§ 74.14

construction permit, the technical provisions of the application therefor, the technical requirements of this chapter, and the applicable engineering standards.

- (b) Equipment tests may be continued so long as the construction permit shall remain valid.
- (c) The authorization for tests embodied in this section shall not be construed as constituting a license to operate.

[38 FR 18378, July 10, 1973]

§74.14 Service or program tests.

- (a) Upon completion of construction of a radio station in accordance with the terms of the construction permit, the technical provisions of the application therefor, technical requirements of this chapter, and applicable engineering standards, and when an application for station license has been filed showing the station to be in satisfactory operating condition, the permittee or any class of station listed in this part may, without further authority of the Commission, conduct service or program tests.
- (b) Program test authority for stations authorized under this part will continue valid during Commission consideration of the application for license and during this period further extension of the construction permit is not required. Program test authority shall be automatically terminated with final action on the application for station license.
- (c) The authorization for tests embodied in this section shall not be construed as approval by the Commission of the application for station license.

 $[38~{\rm FR}~18378,~{\rm July}~10,~1973]$

§74.15 Station license period.

- (a) Licenses for experimental broadcast stations will be issued for a one year period.
- (b) Licenses for stations or systems in the Auxiliary Broadcast Service held by a licensee of a broadcast station will be issued for a period running concurrently with the license of the associated broadcast station with which it is licensed. Licenses held by eligible networks for the purpose of providing program service to affiliated stations

under subpart D of this part, and by eligible networks, cable television operators, motion picture producers and television program producers under subpart H of this part will be issued for a period running concurrently with the normal licensing period for broadcast stations located in the same area of operation.

- (c) The license of an FM broadcast booster station or a TV broadcast booster station will be issued for a period running concurrently with the license of the FM radio broadcast station or TV broadcast station (primary station) with which it is used.
- (d) Initial licenses for low power TV, TV translator, and FM translator stations will ordinarily be issued for a period running until the date specified in §73.1020 of this chapter for full service stations operating in their State or Territory, or if issued after such date, to the next renewal date determined in accordance with §73.1020 of this chapter. Lower power TV and TV translator station and FM translator station licenses will ordinarily be renewed for 8 years. However, if the FCC finds that the public interest, convenience or necessity will be served, it may issue either an initial license or a renewal thereof for a lesser term. The FCC may also issue a license renewal for a shorter term if requested by the applicant. The time of expiration of all licenses will be 3 a.m. local time, on the following dates, and thereafter to the schedule for full service stations in their states as reflected in §73.1020 of this chapter:
 - (1) Nevada:
 - (i) FM translators, February 1, 1997.
- (ii) LPTV and TV translator, February 1, 1998.
 - (2) California:
 - (i) FM translators, April 1, 1997.
- (ii) LPTV and TV translators, April 1, 1998
- (3) Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhodes Island, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia, Ohio and the District of Colbumia:
- (i) FM translators, June 1, 1997
- (ii) LPTV and TV translators, June 1, 1000