Subpart B—Program Requirements

§ 1230.7 What must agencies do to manage microform records?

Federal agencies must manage microform records by taking the following actions:

- (a) Assign responsibility for an agencywide program for managing microform records and notify the National Archives and Records Administration (NWM), 8601 Adelphi Rd., College Park, MD 20740-6001 of the name and title of the person assigned the responsibility.
- (b) Manage the microform records as part of other records and information resources management programs of the agency.
- (c) Include microform records management objectives, responsibilities, and authorities in pertinent agency directives and disseminate them to appropriate officials.
- (d) Address records management issues, including disposition, before approving new microform records systems or enhancements to existing systems
- (e) Train the managers and users of microform records.
- (f) Develop records schedules covering microform records and finding aids, secure NARA approval, and apply the disposition instructions.
- (g) Schedule computerized indexes associated with microform records, such as in a computer-assisted retrieval (CAR) system, in accordance with part 1234 of this chapter.
- (h) Review practices used to create and manage microform records periodically to ensure compliance with NARA standards in this part.

Subpart C—Microfilming Standards

§ 1230.10 Do agencies need to request NARA approval for the disposition of all microform and source records?

(a) Permanent or unscheduled records. Agencies must schedule both source documents (originals) and microforms. NARA must approve the schedule, Standard Form (SF) 115, Request for Records Disposition Authority, in accordance with part 1228 of this chapter

before any records, including source documents, can be destroyed. NARA will not approve the destruction of original records that have intrinsic value, or security classified or otherwise restricted original records that are scheduled as permanent, or original records that are scheduled as permanent and that have other characteristics that would limit the usefulness of microform copies for public reference.

- (1) Agencies that comply with the standards in §1230.14 must include on the SF 115 the following certification: "This certifies that the records described on this form were (or will be) microfilmed in accordance with the standards set forth in 36 CFR part 1230."
- (2) Agencies using microfilming methods, materials, and procedures that do not meet the standards in §1230.14(a) must include on the SF 115 a description of the system and standards used.
- (3) When an agency intends to retain the silver original microforms of permanent records and destroy the original records, the agency must certify in writing on the SF 115 that the microform will be stored in compliance with the standards of §1230.20 and inspected as required by §1230.22.
- (b) Temporary records. Agencies do not need to obtain additional NARA approval when destroying scheduled temporary records that have been microfilmed. The same approved retention period for temporary records is applied to microform copies of these records. The original records can be destroyed once microfilm is verified, unless legal requirements prevent their early destruction.

§ 1230.12 What are the steps to be followed in filming records?

- (a) Ensure that the microforms contain all information shown on the originals and that they can be used for the purposes the original records served.
- (b) Arrange, describe, and index the filmed records to permit retrieval of any particular document or component of the records. Title each microform roll or fiche with a titling target or header. For fiche, place the titling information in frame 1 if the information