

voluntary leave transfer and leave bank programs established under 5 U.S.C. 6332 and 6362, respectively.

**§ 630.1306 Prohibition of coercion.**

(a) An employee may not directly or indirectly intimidate, threaten, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, or coerce, any other employee for the purpose of interfering with any rights such employee may have with respect to contributing, or not contributing, annual leave under this subpart.

(b) For the purpose of paragraph (a) of this section, the term “intimidate, threaten, or coerce” includes promising to confer or conferring any benefit (such as an appointment or promotion or compensation) or effecting or threatening to effect any reprisal (such as deprivation of appointment, promotion, or compensation).

**§ 630.1307 Crediting annual leave accounts of eligible returnees.**

(a) OPM shall divide the contributed annual leave equally among eligible returnees without regard to any factor (e.g., full- or part-time status, duty station during the Persian Gulf War, or time spent on active duty) other than each employee’s status as an eligible returnee.

(b) The amount of annual leave each eligible returnee receives shall be rounded to the next higher quarter-hour. An employing agency may not reduce the amount of leave credited to an eligible returnee by any fraction of an hour, but may grant leave recipients excused absence for the remainder of the hour or charge leave by the quarter-hour for the purpose of this program.

(c) OPM shall notify each agency of the amount of annual leave that shall be credited to each eligible returnee.

(d) Each agency shall credit the annual leave accounts of eligible returnees who have returned to Federal employment as soon as possible, but not later than the end of the second pay period beginning on or after the date the agency is notified of the amount of leave each eligible returnee is to receive.

**§ 630.1308 Use of annual leave contributed under this program.**

(a) The annual leave credited to the account of an eligible returnee may be used in the same manner and for the purposes as if the leave had accrued under 5 U.S.C. 6303.

(b) An eligible returnee who has returned to Federal employment may use the leave credited under § 630.1307 of this subpart immediately, subject to supervisory approval.

(c) Annual leave creditable to an eligible returnee who has not yet returned to Federal employment shall be held in abeyance by the employing agency that identified such employee until his or her return.

(d) Annual leave held in abeyance for an eligible returnee who does not return to Federal employment shall be forfeited.

[56 FR 20518, May 6, 1991. Redesignated and amended at 64 FR 7225, 72256, Dec. 27, 1999]

**§ 630.1309 Records and reports.**

(a) Each agency shall maintain records and report pertinent information concerning the administration of the reservist leave bank program.

(b) Each agency shall maintain the following information:

(1) The grade or pay level of each leave contributor and the amount of leave contributed by leave contributors at each grade or pay level (Each agency is required to report to OPM the aggregate amount of annual leave contributed to the reservist leave bank under § 630.1304(c) of this subpart.);

(2) The grade or pay level of each eligible returnee;

(3) The number of eligible returnees to whom the contributed annual leave was credited immediately;

(4) The number of eligible returnees for whom the contributed annual leave was held in abeyance;

(5) The estimated direct and indirect costs of administering the reservist leave bank program; and

(6) Any additional information OPM may require.

(c) Each agency shall report the information specified in paragraph (b) of this section to OPM.

(d) OPM shall identify the dates by which each agency shall report the information gathered pursuant to