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elect temporary continuation of coverage under this subpart. Eligible individuals are as follows:

- (1) Former employees whose coverage ends because of a separation from Federal service under any circumstances except an involuntary separation for gross misconduct.
- (2) Individuals whose coverage as children under the family enrollment of an employee, former employee, or annuitant ends because they cease meeting the requirements for being considered unmarried dependent children. For the purpose of this section, children who are enrolled under this part as survivors of deceased employees or annuitants are considered to be children under a family enrollment of an employee or annuitant at the time of the qualifying event.
- (3) Former spouses of employees, of former employees having continued family coverage under this subpart, or of annuitants, if the former spouse would be eligible for continued coverage under subpart H of this part except for failure to meet the requirement of §890.803(a) (1) or (3) of this part or the documentation requirements of §890.806(a) of this part, including former spouses who lose eligibility under subpart H within 36 months after termination of the marriage because they ceased meeting the requirement of §890.803(a) (1) or (3) of this part.
- (b) An individual who is otherwise eligible for benefits under this part (excluding the temporary extension of coverage and conversion privilege set forth in subpart D of this part) is not entitled to continued coverage under this subpart.

§890.1104 Notification by agency.

(a) In the case of a former employee who is eligible to elect temporary continuation of coverage under §890.1103(a)(1), the employing office must notify the former employee concerning his or her rights under this subpart no later than 30 days after the end of the temporary extension of coverage provided under §890.401.

(b)(1) In the case of a child who is eligible to elect temporary continuation of coverage under §890.1103(a)(2), the enrollee may, within 60 days after the qualifying event, provide written no-

tice to the employing office of the child's change in status and requesting information about temporary continuation of coverage. The written notice must include the child's name and address and the date of the terminating event.

- (2) If the notice described in paragraph (b)(1) is received by the employing office within 60 days after the date on which the child ceased meeting the requirements for being considered an unmarried dependent child, the employing office must notify the child of his or her rights under this subpart within 14 days after receiving the notice.
- (3) This paragraph does not preclude the employing office from notifying the child of his or her rights based on oral or written notification by the child, another family member, or any other source that the child no longer meets the requirements for being considered an unmarried dependent child.
- (c)(1) In the case of a former spouse who is eligible to elect temporary continuation of coverage under §890.1103(a)(3), the employee or the former spouse may, within 60 days after the termination of the marriage or the loss of coverage under subpart H of this part, notify the employing office of the terminating event and request information about temporary continuation of coverage. The notice must include the name and address of the former spouse and the date of the terminating event.
- (2) The employing office must notify the former spouse of his or her rights under this subpart within 14 days after receiving the notice described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.
- (d) If the employing office cannot give the notice required by this section to the employee, child, or former spouse directly, it must send the notice by first class mail. A notice that is mailed is deemed to be received 5 days after the date of the notice.

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