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§13.1326 Snowmachines.

The use of snowmachines is prohibited within the EGDA, except—

- (a) On Exit Glacier Road;
- (b) In parking areas;
- (c) On a designated route through the Exit Glacier Campground to Exit Creek:
 - (d) Within Exit Creek; and
- (e) For NPS administrative activities.

§ 13.1328 EGDA closures and restrictions.

The Superintendent may prohibit or otherwise restrict activities in the EGDA to protect public health, safety, or park resources, or to provide for the equitable and orderly use of park facilities. Information on closures and restrictions will be available at the park visitor information center. Violating closures or restrictions is prohibited.

Subpart Q—Special Regulations— Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park

§ 13.1402 Camping.

- (a) Camping is permitted only in designated areas.
- (b) Camping without a permit is prohibited. The Superintendent may establish permit terms and conditions. Failure to comply with permit terms and conditions is prohibited.
- (c) Camping at Dyea campground more than 14 days in a calendar year is prohibited.

§13.1404 Preservation of natural, cultural, and archaeological resources.

The Superintendent may allow the gathering of mushrooms in accordance with §2.1(c) of this chapter.

§13.1406 State lands.

The National Park Service administers certain state-owned lands and waters within the boundary of Klondike Gold Rush National Historical Park under a memorandum of understanding with the State of Alaska. The prohibition on carrying, possession, and use of weapons, traps, and nets in this chapter does not apply to the law-

ful taking of wildlife on these Stateowned lands and waters.

Subpart R—Special Regulations— Kobuk Valley National Park

§ 13.1502 Subsistence resident zone.

The following area is included within the resident zone for Kobuk Valley National Park: The NANA Region.

§13.1504 Customary trade.

In addition to the exchange of furs for cash, "customary trade" in Kobuk Valley National Park shall include the selling of handicraft articles made from plant material taken by local rural residents of the park area.

Subpart S—Special Regulations— Lake Clark National Park and Preserve

§13.1602 Subsistence resident zone.

The following communities and areas are included within the resident zone for Lake Clark National Park: Iliamna, Lime Village, Newhalen, Nondalton, Pedro Bay, and Port Alsworth.

§13.1604 Solid waste disposal.

- (a) A solid waste disposal site may accept non-National Park Service solid waste generated within the boundaries of the park area.
- (b) A solid waste disposal site may be located within one mile of facilities as defined by this part so long as it does not degrade natural or cultural resources of the park area.
- (c) A transfer station located wholly on nonfederal lands within Lake Clark National Park and Preserve may be operated without the permit required by §§ 6.4(b) and 6.9(a) only if:
- (1) The solid waste is generated within the boundaries of the park area;
- (2) The Regional Director determines that the operation will not degrade any of the natural or cultural resources of the park area; and
- (3) The transfer station complies with the provisions of part 6 of this chapter.
- (d) For purposes of this section, a transfer station means a public use facility for the deposit and temporary