- (i) Acting in a manner that otherwise impedes or disrupts the performance of official duties by Government and contract employees;
- (j) Acting in a manner that prevents the general public from obtaining NARA-provided services in a timely manner; or
  - (k) Loitering.
- (l) Threatening directly (e.g., in-person communications or physical gestures) or indirectly (e.g., via regular mail, electronic mail, or phone) any NARA employee, visitor, volunteer, contractor, other building occupants, or property.

[65 FR 34978, June 1, 2000, as amended at 68 FR 53882, Sept. 15, 2003]

## § 1280.34 What are the types of corrective action NARA imposes for prohibited behavior?

- (a) Individuals who violate the provisions of this part are subject to:
- (1) Removal from the premises (removal for up to seven calendar days) and possible law enforcement notification:
- (2) Banning from property owned or operated by NARA;
  - (3) Arrest for trespass; and
- (4) Any additional types of corrective action prescribed by law.
- (b) The regional administrator of the facility (or the director if so designated) has the authority to have the individual immediately removed and denied further access to the premises for up to seven calendar days. During this removal period, the Assistant Archivist for Administrative Services renders a decision on whether the individual should be banned from specific or all NARA facilities permanently or temporarily (in up to one-year increments). Long-term banning under this part includes automatic revocation of research privileges, notwithstanding the time periods set forth in 36 CFR 1254.20. Research privileges remain revoked until the ban is lifted, at which time an application for new privileges may be submitted.
- (c) Upon written notification by the Assistant Archivist for Administrative Services, individuals may be banned from all NARA facilities. All NARA fa-

cilities will be notified of the banning of individuals.

[68 FR 53882, Sept. 15, 2003]

## § 1280.36 May I file an appeal if I am banned from NARA facilities?

Yes, within 30 calendar days of receiving such notification, an individual may appeal the decision in writing. In the request, the individual must state the reasons for the appeal and mail it to the Deputy Archivist of the United States for reconsideration (address: National Archives and Records Administration (ND), 8601 Adelphi Road, College Park, MD 20740-6001). The Deputy Archivist has 30 calendar days from receipt of an appeal to make a decision to rescind, modify, or uphold the ban. If the ban is upheld, further requests by the affected individual will not be acted upon if received prior to the expiration of a period of one year from the date of the last request for reconsideration. After one year has passed, a further request for reconsideration will be considered, and the Deputy Archivist will decide, within 30 calendar days of receiving the request, whether the ban remains in place or is rescinded. Notice of the decision will be provided in writing to the affected individual.

[68 FR 53882, Sept. 15, 2003]

## Subpart B—What Are the Rules for Filming, Photographing, or Videotaping on NARA Property?

## § 1280.40 Definitions.

- (a) Filming, photographing, or videotaping for commercial purposes. Any filming, photographing, or videotaping to promote commercial enterprises or commodities.
- (b) News filming, photographing, or videotaping. Any filming, photographing, or videotaping done by a commercial or non-profit news organization that is intended for use in a television or radio news broadcast, newspaper, or periodical.
- (c) Personal use filming, photographing, or videotaping. Any filming, photographing, or videotaping intended solely for personal use that will not be commercially distributed.