Louisiana 1997

sued December 1999

EC97TCF-LA

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey









ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

This report was prepared in the Service Sector Statistics Division under the direction of Thomas E. Zabelsky, Assistant Chief for Current Service and Transportation Programs. Planning, implementation, and compiling of this report were under the supervision of John L. Fowler, Chief, Commodity Flow Survey Branch, assisted by Wanda Dougherty, Debra Corbett, Bruce Dembroski, Shirley Gray, Michael Jones, Stephanie Kelley, Mabel Ocasio, Bonnie Opalko, Joyce Price, Barbara Selinske, Eli Serrano, and Michael Sprung. Sample design and statistical methodology were developed under the general direction of **Howard** Hogan and Carl A. Konschnik, former Assistant Chiefs, and Ruth E. Detlefsen, current Assistant Chief, Research and Methodology. Sample design and estimation were under the supervision of Patrick Cantwell, former Chief, and Jock Black, current Chief, Program Research and Development Branch, assisted by William C. Davie Jr., David L. Kinyon, Jacklyn R. Jonas, and M. Cristina Cruz. Frame construction, sample control, imputation, and quality control procedures were developed under the supervision of **Carol King,** Chief, Statistical Methods Branch, assisted by James Hunt.

The processing system and computer programs were developed and implemented by the OAO programming group, led by Jacques Wilmore and assisted by Harold N. Bobbitt and Robert J. Jeffrey. Steve G. McCraith, Chief, Quinquennial Surveys Branch, Economic Statistical Methods and Programming Division and Joseph F. Keehan provided general support.

Coordination of data collection efforts was under the direction of **Judith N. Petty**, Chief, National Processing Center, assisted by **Matthew Aulbach**, **Linda Broadus**, **Grant Goodwin**, **Carlene Bottorff**, **Teresa Branstetter**, and **Jack Miller**.

The staff of the Administrative and Customer Services Division, **Walter C. Odom,** Chief, performed planning, design, composition, editorial review, and printing planning and procurement for the publications, Internet products, and report forms. **Margaret A. Smith** provided publication coordination and editing.

We also acknowledge the contributions of the following Department of Transportation (DOT) representatives in the overall planning and design of the survey: **Rolf Schmitt,** Associate Director for Transportation Studies, Bureau of Transportation Statistics, assisted by **Susan Lapham, Russ Capelle, Ronald J. Duych,** and **Felix Ammah-Tagoe.**

The Oak Ridge National Laboratory's Center for Transportation Analysis, under the former and current direction of Mike

Bronzini and David Greene, respectively, provided all mileage data for this report, using its transportation network modeling system, under the supervision of Frank Southworth and assisted by Shih-Miao Chin, Bruce Peterson, Jane Rollow, and Angela Gibson.

Special acknowledgment is also due to the many businesses whose cooperation was essential to the publication of these data.

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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Val	Value		ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	183
Single modes	106 255	88.8	458 337	90.2	146 288	95.3	120
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	53 176 27 241 25 375	44.5 22.8 21.2	148 037 61 105 86 007	29.1 12.0 16.9	21 673 16 570 4 964	14.1 10.8 3.2	81 422 40
Rail	18 561	15.5	40 117	7.9	30 618	19.9	895
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	16 614 13 757	13.9 11.5	122 060 90 345	24.0 17.8	64 958 40 835	42.3 26.6	419 465 - S
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	2 857 466 17 439	2.4 .4 14.6	31 715 8 148 116	6.2 _ _ 29.2	24 122 7 S	15.7 - S	1 166 S
Multiple modes	4 613	3.9	6 086	1.2	4 687	3.1	578
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	3 226 510 195 – S	2.7 .4 .2 - S	97 575 1 291 – S	- .1 .3 - S	50 761 1 660 - 2 217	_ .5 1.1 _ 1.4	576 1 532 S — 939
Other and unknown modes	8 722	7.3	43 463	8.6	2 553	1.7	46

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles			Average miles per shipment		
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change	
All modes	119 590	96 194	24.3	507 887	359 855	41.1	153 528	117 531	30.6	183	195	-6.2	
Single modes	106 255	85 651	24.1	458 337	304 748	50.4	146 288	96 206	52.1	120	97	24.3	
Truck ¹	53 176 27 241 25 375	46 731 23 330 23 291	13.8 16.8 8.9	148 037 61 105 86 007	127 384 57 474 69 847	16.2 6.3 23.1	21 673 16 570 4 964	17 116 12 512 4 595	26.6 32.4 8.0	81 422 40	81 269 49	3 57.0 -18.5	
Rail	18 561	13 675	35.7	40 117	30 019	33.6	30 618	24 903	22.9	895	906	-1.3	
Water	16 614 13 757 - 2 857	12 013 10 161 - 1 852	38.3 35.4 – 54.2	122 060 90 345 - 31 715	77 166 66 061 - 11 105	58.2 36.8 – 185.6	64 958 40 835 - 24 122	42 202 23 813 - S	53.9 71.5 – S	419 465 – S	S S - 1 240	S S - S	
Air (includes truck and air)	466 17 439	261 12 970	78.4 34.5	8 148 116	9 70 170	-15.1 111.1	7 S	11 S	-34.9 S	1 166 S	1 122 S	3.9 S	
Multiple modes	4 613	5 384	-14.3	6 086	17 218	-64.7	4 687	18 727	-75.0	578	516	12.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	3 226 510 195 – S	2 784 268 492 S 253	15.9 90.4 -60.3 S	97 575 1 291 - S	93 372 2 826 S 1 434	4.2 54.5 –54.3 S S	50 761 1 660 - 2 217	44 288 2 564 S 3 843	11.6 163.8 -35.3 S -42.3	576 1 532 S - 939	484 770 1 417 782 2 328	19.2 99.0 S -100.0 -59.7	
Other and unknown modes	8 722	5 159	69.1	43 463	37 889	14.7	2 553	2 598	-1.7	46	97	-53.0	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	88.8	89.0	90.2	84.7	95.3	81.9	
Truck ¹	44.5 22.8 21.2	48.6 24.3 24.2	29.1 12.0 16.9	35.4 16.0 19.4	14.1 10.8 3.2	14.6 10.6 3.9	
Rail	15.5	14.2	7.9	8.3	19.9	21.2	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	13.9 11.5 – 2.4	12.5 10.6 – 1.9	24.0 17.8 – 6.2	21.4 18.4 — 3.1	42.3 26.6 — 15.7	35.9 20.3 - S	
Air (includes truck and air)	.4 14.6	.3 13.5	29.2	_ 19.5	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	3.9	5.6	1.2	4.8	3.1	15.9	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	2.7 .4 .2 - S	2.9 .3 .5 S .3	- .1 .3 - S		.5 1.1 - 1.4	.2 2.2 S 3.3	
Other and unknown modes	7.3	5.4	8.6	10.5	1.7	2.2	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-i			
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
Total	153 528	100.0	179	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	21 764 31 376 43 463 S 24 137	14.2 20.4 28.3 S 15.7	82 911 478 623 S	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	6 50 S 3 396	- S 2.2	1 048 576 S 46	

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
All modes	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	47 427 9 051	39.7 7.6	274 167 36 862	54.0 7.3	5 788 3 410	3.8 2.2	
100 to 249 miles	15 869 15 567	13.3 13.0	49 483 40 569	9.7 8.0	11 160 17 512	7.3 11.4	
500 to 749 miles	11 460	9.6	43 649	8.6	38 684	25.2	
750 to 999 miles	10 916 6 830	9.1 5.7	43 542 17 404	8.6 3.4	47 372 24 751	30.9 16.1	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	2 039 430	1.7 .4	1 989 221	.4	4 120 732	2.7 .5	
Single modes	106 255	100.0	458 337	100.0	146 288	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	39 783 8 541	37.4 8.0	231 273 36 499	50.5 8.0	4 330 3 373	3.0 2.3	
100 to 249 miles	14 762 14 403	13.9 13.6	48 692 39 214	10.6 8.6	11 004 16 766	7.5 11.5	
500 to 749 miles	10 175	9.6	41 358	9.0	37 256	25.5	
750 to 999 miles	10 450 6 309	9.8 5.9	42 403 16 976	9.3 3.7	45 700 23 721	31.2 16.2	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	1 534 298	1.4	1 731 191	.4	3 586 553	2.5	
Truck ¹	53 176	100.0	148 037	100.0	21 673	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	21 120	39.7	86 832	58.7	2 011	9.3	
50 to 99 miles	6 326 7 043	11.9 13.2	27 139 14 847	18.3 10.0	2 380 3 149	11.0 14.5	
250 to 499 miles	7 425 4 189	14.0 7.9	9 384 4 262	6.3 2.9	3 716 3 289	17.1 15.2	
750 to 999 miles	3 526 2 646	6.6 5.0	3 145 1 619	2.1 1.1	3 204 2 339	14.8 10.8	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	835 67	1.6 .1	788 20	.5	1 530 54	7.1 .3	
For-hire truck.	27 241	100.0	61 105	100.0	16 570	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	4 482	16.5	22 292	36.5	708	4.3	
50 to 99 miles	2 534 4 260	9.3 15.6	12 859 9 343	21.0 15.3	1 123 2 083	6.8 12.6	
250 to 499 miles	5 879 3 526	21.6 12.9	7 523 3 857	12.3 6.3	2 981 2 996	18.0 18.1	
750 to 999 miles	3 241	11.9	2 983	4.9	3 038	18.3	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	2 510 774	9.2 2.8	1 480 755	2.4 1.2	2 143 1 463	12.9 8.8	
2,000 miles or more	34 25 375	.1 100.0	13 86 007	100.0	34 4 964	.2 100.0	
Less than 50 miles	16 363	64.5	63 939	74.3	1 268	25.5	
50 to 99 miles	3 767 2 575	14.8 10.1	14 225 5 311	16.5 6.2	1 251 1 034	25.2 20.8	
250 to 499 miles	1 531 657	6.0 2.6	1 826 395	2.1 .5	719 285	14.5 5.7	
750 to 999 miles	264	1.0	146	.2	149	3.0	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	129 S	.5 S	133 25	.2	188 51	3.8 1.0	
2,000 miles or more	S 18 561	100.0	S 40 117	S 100.0	S 30 618	S 100.0	
Less than 50 miles	893	4.8	2 819	7.0	73	.2	
50 to 99 miles	539 2 529	2.9 13.6	1 396 S	3.5 S	142 S	.5 S	
250 to 499 miles	2 511 3 672	13.5 19.8	5 343 8 073	13.3 20.1	2 698 7 047	8.8 23.0	
750 to 999 miles	4 909	26.4	7 647	19.1	8 588	28.1	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	2 597 681	14.0 3.7	4 204 942	10.5 2.3	6 843 2 055	22.3 6.7	
2,000 miles or more	S	8	171	.4	499	1.6	
Water	16 614	100.0	122 060	100.0	64 958	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	5 947 1 269	35.8 7.6	38 957 6 108	31.9 5.0	1 151 743	1.8 1.1	
100 to 249 miles	2 623 3 102	15.8 18.7	12 205 16 402	10.0 13.4	3 628 7 736	5.6 11.9	
500 to 749 miles	1 919	11.6	27 315	22.4	25 865	39.8	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	1 665 S	10.0 S	20 297 S	16.6 S	24 239 S	37.3 S	
2,000 miles or more	-	=	_	-	=	_	
Shallow draft	13 757	100.0	90 345	100.0	40 835	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	4 767 1 162	34.7 8.4	33 516 5 656	37.1 6.3	1 027 672	2.5 1.6	
100 to 249 miles	2 615 3 061	19.0 22.3	11 114 16 058	12.3 17.8	3 135 7 547	7.7 18.5	
500 to 749 miles	1 051	7.6	16 175	17.9	17 090	41.9	
750 to 999 miles	1 095 S	8.0 S	7 703 S	8.5 S	11 159 S	27.3 S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_ _	_	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Name	i or explanation of terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbol		lue		ons	Ton-	miles
Corte Labolite.		Number		Number		Number	
	Single modes—Con.						
30 Log Parlies	Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	-
150 b 156 miles		_	_	_	_	_	_
Section Sect							_ _
The total minist	250 to 499 miles	_	_	_	_	_	=
1,000 1,00		_	_	_		_	
2,000 miles or more	1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_		_	_	=
Less Plans D'Orilles	2,000 miles or more			_		_	
Stock Stoc	Deep draft	2 857	100.0	31 715	100.0	24 122	100.0
150 b.264 miles	Less than 50 miles			s	s		
Section Sect		S S		S S	S S		S S
Type	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S		S
1,000 to 1,000 miles							
2-000 miles of more	1,000 to 1,499 miles			Š			
Leas Tan 50 miles				_	_		
\$5 to 99 miles	Air (includes truck and air)	466	100.0	8	100.0	7	100.0
150 to 250 miles		_	_	_	_	_	_
### 250 to 459 miles	50 to 99 miles	•		_	S 4.5	S -	
Top to go Prefer S	250 to 499 miles		10.2	S	S	S	S
1,500 to 1,590 miles				s		S	
Pipeline Transport Trans	1,000 to 1,499 miles	75	16.1	Š	S		S
Lass Hars Dimilian				S		S	5.7 S
\$5 to 99 miles	Pipeline ²	17 439	100.0	148 116	100.0	s	s
Top to play miles		11 824	67.8	102 665	69.3	S	S
Top to play miles		S 2 556				S	S S
Top to play miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
Multiple modes							
Multiple modes	1,000 to 1,499 miles					S	S
Less than 50 miles	2,000 miles or more						S
Solit of pulse	Multiple modes	4 613	100.0	6 086	100.0	4 687	100.0
100 to 249 miles							
Tool to 999 miles	100 to 249 miles	529	11.5	68	1.1	17	.4
1,000 to 1,499 miles				S S	S S		S S
1,000 to 1,499 miles	750 to 999 miles	394	8.5	1 096	18.0	1 628	34.7
2,000 miles or more S S S S S S S S S	1,000 to 1,499 miles	458	9.9	S	S	S	S
Less than 50 miles	2,000 miles or more						
50 to 99 miles	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	3 226	100.0	97	100.0	50	100.0
100 to 249 miles 502 15.6 22 22.2 4 8.3 250 to 499 miles 668 20.7 14 14.3 6 11.8 250 to 499 miles 265 8.2 9 9.0 9 18.4 1.50 to 1.999 miles 374 11.6 9 9.6 13 26.7 1.50 to 1.999 miles 119 3.7 3 3.1 6 12.4 2.000 miles or more S S 1 6 S S S S S S S S S						1	
250 to 499 miles 668 20.7 14 14.3 6 11.8	50 to 99 miles					1 4	
750 to 999 miles							
1,000 to 1,499 miles 374							
2,000 miles or more S S S S S S S S S	1,000 to 1,499 miles	374	11.6	9	9.6	13	26.7
Less than 50 miles S							
50 to 99 miles \$	Truck and rail	510	100.0	575	100.0	761	100.0
50 to 99 miles \$	Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	S	S	S
Tool to 999 miles		S	S	S	S		S
Tool to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles 38 7.5 53 9.3 103 13.5 1,500 to 1,999 miles 229 44.9 152 26.4 332 43.6 2,000 miles or more S S S S S S Truck and water 195 100.0 1 291 100.0 1 660 100.0 Less than 50 miles S S S S S S 50 to 99 miles S S S S S S 250 to 499 miles S S S S S S 50 to 749 miles S S S S S S 750 to 999 miles S S S S S 750 to 999 miles S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles S S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles S S S S S S 750 to 1999 miles		_		_		_	
2,000 miles or more S	1,000 to 1,499 miles	38	7.5	53	9.3	103	13.5
Truck and water 195 100.0 1 291 100.0 1 660 100.0 Less than 50 miles S	1,500 to 1,999 miles						
250 to 499 miles		195	100.0	1 291	100.0	1 660	100.0
250 to 499 miles	Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	s		s
250 to 499 miles	50 to 99 miles	S S	S	S S	S S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	l S	S	S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles						_	
1,50U to 1,999 miles	1,000 to 1,499 miles			-	-	-	S -
	1,999 miles	s	s				S

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -		
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	-	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	2 217	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	323 S S - S	47.4 \$ \$ - \$	1 979 S 6 - S	48.0 S .1 - S	145 S 1 - S	6.5 S - - S	
750 to 999 miles	S S - -	S S	S S	S S	S S	\$ \$ -	
Other and unknown modes	8 722	100.0	43 463	100.0	2 553	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	6 878 124 578 437 S	78.9 1.4 6.6 5.0 S	40 894 336 723 832 S	94.1 .8 1.7 1.9 S	1 312 S 139 250 S	51.4 S 5.4 9.8 S	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	72 63 157 S	.8 .7 1.8 S	S 73 104 S	\$.2 .2 .2 .5	S 108 197 S	\$ 4.2 7.7 \$	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	ory text. Detail may Value		because of roundi Ton:		Ton-mil		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	183
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	5 801 1 989 5 344 2 059 1 231	4.9 1.7 4.5 1.7 1.0	230 175 1 341 588 523	- - .3 .1 .1	37 19 104 47 45	- - - -	224 109 76 79 85
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	12 225 27 302 5 830 57 808	10.2 22.8 4.9 48.3	6 688 66 231 55 508 376 602	1.3 13.0 10.9 74.2	1 120 16 788 4 012 131 356	.7 10.9 2.6 85.6	154 233 70 650
Single modes	106 255	100.0	458 337	100.0	146 288	100.0	120
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	3 279 1 397 4 760 1 961 1 197	3.1 1.3 4.5 1.8 1.1	169 144 1 236 553 502	- .3 .1 .1	12 8 90 44 42	- - - -	125 54 69 78 84
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	11 697 25 916 5 579 50 469	11.0 24.4 5.3 47.5	6 186 63 601 54 797 331 149	1.3 13.9 12.0 72.3	1 049 15 766 3 934 125 343	.7 10.8 2.7 85.7	156 228 70 649
Truck¹ Less than 50 lb	53 176 2 874	100.0 5.4	148 037	100.0	21 673	100.0	81 69
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 750 to 999 lb 500 to 990 lb 500	1 388 4 720 1 784 1 187	2.6 8.9 3.4 2.2	168 143 1 233 551 500	.1 .1 .8 .4 .3	11 8 88 43 40	.4 .2 .2	52 67 76 80
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	9 137 25 568 4 978 1 541	17.2 48.1 9.4 2.9	5 991 63 233 53 658 22 559	4.0 42.7 36.2 15.2	822 15 396 3 159 2 106	3.8 71.0 14.6 9.7	119 223 60 S
For-hire truck	27 241	100.0	61 105	100.0	16 570	100.0	422
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	546 409 1 285 492 269	2.0 1.5 4.7 1.8 1.0	11 10 90 49 41	- - .1 - -	4 2 47 22 19	- .3 .1	544 218 480 458 448
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	3 541 17 939 2 033 726	13.0 65.9 7.5 2.7	964 31 168 20 745 8 028	1.6 51.0 33.9 13.1	489 12 730 1 533 1 723	3.0 76.8 9.3 10.4	517 417 75 S
Private truck	25 375	100.0	86 007	100.0	4 964	100.0	40
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	2 327 978 3 421 1 279 904	9.2 3.9 13.5 5.0 3.6	157 133 1 130 485 441	.2 .2 1.3 .6 .5	7 5 40 19 20	.1 .1 .8 .4 .4	37 39 35 38 45
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5 457 7 332 2 862 S	21.5 28.9 11.3 S	4 779 31 737 32 614 S	5.6 36.9 37.9 S	308 2 575 1 608 383	6.2 51.9 32.4 7.7	55 73 50 S
Rail	18 561	100.0	40 117	100.0	30 618	100.0	895
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	8888		- 9999	\$ \$ \$ \$	- 9999	8888	1 400 1 158 1 165 1 006
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 323 585 15 117	S 1.7 3.2 81.4	S 321 1 066 38 544	S .8 2.7 96.1	\$ 363 772 29 256	\$ 1.2 2.5 95.6	1 231 1 110 744 788
Water Less than 50 lb	16 614	100.0	122 060	100.0	64 958	100.0	419
Eess trial 30 ib 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S - S S S S	5 999	S - S S S S	5 - S S S	S - S S S	S - S S S	13 - 15 17 14
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S 17 S 16 388	S .1 S 98.6	\$ 36 \$ 121 999	S - S 99.9	S S - 64 950	\$ \$ - 100.0	S 167 S 526
Shallow draft	13 757	100.0	90 345	100.0	40 835	100.0	465
Less than 50 lb	S - S S -	S - S S -	S - S - S -	S - S S	S - S S	S - S S	11 - 19 33 -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S S 13 559	S S S 98.6	S S S 90 318	\$ \$ \$ 100.0	S S S 40 830	\$ \$ \$ 100.0	984 313 S 479

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of **Origin:** 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]							
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Valu	le	-	ons		miles	A
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb			_		_		
100 to 499 lb			_ _	_ _	_	_ _	
750 to 999 lb	-	_	_	=	-	=	=
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	=	_ _ _		_ _ _	_	_	=
100,000 lb or more	-	=	_	_	_	_	_
Deep draft	2 857	100.0	31 715	100.0	24 122	100.0	S
Less than 50 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	14 -
100 to 499 lb	SSS	S S S	S S S	SSS	SS	S	14 14
750 to 999 lb	S S	S	S	S	S S	S S	14 11
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	S 11
100,000 lb or more	2 829	99.0	31 681	99.9	24 121	100.0	858
Air (includes truck and air)	466	100.0	8	100.0	7	100.0	1 166
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	405 9 21	86.9 1.9 4.5	1 - 1	14.4 5.1 17.3	1 - 1	18.2 4.0 19.1	1 171 669 1 023
750 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S S	\$ \$ \$	s s	17.5 S S	S	S	1 235 989
1,000 to 9,999 lb	15	3.1	S	S	S	S	745
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S -	S -	_	_	S -	S -	1 030
100,000 lb or more	17, 420	100.0	140 116	100.0	- S	- S	-
Pipeline ²	17 439	100.0	148 116	100.0	s	S	S S
50 to 99 lb			_		SS	S	Š
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_				S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	S
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S S	SSS	S S S S
100,000 lb or more	17 423 4 613	99.9 100.0	148 048 6 086	100.0 100.0	4 687	S 100.0	578
Less than 50 lb	2 321	50.3	47	.8	25	.5	584
50 to 99 lb	514 353	11.1 7.7	20 25	.3 .4	10 12	.2 .2	506 436
500 to 749 lb	33 S	.7 S	3 2	_	S S	S S	531 715
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S 323	S 7.0	S 294	S 4.8	S 483	S 10.3	S 1 623
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	47 999	1.0 21.7	38 5 655	.6 92.9	463 47 4 105	1.0 87.6	1 271 1 013
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	3 226	100.0	97	100.0	50	100.0	576
Less than 50 lb	2 321	72.0	47	48.5	25	49.9	585
50 to 99 lb	514 348	15.9 10.8	20 25	20.4 26.1	10 12	20.5 23.5	506 436
500 to 749 lb	33 S	1.0 S	3 S	3.1 S	S S	S S	533 738
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	1 059
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	=	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	-
Truck and rail	510	100.0	575	100.0	761	100.0	1 532
Less than 50 lb	_	-	_	-	-	-	-
50 to 99 lb	S S	S S	S S S	SSS	S S	S S	1 430 1 098
500 to 749 lb	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	387
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	1 489
10,000 to 49,999 lb	281 S	55.0 S	262 32	45.6 5.5	455 46	59.8 6.0	1 733 1 470
100,000 lb or more	S 195	S 100.0	S 1 291	100.0	258	33.9 100.0	935 S
Truck and water Less than 50 lb	S S	100.0 S	1 291 S	100.0	1 660	100.0	182
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	- S	S	- S	- S	- S	- S	164
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- S	S	S	S	S	S	104
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	\$ 410
100,000 lb or more	152	77.9	1 270	98.4	1 639	98.8	1 301

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple medden	8	s	s	s	2 217	100.0	939
Other multiple modes	5	5	5	5	2 217	100.0	939
Less than FO lb							
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	l -	_		_	=	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	S	14	.3	S	S	901
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S 2 208	S 99.6	88 1 064
100,000 ib of filore	3	3	3	3	2 200	99.6	1 004
Other and unknown modes	8 722	100.0	43 463	100.0	2 553	100.0	46
Less than 50 lb	201	2.3	14				s
50 to 99 lb	79	.9	11	_	S	s	100
100 to 499 lb	230	2.6	80	.2	2	_	29
500 to 749 lb	65	.7	32	_	S	S	42
750 to 999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	64
1,000 to 9,999 lb	515	5.9	499	1.1	69	2.7	S 216
10,000 to 49,999 lb	1 064 205	12.2 2.3	2 336 674	5.4 1.6	540 S	21.1 S	216 51
100,000 lb or more	6 340	72.7	39 798	91.6	1 907	74.7	375
			00 .00	00			0.0

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070		Valı	ıe	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	183
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 5 377 4 146 508 1 511	\$ 4.5 3.5 .4 1.3	\$ 40 154 14 288 3 965 604	S 7.9 2.8 .8 .1	S 1 510 970 328 155	S 1.0 .6 .2 .1	3 S S 46 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	980 5 218 720 S	.8 4.4 .6 S	S 6 841 465 S	S 1.3 - S	338 1 733 9 S	.2 1.1 - S -	67 S 27 61
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	50 S 188 47 58	- S .2 -	S 15 865 S S 3 418	\$ 3.1 \$ \$.7	\$ 772 \$ \$ 72	\$ 5,5 \$ 5,5 \$ 7.5	42 35 190 S 31
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils. Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals. Pharmaceutical products	13 234 9 693 6 466 18 302 1 224	11.1 8.1 5.4 15.3 1.0	156 882 55 101 27 134 56 702 36	30.9 10.8 5.3 11.2	52 575 11 140 8 467 25 310 10	34.2 7.3 5.5 16.5	31 S S S S
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	2 099 4 559 7 343 410 S	1.8 3.8 6.1 .3 S	12 217 4 537 7 584 19 879 S	2.4 .9 1.5 3.9 S	7 249 2 549 6 261 936 S	4.7 1.7 4.1 .6 S	259 117 154 46 239
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	4 146 1 076 669 3 866 870	3.5 .9 .6 3.2	8 987 980 260 222 S	1.8 .2 - - S	7 469 382 14 129 585	4.9 .2 _ _ .4	285 123 S 909 125
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes	1 809 2 813 3 416	1.5 2.4 2.9	2 656 2 468 278	.5 .5 –	1 751 952 97	1.1 .6 -	154 125 231
36	equipment	2 294 4 028	1.9 3.4	348 353		209 S	.1 S	251 71
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	405 795	.3 .7	74 24	_ _	S 4	S -	S 341
40 41 43	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	240 2 744 323 1 275 S	.2 2.3 .3 1.1 S	38 416 1 457 783 S	- .3 .2 S	6 185 286 88 S	- .1 .2 - S	54 527 102 57 S

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	183
Single modes	106 255	88.8	458 337	90.2	146 288	95.3	120
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	53 176 27 241 25 375	44.5 22.8 21.2	148 037 61 105 86 007	29.1 12.0 16.9	21 673 16 570 4 964	14.1 10.8 3.2	81 422 40
Rail	18 561	15.5	40 117	7.9	30 618	19.9	895
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	16 614 13 757 - 2 857	13.9 11.5 - 2.4	122 060 90 345 - 31 715	24.0 17.8 - 6.2	64 958 40 835 - 24 122	42.3 26.6 15.7	419 465 – S
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	466 17 439	.4 14.6	8 148 116	_ 29.2	7 S	- S	1 166 S
Multiple modes	4 613	3.9	6 086	1.2	4 687	3.1	578
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	3 226 510 195 - S	2.7 .4 .2 - S	97 575 1 291 - S	- .1 .3 - S	50 761 1 660 - 2 217	- .5 1.1 - 1.4	576 1 532 S - 939
Other and unknown modes	8 722	7.3	43 463	8.6	2 553	1.7	46
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	3
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	3
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - S	\$ - \$	3 - 3
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	= =	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		-	-		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	5 377	100.0	40 154	100.0	1 510	100.0	s
Single modes	S	s	s	s	405	26.8	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	100 S 37	1.9 S .7	370 S 196	.9 S .5	30 S 18	2.0 S 1.2	S S S
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 044
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	40 40 — —
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 101
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S - - -	\$ - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	1 101 - - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	31 445	78.3	1 106	73.2	40

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	s	Ton-m	iles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	4 146	100.0	14 288	100.0	970	100.0	s
Single modes	3 119	75.2	10 710	75.0	838	86.4	s
Truck ¹	550	13.3	704	4.9	67	6.9	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S 525	S 12.7	S 669	S 4.7	S 57	S 5.9	291 S
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	s	34
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	2 560 S	61.7 S	9 971 S	69.8 S	S S	S S	232 315
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	- S	- S	S	s	- S	33
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
Truck and rail	_	-	=	-	_	- -	=
Rail and water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	1 025	24.7	3 577	25.0	131	13.6	16
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	508	100.0	3 965	100.0	328	100.0	46
Single modes	356	70.1	2 877	72.6	s	s	46
Truck1	S	s	s	s	S	S	45
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	S S	102 41
Rail	S	s	S	S	s	s	2 278
Water	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	45 45
Great Lakes	-	-	-	_	_	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	-	-	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	152	29.9	1 088	27.4	101	30.8	156
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	s	S	S	165
Truck and rail Truck and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rail and water	-	-	1 000	-	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	152	29.9	1 088	27.4	101	30.8	93
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	S	S	s	11
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	1 511	100.0	604	100.0	155	100.0	s
Single modes	1 492	98.8	597	98.8	155	99.7	61
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 492 415 1 077	98.8 27.5 71.3	597 S 403	98.8 S 66.7	155 S 41	99.7 S 26.5	61 717 48
Rail	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	s -	S -	S -	S	S S	1 116 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s s	757
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	757
Truck and rail Truck and water	_ _ _	-	=	-	_	-	-
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	_ _	_	-	_	=
,	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation of terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, st	Value		То		Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	980	100.0	s	s	338	100.0	67
Single modes	974	99.5	s	s	323	95.4	66
Truck¹	943 456 486	96.2 46.6 49.7	S S 278	S S 17.7	249 194 55	73.7 57.3 16.4	65 209 50
Rail	s	s	s	S	S	s	1 204
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Pipeline ²	_	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	S	S	S	s	s	S	952
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water	S S	S S	S S -	S S	\$ \$ -	S S -	1 447 933 —
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-			- -	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	10
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	5 218	100.0	6 841	100.0	1 733	100.0	s
Single modes	4 928	94.4	6 614	96.7	1 569	90.6	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	4 219 1 771 2 448	80.8 33.9 46.9	4 684 1 660 3 024	68.5 24.3 44.2	760 528 232	43.8 30.5 13.4	S 497 S
Rail	265	5.1	626	9.2	695	40.1	1 174
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S -	S S - -	S S - -	S S -	\$ \$ -	S S - -	153 153 – –
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 470 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	617
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S S	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	618 822 182 -
Other and unknown modes	166	3.2	71	1.0	41	2.3	s
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	720	100.0	465	100.0	9	100.0	27
Single modes	720	100.0	465	100.0	9	100.0	27
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	718 - 718	99.7 - 99.7	464 - 464	99.8 - 99.8	9 - 9	99.9 - 99.9	27 - 27
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S _	S _	14
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	- S	s	Š	S	- s	_ 14
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-	=	Š	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-		_ _	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	- - -	- -	- -	_ _	_ _	_ _
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value	•	Ton	s	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	61
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	61
Truck ¹	s	s	s	s	S	s	61
For-hire truck	S	S	S	S	s	s	_ 61
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water	s	s	s	S	S	s	14
Shallow draft Geat Lakes Deep draft	- - S	- S	- - s	- - S	- S	- - S	- - 14
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	-	_	_ S	_ _ S	_ S
Pipeline ²	_	_	_	_	-	_	3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail		-	_	_	-	_	_ _
Rail and water Other multiple modes		_	-	_			_ _
Other and unknown modes	38	5.6	s	s	s	s	54
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Truck ¹	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
For-hire truck	_	-	_	-	- -		_
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Water	_	-	-	-	=	_	_
Shallow draft Geat Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	=	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	-		=
Truck and water Rail and water Otherwitiste modes	_	-	-	- - -	_		=
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	50	100.0	s	s	s	s	42
Single modes	49	98.6	s	S	S	s	43
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	49 S 41	98.6 S 81.5	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	43 52 40
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water	_	_	-	_	_ _		-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	-	= -	_ _ _	=	_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	_		- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	158
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	_ S	- S	_ e	_ S	- 0	_ 120
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S	S -	S S -	S -	S S -	212
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	15

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE Total Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline²	Number (million dollars) S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	S S 15.5 S S	Number (thousands) 15 865 15 712 15 661 3 590 S S	100.0 99.0 98.7 22.6 S	Number (millions) 772 768 724 231 492	99.5 93.7 29.9 63.8	Average miles per shipment 35 35 36 36
Total Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S S 23 S	S 15.5 S	15 712 15 661 3 590 S	99.0 98.7 22.6 S	768 724 231	99.5 93.7 29.9	35
Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S S 23 S	S 15.5 S	15 712 15 661 3 590 S	99.0 98.7 22.6 S	768 724 231	99.5 93.7 29.9	35
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S 23 S	S 15.5 S	15 661 3 590 S	98.7 22.6 S	724 231	93.7 29.9	35
For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	23 S	15.5 S	3 590 S	22.6 S	231	29.9	35 63
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S -	S			29
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	- - - -	- - - -	-		S	s	891
			- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -
		_	-	_	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	220
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	_ 220 _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	151	1.0	3	.4	24
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	188	100.0	s	s	s	s	190
Single modes	187	99.6	s	s	s	s	192
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	74 59 14	39.2 31.7 7.5	1 429 S S	13.8 S S	S S 29	S S .3	120 214 S
Rail	S	s	S	S	s	S	512
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	109 99 - S	57.8 52.9 - S	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	813 1 015 - 177
Air (includes truck and air)	S	s	s	s	s	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	334
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	 334
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	4
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	47	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	31	66.8	s	s	s	s	153
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck.	\$ \$ \$	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S S S	157 528 38
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	11 11 - 11
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 235
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$	1 217 1 722 -
Other multiple modes	s	s	- s	- s	- s	- s	83

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tor	ns	Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	58	100.0	3 418	100.0	72	100.0	31
Single modes	21	36.1	1 401	41.0	43	59.3	31
Truck¹	21 19 S	36.1 33.7 S	1 400 1 397 S	41.0 40.9 S	43 42 S	59.3 58.6 S	31 30 57
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S	S - - S	\$ - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	11 - - 11
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_	_		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - - -
Other and unknown modes	37	63.9	2 017	59.0	29	40.7	14
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	13 234	100.0	156 882	100.0	52 575	100.0	31
Single modes	13 087	98.9	156 303	99.6	51 980	98.9	42
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 603 815 1 700	19.7 6.2 12.8	2 598 S	S 1.7 S	436 200 216	.8 .4 .4	33 78 20
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	1 577
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	2 511 1 834 - 678	19.0 13.9 - 5.1	33 597 14 562 - S	21.4 9.3 - S	28 654 11 765 - S	54.5 22.4 – S	783 686 - 887
Air (includes truck and air)	7 968	60.2	104 424	66.6	s	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2 729
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - - S	- - - S	- - - S	- - - - S	- - - S	- - - S	- - - 2 729
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	9 693	100.0	55 101	100.0	11 140	100.0	s
Single modes	9 129	94.2	52 290	94.9	10 292	92.4	24
Truck ¹ For-hire truckPrivate truck.	1 060 139 922	10.9 1.4 9.5	5 076 683 4 393	9.2 1.2 8.0	349 44 305	3.1 .4 2.7	22 65 20
Rail	s	s	s	S	S	s	214
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	2 233 2 096 - S	23.0 21.6 - S	16 973 16 389 - S	30.8 29.7 - S	4 534 4 065 - S	40.7 36.5 - S	232 224 - 749
Air (includes truck and air)	5 831	60.2	30 213	54.8	Š	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	412
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _,. _
Other multiple modes	s s	s s	s s	s s	s s	s s	412 13
Outer and unknown modes	5	5	SI	S	S	SI	13

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, st	Valu		To		Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	6 466	100.0	27 134	100.0	8 467	100.0	s
Single modes	6 274	97.0	26 845	98.9	8 331	98.4	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 678 1 794 840	41.4 27.7 13.0	5 209 3 228 1 892	19.2 11.9 7.0	1 699 1 418 274	20.1 16.7 3.2	S 513 S
Rail	1 026	15.9	3 094	11.4	1 714	20.2	744
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	1 350 1 190 - S	20.9 18.4 – S	12 619 10 610 - S	46.5 39.1 — S	4 731 2 530 - S	55.9 29.9 - S	366 265 — 1 132
Air (includes truck and air)	1 220	_ 18.9	5 924	_ 21.8	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	15	.2	18	_	s	s	508
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	88	S S	88 - 10	88 - -	88 - 10	88	440 1 335 - -
Other multiple modes	s s	s s	s s	s s	s s	s s	88 S
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	18 302	100.0	56 702	100.0	25 310	100.0	s
Single modes	17 349	94.8	53 708	94.7	23 570	93.1	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	4 490 3 199 987	24.5 17.5 5.4	12 304 7 189 S	21.7 12.7 S	2 449 1 771 S	9.7 7.0 S	S 266 40
Rail	5 444	29.7	11 885	21.0	7 793	30.8	665
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	5 112 4 368 - S	27.9 23.9 - S	23 342 19 338 - S	41.2 34.1 - S	13 276 9 603 - S	52.5 37.9 - S	441 483 - S
Air (includes truck and air)	S 2 302	S 12.6	S 6 177	S 10.9	S	S S	1 303 S
Multiple modes	250	1.4	825	1.5	1 105	4.4	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	1 178 S -	- .3 S	- 8 8 -	- S S	S 1 295 520
Other multiple modes	703	S 3.8	2 169	S 3.8	635	S 2.5	568 S
	703	3.0	2 109	3.6	633	2.5	3
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS Total	1 224	100.0	36	100.0	10	100.0	s
Single modes	1 083	88.5	27	75.2	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 071 747 325	87.5 61.0 26.5	27 S 10	74.6 S 28.0	S S 1	S S 5.9	124 S 75
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	=======================================	- - - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	12	1.0	S -	S -	SS	S S	1 365 S
Multiple modes	132	10.8	s	s	s	s	413
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	115 S - -	9.4 S - -	S S -	S S -	8 9 -	S S - -	412 2 057 - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	=	_	-	=
Other and unknown modes	l s	s	s	s	s	l s	1 286

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070	Value		Tons		Ton-mi	les	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	2 099	100.0	12 217	100.0	7 249	100.0	259
Single modes	1 693	80.7	10 306	84.4	6 876	94.9	264
Truck¹	394 S S	18.8 S S	2 044 S S	16.7 S S	S S 167	\$ \$ 2.3	98 128 93
Rail	478	22.8	2 717	22.2	2 362	32.6	825
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	715 672 – S	34.1 32.0 - S	4 907 4 556 - S	40.2 37.3 - S	3 273 3 070 - S	45.2 42.3 - S	673 679 – 526
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 238
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - - S	- S - -	- S - -	1 238 - - - S
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND	3		3	3		3	3
PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.	4.550	400.0		400.0		400.0	
Total	4 559 4 312	100.0	4 537	100.0	2 549	100.0	117 S
Single modes Truck¹	3 603	94.6 79.0	4 200 2 938	92.6 64.8	2 316 S	90.6 S	s
For-hire truck Private truck	2 582 949	56.6 20.8	2 118 542	46.7 11.9	S S	S S	697 42
Rail	572	12.5	454	10.0	455	17.8	1 049
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	10 10 - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	1 107 S
Multiple modes	141	3.1	70	1.5	139	5.4	215
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	39 102 S - -	.9 2.2 S - -	S 66 S -	S 1.5 S - -	\$ 138 \$ - -	\$ 5.4 \$ - -	194 2 094 104 —
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	55
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	7 343	100.0	7 584	100.0	6 261	100.0	154
Single modes	6 957	94.7	7 444	98.2	6 184	98.8	149
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 101 2 428 672	42.2 33.1 9.2	2 347 2 106 241	31.0 27.8 3.2	S S 42	S S .7	128 395 61
Rail	3 838	52.3	5 090	67.1	4 636	74.0	929
Water Shallow draft	S	S	S	S	S	s -	114
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	- - S	- 114
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	12	.2	\$ -	<u>s</u> _	s	_ S	858 S
Multiple modes	96	1.3	25	.3	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	64 S S	.9 S S	3 S S	- S S -	1 S S	- S S -	S 1 160 131 -
Other multiple modes	290	3.9	115	1.5	45	- .7	- s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2072	Value		Tons		Ton-mil	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	410	100.0	19 879	100.0	936	100.0	46
Single modes	410	99.9	19 875	100.0	935	99.9	46
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	403 145 257	98.3 35.2 62.6	19 843 5 169 14 644	99.8 26.0 73.7	892 365 521	95.3 39.0 55.7	46 S S
Rail	7	1.6	32	.2	43	4.6	1 402
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	= = =	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - S	- - S	_ _ S
Multiple modes	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	S	s	s	s	s	s	41
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	239
Single modes	S	s	s	S	s	s	241
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 272 S 870	59.3 S 15.8	19 765 16 274 3 454	66.2 54.5 11.6	S S 592	S S 5.7	191 214 159
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	s	710
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S _	S	S -	S -	12
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S	S	s	s	s	12
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	=	_	-		s	s	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	66 1 306
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_ _
Other and unknown modes	58	1.1	167	.6	s	s	100
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	4 146	100.0	8 987	100.0	7 469	100.0	285
Single modes	4 043	97.5	8 820	98.1	7 249	97.1	290
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 102 1 863 239	50.7 44.9 5.8	3 834 3 515 319	42.7 39.1 3.5	2 352 2 299 52	31.5 30.8 .7	208 648 38
Rail	1 940	46.8	4 986	55.5	4 898	65.6	971
Water Shallow draft	S -	s -	S -	S -	S -	s -	11
Great Lakes Deep draft	Š	S	S	S	S	S	11
Air (includes truck and air)	_		_		s	- S	S
Multiple modes	69	1.7	101	1.1	199	2.7	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S 63 S	S 1.5 S -	S 98 S -	\$ 1.1 \$ -	S 185 S	\$ 2.5 \$ -	113 1 865 7 245 -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-n	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	1 076	100.0	980	100.0	382	100.0	123
Single modes	980	91.1	932	95.1	337	88.2	75
Truck¹	970 530 440	90.1 49.2 40.9	929 532 S	94.8 54.3 S	335 269 S	87.6 70.6 S	65 436 31
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	s - - s	S - - S	11 - - 11
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S _	S _	S S	S S	896 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	382
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S - - -	\$ \$ - -	380 1 568 - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	377
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	669	100.0	260	100.0	14	100.0	s
Single modes	560	83.8	239	91.9	12	86.3	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	560 50 510	83.7 7.4 76.3	238 10 228	91.8 3.9 88.0	12 8 4	85.8 57.0 28.8	S 697 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	927 S
Multiple modes	50	7.6	2	.7	1	8.5	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	50	7.5	2	.7	1 -	6.9	S -
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	7 408
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF	58	8.7	19	7.4	S	S	S
TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	3 866 3 386	100.0 87.6	222	100.0 90.6	129 112	100.0 86.9	909 807
Truck ¹	3 384	87.5	201	90.6	112	86.9	806
For-hire truck	1 129 S	29.2 S	91 107	41.2 48.1	87 S	66.9 S	1 114 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S _	- - -	-	S S	S S	1 252 S
Multiple modes	431	11.2	15	6.6	15	11.6	957
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	431	11.2	15	6.6	15	11.6	957
Truck and water		=	=	-	-	-	=
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070	Value		Tons	5	Ton-m	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	870	100.0	s	s	585	100.0	125
Single modes	832	95.6	s	s	572	97.7	120
Truck¹	778 400	89.4 46.0	S 1 454	S 16.9	540 412	92.2 70.3	117 401
Private truck	371	42.7	S	S	127	21.8	78
Rail Water	S	S	41	.5	32	5.5	748
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	963 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	363
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	s	S	S	s	S	363
Truck and water Rail and water	- - -	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	S	s	S	S	S	S
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	1 809	100.0	2 656	100.0	1 751	100.0	154
Single modes	1 665	92.0	1 833	69.0	725	41.4	105
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 586 570 1 013	87.7 31.5 56.0	1 445 520 921	54.4 19.6 34.7	351 255 95	20.0 14.6 5.4	102 403 65
Rail	47	2.6	146	5.5	s	s	1 380
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	717 717 – –
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	\$ -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	742 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	621
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	25 S S	1.4 S S	2 S S	- S S -	1 S S -	- S S -	617 2 411 1 362
Other and unknown modes	58	3.2	93	3.5	s	s	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	2 813	100.0	2 468	100.0	952	100.0	125
Single modes	2 588	92.0	s	s	s	s	97
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 520 1 207 1 311	89.6 42.9 46.6	1 928 S 645	78.1 S 26.1	472 365 107	49.6 38.4 11.2	92 217 66
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	967
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	= =	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	9	.3	- S	- S	- S	- S	893
Pipėline ²	137	4.9	- 11	- .4	S 5	S . 5	288
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	137	4.9	8	.3	3	. 3 .3	288
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	300	S S -	\$ \$ - -	S S -	S S - -	S S - -	2 281 321 —
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070	Value		Tons		Ton-m	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	3 416	100.0	278	100.0	97	100.0	231
Single modes	2 655	77.7	221	79.3	82	84.6	176
Truck ¹	2 637	77.2	220	79.0	81	83.4	168
For-hire truck Private truck	1 729 903	50.6 26.4	117 102	42.2 36.8	67 S	69.2 S	630 38
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 154
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	11 11 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	12	.4	_	.1	S S	S S	1 004 S
Multiple modes	401	11.7	15	5.5	5	4.8	399
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	365	10.7	8	2.9	3	2.7	399
Truck and rail	s	s	s	s	S	S	282
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	33
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	2 294	100.0	348	100.0	209	100.0	251
Single modes	1 524	66.4	337	97.0	204	97.8	44
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 486 909 577	64.8 39.6 25.2	304 220 84	87.5 63.3 24.2	177 174 3	84.9 83.4 1.6	42 188 26
Rail	25	1.1	32	9.1	25	12.2	799
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	-	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	12	.5	S -	S -	S S	S S	886 S
Multiple modes	733	31.9	9	2.5	4	2.1	585
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	733	31.9	8	2.4	4	2.1	585
Truck and rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	164
Rail and water	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	38	1.6	2	.5	-	-	27
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	4 028	100.0	353	100.0	s	s	71
Single modes	3 834	95.2	340	96.3	s	s	70
Truck ¹	1 302 392 910	32.3 9.7 22.6	156 52 104	44.2 14.7 29.4	S 33 S	S 12.0 S	45 S 33
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 222
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	=	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	981 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	s	s	s
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	=	- -	_ _ _	- - -
				_	- 1		

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, se	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	405	100.0	74	100.0	s	s	s	
Single modes	306	75.5	s	s	s	s	216	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	s s s	S S S	S S S	S S S	s s s	220 349 154	
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	S S -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	S S -	30 30 - -	
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S - - -	\$ - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	\$ - - -	S - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	795	100.0	24	100.0	4	100.0	341	
Single modes	287	36.1	18	77.0	2	39.7	s	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	282 41 241	35.5 5.2 30.3	18 3 16	76.8 11.4 65.4	1 1 1	38.2 17.5 20.8	S 412 74	
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	5 –	.6 —	S -	S -	S S	S	1 364 S	
Multiple modes	499	62.8	5	22.1	2	59.9	465	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	499 - - - - - - S	62.8 - - - - - S	5 - - - - s	22.1 - - - - - S	2 - - - - s	59.9 - - - - - S	465 - - - - - S	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS		Č	·				·	
Total	240	100.0	38	100.0	6	100.0	54	
Single modes	229	95.3	37	96.0	6	98.9	52	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	226 13 213	94.1 5.5 88.6	36 S 31	92.9 S 82.4	5 S 4	74.7 S 61.5	49 204 40	
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	s	1 289	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	SS	1 901 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	153	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Pail and water	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	153 _ _	
Rail and water Other multiple modes		_	=		_ _	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	24	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	2 744	100.0	416	100.0	185	100.0	527
Single modes	2 090	76.1	385	92.4	168	90.8	603
Truck ¹	1 695	61.8	381	91.5	160	86.8	144
For-hire truck	933 762	34.0 27.8	213 168	51.1 40.4	131 29	70.9 15.9	344 S
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	1 459
Water	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		_	_		-	_ _	_
Air (includes truck and air)	383	14.0	1	.2	1	.5 S	1 171
Pipeline ²	_	-	_		S		S
Multiple modes	562	20.5	17	4.1	S	S	474
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	551 S	20.1 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	473 1 927
Truck and water		-	-	_	_ _	-	- -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	93	3.4	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	323	100.0	1 457	100.0	286	100.0	102
Single modes	317	98.3	1 410	96.8	281	98.4	102
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	283 S	87.8 S	1 137 S	78.0 S	119 S	41.7 S	98 S
Private truck	178	55.2	594	40.7	S	S	74
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	355
Water Shallow draft	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	703 703
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	_ _	-	-	- -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water	_	-	_	_	_	-	=
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	99
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	1 275	100.0	783	100.0	88	100.0	57
Single modes	1 207	94.7	743	94.9	64	73.0	51
Truck ¹	1 207	94.7	743	94.9	64	73.0	51
For-hire truck Private truck	S 1 198	S 94.0	S 743	S 94.8	S 64	S 72.8	S 50
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Shallow draft	_	_	_	_ _ _	-	- - -	_
Deep draft	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	4	.3	S	S	-	.1	175
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	4 –	.3	S -	S -	-	.1	175
Truck and water	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	301

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	147 S 92	43.9 S 27.4	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S 59
Rail	s	s	s	s	S	s	280
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S	S S - -	509 509 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	s -	S -	S S	S S	876 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 113
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ - - - 8	\$ - - S	\$ - - - \$	\$ - - S	\$ - - \$	\$ - - \$	1 076 - - - 3 083
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	161

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

to expandion or terms and meaning or approviduous and symbols, see ma	,	lue		ons	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	119 590	100.0	507 887	100.0	153 528	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	265 32 371 S 15 77	.2 .3 8 -	S S 315 63 S 53	\$ \$ \$ - \$ -	S S 546 114 S 88	\$ \$.4 - \$ -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	1 686 1 115 1 123	1.4 .9 .9	11 262 505 2 409	2.2 .1 .5	14 839 741 3 857	9.7 .5 2.5	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	2 730 1 053 1 639 1 925 664	2.3 .9 1.4 1.6 .6	7 321 14 429 1 283 2 854 893	1.4 2.8 .3 .6 .2	8 567 13 226 1 551 3 477 1 065	5.6 8.6 1.0 2.3 .7	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	1 085 485 562 1 052 154 93 4	.9 .4 .5 .9 .1 -	S 1 195 859 3 218 S 103 S	\$.2 .2 .6 \$ \$	S 1 044 1 176 2 633 527 171 S	S .7 .8 1.7 .3 .1 S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	69 1 3 522 2 190 163 2 271 1 272 889 453	- 2.9 1.8 .1 1.9 1.1 .7	107 	5.6 1.1 - S .3 .2	152 22 467 3 007 143 S 1 289 875 651	.1 14.6 2.0 S 8 8 .6	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	2 116 1 823 6 447 2 619	1.8 1.5 5.4 2.2	4 393 10 875 24 805 9 119	.9 2.1 4.9 1.8	1 321 10 700 3 984 6 326	.9 7.0 2.6 4.1	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	1 992 57 810 760 14 617	1.7 48.3 .6 12.2	6 504 310 242 1 381 40 975	1.3 61.1 .3 8.1	1 803 10 595 815 13 614	1.2 6.9 .5 8.9	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	454 213 29 \$ \$ 145 154 102 46	.4 .2 - S .1 .1	\$ 416 93 \$ \$ \$ \$ 128	8 888 - 8	\$ 553 190 19 \$ \$ \$ 217	S .4 .1 - S S .1 S	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	S 2 528 S 149 364	S 2.1 S .1 .3	S 2 767 S 139 171	\$.5 \$ - -	\$ 5 420 \$ 372 481	\$ 3.5 \$.2 .3	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, see into	Val	<u> </u>		ons	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	126 306	100.0	458 557	100.0	150 183	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	210 69 344 212 48 S	.2 -3 .2 - S	9 S 21 S 3 1	- S - S	14 S 34 S 5 1	- S - S -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	929 1 198 1 530	.7 .9 1.2	149 330 S	- - S	217 450 S	.1 .3 S	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	6 764 2 299 1 587 2 414 1 008	5.4 1.8 1.3 1.9 .8	35 184 3 669 382 3 143 S	7.7 .8 - .7 S	39 642 3 546 416 3 782 S	26.4 2.4 .3 2.5 S	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	1 575 676 2 204 1 994 282 294 S	1.2 .5 1.7 1.6 .2 .2	7 439 S 10 463 10 365 859 S 61	1.6 S 2.3 2.3 2.2 S	9 839 S 16 318 9 456 1 165 S 93	6.6 S 10.9 6.3 8 S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland Morth Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	115 S 1 720 2 520 139 1 472 404 846 241	- \$ 1.4 2.0 .1 1.2 .3 .7 .2	31 S S 1 646 21 286 284 S S	- S S .4 - - - S S	\$ \$ 1 049 24 266 244 \$ \$	\$ \$.7 .2 .2 .2 .8 .5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama . Kentucky	2 626 1 805 5 260 2 194	2.1 1.4 4.2 1.7	2 532 9 008 8 841 2 939	.6 2.0 1.9 .6	909 8 853 1 657 1 574	.6 5.9 1.1 1.0	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	2 888 57 810 1 116 14 596	2.3 45.8 .9 11.6	9 683 310 242 1 978 17 853	2.1 67.7 .4 3.9	2 175 10 595 1 658 5 275	1.4 7.1 1.1 3.5	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	208 363 127 10 \$ 58 65 108	.2 .3 .1 - S - -	17 33 112 S S 441 25 7 403	- - S S :1 - 1.6	25 42 236 S S 499 43 13 030	- .2 S S .3 - 8.7	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 2 804 \$ 229 457	\$ 2.2 \$.2 .4	S 424 S 144 221	\$ - \$ -	\$ 877 \$ 400 613	S .6 S .3	

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 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodinina	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		Tons		Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	4.9	-	11.8	-	10.6	-	10.1
Single modes	4.4	2.1	11.8	2.4	10.7	.6	12.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	3.1 6.9 5.6	1.8 1.2 1.6	9.8 16.5 12.9	3.2 2.8 .8	12.1 14.9 6.2	2.1 1.6 .5	11.6 13.3 14.6
Rail	14.5	1.8	20.2	2.0	16.4	3.1	4.5
Water Shallow draft	11.7 11.3	1.3 1.1	15.5 15.1	2.9 2.5	17.0 16.4	4.8 3.8	16.5 13.5
Great Lakes Deep draft	36.2	.8	32.6	1.5	35.9	4.3	S
Air (includes truck and air)	37.5 12.7	.1 1.8	39.8 25.3	4.5	34.8 S	s	6.4 S
Multiple modes	15.0	.4	38.0	.3	25.7	.6	7.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.0 26.2 31.6	.3 .1 	13.4 27.0 30.7	- - .1	20.5 23.3 34.0	- .2 .4	7.5 8.6 S
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	48.8	.6	29.4
Other and unknown modes	29.2	1.8	36.7	2.2	20.7	.4	33.4

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average miles per shipment		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient o		Standard error of		of variation of Imber	Standard error of		Coefficient of variation of number		Coefficient of variation		Standard error of
	1997	1993	percent change		percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	
All modes	4.9	4.6	8.3	11.8	4.9	18.1	10.6	10.3	19.3	10.1	7.2	11.6
Single modes	4.4	5.9	9.1	11.8	7.0	20.6	10.7	12.0	24.5	12.9	6.3	17.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	3.1 6.9 5.6	7.9 9.5 8.7	9.7 13.7 11.3	9.8 16.5 12.9	12.5 20.7 9.5	18.4 28.1 19.7	12.1 14.9 6.2	8.4 10.4 6.7	18.6 24.0 9.9	11.6 13.3 14.6	6.8 9.3 7.6	13.4 25.5 13.4
Rail	14.5	10.2	24.1	20.2	5.4	27.9	16.4	6.3	21.7	4.5	4.5	6.3
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	11.7 11.3 –	14.9 13.4 –	26.3 23.7	15.5 15.1 –	18.1 16.5 —	37.7 30.6	17.0 16.4 –	27.0 14.6 —	49.2 37.6	16.5 13.5	S S -	S S -
Deep draft	36.2	37.4	80.3	32.6	41.2	150.0	35.9	S	S	S	37.6	S
Air (includes truck and air)	37.5 12.7	23.4 13.4	78.9 24.8	39.8 25.3	26.3 16.0	40.5 63.2	34.8 S	22.2 S	26.9 S	6.4 S	5.4 S	8.7 S
Multiple modes	15.0	18.3	20.3	38.0	41.5	19.9	25.7	44.9	13.0	7.4	13.1	16.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	14.0 26.2 31.6 - S	6.3 28.2 27.6 S 39.2	17.8 73.3 16.6 S	13.4 27.0 30.7 - S	9.3 34.1 36.4 S 27.1	17.0 67.1 21.7 S	20.5 23.3 34.0 - 48.8	7.6 37.1 41.3 S 38.0	24.4 115.5 34.6 S 35.7	7.5 8.6 S - 29.4	11.2 20.2 49.4 30.2 13.6	16.0 43.6 S - 13.1
Other and unknown modes	29.2	16.4	56.6	36.7	25.5	51.3	20.7	31.5	37.1	33.4	17.0	17.6

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Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	-	_	-	-	_	
Single modes	2.1	1.4	2.4	2.9	.6	5.9	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	1.8 1.2 1.6	2.6 1.9 1.7	3.2 2.8 .8	3.2 2.7 1.3	2.1 1.6 .5	2.5 1.9 .7	
Rail	1.8	1.2	2.0	.5	3.1	2.6	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	1.3 1.1 - .8	1.6 1.1 - .7	2.9 2.5 – 1.5	3.4 2.6 — 1.2	4.8 3.8 - 4.3	6.3 3.7 - S	
Air (includes truck and air)	.1 1.8	- 1.6	4.5	2.9	- S	Š	
Multiple modes	.4	1.2	.3	2.3	.6	6.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	.3 .1 - - S	.3 - .2 S .1	- - .1 - S	- .3 S .1	- .2 .4 -	- .2 .7 S 1.1	
Other and unknown modes	1.8	1.0	2.2	2.6	.4	.8	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	miles	Average miles	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	variation of Standard error		
Total	10.6	-	9.5	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	12.0 15.8 15.4 S 35.9	2.1 3.1 3.8 S 4.3	11.2 3.9 13.0 30.3 S	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	33.5 20.5 S 34.7	- S .6	6.3 7.5 S 33.3	

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 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
All modes	4.9	-	11.8	-	10.6	-	
Less than 50 miles	9.3 10.1 14.8 9.6 7.0	3.1 .8 1.5 1.0 .7	16.5 18.5 22.1 23.5 19.6	3.3 1.6 2.2 2.4 1.0	12.3 19.3 24.7 21.1 20.2	.5 .5 2.0 2.7 3.5	
750 to 999 miles	13.6 13.1 16.9 43.8	.9 .7 .3 .1	21.6 29.6 19.2 23.7	1.2 .9 - -	19.6 27.8 17.5 25.2	3.7 3.7 .4 .1	
Single modes	4.4	-	11.8	-	10.7	-	
Less than 50 miles	7.6 10.8 14.4 10.2 8.3	3.0 1.0 1.4 1.1 .7	17.2 18.7 22.5 24.4 20.9	3.3 1.8 2.2 2.5 1.0	11.5 19.6 25.0 21.8 21.3	.6 .5 2.0 2.7 3.8	
750 to 999 miles	14.0 13.5 18.8 42.6	1.0 .8 .3 .1	21.6 30.3 21.9 28.0	1.5 1.0 - -	19.4 28.7 20.1 28.1	4.0 3.8 .4 .1	
Truck	3.1	-	9.8	-	12.1	-	
Less than 50 miles	6.5 7.2 12.0 6.6 10.0	2.0 1.1 1.3 .8 .9	10.7 23.8 29.5 22.8 17.1	3.0 3.4 2.0 .9 .6	10.3 24.2 33.0 19.2 20.3	1.0 2.3 2.8 1.6 1.9	
750 to 999 miles	11.1 13.5 27.5 42.7	.7 .6 .5 –	14.7 19.3 41.3 37.2	.3 .2 .2 -	14.8 20.4 39.7 37.1	1.3 1.3 1.9 .1	
For-hire truck	6.9	_	16.5	_	14.9	_	
Less than 50 miles	8.3 15.9 18.5 8.6 9.7	.8 1.7 1.6 .8 1.3	22.7 26.7 43.9 26.1 18.5	3.8 3.5 3.1 1.6 1.7	23.7 26.4 47.0 21.8 21.8	1.3 1.8 3.0 1.6 2.2	
750 to 999 miles	10.7 13.9 30.0 24.9	1.1 1.1 .9	15.0 20.7 43.3 39.1	1.0 .6 .4 —	15.1 21.9 41.7 39.0	1.6 1.5 2.4 .2	
Private truck	5.6	-	12.9	-	6.2	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	8.9 8.1 11.5 14.9 33.0	2.2 1.4 1.4 1.0 .8	16.7 24.6 15.6 17.5 26.1	4.5 3.9 1.9 .5	14.7 25.4 16.9 15.8 24.9	3.0 5.0 3.1 2.1 1.4	
750 to 999 miles	26.0 26.4 S S	.3 .1 S S	16.4 22.1 41.2 S	- - S	16.7 22.6 40.8 S	.6 .9 .6 S	
Rail	14.5	_	20.2	-	16.4	-	
Less than 50 miles	33.9 21.7 36.6 8.8 14.1	1.8 .8 2.4 1.5 1.0	34.2 25.0 S 9.1 12.6	2.5 1.2 S 1.2 1.8	23.7 25.2 S 7.6 12.5	.2 \$.8 2.0	
750 to 999 miles . 1,000 to 1,499 miles . 1,500 to 1,999 miles . 2,000 miles or more .	20.5 15.7 17.4 S	2.5 1.3 .7 S	17.3 19.5 15.3 30.9	1.9 1.1 .5 .2	17.1 19.9 15.1 30.8	2.2 1.7 1.1 .5	
Water	11.7	-	15.5	-	17.0	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	27.0 40.0 27.1 25.3 26.5	6.8 2.8 5.9 3.0 3.7	22.9 39.7 23.7 29.7 32.1	4.3 2.0 4.0 2.9 4.3	27.2 41.5 31.5 30.2 30.5	.4 .5 4.1 3.4 6.7	
750 to 999 miles	35.7 S - -	2.9 S - -	31.5 S - -	4.2 S - -	26.5 S - -	7.6 S - -	
Shallow draft	11.3	-	15.1	-	16.4	-	
Less than 50 miles	32.2 44.9 27.2 25.8 23.8	7.0 3.7 6.0 4.0 1.7	25.7 44.1 21.5 30.5 36.7	5.8 2.5 4.0 3.6 5.2	31.4 47.2 27.5 31.2 37.5	.5 1.2 4.0 4.1 9.9	
750 to 999 miles	36.4 S - -	3.0 S - -	28.3 S - -	3.3 S - -	26.1 S - -	8.3 S - -	

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

Description of the control of the	I of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol			То		Tan	n-miles	
Comparison Com		Coefficient of	Standard error of	Coefficient of	Standard error of	Coefficient of	Standard error of	
	Single modes—Con.							
Solice September September Solice September Sept	Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_	
100 to 200 miles		_	-	=	_	-	_	
200 to 500 miles		_				_	_	
To Do Do miles	250 to 499 miles	-	_			-	_	
1,000 to 1,000 miles		-	_	_	_	-	_	
Composition	1,000 to 1,499 miles			-	_ _	_ _	_ _	
Description			_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	
	,	36.2	_	32.6	_	35.9	_	
Solit 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	•		s		s		s	
Solit 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Tool to play miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S		S	S	
1.000 to 1,989 miles								
1.000 to 1,989 miles	750 to 999 miles			S	S	S	S	
A ref (rocludes tuck and air)			_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	
Less tran 50 miles		37.5	_	39.8	_	34.8	_	
18		_	_	_	_	_	_	
To the pole miles	50 to 99 miles				S		S 2.7	
To the pole miles	250 to 499 miles	29.8	6.6	S	S	S	\$.7 \$	
1,500 to 1,599 miles								
2,000 miles or more. S S S S S S S S S	1,000 to 1,499 miles	46.8		S	S	S	S	
Less than 50 miles							5.2 S	
Less than 50 miles	,		_		_	s		
Top to page miles	•		9.3		9.1			
Top to page miles	50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Top to page miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S S	
Multiple modes								
Multiple modes	1,000 to 1,499 miles				5.5	S	S S S	
September 18.9 1.9 1.9 1.5		15.0	_	38.0	_		_	
Tool to 999 miles		18.9	1.9	45.6	7.9	40.1	1.0	
Tool to 999 miles							S .7	
Tool to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	19.3	1.5	S	S	S	S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles						-		
2,000 miles or more	1,000 to 1,499 miles	22.8	1.6	S	S	S	S	
Less than 50 miles 23.6 2.9 23.6 3.6 27.4 2.5 2.9 0.9 miles 21.5 1.1 20.3 1.1 20.8 2.8 2.5	2,000 miles or more							
50 to 99 miles	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.0	_	13.4	_	20.5	_	
50 to 99 miles	Less than 50 miles	23.6	2.9	23.6	3.6	27.4	.2	
250 to 499 miles 20.3 2.2 16.9 2.0 18.7 1.5	50 to 99 miles	21.5		20.3	1.1	20.8	.2	
Tool to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	20.3	2.2	16.9	2.0	18.7	1.5	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 26.6								
Comparison of the comparison	1,000 to 1,499 miles	26.6	1.4	30.6	1.4	31.2	2.7	
Truck and rail 26.2 - 27.0 - 23.3 - Less than 50 miles S	1,500 to 1,999 miles				.6 .2		2.1 S	
Less than 50 miles S							_	
50 to 99 miles S			9				q	
Toto 999 miles	50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Toto 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 38.9 5.7 36.7 8.2 37.4 9.2 1,500 to 1,999 miles 30.6 10.2 29.0 9.4 29.2 10.1 2,000 miles or more S S S S S S Truck and water 31.6 - 30.7 - 34.0 - Less than 50 miles S S S S S 50 to 99 miles S S S S S 100 to 249 miles S S S S S 250 to 499 miles S S S S S 500 to 749 miles S S S S S 750 to 999 miles S S S S S 1,000 to 1,499 miles - - - - - -	500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
1.500 to 1.999 miles 30.6 10.2 29.0 9.4 29.2 10.1 2,000 miles or more S S S S S S Truck and water 31.6 - 30.7 - 34.0 - Less than 50 miles S S S S S S S 50 to 99 miles S S S S S S S 100 to 249 miles S S S S S S S 250 to 499 miles S S S S S S S 500 to 749 miles S S S S S S S 750 to 999 miles S S S S S S S 1,000 to 1,499 miles - - - - - - -					3.6 8.2		2.6 9.2	
Truck and water 31.6 - 30.7 - 34.0 - Less than 50 miles S	1,500 to 1,999 miles	30.6	10.2	29.0	9.4	29.2	10.1	
Less than 50 miles S							-	
50 to 99 miles S			s		s		s	
750 to 999 miles	50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles					-			
	1,000 to 1,499 miles	S -		49.9 —	_	_	S -	
		- s	Š	- S	Š		- S	

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Made of transportation and distance objected	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - -		- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	48.8	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	50.0 S S - S	10.1 S S - S	46.2 S 41.1 S	10.0 S 3.9 - S	40.3 S 41.4 - S	13.6 S .5 - S	
750 to 999 miles	S S - -	S S - -	S S -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -	S S - -	
Other and unknown modes	29.2	-	36.7	-	20.7	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	37.8 25.1 39.4 38.1 S	6.7 1.6 3.9 1.3 S	39.4 49.8 30.9 49.8 S	4.0 1.4 1.6 1.7 S	39.7 S 33.7 44.8 S	11.2 S 3.4 5.0 S	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	44.5 30.3 32.8 S	.4 .6 .8 S	S 31.8 39.6 S	S .6 .4 S	\$ 32.8 38.0 \$	S 6.0 4.8 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	4.9	_	11.8	-	10.6	-	10.1
Less than 50 lb	10.6 11.7 7.9 18.1 16.6	.5 .2 .3 .3 .2	12.2 8.4 7.6 16.1 18.1	- - - -	14.0 16.8 10.1 10.8 12.0	- - - -	14.6 13.4 8.4 14.4 15.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	15.0 4.8 20.9 7.4	1.2 1.0 1.0 2.1	9.1 19.9 15.8 15.2	.2 2.8 1.5 3.3	18.5 11.6 10.4 12.0	.2 2.0 .4 2.4	16.7 12.8 9.6 3.5
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	4.4 11.1 12.5 7.4 18.2 17.4	.4 .1 .3 .3 .2	11.8 14.6 8.7 8.6 18.1 19.3	- - - - -	10.7 13.5 14.9 9.6 11.0 11.9	- - - - -	12.9 24.7 14.2 7.0 15.1 15.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	15.3 4.7 21.8 6.0	1.3 1.0 1.1 1.6	7.6 20.6 16.2 15.6	.2 2.8 1.7 3.2	18.2 12.2 10.6 12.0	.2 1.9 .4 2.3	19.0 12.7 9.6 3.4
Truck	3.1	-	9.8	-	12.1	-	11.6
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	13.3 12.7 7.2 15.0 17.7	.7 .3 .7 .5 .4	14.6 8.8 8.6 18.2 19.5	- .1 - -	15.3 15.9 9.0 10.8 12.9	_ _ _ _	24.3 14.7 6.7 13.8 12.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	4.5 4.9 24.7 28.8	.9 1.7 2.0 .8	8.0 20.8 16.8 49.3	.5 5.9 5.3 6.1	10.2 12.8 15.2 25.6	.5 1.9 1.5 1.8	10.6 12.7 8.6 S
For-hire truck	6.9	-	16.5	_	14.9	-	13.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 499 lb 50 to 999 lb 500 to 749 lb 505 to 999 lb	22.8 35.5 18.9 16.0 20.7	.4 .4 .9 .3 .3	27.8 24.1 10.6 21.8 29.5	- - - -	33.6 23.3 15.6 11.0 14.0	- - - - -	20.1 28.2 13.3 13.1 19.0
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	12.7 7.3 18.6 22.4	1.4 1.6 1.2 .6	10.8 20.3 23.4 41.2	.4 5.5 3.9 4.2	14.6 14.2 19.9 32.5	.4 2.2 1.4 2.1	7.4 8.2 9.9 S
Private truck	5.6	-	12.9	-	6.2	-	14.6
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 499 lb 50 to 999 lb 500 to 749 lb 505 to 999 lb	13.4 10.3 6.3 19.9 22.7	1.1 .3 .7 1.1 .6	16.3 9.4 9.2 18.3 20.7	- .2 .1 .1	22.1 16.6 9.4 17.7 25.7	- - - - -	28.1 17.5 3.9 16.8 11.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	6.2 4.9 41.3 S	1.5 2.2 3.1 S	9.1 23.3 24.9 S	.9 7.8 8.1 S	10.6 13.4 24.0 43.4	1.0 6.1 5.8 3.2	9.7 18.6 10.8 S
Rail	14.5	-	20.2	-	16.4	-	4.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- S S S S S	- 8888	8888	- S S S S		- S S S S	31.6 29.8 30.2 31.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 28.0 44.1 11.8	S .6 1.4 6.3	S 34.1 32.4 21.1	S .3 .9 1.3	\$ 34.3 19.7 17.4	S .5 .6 1.5	26.4 9.4 15.9 4.0
Water	11.7	-	15.5	-	17.0	-	16.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	8 - 888	8 - 888	s - sss	S - S S S	s - sss	S - S S S	29.9 - 29.9 29.9 31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 39.9 \$ 11.3	S - S .4	S 35.2 S 15.5	S - S -	S S 47.5 17.0	S S - -	S 29.6 S 10.4
Shallow draft	11.3	_	15.1	-	16.4	-	13.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	\$ - \$ \$	S - S S -	s - s -	S - S - S -	s - s -	\$ \$ \$	31.6 - 31.6 27.9 -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S S 11.0	S S S S 6	S S S 15.1	S S S	S S S 16.4	S S S	31.7 28.3 S 13.0

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	Ton-miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
50 to 99 lb	_	_ _	_	_		_	
500 to 749 lb			-	_ _	_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_ _	_	_ _			_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Deep draft		-	32.6	-	35.9	_	S
Less than 50 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
100 to 499 lb	S	S S	888	S S S	S S S	S S S	31.6 29.9
750 to 999 lb	S	S					31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	SS	S S S	S	S S S	29.9 S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S 36.5	S 10.5	S 32.7	10.5	S 35.9	10.5	31.6 20.4
Air (includes truck and air)	37.5	-	39.8	-	34.8	_	6.4
Less than 50 lb	41.8	14.4	30.7	6.4	30.0 41.1	7.5	7.5
50 to 99 lb	33.8 33.7	4.6 6.1	41.7 32.3	3.3 8.3	34.1	2.9 7.9	21.6 8.6
500 to 749 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	24.2 29.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb	35.2 S	2.6 S	S	S S	S	S S	27.5 31.6
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	-	-	-	- -		-	31.0
Pipeline	12.7	_	25.3	_	s	s	s
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_			
50 to 99 lb					S S	\$ \$ \$	SS
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb			-	_	88888	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	s	S	s	s		
10,000 to 49,999 lb	SS	S S	S S	S	S S S	S S S S	S S S S
100,000 lb or more	12.7	-	25.3	-		S	
Multiple modes	15.0	-	38.0	_	25.7	_	7.4
Less than 50 lb	14.4 20.8	3.2 1.6	15.0 20.0	.7 .3	17.9 29.6	.3	8.1 12.8
100 to 499 lb	20.3 45.4	1.5 .2 S	22.0 34.9	.4	28.9 S	.1 S S	11.3 24.1
750 to 999 lb	S	S	48.6 S	_ S	S S	S	32.0 S
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	20.5 42.8	1.7 .6	21.8 32.9	4.3 .8	26.2 46.1	5.7 .9	12.4 23.6
100,000 lb or more	39.0	4.6	41.5	6.4	30.4	7.0	19.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.0	-	13.4	-	20.5	-	7.5
Less than 50 lb	14.4 20.8	2.3 1.9	15.0 20.0	3.9 3.2	17.9 29.6	4.0 1.9	8.1 12.8
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	19.9 44.5	1.8 .3	22.0 34.7	3.4	28.9	3.9 S	11.3 24.4
750 to 999 lb	S	S	S	.8 S	S S	S	31.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	29.7
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_ _	-	_ _	_		_
Truck and rail	26.2	_	27.0	_	23.3	_	8.6
Less than 50 lb	_	_	- 0	_	_	_ S	
50 to 99 lb	SSS	S	8	S S S	SS	S	31.6 31.6
500 to 749 lb	S -	S -	5 -	5 -	S -	S -	31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	29.8
10,000 to 49,999 lb	26.6 S	12.5 S	26.7 41.8	12.3 1.9	27.1 47.7	10.8 2.3	11.8 24.8
100,000 lb or more	S 21.6	S	S 20.7	S	48.9	10.7	24.8
Truck and water	31.6 S	s	30.7 S	- S	34.0 S	s	S 31.6
Less train 50 ib 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	- S	- S	s - S	- S	- S	- S	31.6
500 to 749 lb	S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	- S	_
750 to 999 lb	s	S				S	31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S S	S S S	888	S S S	S S S	S	S S 31.6
100,000 lb or more		15.3	31.7	18.0	34.8	18.0	21.9

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
50 to 99 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_		_	_
750 to 999 lb	=	_	_	_	_	_	=
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_		_
100,000 to of filore							
Other multiple modes	s	S	S	S	48.8	_	29.4
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_		_	_		_	_
730 (0 999 (0	_	_	_	_		_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	S	43.7	10.5	S	S	34.9
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S 40.0	S	31.6
100,000 lb or more	5	5	5	5	49.0	10.5	30.9
Other and unknown modes	29.2	-	36.7	-	20.7	-	33.4
Less than 50 lb	18.2	.9	23.6	_	20.9	_	s
50 to 99 lb	33.9	.9	37.4	_	S	S	22.8
100 to 499 lb	46.9	1.8	49.7	_	39.9	_	45.2
500 to 749 lb	27.6 S	.9 S	46.3 S	S	S	S	40.7 30.6
750 to 999 lb	5	5	5	5	5	5	30.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb	20.1	2.2	49.0	.3	37.9	.5	S
10,000 to 49,999 lb	18.7	7.1	36.9	7.5	20.8	11.6	26.3
50,000 to 99,999 lb	43.3	2.3	42.6	3.9	S	S	38.1
100,000 lb or more	39.4	12.5	39.5	10.2	30.0	11.7	27.7

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Val	Value		ns	Ton-		
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	4.9	-	11.8	-	10.6	-	10.1
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 43.4 30.2 32.6 26.4	S 1.6 1.0 .1 .4	S 36.1 36.1 35.1 25.3	S 2.1 1.2 .5	\$ 30.9 39.6 39.4 49.2	S .2 .5 .1	31.6 S S 33.0 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	25.5 10.1 14.1 S	.2 .6 .1 S	\$ 22.8 14.7 \$ -	\$.4 - \$ -	31.6 32.6 17.6 S	.1 .5 - S	37.3 S 9.8 14.6
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	37.9 S 28.4 48.4 34.4	- 8 - -	\$ 44.8 \$ \$ 35.8	\$ 1.3 \$ \$.4	\$ 37.9 \$ \$ 33.4	\$.2 \$ \$	15.0 45.2 34.3 S 34.5
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils . Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	11.7 18.1 12.7 6.8 23.1	1.3 1.4 .7 1.1 .2	28.9 16.9 19.0 13.0 35.7	5.1 .9 1.4 2.8	28.7 23.0 18.7 18.4 45.3	7.0 1.4 1.6 3.7	28.1 S S S S
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products.	34.6 21.0 17.8 31.7 S	.6 .8 1.0 .1 S	30.1 27.6 29.1 32.7 S	.8 .3 .3 1.2 S	31.7 43.8 29.9 26.4 S	1.1 .5 1.1 .1 S	12.6 45.1 36.1 11.1 15.1
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	4.8 31.1 22.1 37.6 20.4	.3 .4 .2 1.1 .1	8.0 35.9 20.2 33.9 S	.5 .2 - - S	7.1 43.8 21.6 33.2 18.2	.9 .2 - .1	13.8 31.3 S 4.5 33.8
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment.	16.6 11.1 19.5 12.4	.2 .3 .6	22.7 48.7 23.3 19.7	.2 .2 -	36.2 49.8 34.8 25.5	.6 .2 -	22.3 20.8 23.7 22.6
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	40.1	1.2	37.1	_	S	S	30.9
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus. Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	34.5 23.1	.1 .2	47.4 28.5	-	S 25.5	S -	\$ 22.2
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	23.0 19.6 39.1 26.0 S	- .4 .1 .3 S	14.9 22.2 29.2 29.7 S	- .1 - S	40.0 22.7 33.9 41.6 S	- - - - S	31.1 23.3 37.2 21.8 S

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	Averes miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	4.9	_	11.8	_	10.6	_	10.1
Single modes	4.4	2.1	11.8	2.4	10.7	.6	12.9
Truck	3.1 6.9 5.6	1.8 1.2 1.6	9.8 16.5 12.9	3.2 2.8 .8	12.1 14.9 6.2	2.1 1.6 .5	11.6 13.3 14.6
Rail	14.5	1.8	20.2	2.0	16.4	3.1	4.5
Water	11.7 11.3	1.3 1.1	15.5 15.1	2.9 2.5	17.0 16.4	4.8 3.8	16.5 13.5
Great Lakes Deep draft	36.2	.8	32.6	1.5	35.9	4.3	S
Air (includes truck and air)	37.5 12.7	.1 1.8	39.8 25.3	4.5	34.8 S	_ S	6.4 S
Multiple modes	15.0	.4	38.0	.3	25.7	.6	7.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.0 26.2 31.6	.3 .1 -	13.4 27.0 30.7	- - .1	20.5 23.3 34.0	_ .2 .4	7.5 8.6 S
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	48.8	.6	29.4
Other and unknown modes	29.2	1.8	36.7	2.2	20.7	.4	33.4
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	31.6 - 31.6
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft	_ _	_	_ _	_	_ _	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	=		_	_	_	=	
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				- S	s	Š
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ _	-	_ _	-	_ _		_ _
Truck and water Rail and water Otherwitists		_	_	_		_	_ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	43.4	-	36.1	-	30.9	_	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	49.0	16.2	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	35.3 S 20.5	12.0 S 8.8	29.9 S 29.3	12.5 S 9.6	41.1 S 35.7	4.8 S 4.3	S S S
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	26.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S S -	S S -	S S	S S	S S	S S	27.9 27.9 –
Deep draft		-		_	-		
Pipeline	- s	- S	- s	- S	s s	s s	S 31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s s	s	s	s s	s	s s	31.6
Truck and railTruck and water	= =					_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	49.0	17.1	45.8	16.2	16.5

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduction			_		_		
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	A a sa a sa
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	30.2	_	36.1	_	39.6	_	s
Single modes	36.4	10.5	42.1	11.0	45.7	7.4	s
Truck	36.7	16.4	32.4	18.0	32.8	18.6	s
For-hire truck Private truck	S 36.3	S 14.8	S 33.1	S 15.7	S 33.0	S 15.5	34.8 S
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft	45.7 S	15.4 S	45.9 S	16.4 S	S S	S S	27.8 30.4
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	Š	s	s	S	s	49.1
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S -	S -	S -	S	S -	S
Truck and water	=		_	_	-	_	_
Rail and water	=		_	_	=	_	_
Other and unknown modes	46.2	10.7	47.7	11.0	45.1	7.4	32.6
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	32.6	-	35.1	-	39.4	-	33.0
Single modes	42.6	13.3	45.6	13.4	s	s	35.8
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck .	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	SSS	S S S	35.9 49.0 35.9
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft	S	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	31.6 31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	- -	- -		
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	42.2	13.3	49.6	13.4	49.6	14.4	25.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Truck and rail	Ξ			_	_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	42.2	13.3	49.6	13.4	49.6	14.4	25.8
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	26.4	_	25.3	_	49.2	-	s
Single modes	26.9	1.4	25.6	1.1	49.4	1.3	47.6
Truck	26.9 48.8 25.1	1.4 8.8 8.6	25.6 S 22.8	1.1 S 10.4	49.4 S 18.7	1.3 S 18.8	47.9 27.1 43.3
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S -	S -	S -	S	S	31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_		_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			_		_			
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	Avoraga milas	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS								
Total	25.5	-	s	s	31.6	-	37.3	
Single modes	25.7	.6	s	s	33.4	4.3	36.9	
Truck	26.0 41.4 39.6	1.6 10.2 10.1	S S 28.4	S S 11.9	36.9 45.6 49.3	7.8 9.5 10.2	34.6 48.5 26.6	
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	26.0	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	=				- S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.3	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S	S S	S	S	31.6	
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	S -	- -	- -	- -	-	S -	31.6	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	=	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS								
Total	10.1	_	22.8	_	32.6	_	s	
Single modes	9.6	1.8	22.2	1.1	30.0	3.4	s	
Truck	10.1 21.8 12.9	4.8 6.2 7.0	23.4 39.7 29.0	9.0 5.8 9.6	22.2 24.9 20.4	7.3 5.8 4.1	S 13.6 S	
Rail	17.0	1.0	37.3	1.7	41.8	5.9	15.0	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S -	S S -	\$ \$ -	S S -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -	30.8 30.8 —	
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S	SSS	31.6 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25.0	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S S	S S S	S	S S	26.7 33.0	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S	S -	S	\$ - -	S -	31.6	
Other and unknown modes	41.9	1.5	38.6	.4	40.4	3.4	s	
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES								
Total	14.1	-	14.7	-	17.6	-	9.8	
Single modes	14.1	-	14.7	-	17.6	-	9.8	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.2 - 14.2	.5 - .5	14.8 - 14.8	.3 - .3	17.7 - 17.7	.3 - .3	9.8 - 9.8	
Rail	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	S	- S	S	- S	- S	31.6	
Air (includes truck and air)	=		_ _	_ _	_ S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier					_ _			
Truck and water	_				_ _			
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	-			I –	-	-	–	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	14.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	15.2
Truck	s	s	s	s -	s	S	15.3
Private truck	s	S	s	s	s	s	15.3
Rail	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	s	s	s	S	s	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	_ _				_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water			_ 	_ _ _		_	
Rail and water						_	=
Other and unknown modes	46.4	10.3	s	s	s	s	24.4
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Truck	_ _						
Private truck	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
Water	_				_		
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_	Ξ
Deep draft	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _		_ _		- S	- S	Š
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	37.9	-	s	s	s	s	15.0
Single modes	38.8	4.6	s	s	s	s	14.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	38.8 S 44.0	4.6 S 9.9	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	14.6 25.9 15.6
Rail	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline	- s	- S	- s	- S	s s	s s	30.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S -	S S	31.6 31.6
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.0

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction			_		_			
	Val	ue	10	ons	Ton-miles		Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE								
Total	s	s	44.8	_	37.9	_	45.2	
Single modes	s	s	45.2	6.3	38.1	4.4	45.2	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S 37.8 S	S 10.5 S	45.1 44.2 S	6.3 12.5 S	38.8 45.8 44.6	4.6 12.4 11.3	45.6 33.7 46.4	
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	- S	s	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
Truck and railTruck and water	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6	
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	48.9	6.2	39.9	2.8	42.0	
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.								
Total	28.4	_	s	s	s	s	34.3	
Single modes	28.5	.2	s	s	s	s	34.0	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	30.0 34.5 25.8	12.2 10.8 9.9	41.2 S S	15.5 S S	S S 33.6	S S 10.6	28.0 21.6 S	
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	29.9	
Water	47.9	11.9	s	S S	s	S	25.4	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	45.3 - S	11.4 - S	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	23.4 - 35.4	
Air (includes truck and air).	- S	- S	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	- S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail	s	S	s s	S	- S	- S	31.6	
Rail and water Other multiple modes						=	_ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	34.3	
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES								
Total	48.4	-	s	s	s	s	s	
Single modes	49.3	9.8	s	s	s	s	41.3	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	40.7 23.6 32.0	
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water	s	S	s	S	s	S	29.8	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	31.6 - 31.6	
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	- S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	S	S	S	31.6	
Truck and rail	s s	S	S	S	S	S	29.8	
Rail and water						_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	IIA	To	ons	Ton	-miles	
SCTC and description and made of transportation				113		1111103	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	34.4	_	35.8	_	33.4	_	34.5
Single modes	38.3	12.3	42.4	11.6	41.6	9.8	35.8
Truck . For-hire truck	38.3 42.4 S	12.3 11.1 S	42.4 42.4 S	11.6 10.8 S	41.6 41.6 S	9.8 10.7 S	35.7 37.7 33.5
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	s	S	S -	S	S	S	31.6
Shallow draft Geat Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water	_	_	-	_	_ _	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	Ξ	_	_		_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	41.4	12.3	41.4	11.6	46.2	9.8	26.4
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL					10.2		
Total	11.7	_	28.9	_	28.7	_	28.1
Single modes	12.2	1.1	29.0	.7	29.3	2.7	16.8
Truck	21.7	4.1	s	S	21.2	1.9	12.4
For-hire truck Private truck	19.8 25.1	1.7 2.8	20.8 S	2.0 S	25.2 23.3	.9 .9	34.7 19.3
Rail	S	S	S 40.4	S	S 40.0	S	31.4
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	28.6 34.5 - 48.7	4.0 3.5 - 3.2	42.4 34.6 – S	4.3 3.9 – S	43.0 41.1 – S	11.5 6.4 – S	16.4 23.9 – 25.9
Air (includes truck and air)	13.5	_ 5.5	_ 27.3	7.4	_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Truck and rail	_	_	-		_ _	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	18.1	_	16.9	-	23.0	-	s
Single modes	17.6	3.0	15.8	2.7	26.1	8.6	45.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	18.9 16.6 21.2	3.3 .8 2.9	24.0 15.7 28.0	2.3 .8 1.9	43.1 35.1 49.8	3.7 .3 3.7	33.6 16.0 32.7
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	27.9
Water	18.6	7.9	27.1	10.2	22.8	10.9	36.4
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	18.3 - S	6.3 - S	27.0 - S	9.1 - S	24.7 - S	8.9 - S	38.6 - 30.0
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	30.3	9.3	_ 28.3	9.9	_ S	_ S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	_	_	-	_
Truck and rail	=		_ 	_ _ _	_ _	_ =	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	s	S	S	s	s	S	30.1
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.2

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			т.		Tan		
2072	Val	ue	10	ons	I On-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	12.7	_	19.0	_	18.7	_	s
Single modes	12.0	1.1	18.6	.3	18.6	.7	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	15.7 20.8 24.6	4.4 4.7 2.7	15.4 19.5 35.4	6.2 5.1 3.7	23.7 27.1 28.5	6.0 6.0 .8	S 11.5 S
Rail	22.4	4.1	30.4	6.3	15.7	6.7	10.2
Water	25.3	5.3	30.9	10.2	31.0	11.7	18.4
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	26.3 - S	5.1 - S	29.8 - S	9.1 - S	29.7 - S	8.8 - S	18.7 - 29.8
Air (includes truck and air)	29.8	4.4	37.4	5.7	s	s	s
Multiple modes	39.6	.1	42.6	-	s	s	43.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	47.6 29.4
Rail and water	- S	S	- S	- S	- S	- S	31.6
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	6.8	_	13.0	-	18.4	-	s
Single modes	7.7	1.4	12.8	1.3	19.5	2.5	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	8.8 12.6 33.9	2.4 1.7 2.2	39.3 23.5 S	3.9 1.3 S	19.2 11.7 S	2.2 1.4 S	S 14.5 36.7
Rail	8.4	1.6	6.0	2.1	6.3	5.0	5.1
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	18.2 15.0 - S	4.2 3.0 - S	22.9 16.2 - S	6.4 3.7 - S	33.0 22.7 - S	7.5 5.4 - S	11.5 9.0 - S
Air (includes truck and air)	S 37.5	S 4.9	S 31.8	S 5.2	S	S	30.1 S
Multiple modes	35.5	.5	43.0	.7	44.2	2.2	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ \$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	42.5 45.5 S - S	- .1 S - S	40.9 S S - S	- S S - S	\$ 23.3 32.0 - 29.0
Other and unknown modes	36.7	1.5	45.6	1.5	49.1	2.0	s
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	23.1	_	35.7	_	45.3	_	s
Single modes	22.8	4.2	44.9	9.1	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	22.8 30.7 38.4	13.6 13.2 10.8	45.1 S 41.0	13.9 S 9.0	S S 46.8	S S 4.9	23.2 S 26.6
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft		_	-				
Great Lakes Deep draft	_		_ _ _	_ _ _			
Air (includes truck and air)	43.8	14.8	S -	S -	S S	S S	19.1 S
Multiple modes	45.8	3.4	s	s	s	s	28.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	45.1 S	3.1 S	S S -	S S	S S	S S	28.0 31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes		=	= =	=	=	<u> </u>	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	A.como mo moile o
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	34.6	_	30.1	_	31.7	_	12.6
Single modes	26.1	6.7	24.5	5.8	30.8	1.9	13.0
Truck	45.0	4.7	43.7	4.8	s	S	7.2
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S S	S 46.8	S 2.4	27.7 15.1
Rail	24.8	9.4	23.2	9.4	26.5	11.1	6.9
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	33.2 33.0	8.0 7.5	29.0 29.0	8.7 8.2	38.4 38.5	9.2 8.7	21.9 22.1
Great Lakes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.1
Air (includes truck and air)	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail Truck and water	_ s	- S	- S	- S	_ S	- S	29.9
Rail and water						_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	21.0	_	27.6	_	43.8	_	45.1
Single modes	21.4	1.6	29.9	5.4	46.3	3.7	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.9 29.9 25.5	5.4 7.2 7.2	34.2 43.4 48.9	8.9 7.2 4.9	S S S	S S S	S 14.3 35.4
Rail	23.2	5.1	21.2	6.6	21.7	8.6	8.0
Water	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	31.6 — —
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	28.0 S
Multiple modes	42.0	1.4	46.9	1.5	48.4	3.5	35.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	35.4 47.9	.4 1.1	S 48.7	S 1.5	S 48.6	S 3.5	41.5 25.8
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	S	S	S	S	25.8
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	17.8	_	29.1	_	29.9	_	36.1
Single modes	18.5	1.8	29.6	.7	30.1	.6	37.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.3 27.8 19.2	3.6 4.4 2.0	43.3 47.2 26.0	3.6 3.7 1.3	S S 32.1	S S .2	43.0 44.7 32.9
Rail	17.1	3.7	23.7	3.5	23.0	3.7	6.7
Water Shallow draft	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	- S	- S	- - S	- S	- S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	42.2	.1	S	S	49.7 S	_ S	22.7 S
Pipeline	33.5	.2	46.6	.2	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	35.4	.2	28.5	_	29.5	_	S
Truck and rail	S	S	S S	S S	S	S S	29.7 31.6
Rail and water	_		_	_		_	_
Other and unknown modes	39.0	1.8	33.9	.6	45.4	.6	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		To	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number		Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number		Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH		. ,		The state of the s		. ,	
Total	31.7	_	32.7	_	26.4	_	11.1
Single modes	31.7	.3	32.7	_	26.5	.3	11.1
Truck	31.7	2.7	32.8	.9	26.7	6.9	11.0
For-hire truck Private truck	17.1 48.8	11.0 11.9	21.0 46.2	13.6 13.6	23.8 44.1	11.3 12.1	S S
Rail	47.4	2.6	36.3	.8	45.2	6.8	24.5
Water Shallow draft					_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_			_ _	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_	_	_	-	_ _ _	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_				_		_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	15.1
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	15.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	43.9 S 22.9	4.5 S 5.2	42.8 45.6 37.9	5.7 7.6 5.9	S S 35.8	S S 2.6	15.0 25.1 15.9
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	22.7
Water	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	S	S	- - S	- S	S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)		=			- S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S S	S S	S	S S	29.8 27.2
Truck and water Rail and water					_ _ _		
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	28.6	.8	34.4	1.2	s	S	34.8
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	4.8	_	8.0	_	7.1	_	13.8
Single modes	4.7	.8	8.3	.8	7.8	1.3	13.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	7.6 9.6 24.2	4.2 4.5 1.5	4.4 5.2 45.5	2.9 3.0 1.3	11.1 11.4 29.8	4.1 3.9 .3	14.6 9.7 14.5
Rail	11.4	4.1	12.7	3.3	11.4	4.1	5.0
Water	s	S	s	S -	s	S	31.6
Shallow drait Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	S	S	s S	- - S	s	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)		=		_	- S	- S	- s
Multiple modes	37.3	.6	36.1	.4	36.0	1.3	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S 38.9	S .6	S 36.6	S .4	S 36.5	S 1.1	34.2 23.8
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple medes	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	43.7	.4	37.9	.4	s	s	s
Carer and unknown modes	+3.7	4	31.9	4	. 3		. 3

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			_			- "	
	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	31.1	_	35.9	-	43.8	_	31.3
Single modes	30.9	2.3	34.7	1.4	43.1	6.6	39.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	31.0 29.9 41.0	2.4 9.3 9.7	34.9 33.2 S	1.4 11.8 S	43.5 41.9 S	6.6 10.7 S	44.9 15.2 21.1
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6
Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	47.3 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	32.0 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water							
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.4
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	22.1	-	20.2	-	21.6	-	s
Single modes	23.3	3.4	21.0	4.7	22.9	3.6	s
Truck	23.3 28.5 25.6	3.3 3.2 3.8	21.0 23.6 21.8	4.7 1.7 6.1	23.2 32.9 21.3	4.2 9.0 8.7	S 18.6 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	24.8 S
Multiple modes	47.5	2.4	22.9	.2	27.8	3.9	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	47.7	2.4	23.3	.2	27.3	2.3	S -
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S _	S _	S -	S -	S _	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	31.5	3.6	38.4	4.6	S	S	S
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	37.6	-	33.9	-	33.2	-	4.5
Single modes	41.2	9.1	36.0	4.5	34.4	7.0	18.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	41.2 39.3 S	9.1 7.6 S	36.0 33.3 48.9	4.5 7.1 9.2	34.4 37.7 S	7.0 5.7 S	18.0 11.3 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_			_ _		_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_					_	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	49.2 -	_ _	S S	S S	26.3 S
Multiple modes	39.0	8.2	34.2	3.3	41.3	5.5	5.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	39.0	8.2	34.2	3.3	41.3	5.5	5.2
Truck and water Rail and water	_			-		_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	40.0	1.6	S	s	41.3	2.4	28.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
0070	Vai	l e	10	115	1011-	Tilles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	20.4	_	s	s	18.2	_	33.8
Single modes	21.7	2.6	s	s	19.3	3.3	42.1
Truck . For-hire truck Private truck	23.8 15.6 40.9	5.9 6.5 7.6	S 26.3 S	S 9.3 S	19.7 17.6 46.2	4.0 5.0 5.0	42.6 28.7 49.2
Rail	s	s	34.5	.5	46.5	3.0	28.7
Water	_	_	-	-	_ _	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	27.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	28.1
Truck and water Rail and water		_				_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	16.6	-	22.7	_	36.2	-	22.3
Single modes	17.4	2.9	14.4	7.8	20.0	15.4	22.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	18.4 26.8 17.3	4.8 4.7 5.6	19.6 31.1 16.4	8.8 4.3 7.5	24.3 30.9 24.1	13.2 6.0 8.8	23.1 20.2 26.6
Rail	45.6	1.0	44.6	1.9	s	s	26.5
Water Shallow draft	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	27.9 27.9
Great Lakes		=			_ _	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	26.8 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.7 S	.4 S	32.2 S	_	42.0 S	_ S	25.7 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S -	S	S S - -	S -	S -	28.3
Other and unknown modes	41.1	2.3	45.1	2.1	s	s	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	11.1	_	48.7	_	49.8	_	20.8
Single modes	12.1	2.2	s	s	s	s	29.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	12.3 17.3 23.7	2.2 5.7 6.9	41.8 S 24.5	5.4 S 10.8	29.6 38.3 36.4	13.9 9.3 7.6	30.7 37.6 44.1
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	29.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	49.0	1	- S	_ S	- S	_ s	17.9
Pipeline	-	_	-	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	20.6	1.1	24.6	.2	29.3	.8	13.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	21.2 S S	1.1 S S	28.5 S S	.2 S S	16.1 S S	.3 S S	13.4 29.8 31.6
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	no and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory texts						
	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	19.5	_	23.3	_	34.8	_	23.7
Single modes	19.5	3.7	23.9	5.0	37.0	4.3	31.2
Truck	19.6	3.6	24.1	4.8	37.7	4.3	32.4
For-hire truck Private truck	28.1 33.0	7.6 6.6	31.8 31.9	7.2 7.5	43.6 S	6.7 S	15.3 49.4
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	30.9
Water	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	31.6
Shallow draft	-	-	_	_	_	_	31.6
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	27.8	.2	34.1		S S	S S	15.6 S
Multiple modes	18.1	3.0	45.3	2.6	42.7	5.0	16.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	21.8	3.2	24.6	1.8	23.1	4.9	16.8
Truck and railTruck and water	s s	S	S	S	S	S	30.1
Rail and water				_ _	_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	24.8
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	12.4	_	19.7	_	25.5	_	22.6
Single modes	16.5	7.8	20.5	2.4	26.1	9.5	23.2
Truck	17.3 23.8 17.6	7.7 7.3 4.2	23.2 22.5 47.1	5.0 8.6 7.7	30.9 31.4 42.4	10.0 10.3 .9	23.4 38.0 28.4
Rail	47.7	1.0	48.1	4.8	48.0	6.1	25.8
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ 		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	49.8	.4	S	s	s	S	22.5
Pipeline	_	_	-	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	32.3	8.1	19.1	2.3	27.4	9.5	15.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	32.3	8.1	20.0	2.3	27.8	9.5	15.8
Truck and water	S -	S _	S -	S -	S -	S _	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	30.3	1.1	25.1	.2	27.3	-	28.8
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	40.1	_	37.1	-	s	s	30.9
Single modes	41.8	2.6	38.5	2.7	s	s	48.5
Truck	28.8 41.3 35.4	18.0 9.4 13.2	23.9 43.3 29.3	15.8 9.8 14.1	\$ 48.3 \$	\$ 17.2 \$	23.2 S 24.1
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	29.8
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	_	_ _	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		=	_ _ _		_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	27.3 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S
Truck and water] =	-	-	_	=	<u> </u>	_
Rail and water	_ =	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	40.1	2.1	32.5	2.1	s	s	39.3

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			Tons Ton-miles				
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	34.5	_	47.4	_	s	s	s
Single modes	42.2	12.5	s	s	s	s	37.7
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck .	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	38.0 31.6 49.6
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Water	s	S	S	S	S	S	27.9
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	- -	S - -	27.9 - -
Air (includes truck and air)				_	- S	s	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S -	S -	S -	S	S
Truck and water Rail and water	Ξ.	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	23.1	-	28.5	-	25.5	-	22.2
Single modes	41.2	11.1	35.7	13.5	27.0	12.2	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	41.9 39.1 48.7	11.2 3.6 11.1	35.8 39.6 40.2	13.7 6.1 14.9	28.6 35.3 47.4	12.5 10.1 9.1	S 21.9 26.7
Rail	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Water	-	_	_	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		=	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	47.9	.3	S -	S -	S S	S S	24.0 S
Multiple modes	28.9	10.7	29.0	12.5	33.9	12.0	17.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	28.9	10.7	29.0	12.5	33.9	12.0	17.8
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	=	_	_	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS							
Total	23.0	_	14.9	_	40.0	_	31.1
Single modes	22.7	1.6	15.1	1.8	40.6	1.9	35.7
Truck	23.0 39.2 25.3	1.8 10.3 9.9	15.1 S 20.0	2.7 S 9.6	24.0 S 28.4	7.6 S 11.2	35.5 26.5 33.7
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft							
Great Lakes Deep draft	_						
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	30.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_		_ _		_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	oddciory text]						
	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	19.6	_	22.2	_	22.7	_	23.3
Single modes	18.5	4.2	22.3	1.9	21.7	2.2	26.5
Truck	22.4	6.0	21.9	1.9	22.3	4.1	41.2
For-hire truck Private truck	28.8 25.6	3.8 5.5	21.2 39.6	8.6 8.1	25.4 42.0	7.4 6.1	33.1 S
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	30.2
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	44.3	7.3	39.2	.1	41.3	.4	11.9
Pipeline	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	31.6	4.2	43.9	1.0	s	s	15.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	32.2 S	4.3 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	15.1 30.0
Truck and water Rail and water Other mitties modes	_	_		_ _ _	_ _ _	_	_
Other multiple modes	46.2	1.4	s	s	s	s	s
	40.2	1.4	3	3	3		3
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	39.1 39.3	.9	29.2 30.0	- 25	33.9 33.6	.7	37.2 37.2
Single modes Truck	43.2	7.8	39.1	2.5 11.4	49.8	15.6	38.6
For-hire truck Private truck	S 36.0	7.6 S 12.9	\$ 47.3	11.4 S 12.0	\$ S S	S S	\$ \$ 49.8
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	27.9
Water Shallow draft	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	29.8 29.8
Great Lakes		=			_ _	=	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline			_ _		- s	s	s
Multiple modes	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Truck and water	=	_	_	_	=		_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_		_		_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	26.0	_	29.7	-	41.6	_	21.8
Single modes	24.6	1.8	28.4	2.0	31.0	7.7	21.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	24.6 S 25.0	1.8 S 7.3	28.4 S 28.5	2.0 S 7.1	31.0 S 31.1	7.7 S 9.3	21.4 S 20.7
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft					_ _	_	
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)		_			- S	s	Š
Multiple modes	47.3	.7	s	s	48.9	3.0	36.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	47.3	.7	S -	S -	48.9	3.0	36.2
Truck and water Rail and water					_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.3

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	31.6 S 42.2	15.1 S 13.8	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S 36.4
Rail	s	s	S	S	S	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	31.5 31.5 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - - S	\$ - - - \$	S - - - S	S - - - S	\$ - - \$	\$ - - - \$	26.6 - - 31.6
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	36.3

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	4.9	-	11.8	-	10.6	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	27.6 38.8 17.3 S 45.6 31.0	- - - S - -	S S 16.7 33.2 S 22.9	\$ \$ \$ - \$ - \$ \$ -	S S 16.6 33.9 S 22.0	\$ \$ - \$ -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	30.5 33.9 17.0	.6 .3 .1	43.5 16.0 27.9	.8 _ .1	42.5 16.9 30.1	3.2 .2 .5	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	12.1 18.1 17.4 12.8 18.4	.3 .2 .2 .2 .1	14.2 45.9 27.9 17.5 17.7	.5 1.0 - .2 -	17.1 46.3 27.5 22.8 19.5	1.8 3.2 .3 .6 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	37.7 22.3 19.4 17.7 39.5 28.2 36.2	.3 - .2 - -	\$ 36.0 26.4 32.7 \$ 31.7 \$	S4.S - S	\$ 36.2 28.2 35.9 49.8 32.9 \$	\$.2 .2 .9 .1 - \$	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	27.4 38.2 16.7 16.6 24.2 30.1 22.4 40.2	- .5 .3 - .5 .3 .1 .1	35.0 39.9 39.0 35.2 30.4 S 31.0 22.8 30.1	1.6 .4 S .2	35.1 39.7 41.0 30.9 28.9 S 30.2 22.2 32.5	- 4.6 .7 - S .4 .2 .1	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	10.9 15.3 16.3 28.0	.2 .2 .7 .5	20.6 41.2 18.2 43.8	.5 .6 .9 .8	12.0 41.3 20.1 43.4	.3 2.1 .5 1.7	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	12.6 7.2 16.9 12.1	.2 2.7 .1 1.2	24.8 15.0 28.3 26.7	.3 3.2 .1 2.5	21.5 11.6 32.2 25.0	.2 1.3 .3 2.2	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho. Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	20.4 24.5 48.9 S 38.5 45.4 38.8 42.8	- - - S - - -	\$ 35.4 39.4 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 40.3	0 000 0	\$ 40.6 39.4 49.3 \$ \$ \$ 40.3 \$ \$	\$ 2 - 8 5 5	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	S 17.8 S 27.1 45.1	S .4 S - .1	\$ 20.2 \$ 22.7 27.5	\$ - -	\$ 19.2 \$ 22.9 28.1	S .5 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	3.9	-	10.4	-	4.4		
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut	17.6 32.6 19.2 49.7 24.1 S	- - - - - S	20.3 S 33.3 S 29.5 32.2	- S - S -	20.4 S 32.9 S 29.5 31.8	- S - S -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	13.1 11.4 20.1	- .1 .2	23.4 28.4 S	- - S	25.5 29.1 S	_ .1 S	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	5.5 20.0 23.2 18.1 13.9	.3 .4 .3 .4 .1	8.7 29.7 13.4 44.1 S	1.4 .3 - .3 S	7.9 30.2 13.3 43.7 S	2.5 .7 - 1.2 S	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	20.4 19.0 24.7 22.4 36.1 46.7 S	.2 .1 .5 .3 - .1 S	27.3 S 31.2 29.9 34.2 S 30.4	.6 S .7 .7 S	27.9 S 32.3 30.7 32.7 S 32.7	1.9 S 3.0 1.9 .3 S	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	38.8 S 23.5 4.7 34.7 10.4 9.3 28.3 17.8	S .4 .1 .112	49.2 S S 28.2 48.0 19.0 22.3 S	- S S S S	\$ \$ \$ 27.5 46.7 20.5 19.7 \$ \$	8882 88	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	12.0 16.4 32.6 13.1	.2 .2 1.2 .2	17.7 31.8 22.0 30.2	.2 .5 .7 .1	17.7 32.1 28.4 35.1	.1 1.9 .3 .4	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	16.5 7.2 20.1 6.4	.4 1.8 .2 .4	32.1 15.0 30.2 10.7	.9 3.7 .2 .4	22.6 11.6 32.2 10.2	.3 .8 .3 .4	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	40.6 40.5 39.2 47.0 S 30.8 13.5 26.4	- .1 - S - -	32.7 47.0 42.9 \$ \$ 41.8 42.8 32.9	- - - S S - - .6	32.5 48.1 43.0 S S 45.2 44.1 32.7	- - - - - - 2.2 - 2.3	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii. Oregon Washington	\$ 8.1 \$ 16.0 25.2	\$.2 \$ - -	\$ 20.0 \$ 32.5 27.9	\$ - \$ -	\$ 20.1 \$ 33.2 28.0	\$.1 \$.1	

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 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001	
<u> </u>	(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, please read the accompanying instruction guide. If book figures are not available for requested data, please provide estimates. If you have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7851.	Is this establishment's physical location the same as the address shown in the label? (PO boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.) 1 Yes
Through this survey, we are requesting data on a	² □ No — Enter physical location below. _▼
representative sample of your outbound shipments, to help us produce key statistics used by transportation planners	Number and street
and managers. We greatly appreciate your assistance in this program.	
	City, town, village, etc. State ZIP Code
Is the establishment name shown in the mailing address correct?	
₁	NOTE — The rest of this questionnaire requests information about shipments (or deliveries) from the establishment located at the address in the mailing label.
2 ☐ No — Enter correct name. ⊋	If you entered a different address in item C — Please complete the form for shipments originating from the location listed in item C.
	Please enter the total number of outbound shipments (or deliveries), including customer pick-up, for the one-week reporting period shown above. If book figures are not available, please provide your best estimate.
Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment during the one-week period shown above.	This number should reflect all shipments and deliveries leaving this location during the one-week reporting period. Please see Instruction Guide for a definition of
Temporarily or seasonally inactive Cased operation — Give date	DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL YOU HAVE
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date ——→	COMPLETED ITEM D.
that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions	Inited States Code, requires businesses and other organizations and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used respondents' files are immune from legal process.

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

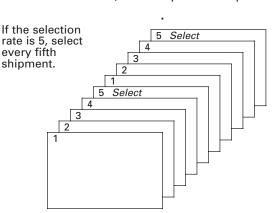
Page 2

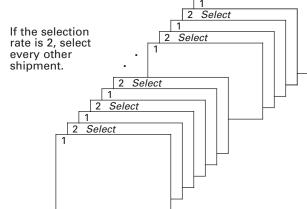
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>										Γ		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)		U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)		Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.				
(i)	City	State	State ZIP Code		codes below. (k)	Ш (I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	լ0) 4	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
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\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel			7 — 8 —		ipelir ir	ie	9 — (0 — (1	1	ر ا

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
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14								
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31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

)	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j)		ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	(for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cr	eign destination ort shipments only) umn (j) enter the U.S. port, order crossing of exit. (m)		
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	Export mode	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number		ment ate c)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Ş	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description		If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	L de of trans columns (k	port c	odes	1 — Parcel o	L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad <i>Continued</i> —	
	2 . /	Are the room to separate of se	nents of this es	ords for outbound ships ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a efiles (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem	one-wee should re establish An estim Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-vate is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipment of the ser \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telep	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature				-	Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
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	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

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If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

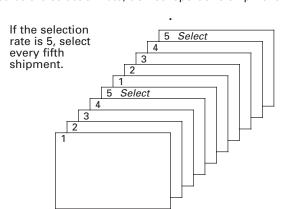
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

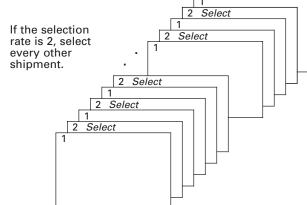
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	r (c) (excludin shipping co in whole dollars		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	ng Shipment weight on pounds in pounds		Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j) City State Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below. (k) (k)		(Complete for all shipments.)			Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.				
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
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\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
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33								+
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	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
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			1 1 1 1						15
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									3
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									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			\
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
	de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S.			Railroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value	e over
In exi	column (b), che i te dı	ck "Y	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye		o indicate whetl	ner or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	/ er or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facili premises for outbou during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Great	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes ── 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	tern	ninal		1	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	trans U desti Enter apply	e(s) of port to l.S. nation all that in order d. Use	Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country		(0)	
(1)					(K)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbo shipments during		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of thi type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)				(c)	(d)			
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
1 ☐ Yes → 2 ☐ No 1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail											
			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

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During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

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Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		\	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	Export mode	Line No.	
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

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PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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