
Juncus ensifolius..... Daggerleaf rush
Juncus parryi Parry's rush

Introduced

Centaurea diffusa Diffuse knapweed
Cirsium arvenseCanada thistle
Dactylis glomerata Orchard grass
Hieracium aurantiacum King devil
Hypericum perforatum.....Klamath weed
Phleum pratense..... Timothy
Plantago lanceolata..... English plantain
Plantago major.....Common plantain
Athyrium distentifolium .. Alpine lady fern
Rumex acetocella.....Sheep sorrel
Cheilanthes gracillima.....Lace fern
Pteridium aquilinum..... Bracken fern
Botrychium multifidum..Leathery grape-fern

Field Notes**Grasses and Grass-likes**

Bromus carinatus California brome
Carex illota..... Sheep sedge
Valeriana sitchensis Sitka valerian
Veratrum virideGreen false hellebore
Elymus canadensisNodding wildrye
Elymus glaucus Western ryegrass
Festuca viridis Green fescue
Juncus ensifolius..... Daggerleaf rush
Juncus parryi Parry's rush

Please help protect this fragile environment by staying on the trail. Take only pictures. Flowers need to remain on site so seeds can provide future generations.

For additional information on plants, please refer to the following resources:

Plants of the Pacific Northwest Coast
1994. Pojar and Mackinnon

Ferns & Fern-Allies
1985. David B. Lellinger

Natural History of Olympics & Cascades
1998. Daniel Mathews

Weeds of the West
2001. Tom D. Whitson, editor

Special thanks to the
Washington Native Plant Society

Okanogan and Wenatchee National Forests

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(509) 852-1100

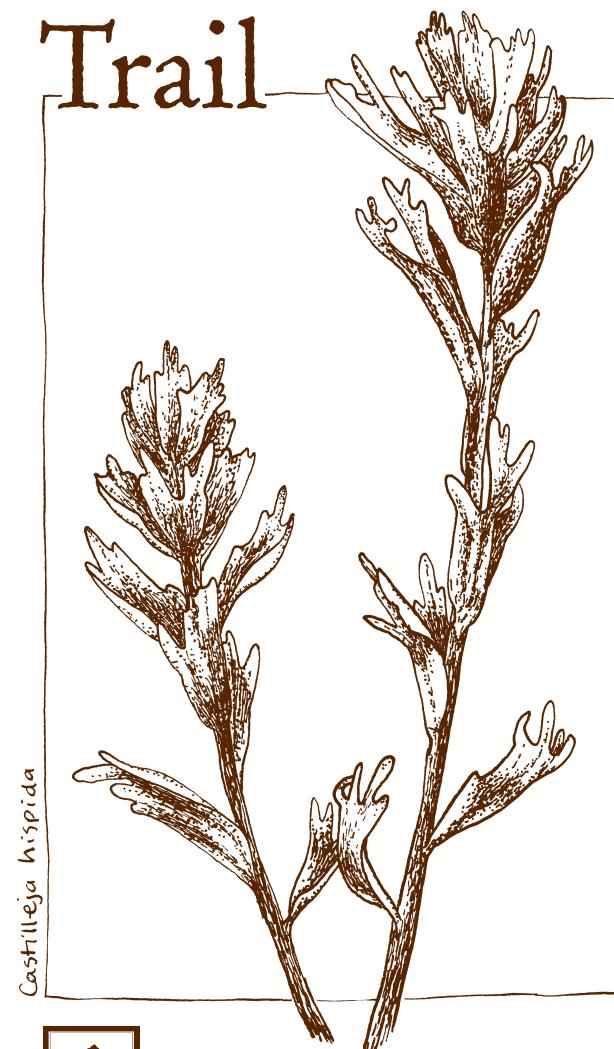
(509) 674-9770 (TTY)

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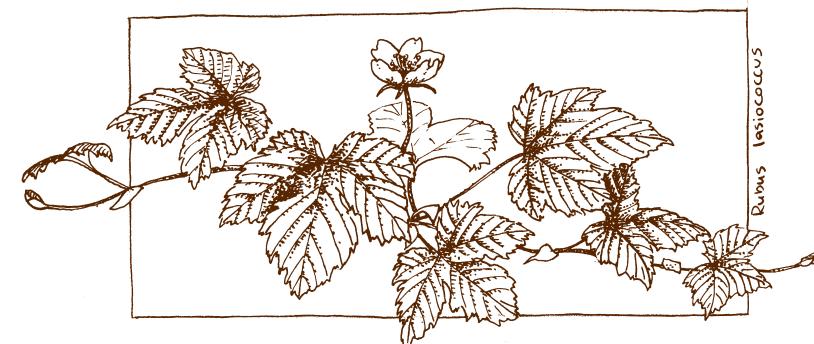
United States Department of Agriculture
Forest Service ■ Pacific Northwest Region

Knox Creek Wildflower Trail

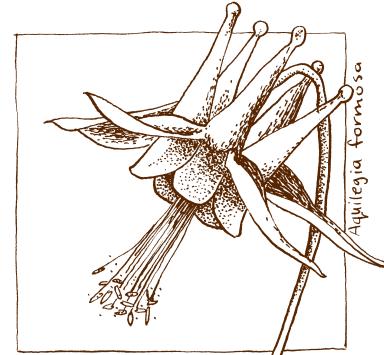


Okanogan and Wenatchee National Forests

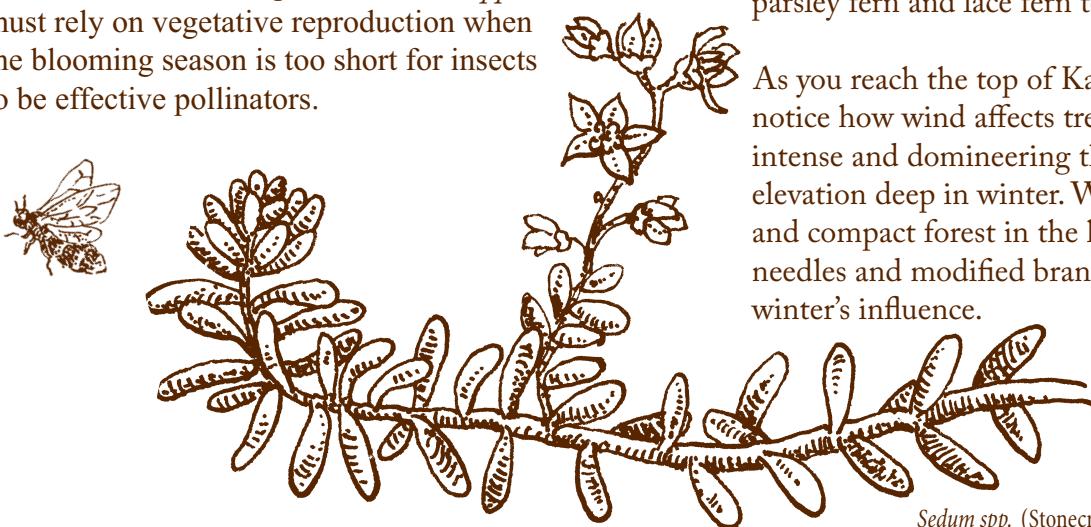
The Knox Creek Wildflower Trail begins on a hillside meadow bursting with wildflowers. It climbs quickly out of the meadow through patchy sub-alpine forest onto open rocky outcrops; a surprising amount of diverse habitat in such a short distance. Opportunities along the trail abound for plant identification, photography, drawing or any other activity wildflowers inspire.



Plants are shaped by the short growing season, snow pack, wind, precipitation, soil composition, wildlife and human intervention.



Life changes year-round for the plants along the Knox Creek Trail. For most plants growth begins in spring when winter releases its chilly hold and plants begin to protrude through remaining snow. Plants have various strategies for survival. Early bloomers like spring beauties, *Claytonia lanceolata*, take advantage of super saturated soils. Others, for example *Antennaria spp.*, must rely on vegetative reproduction when the blooming season is too short for insects to be effective pollinators.

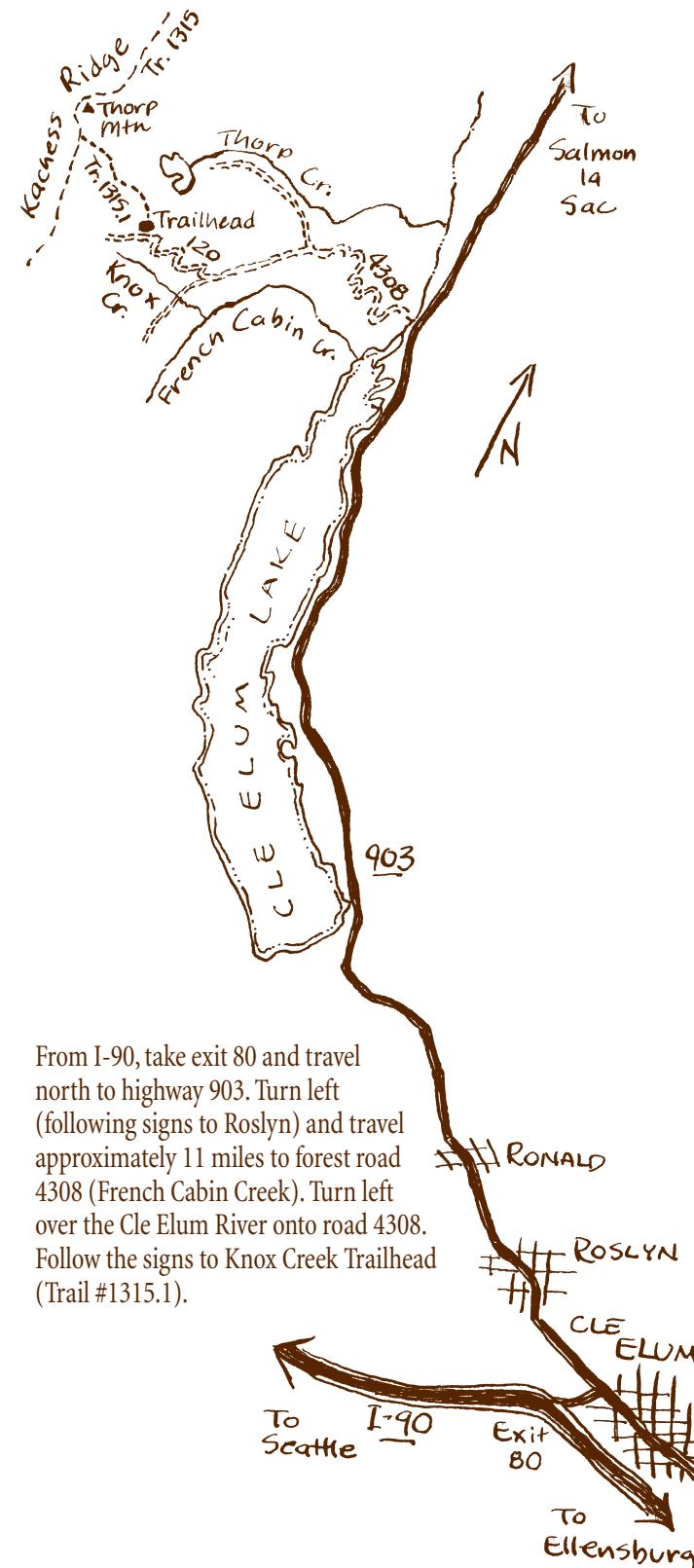


As you reach the top of Kachess Ridge you'll notice how wind affects tree growth. Imagine how intense and domineering the wind must be at this elevation deep in winter. Wind sculpts a stunted and compact forest in the hemlock and fir. Shorter needles and modified branches convey the story of winter's influence.

Sedum spp. (Stonecrop)

The upper dry rock faces do not hold snow, leaving a niche for plants specially adapted to dry habitat. Cushion plants like *Phlox spp.* have adapted to rocky areas that are lacking soil. Their clumpy growth habit traps windblown particles that will gradually become soil. Long taproots also characterize cushion plants; they send roots 8-15 inches below the surface in some cases to reach water.

Alpine habitats are arid. While the ridge top may receive its share of winter snow, most of it will blow away or slough off in small avalanches. Adaptations to the arid environment can be seen in the lace fern, *Cheilanthes gracillima*. It has roots up to 1.5 m long and its spores are resistant to desiccation for 18 months. Lichen and moss work diligently to slowly break down rock into soil. The accumulation of soil pockets will allow plants like parsley fern and lace fern to grow.



From I-90, take exit 80 and travel north to highway 903. Turn left (following signs to Roslyn) and travel approximately 11 miles to forest road 4308 (French Cabin Creek). Turn left over the Cle Elum River onto road 4308. Follow the signs to Knox Creek Trailhead (Trail #1315.1).

The list below includes plants found along the trails in the Knox Creek drainage.

Trees

<i>Abies amabilis</i>	Pacific silver fir
<i>Abies grandis</i>	Grand fir
<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i>	Sub-alpine fir
<i>Acer circinatum</i>	Vine maple
<i>Acer glabrum</i>	Douglas maple
<i>Acer macrophyllum</i>	Big-leaf maple
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Rosy pussy-toes
<i>Antennaria racemosa</i>	Raceme pussy-toes
<i>Apocynum androsaemifolium</i>	Spreading dogbane
<i>Aquilegia formosa</i>	Red columbine
<i>Arabis divaricarpa</i>	Spreadingpod rockcress
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i>	Hairy rockcress
<i>Arabis lyallii</i>	Lyall's rockcress
<i>Arctostaphylos nevadensis</i>	Kinnikinnik
<i>Arenaria capillaris</i>	Thread-leaved sandwort
<i>Arenaria macrophylla</i>	Big-leaf sandwort
<i>Arnica diversifolia</i>	Sticky arnica
<i>Arnica latifolia</i>	Mountain arnica
<i>Arnica parryi</i>	Nodding arnica
<i>Artemesia ludoviciana</i>	Western mugwort
<i>Asarum caudatum</i>	Wild ginger
<i>Aster foliaceus</i>	Leafy aster
<i>Aster lepidophyllus</i>	Cascade aster
<i>Balsamorhiza sagittata</i>	Arrow-leaf balsamroot
<i>Berberis nervosa</i>	Cascade Oregon grape
<i>Berberis repens</i>	Creeping Oregon grape
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Mountain juniper
<i>Caltha biflora</i>	White marshmarigold
<i>Rhododendron albiflorum</i>	White rhododendron
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>	Common harebell
<i>Ribes howellii</i>	Maple-leaf currant
<i>Cardamine bellidifolia</i>	Alpine bittercress
<i>Ribes lacustre</i>	Prickly currant
<i>Ribes sanguinum</i>	Red-flowered currant
<i>Ribes viscosissimum</i>	Sticky currant
<i>Ribes watsonianum</i>	Watson gooseberry
<i>Rosa gymnocarpa</i>	Baldhip rose
<i>Cirsium edule</i>	Horse thistle
<i>Rosa nutkana</i>	Nootka rose
<i>Sorbus scopulina</i>	Cascade mountain-ash
<i>Sorbus sitchensis</i>	Sitka mountain-ash
<i>Salix scouleriana</i>	Scouler willow
<i>Salix sitchensis</i>	Sitka willow
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>	Red elderberry
<i>Amelanchier alnifolia</i>	Serviceberry
<i>Delphinium nudtallianum</i>	Upland larkspur
<i>Descurainia richardsonii</i>	Mountain tansymustard
<i>Dicentra formosa</i>	Bleeding heart
<i>Dicentra uniflora</i>	Steer's head
<i>Disporum hookeri</i>	Hooker fairy-bell
<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i>	Fireweed
<i>Epilobium glandulosum</i>	Common willow-herb

Herbs

<i>Anaphalis margaritacea</i>	Pearly everlasting
<i>Angelica arguta</i>	Sharp-tooth angelica
<i>Angelica genuflexa</i>	Kneeling angelica
<i>Antennaria lanata</i>	Woolly pussy-toes
<i>Acer circinatum</i>	Vine maple
<i>Acer glabrum</i>	Douglas maple
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