

(2) If an employee separates from the Federal service, the entire excess amount is payable following a 30-day break in service. If the individual is re-employed in the Federal service in the same calendar year as separation, any previous payment of an excess amount shall be considered part of that year's aggregate compensation for the purpose of applying the limitations described in § 530.203 of this part for the remainder of the calendar year.

[56 FR 12835, Mar. 28, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 3115, Jan. 28, 1992; 58 FR 50249, Sept. 27, 1993]

#### § 530.205 Records.

Each agency shall maintain appropriate records to administer this subpart and shall transfer such records to any agency to which an employee may transfer and make such records available to any agency in which an employee may be reemployed during the same calendar year.

### Subpart C—Special Salary Rate Schedules for Recruitment and Retention

SOURCE: 50 FR 32841, Aug. 15, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 530.301 Applicability.

This subpart applies to agencies having positions paid under—

- (a) A statutory pay system; or
- (b) Any other pay system established by or under Federal statute for civilian positions within the executive branch.

[56 FR 20335, May 3, 1991]

#### § 530.302 Authority.

In lieu of the pay schedules identified in § 530.301 of this part, the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) may establish, and agencies shall pay, special salary rates under section 5305 of title 5, United States Code, Executive Order 12748, and this subpart.

[56 FR 20335, May 3, 1991]

#### § 530.303 Establishing and adjusting special salary rate schedules.

(a) OPM may increase the minimum rates otherwise payable under the pay schedules identified in § 530.301 of this

part in one or more areas or locations to the extent it considers necessary to overcome existing or likely significant handicaps in the recruitment or retention of well-qualified personnel when these handicaps are due to any of the circumstances described in paragraph (b) of this section. When a minimum rate is increased under this authority, increases may also be made in one or more of the remaining rates of the affected grade or level. In no event may an increased minimum rate exceed the maximum rate prescribed by law for the grade or level by more than 30 percent, and no rate may be established under this section in excess of the rate of basic pay payable for level V of the Executive Schedule.

(b) The circumstances referred to in paragraph (a) of this section are the following:

(1) Rates of pay offered by non-Federal employers are significantly higher than those payable by the Government within the area, location, occupational group, or other class of positions under the pay system involved;

(2) The remoteness of the area or location involved;

(3) The undesirability of the working conditions or the nature of the work involved (including exposure to toxic substances or other occupational hazards); or

(4) Any other circumstances OPM considers appropriate.

(c) An agency may propose to OPM that special salary rates be established or adjusted. The agency initiating such a request and all other agencies wishing to be included are responsible for submitting complete supporting data, as specified by OPM, including, after consulting with OPM, a survey of prevailing non-Federal pay rates in the relevant labor market.

(d) All requests to establish or adjust special salary rate schedules must be transmitted directly to OPM's central office by the agency's headquarters. Each request must include a certification by the head of the agency (or another official designated to act on behalf of the head of the agency with respect to the given schedule) that the requested special salary rates are considered necessary to ensure staffing