

## Office of Personnel Management

## § 734.401

consent of the Senate (PAS) may attend a political event with an non-PAS employee whose official duties do not require accompanying the PAS as long as the non-PAS employee is not on duty.

*Example 16:* A noncareer member of the Senior Executive Service, or any other employee covered by this subpart, may not wear partisan political buttons or display partisan political pictures, signs, stickers, or badges while he or she is on duty or at his or her place of work.

*Example 17:* An employee may not engage in political activity in the cafeteria of a Federal building, even if the cafeteria is in space leased by a contractor.

*Example 18:* An employee who contributes financially to a political action committee through a voluntary allotment made under § 550.311(b) of this title may not complete the direct deposit forms while he or she is on duty, in a "room or building" defined in § 734.101 or in a Federally owned or leased vehicle.

*Example 19:* An employee who contributes financially to a political action committee through a voluntary allotment may not personally deliver his or her completed direct deposit form, or the completed direct deposit form of another employee, to the payroll employees who would process or administer such forms. However, the employee may mail his or her direct deposit form to his or her agency payroll office.

[59 FR 48769, Sept. 23, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 35101, July 5, 1996]

### § 734.307 Campaigning for a spouse or family member.

An employee covered under this subpart who is the spouse or family member of either a candidate for partisan political office, candidate for political party office, or candidate for public office in a nonpartisan election, is subject to the same prohibitions as other employees covered under this subpart.

*Example 1:* An employee who is married to a candidate for partisan political office may attend a fundraiser for his or her spouse, stand in the receiving line, sit at the head table, and urge others to vote for his or her spouse. However, the employee may not personally solicit, accept, or receive contributions of money or the paid or unpaid services of a business or corporation, or sell or collect money for tickets to the fundraiser.

*Example 2:* An employee who is the daughter of a candidate for partisan political office may appear in a family photograph which is printed in a campaign flier. She may distribute fliers at a campaign rally as long as she does not personally solicit contributions.

*Example 3:* An employee who is married to a candidate for political partisan political

office may appear with her spouse in a political advertisement or a broadcast, and urge others to vote for her spouse, as long as the employee does not personally solicit political contributions.

[59 FR 48769, Sept. 23, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 35101, July 5, 1996]

### Subpart D—Employees in Certain Agencies and Positions

#### § 734.401 Coverage.

(a) This subpart applies to employees in the following agencies and positions:

- (1) The Federal Election Commission;
- (2) The Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (3) The Secret Service;
- (4) The Central Intelligence Agency;
- (5) The National Security Council;
- (6) The National Security Agency;
- (7) The Defense Intelligence Agency;
- (8) The Merit Systems Protection Board;
- (9) The Office of Special Counsel;
- (10) The Office of Criminal Investigation of the Internal Revenue Service.
- (11) The Office of Investigative Programs of the United States Customs Service;
- (12) The Office of Law Enforcement of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms;
- (13) The Criminal Division of the Department of Justice;
- (14) The Central Imagery Office;
- (15) Career Senior Executive Service positions described in 5 U.S.C. 3132(a)(4);
- (16) Administrative Law Judge positions described in 5 U.S.C. 5372;
- (17) Contract Appeals Board Member positions described in 5 U.S.C. 5372a.

(b) Employees appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate in the agencies and positions described in paragraph (a) of this section are excluded from coverage under this subpart.

(c) All employees covered under this subpart are free to engage in political activity to the widest extent consistent with the restrictions imposed by law and this subpart.

[59 FR 48769, Sept. 23, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 35101, July 5, 1996]