Web 2.0 in Air Quality Analysis and Management

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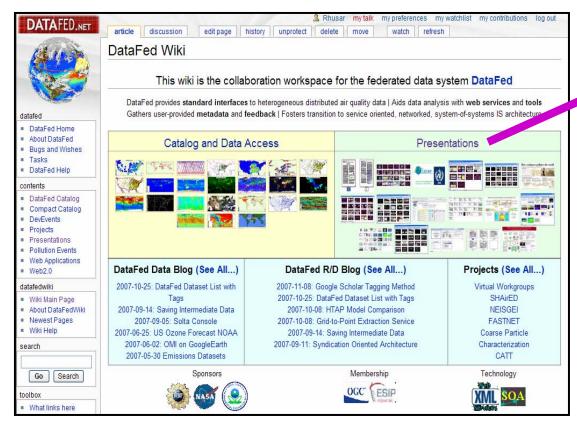


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Web 2.0 and Environmental Protection

- The Web is being transformed: It is becoming more participatory
- Its content is increasingly generated and distributed by individuals
- See the explosive growth of wikies, picture-sharing, blogs, Facebook
- This architectural, technological and cultural change is <u>Web 2.0</u>
- Web 2.0 is good for environmental protection community since it allows
- Harvesting of current and the collaborative creation new knowledge.

Wiki as Workspace - DataFed Wiki

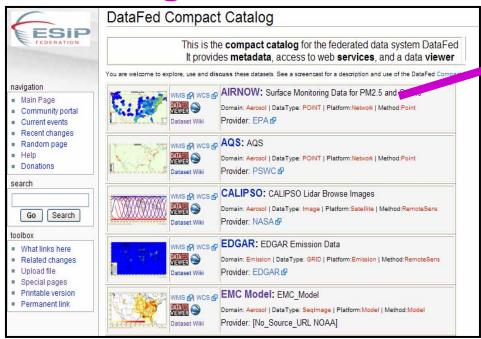






Community Data Sharing - 'DataSpaces'

Catalog - Find Dataset

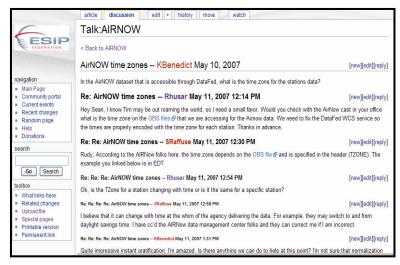


Earth Science Information Partners (ESIP)

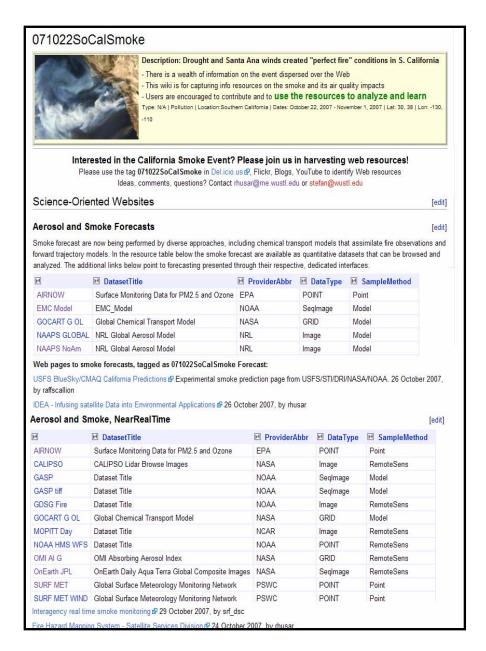
Describe Dataset

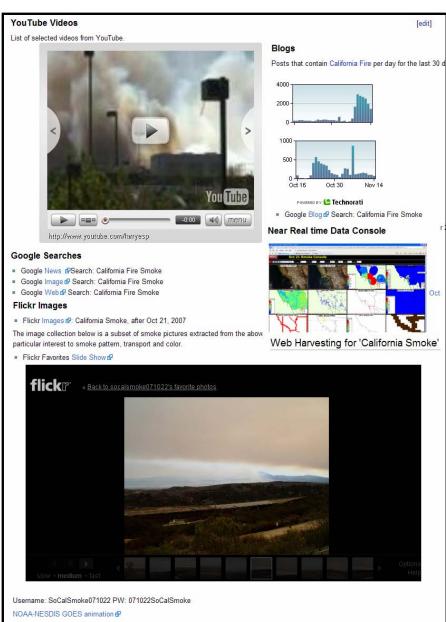


Discuss Dataset



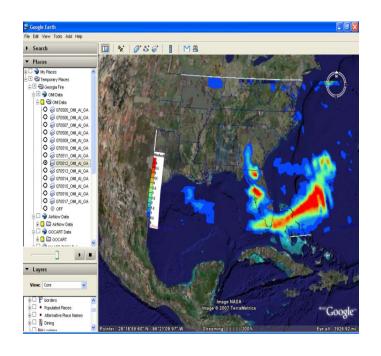
Communal Event Analysis Southern California Fire Smoke



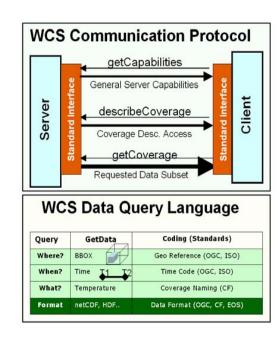


Service Oriented Architecture

- The tools and methods of quantitative analysis are also changing.
- Monolithic, 'do-it-all' software is giving way to chained web service modules.
- SOA lowers the entry resistance & fosters unanticipated, user-defined <u>mashups</u>.
- Our SOA-based federated data systems, <u>DataFed</u> is a server/client for mashups



Mashups through Standard Interfaces



Summary

- The participatory web architecture and technologies are here
- The entry resistance to any particular Web 2.0 tool is rather low
- However, many cultural, legal and other berries remain
- The challenge is to apply these tools for Environmental Protection
- The hands—on approach of The Puget Sound Challenge is an effective step toward the use of Web 2.0 tools Environmental Management.



Thank You!

Generic Data Interoperability

