EC97TCF-MA

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey









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Massachusetts

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1997 Economic Census

Transportation 1997 Commodity Flow Survey





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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Val	Value		ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0	464
Single modes	101 239	71.2	89 226	98.2	11 900	91.1	198
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	91 802 45 660 45 080	64.5 32.1 31.7	83 113 20 897 57 875	91.5 23.0 63.7	8 269 5 389 2 690	63.3 41.3 20.6	128 471 42
Rail	260	.2	s	s	s	s	947
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - S	S S - S	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	88 - 8	88 - 8	59 7 - 62
Air (includes truck and air)	8 612 S	6.1 S	S S	S S	S S	SS	1 369 S
Multiple modes	36 764	25.8	858	.9	858	6.6	763
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail	36 127 S 165 - -	25.4 S .1 -	686 81 91 - -	.8 - .1 -	568 216 74 - -	4.4 1.7 .6 -	763 1 918 S -
Other and unknown modes	4 219	3.0	782	.9	305	2.3	s

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

				•	•							
		Value		Tons				Average miles per shipment				
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change
All modes	142 223	111 722	27.3	90 866	73 075	24.3	13 063	9 396	39.0	464	428	8.4
Single modes	101 239	84 970	19.1	89 226	70 651	26.3	11 900	8 642	37.7	198	218	-9.2
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	91 802 45 660 45 080	80 467 45 623 34 690	14.1 .1 29.9	83 113 20 897 57 875	69 928 23 881 45 965	18.9 -12.5 25.9	8 269 5 389 2 690	8 320 5 791 2 521	6 -6.9 6.7	128 471 42	162 578 49	-20.9 -18.6 -15.4
Rail	260	375	-30.6	s	619	s	s	262	s	947	482	96.4
Water	\$ \$ - \$	57 S - S	S S - S	\$ \$ \$	S S - 5	S S - S	S S - S	S S - S	S S - S	59 7 – 62	S 3 - 2 606	S 115.2 – –97.6
Air (includes truck and air)	8 612 S	4 071	111.5 S	S S	36	S S	S S	50 S	S S	1 369 S	1 452 S	–5.7 S
Multiple modes	36 764	21 529	70.8	858	560	53.3	858	399	115.0	763	588	29.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and water	36 127 S 165 - -	21 461 35 S - -	68.3 S S -	686 81 91 - -	536 15 S - -	27.9 427.8 S -	568 216 74 – –	353 43 3 - -	61.0 399.2 S -	763 1 918 S -	588 2 537 S –	29.8 -24.4 S -
Other and unknown modes	4 219	5 222	-19.2	782	1 864	-58.1	305	354	-14.0	s	398	s

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

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 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	71.2	76.1	98.2	96.7	91.1	92.0	
Truck ¹ . For-hire truck Private truck	64.5 32.1 31.7	72.0 40.8 31.1	91.5 23.0 63.7	95.7 32.7 62.9	63.3 41.3 20.6	88.5 61.6 26.8	
Rail	.2	.3	s	.8	s	2.8	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	- S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ -\$	\$ \$ - \$	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ² .	6.1 S	3.6	S S	_ _	S S	.5 S	
Multiple modes	25.8	19.3	.9	.8	6.6	4.2	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	25.4 S .1 -	19.2 - S - -	.8 - .1 - -	.7 S - -	4.4 1.7 .6 -	3.8 .5 - -	
Other and unknown modes	3.0	4.7	.9	2.6	2.3	3.8	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-		
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	13 063	100.0	452
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	8 281 S S - 70	63.4 S S - .5	125 1 242 88 - S
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	S 568 S 305	\$ 4.4 \$ 2.3	1 304 763 S S

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Value		To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
All modes	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	51 713 12 754 19 833 10 561 8 249	36.4 9.0 13.9 7.4 5.8	66 761 9 432 5 420 2 291 1 160	73.5 10.4 6.0 2.5 1.3	1 174 877 1 021 1 008 872	9.0 6.7 7.8 7.7 6.7	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	10 815 10 546 5 178 12 574	7.6 7.4 3.6 8.8	S 848 351 732	S .9 .4 .8	S 1 178 690 2 196	\$ 9.0 5.3 16.8	
Single modes	101 239	100.0	89 226	100.0	11 900	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	42 397 10 156 13 888 7 497 5 628	41.9 10.0 13.7 7.4 5.6	66 167 9 302 5 129 2 208 1 088	74.2 10.4 5.7 2.5 1.2	1 161 866 957 972 819	9.8 7.3 8.0 8.2 6.9	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	7 037 5 647 2 996 5 994	7.0 5.6 3.0 5.9	\$ 710 279 568	S .8 .3 .6	\$ 982 548 1 651	\$ 8.3 4.6 13.9	
Truck ¹	91 802	100.0	83 113	100.0	8 269	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	42 147 9 815 12 447 6 646 4 613	45.9 10.7 13.6 7.2 5.0	65 051 8 431 4 050 2 171 1 031	78.3 10.1 4.9 2.6 1.2	1 157 786 825 950 765	14.0 9.5 10.0 11.5 9.3	
750 to 999 miles	5 938 4 738 2 189 3 268	6.5 5.2 2.4 3.6	981 681 268 450	1.2 .8 .3 .5	1 003 939 528 1 316	12.1 11.4 6.4 15.9	
For-hire truck	45 660	100.0	20 897	100.0	5 389	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	8 065 4 368 9 106 5 746 4 017	17.7 9.6 19.9 12.6 8.8	13 098 1 144 2 198 1 558 858	62.7 5.5 10.5 7.5 4.1	228 108 468 687 637	4.2 2.0 8.7 12.8 11.8	
750 to 999 miles	5 271 4 218 1 920 2 949	11.5 9.2 4.2 6.5	851 563 227 399	4.1 2.7 1.1 1.9	868 779 449 1 165	16.1 14.5 8.3 21.6	
Private truck	45 080	100.0	57 875	100.0	2 690	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	33 583 5 344 3 161 723 561	74.5 11.9 7.0 1.6 1.2	47 945 7 151 1 757 540 159	82.8 12.4 3.0 .9	832 663 339 S 118	30.9 24.7 12.6 S 4.4	
750 to 999 miles	643 485 264 315	1.4 1.1 .6 .7	127 107 39 50	.2 .2 - -	132 145 75 150	4.9 5.4 2.8 5.6	
Rail	260	100.0	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	55555	55555	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	88888	88888	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	\$ \$ \$ \$	9999	S S S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S - - - -	S - - - -	\$ - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol					Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	lue Percent	Number (thousands)	ns Percent	Ton- Number (millions)	miles Percent	
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	_	-	_	_	_	-	
Less than 50 miles	-	-	_	_	_	-	
50 to 99 miles						_ _	
250 to 499 miles						_ _	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles				_ _		_ _	
2,000 miles or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deep draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S S S	S S S	S S	S S S	
100 to 249 miles	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	
250 to 499 miles						_ _	
750 to 999 miles	-	=	-	-	-	=	
1,000 to 1,499 miles						_ _	
2,000 miles or more	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	8 612	100.0	s	s	S	S	
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
100 to 249 miles	1 259 S	14.6 S	21 S	12.0 S	6 S	1.9 S	
500 to 749 miles	S	S	15	8.4	14	4.5	
750 to 999 miles	967 896	11.2 10.4	11 17	6.3 10.0	13 25	4.0 8.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	805 2 683	9.3 31.2	6 S	3.2 S	11 S	3.5 S	
Pipeline ²	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S	S		S	S		
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S S S	S	SS	S	
250 to 499 miles	_	5 -		-	SS	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_			
750 to 999 miles					\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	
1,500 to 1,999 miles		_			S	S	
Multiple modes	36 764	100.0	858	100.0	858	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	6 826	18.6	164	19.1	7	.8	
50 to 99 miles	2 494 5 388	6.8 14.7	80 174	9.4 20.3	7 40	.8 4.6	
250 to 499 miles	2 945 2 548	8.0 6.9	61 52	7.1 6.1	26 38	3.0 4.4	
750 to 999 miles	3 691	10.0	73	8.5	77	9.0	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	4 678 1 830	12.7 5.0	67 44	7.8 5.2	98 90	11.4 10.5	
2,000 miles or more	6 365	17.3	142	16.6	476	55.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	36 127	100.0	686	100.0	568	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	6 798	18.8	136	19.8	5	.8	
50 to 99 miles	2 488 5 263	14.6	124	18.0	25	4.4	
250 to 499 miles	2 945 2 548	8.2 7.1	61 52	8.9 7.6	26 38	4.6 6.7	
750 to 999 miles	3 585	9.9	58	8.4	61	10.7	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	4 674 1 804	12.9 5.0	62 34	9.0 5.0	88 68	15.5 11.9	
2,000 miles or more	6 023	16.7	83	12.1	252	44.3	
Truck and rail	s	s	81	100.0	216	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
50 to 99 miles	s	S	s	s	s	Š	
250 to 499 miles			_ _	_ _		_	
750 to 999 miles	s	s	15	18.5	16	7.5	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_ 26	- 5.6	_ 10	12.4	22	10.3	
2,000 miles or more	Š	S	52	64.4	177	81.8	
Truck and water	165	100.0	91	100.0	74	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	S S	S	S S	S S	SS	S	
100 to 249 miles	120	73.1	49	53.5	14	18.7	
250 to 499 miles	_	=	=	=	_		
750 to 999 miles	_	=	_	_	_	=	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
2,000 miles or more	S	S	s	s S	S	S	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Made of transportation and distance chinesed	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	_	_	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	_ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _	= = =	- - - -	_ _ _	
Other and unknown modes	4 219	100.0	782	100.0	305	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	2 490 104 557 118 73	59.0 2.5 13.2 2.8 1.7	430 49 117 21 20	55.0 6.3 15.0 2.7 2.6	6 4 25 10 15	2.0 1.4 8.2 3.2 5.1	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	88 222 S 216	2.1 5.3 S 5.1	24 71 S 22	3.0 9.1 S 2.8	25 98 S 69	8.2 32.2 S 22.7	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Ton	s	Ton-m	niles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0	464
Less than 50 lb	36 986 8 918	26.0 6.3	565 320	.6 .4	261 110	2.0 .8	533 349
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	26 432 7 690	18.6	1 942 885	2.1	505 186	3.9	267 209
750 to 999 lb	3 937	5.4 2.8	708	1.0 .8	235	1.4 1.8	315
1,000 to 9,999 lb	31 038	21.8	10 847	11.9	2 447	18.7	229
10,000 to 49,999 lb	21 802 2 927	15.3 2.1	33 899 26 496	37.3 29.2	4 728 884	36.2 6.8	157 33
100,000 lb or more	2 493	1.8	15 204	16.7	S	\$	86
Single modes	101 239	100.0	89 226	100.0	11 900	100.0	198
Less than 50 lb	11 673 4 662	11.5 4.6	261 222	.3 .2	50 36	.4 .3	209 161
100 to 499 lb	19 337 6 453	19.1 6.4	1 676 832	1.9 .9	331 168	2.8 1.4	184 201
750 to 999 lb	3 448	3.4	633	.7	128	1.1	201
1,000 to 9,999 lb	29 689 20 746	29.3 20.5	10 521 33 525	11.8 37.6	2 311 4 408	19.4 37.0	223 147
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	2 811 2 420	2.8 2.4	26 405 15 151	29.6 17.0	817 S	6.9 S	31 76
Truck ¹	91 802	100.0	83 113	100.0	8 269	100.0	128
Less than 50 lb	8 368	9.1	244	.3	26	.3	94
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	3 951 16 959	4.3 18.5	216 1 645	.3 2.0	27 300	.3 3.6	122 170
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	5 453 3 016	5.9	821 628	1.0	156 125	1.9	189 197
		3.3		.8		1.5	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	28 909 20 669	31.5 22.5	10 425 33 480	12.5 40.3	2 081 4 334	25.2 52.4	208 145
50,000 to 99,999 lb	2 810 1 668	3.1 1.8	26 401 9 253	31.8 11.1	811 408	9.8 4.9	31 S
For-hire truck	45 660	100.0	20 897	100.0	5 389	100.0	471
Less than 50 lb	3 775	8.3	44	.2	19	.4	380
50 to 99 lb	S 9 171	S 20.1	S 376	S 1.8	19 231	.4 4.3	430 602
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	2 271 1 541	5.0 3.4	162 142	.8 .7	111	2.1 1.7	678 649
1,000 to 9,999 lb	14 054	30.8	2 422	11.6	1 491	27.7	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	11 981	26.2	9 953	47.6	3 000	55.7	657 358
50,000 to 99,999 lb	401 S	.9 S	6 479 S	31.0 S	232 S	4.3 S	38 236
Private truck	45 080	100.0	57 875	100.0	2 690	100.0	42
Less than 50 lb	4 587	10.2	199	.3	7	.2	30
50 to 99 lb	1 883 7 695	4.2 17.1	169 1 253	.3 2.2	8 67	.3 2.5	45 50
500 to 749 lb	3 103 1 431	6.9 3.2	646 476	1.1 .8	44 29	1.6 1.1	66 62
1,000 to 9,999 lb	14 293	31.7	7 881	13.6	572	21.3	73
10,000 to 49,999 lb	8 435 2 410	18.7 5.3	23 196 19 921	40.1 34.4	1 260 579	46.8 21.5	59 29
100,000 lb or more	1 243	2.8	4 134	7.1	125	4.6	29
Rail	260	100.0	s	S	s	S	947
Less than 50 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 874 1 232
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	S	S	S	S	S S S	S S S	1 399 1 144
750 to 999 lb	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 457
10,000 to 49,999 lb	59 S	22.6 S	37 S	1.1 S	\$ \$ \$	S	1 658 1 693
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	-	S	S
Water	s	S	S	S	S	S	59
Less than 50 lb		_	_	_	_	_	
100 to 499 lb	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	58 -
750 to 999 lb	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	52 297
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more		_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	7
Less than 50 lb		_	_	-	_	-	•
50 to 99 lb	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_ _ _	-	- - -	- - -		=
750 to 999 lb							_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	7 -
50,000 to 99,999 lb		_	-	_	-	_	

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of **Origin: 1997**—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value Tons						
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb					_ _		
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	_	-		_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	=	_	-	=	=	=	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
50,000 to 99,999 lb	=	_	_	_	=	=	_
100,000 lb or more	s	s	- S	- S	S	s	62
Less than 50 lb	5	3	-	5	5	5	62
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S	_ 58
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb			5	- -	- -	- -	- -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ \$ - -	S S -	\$ \$ -	S S - -	\$ \$ -	S S - -	86 297 –
Air (includes truck and air)	8 612	100.0	s	s	s	s	1 369
Less than 50 lb	3 303	38.4	17	10.0	23	7.4	1 375
50 to 99 lb	711 2 378	8.3 27.6	6 31	3.3 17.7	8 31	2.6 9.7	1 454 1 074
500 to 749 lb	S S	SS	S 6	S 3.2	S 4	S 1.1	1 128 640
1,000 to 9,999 lb	772	9.0	S	S	S	S	2 243
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S -	S -	8 -	4.3	S -	S -	1 169
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 581
Pipeline ²	S	S	s	S	s	S	S
Less than 50 lb		-	-		S S	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
100 to 499 lb					S S	SS	S
750 to 999 lb	-	_	-	_	S	S	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_		-	_	S S	S S	S S S
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	S	S	S
Multiple modes	36 764	100.0	858	100.0	858	100.0	763
Less than 50 lb	24 337	66.2	269	31.4	209	24.4	759
50 to 99 lb	3 995 6 544	10.9 17.8	88 222	10.3 25.8	73 168	8.5 19.6	837 773
500 to 749 lb	796 449	2.2 1.2	39 69	4.6 8.0	15 S	1.8 S	400 1 438
1,000 to 9,999 lb	26	_	S	S	S	s	s
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S 92	S .2	100 36	11.7 4.2	184 S	21.4 S	1 703 1 321
100,000 lb or more	36 127	.1 100.0	27 686	3.2 100.0	568	100.0	1 965 763
Less than 50 lb	24 337	67.4	269	39.2	209	36.8	759
50 to 99 lb	3 995 6 538	11.1 18.1	88 220	12.9 32.1	73 167	12.9 29.5	837 777
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	796 449	2.2 1.2	39 69	5.7 10.0	15 S	2.7 S	400 1 443
1.000 to 9.999 lb	s	S	1	_	S	S	243
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	-		-	-		-
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	s	s	81	100.0	216	100.0	1 918
Less than 50 lb	_		-	_	_	_	
100 to 499 lb		_ _			_		_
750 to 999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	110
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S S	S 49	S 61.1	S 120	S 55.6	354 2 373
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S	S	SSS	S	S S	S S	3 018 3 462
Truck and water	165	100.0	91	100.0	74	100.0	s
Less than 50 lb	S -	S	S	S	S	S	7 831
100 to 499 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	S
500 to 749 lb	_ =	_	-	_	_		_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	160
10,000 to 49,999 lb	62 60	37.8 36.6	51 20	56.0 22.5	S 6	S 7.7	1 122 280
100,000 lb or more	l s	S	14	15.4	4	5.3	281

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_ _	-	-	-	_ _	
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
Less than 50 lb		_ _	-	_ _ _	-	_ _	-
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_		_		_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	4 219	100.0	782	100.0	305	100.0	s
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	976 261 551 S 40	23.1 6.2 13.1 S .9	35 10 44 13 6	4.5 1.2 5.7 1.7 .8	2 1 6 8 8	.7 .2 1.9 S S	S 63 104 151 550
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	1 323 585 25 S	31.3 13.9 .6 S	319 274 S S	40.8 35.1 S S	134 136 12 8	44.1 44.5 4.0 2.7	388 585 S 337

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	<u> </u>	To		Ton-	miles	
Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All commodities	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0	464
Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	- S S S S 4 050	- S S S 2.8	- S S S 1 284	- S S S 1.4	- S S S 457	- S S S S 3.5	- 2 43 S 165
Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	2 164 4 398 2 156 1 382 S	1.5 3.1 1.5 1.0 S	1 538 4 771 1 415 65 S	1.7 5.3 1.6 - S	240 680 50 3 S	1.8 5.2 .4 - S	109 93 26 45 55
Natural sands . Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	48 136 207 S S	- .1 .1 S	8 482 18 531 394 S	9.3 20.4 .4 S S	142 292 92 S S	1.1 2.2 .7 S	14 12 S S 14
Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	1 928 778 202 784 12 975	1.4 .5 .1 .6 9.1	6 923 S 6 470 371 212	7.6 S 7.1 .4 .2	236 S 58 130 85	1.8 S .4 1.0	25 73 S S 437
Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	S 3 543 6 765 S 1 854	\$ 2.5 4.8 \$ 1.3	S 1 096 2 036 S 1 808	\$ 1.2 2.2 \$ 2.0	\$ 397 995 \$ 227	\$ 3.0 7.6 \$ 1.7	325 346 324 86 76
Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	2 874 2 718 7 982 7 122 1 324	2.0 1.9 5.6 5.0 .9	1 571 1 139 1 990 606 12 372	1.7 1.3 2.2 .7 13.6	847 S 325 537 495	6.5 S 2.5 4.1 3.8	179 378 451 1 063 355
Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes	3 264 2 856 6 049 33 346 2 380	2.3 2.0 4.3 23.4 1.7	S 489 357 835 S	S .5 .4 .9 S	S 158 210 617 63	\$ 1.2 1.6 4.7 .5	250 203 319 699 S
Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus. Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight	737 9 752 1 131 12 540 350 1 938	.5 6.9 .8 8.8 .2 1.4	7 87 256 1 163 S 932	- .1 .3 1.3 S 1.0	6 49 100 494 159 49	.8 3.8 1.2 .4	464 646 535 919 196 32 711
	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations. Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment Motorized and other vehicles (including parts) Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Moste and scrap	All commodities	Number (million dollars) Percent	Number (million dollars)	Number (million dollars)	Number (million dollars)	Number (million dollars)

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTC code description and made of transportation	Value		Tor	ns	Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0	464
Single modes	101 239	71.2	89 226	98.2	11 900	91.1	198
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	91 802 45 660 45 080	64.5 32.1 31.7	83 113 20 897 57 875	91.5 23.0 63.7	8 269 5 389 2 690	63.3 41.3 20.6	128 471 42
Rail	260	.2	s	s	s	s	947
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	S S - S	59 7 - 62
Air (includes truck and air)	8 612 S	6.1 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	1 369 S
Multiple modes	36 764	25.8	858	.9	858	6.6	763
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	36 127 S 165 - -	25.4 S .1 -	686 81 91 - -	.8 - .1 - -	568 216 74 - -	4.4 1.7 .6 -	763 1 918 S -
Other and unknown modes	4 219	3.0	782	.9	305	2.3	s
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	-	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water	-	_	-	_	-	- -	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_	- - -	=	_ _ _	-	_ -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	-	-	-	_	- S	_ S	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	_ _	-	-
Truck and water	_	-	-	-	- -	-	-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	2
Single modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	-	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- -	_ _ _
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft	-	-	- -	- - -	- - S	- - S	_ _ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	ie	То	ns	Ton-r	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	43
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	43
Truck ¹	s	s	S	s	S	S	.43
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	110 42
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_		_ _	_ _	_ _	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	S	S	S	S	1 639 S
Pipeline ²	s	s	s	s	s	s	360
Multiple modes							
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	360
Truck and water Rail and water		-	_	_ _	_	_	=
Other multiple modes	s	s	- s	s s	-	-	7
Other and unknown modes	5	5	5	5	S	S	,
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S S
Private truck	S	S	S	S S	S	S	S
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	- -	-	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-		_	_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	_ _	_ _ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	164	34.5	70	4.8	128	57.0	1 835
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	77 86	16.3 18.2	36 34	2.4 2.4	118 10	52.7 4.3	3 208 280
Rail and water	_	_	Ξ	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	4 050	100.0	1 284	100.0	457	100.0	165
Single modes	3 974	98.1	1 263	98.4	432	94.6	164
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	3 931 1 460	97.1 36.0	1 259 407	98.0 31.7	426 355	93.3 77.6	151 666
Private truck	2 002	49.4	730	56.8	58	12.6	67
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	3 307
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	58 -
Great Lakes	S	s	Š	s	s	S	58
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S _	S -	S S	S S	1 227 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 251
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	1 190 3 328
Truck and vater Rail and water	S -	S S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	282 -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	48	1.2	15	1.1	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2072	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	2 164	100.0	1 538	100.0	240	100.0	109
Single modes	2 128	98.4	1 525	99.2	237	98.5	s
Truck ¹	2 128	98.4	1 525	99.2	237	98.5	S
For-hire truck	S 1 601	74.0	S S	S S	S 69	S 28.8	369 32
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Deep draft	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	_	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	678
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	678
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	38
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS							
Total	4 398	100.0	4 771	100.0	680	100.0	93
Single modes	4 331	98.5	4 734	99.2	674	99.1	61
	4 316	98.1	4 725	99.0	665	97.8	61
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	621 3 430	14.1 78.0	4 723 496 4 203	10.4 88.1	310 351	45.6 51.6	595 48
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	1 057
Water	S	S -	s -	S	S	S -	297
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ S	- S	- S	- S	- S	_ S	_ 297
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
Truck and rail		-	_	_	-		=
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	-	_	-	-	- -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	2 156	100.0	1 415	100.0	50	100.0	26
Single modes	2 120	98.3	1 411	99.7	47	94.0	25
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 120 S 2 097	98.3 S 97.3	1 411 S 1 406	99.7 S 99.4	47 S 46	94.0 S 93.1	25 82 25
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	-	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	271
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	271 —
Other multiple modes		- 1		_		_	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Val	lue	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	1 382	100.0	65	100.0	3	100.0	45
Single modes	1 362	98.5	64	99.4	3	100.0	46
Truck ¹	1 362	98.5	64	99.4	3	100.0	46
For-hire truck Private truck	1 356	98.1	S 64	99.1	S 3	99.6	48 46
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	- -	- -	_ _	- -	_ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_ _	-	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_ 	_	=				=
Other multiple modes	_	=	=	_	_	_	=
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	3
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	55
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	55
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S 14 S	S 93.1 S	S 69 S	S 52.5 S	S S S	S S S	55 105 S
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Water	_	-	-	_ _	_	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	_ _ _	=	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		=	Ξ	=	S	s	_ S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier			_ _				_ _
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _	-	_ _	_ _	_ _		_ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	48	100.0	8 482	100.0	142	100.0	14
Single modes	48	100.0	8 482	100.0	142	100.0	14
Truck ¹	48	100.0	8 482	100.0	142	100.0	14
For-hire truck Private truck	S 38	S 79.2	S 6 185	72.9	S 85	S 59.9	32 12
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	_ _	- -	- -	_ _		_ _	- -
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	- -	-	-	_ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_ _	=	_ _	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		_ _	_ _	_ _		_	_ _
Truck and water	_ _	- -	=	_ _		_ _	_ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Outer and unknown modes	- 1	_	-	-	-	- 1	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Toi	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	136	100.0	18 531	100.0	292	100.0	12
Single modes	136	99.8	18 515	99.9	290	99.3	11
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	135 41 79	98.8 30.0 58.2	18 254 5 288 10 637	98.5 28.5 57.4	289 116 112	98.9 39.7 38.4	11 17 9
Rail	S	s	s	S	S	s	5
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_	_ _	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	259
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	S - S	\$ - \$ -	S - S -	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	S - S -	323
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	3
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	207	100.0	394	100.0	92	100.0	s
Single modes	196	94.5	384	97.4	92	99.8	316
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	196 131 S	94.5 63.5 S	384 64 320	97.4 16.3 81.1	92 79 S	99.8 85.8 S	316 966 82
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	_	_ _	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	196
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - -	196 - - -
Other multiple modes	s s	- s	- s	s	- S	- s	-
Other and unknown modes	5	5	5	5	5	5	'
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES			_		_	_	
Total	S	S	S	S	s	S	s
Single modes Truck ¹ For-hire truck	S S -	S S	s s -	s S	s S	s S -	129 -
Private truck	S	S	S	S	S	S	129
Rail	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	848 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	163
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and vater Truck and water Rail and water	S	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - -	163 - - -
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s l	s	s	S	l s	94

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

OOTO and a deposition of the Committee	Value	•	Tor	ns	Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	14
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26
Truck ¹	s	S	s	S	S	s	26
For-hire truck Private truck	S	S	S	S	s	S	26
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_ _	-	-	_	_ _	_ _	_ _
Rail and water		-			-	- -	- -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	1 928	100.0	6 923	100.0	236	100.0	25
Single modes	1 928	100.0	6 923	100.0	236	100.0	25
Truck ¹	1 532 S 1 532	79.5 S 79.5	5 255 S 5 254	75.9 S 75.9	156 S 155	65.9 S 65.8	25 254 25
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	- S	s	s	- S	Š	- S	- S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	=	-	=		Ξ
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	778	100.0	s	s	s	s	73
Single modes	778	100.0	s	s	s	s	73
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S S	73 71 73
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	-	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	_ _	_ _	_ _
Truck and water Rail and water		- -	-		<u>-</u> -	_ _	_ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	=	=	-
Other and unknown modes	ı – l	- l	-1	-	-	-	-

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Toi	ns	Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	202	100.0	6 470	100.0	58	100.0	s
Single modes	197	97.3	6 408	99.0	58	99.2	s
Truck¹	197 88 109	97.3 43.4 53.9	6 408 4 544 1 864	99.0 70.2 28.8	58 29 S	99.2 49.0 S	S S 20
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	SS	s s	995 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	784	100.0	371	100.0	130	100.0	s
Single modes	614	78.2	344	92.8	119	91.3	158
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	574 365 200	73.1 46.6 25.5	344 S 129	92.8 S 34.7	119 S 6	91.3 S 4.9	S 595 26
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	2 658 S
Multiple modes	74	9.4	s	s	s	s	948
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	62 S - -	7.9 S - -	2 S - - -	.5 S - -	S S - -	S S	954 S - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	733
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	12 975	100.0	212	100.0	85	100.0	437
Single modes	7 327	56.5	s	s	46	54.2	423
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	6 713 S 1 043	51.7 S 8.0	S S 30	S S 13.9	32 30 2	37.6 35.5 2.1	166 175 66
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	614	4.7	10 -	4.7	14 S	16.6 S	1 446 S
Multiple modes	s	s	65	30.7	30	34.9	453
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S - -	65 - - -	30.7 - - -	30 - -	34.9 - - -	453 _ _ _
Other multiple modes	_	=	=	=	=	=	Ξ
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	S	l s	909

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2072	Value		Ton	s	Ton-n	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	325
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	199
Truck ¹	s	s	s	S	s	ş	199
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	SSS	S S	SS	S S	S S	1 206
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	576
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	576
Truck and rail Truck and water	-	_	-	- -	-	-	-
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	-	_	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	3 543	100.0	1 096	100.0	397	100.0	346
Single modes	3 288	92.8	1 063	97.1	386	97.3	335
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 216 1 817 1 389	90.8 51.3 39.2	1 051 545 502	96.0 49.8 45.8	369 318 S	92.9 80.2 S	327 670 57
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 362
Water	s	s	s	S	s	S S	7
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	7 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	872 S
Multiple modes	193	5.5	17	1.6	7	1.8	471
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	186	5.3	15	1.4	6	1.6	471
Truck and rail	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	305 105
Rail and water	=	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	61	1.7	s	s	4	.9	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	6 765	100.0	2 036	100.0	995	100.0	324
Single modes	5 509	81.4	1 797	88.3	876	88.0	216
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	5 364 3 213 2 139	79.3 47.5 31.6	1 686 1 050 634	82.8 51.6 31.1	832 751 81	83.6 75.4 8.1	199 616 77
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 027
Water	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_	=	-	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	70	1.0	3 -	.2	2 S	.3 S	1 326 S
Multiple modes	985	14.6	106	5.2	95	9.5	486
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	942	13.9	S	S	S	S	484
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	42 S - -	.6 S - -	27 S -	1.3 S -	56 S - -	5.6 S - -	1 923 8 061 —
	271	4.0	s	s	25	2.5	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-r	niles	_
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	86
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	86
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	s s s	S S S	86 77 88
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²			_	_	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	s	s	1
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	1 854	100.0	1 808	100.0	227	100.0	76
Single modes	1 825	98.4	1 793	99.2	226	99.6	69
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 809 310 1 466	97.6 16.7 79.0	1 778 347 1 161	98.3 19.2 64.2	172 46 80	76.0 20.5 35.3	68 168 59
Rail	S	s	s	S	s	s	3 106
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	1 342 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	306
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S	- -	-	311
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S	S -	S -	S -	168
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	s	10	.6	S	S	48
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	2 874	100.0	1 571	100.0	847	100.0	179
Single modes	2 781	96.8	1 520	96.8	804	94.8	145
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 755 1 857 899	95.9 64.6 31.3	1 509 844 664	96.0 53.7 42.3	765 640 125	90.3 75.5 14.7	141 769 52
Rail	S	s	S	S	s	s	3 284
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S	S _	S _	s -	S S	- S S	972 S
Multiple modes	24	.8	6	.4	s	s	517
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	22	.8	5	.3 S	S	S	514
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	3 444 - - -
Other and unknown modes	69	2.4	44	2.8	s	s	621

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	Value		Tons	•	Ton-mile	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	2 718	100.0	1 139	100.0	s	s	378
Single modes	2 477	91.1	1 111	97.5	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 292 1 003 1 290	84.3 36.9 47.4	1 033 420 614	90.7 36.9 53.9	239 198 41	52.2 43.4 8.9	S 828 45
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	1 438 S
Multiple modes	228	8.4	17	1.5	12	2.6	900
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	228 - - -	8.4 - - -	17 - - -	1.5 - - -	12 - - -	2.6 - - -	900
Other multiple modes	13	.5	11	1.0	s	- S	- s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS	13	.5	"	1.0		3	3
Total	7 982	100.0	1 990	100.0	325	100.0	451
Single modes	4 189	52.5	1 847	92.8	233	71.7	431 S
Truck ¹	4 013	50.3	1 842	92.5	226	69.7	S
For-hire truck Private truck	1 442 2 563	18.1 32.1	572 1 269	28.7 63.8	181 46	55.6 14.1	337 12
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S _	5	.3	S	SS	1 268 S
Multiple modes	2 868	35.9	95	4.8	89	27.2	709
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	2 868	35.9	95	4.8	89	27.2	709
Truck and water Rail and water	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	=	-	=	_	=	-	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	48	2.4	s	s	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	7 122	100.0	606	100.0	537	100.0	1 063
Single modes	5 295	74.4	513	84.7	417	77.7	1 007
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	5 185 4 097 1 035	72.8 57.5 14.5	510 361 139	84.3 59.6 23.0	412 310 88	76.8 57.8 16.4	899 1 041 528
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)	111	1.6	3 -	.5	5 S	.9 S	1 660 S
Multiple modes	1 685	23.7	71	11.8	110	20.6	1 095
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 665 - 20	23.4	48 - 23	8.0 _ 3.8	50 - S	9.2 - S	1 094 - 3 204
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	.5 - -	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	5 20 4 -
Other and unknown modes	141	2.0	21	3.5	s	s	s

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To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, se	Value		To		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	1 324	100.0	12 372	100.0	495	100.0	355
Single modes	1 123	84.8	12 309	99.5	446	90.1	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 112 320 792	84.0 24.1 59.8	12 295 1 722 10 573	99.4 13.9 85.5	434 167 267	87.6 33.6 54.0	S 291 26
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	1 068
Water	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S _	S -	S -	SS	s s	1 195 S
Multiple modes	122	9.3	S	s	2	.5	856
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	108	8.1	5 -	_ _	2 -	.5	857
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	20
Other multiple modes	70	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	78	5.9	50	.4	47	9.4	S
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	3 264	100.0	s	s	s	s	250
Single modes	2 835	86.9	s	s	s	s	157
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 711 1 494 1 209	83.1 45.8 37.1	2 118 998 1 109	41.5 19.6 21.7	S 476 75	S 13.1 2.1	154 525 56
Rail	s	s	S	s	S	s	1 002
Water	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		- - -	_ _ _	- - -	=======================================	- - -	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	s s	1 086 S
Multiple modes	326	10.0	s	s	s	s	515
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	326	10.0	S -	S -	S -	S .	515 —
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_ _	-	_	_ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	103	3.2	130	2.6	39	1.1	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	2 856	100.0	489	100.0	158	100.0	203
Single modes	1 817	63.6	425	86.9	121	76.4	166
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 786 847 940	62.5 29.6 32.9	424 150 274	86.6 30.7 55.9	118 83 35	74.5 52.2 22.3	146 758 66
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft	_	-	<u>-</u>	_ _	-	_ _	=
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	= =	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	31	1.1	2 -	.3	3 S	2.0 S	1 370 S
Multiple modes	930	32.6	29	5.9	16	9.8	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	930	32.6	29 -	5.9 -	16 -	9.8	S -
Truck and water		- -	_ _	_ _	- -	-	- -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	108	3.8	35	7.1	s	l s	41

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipmen	
SCTG 34, MACHINERY								
Total	6 049	100.0	357	100.0	210	100.0	319	
Single modes	4 631	76.6	314	88.1	191	91.1	210	
Truck ¹	4 304 3 144	71.2 52.0	310 208	86.9 58.4	186 162	88.7 77.3	157 644	
Private truck	1 161	19.2	101	28.5	24	11.4	39	
Rail	S	s	S	S	S	S	1 054	
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	-	_ _	_ _	_ _	- -	_ _	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	- -	=	- -	- -	- -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	327	5.4 -	4 -	1.3	5 S	2.4 S	1 364 S	
Multiple modes	1 157	19.1	22	6.1	13	6.4	427	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 157	19.1	22	6.1	13	6.4	427	
Truck and rail	_	-	_			=	=	
Rail and water	_		_	- -		- -	_	
Other and unknown modes	261	4.3	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT								
Total	33 346	100.0	835	100.0	617	100.0	699	
Single modes	19 716	59.1	704	84.3	490	79.5	363	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	14 619 7 730 6 715	43.8 23.2 20.1	662 282 350	79.4 33.7 42.0	450 257 181	73.0 41.8 29.4	217 854 57	
Rail	s	s	S	s	S	s	1 325	
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Geat Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	5 097	15.3	41	4.9	40 S	6.5 S	1 275 S	
Multiple modes	12 364	37.1	80	9.6	72	11.6	967	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	12 364	37.1	80	9.6	72	11.6	967	
Truck and rail	_	_	_ _			_	_ _	
Rail and water	_	_	_ _			_	_ _	
Other and unknown modes	1 266	3.8	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)								
Total	2 380	100.0	s	s	63	100.0	s	
Single modes	1 828	76.8	s	s	S	s	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 813 572 1 241	76.2 24.0 52.2	SSS	S S S	S S S	S S S	S 823 S	
Rail	S	S	s	s	S	s	1 230	
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	13	.5	=	.1_	_ S	.6 S	853 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	13	2.9	5	8.5	327	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	13	2.9	5	8.5	327	
Truck and water Pail and water	=	-	-	_ _		-	_ _	
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	_	_ _	=	- -	-	
Other and unknown modes	100	4.2	12	2.8	_	.4	12	

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SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		_	
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	737	100.0	7	100.0	6	100.0	464	
Single modes	445	60.4	6	90.0	5	95.0	437	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	404 99 305	54.8 13.4 41.4	6 5 1	88.0 79.7 8.3	5 5 -	93.1 92.2 .9	S 984 S	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	s -	S -	S -	s -	_ S	1.9 S	1 744 S	
Multiple modes	290	39.4	-	6.0	s	s	492	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	290 - - - -	39.4 - - - -	- - - -	6.0	S - - - -	S - - - -	492 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	9 752	100.0	87	100.0	49	100.0	646	
Single modes	5 258	53.9	58	66.2	29	60.0	708	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 670 2 881 789	37.6 29.5 8.1	53 31 S	61.0 36.0 S	24 21 S	48.2 43.4 S	394 692 140	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	\$ - - s	S - - S	86 - - 86	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	4 _	5.0	6 S	11.8 S	1 341 S	
Multiple modes	4 229	43.4	26	29.6	15	30.5	636	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	4 229 - - - - -	43.4 - - - -	26 - - - -	29.6 - - - -	15 - - - -	30.5 - - - -	636 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	265	2.7	4	4.2	s	s	543	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS								
Total	1 131	100.0	256	100.0	100	100.0	535	
Single modes	1 054	93.2	239	93.6	93	93.1	322	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 051 657 394	92.9 58.0 34.9	239 139 100	93.5 54.4 39.1	93 77 15	92.6 77.6 15.0	318 601 87	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S _	S _	S S	S S	2 404 S	
Multiple modes	59	5.2	s	s	6	6.1	1 052	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	49 S S	4.3 S S	4 S S	1.4 S S -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	1 061 3 274 53 -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	12 540	100.0	1 163	100.0	494	100.0	919
Single modes	7 646	61.0	1 040	89.5	354	71.6	409
Truck ¹	7 453	59.4	1 032	88.8	344	69.6	368
For-hire truck Private truck	4 758 2 694	37.9 21.5	402 S	34.6 S	280 S	56.8 S	824 S
Rail	S	s	S	S	s	s	1 045
Water Shallow draft	_	-	_	-	-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Air (includes truck and air)	190	1.5	S	S	S	S S	1 520 S
Multiple modes	4 680	37.3	105	9.0	122	24.7	1 057
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	4 356	34.7	99	8.5	108	21.8	1 057
Truck and rail	S -	S	Š	S S	s -	S	2 540
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	_	_ _	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	215	1.7	s	s	s	s	162
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	350	100.0	s	s	159	100.0	196
Single modes	309	88.2	s	s	155	97.5	150
Truck¹	305 S	87.0 S	S	SSS	128 102	80.7 64.5	143 361
Private truck	S	S	S		S	S	53
Rail	S	S	S	S	27	16.9	990
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes		-	=	- - -	-	-	_
Deep draft	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 004 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	316
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	316
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	429
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	1 938	100.0	932	100.0	49	100.0	32
Single modes	1 921	99.1	930	99.7	49	99.9	32
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 921 S 1 881	99.1 S 97.0	930 S 914	99.7 S 98.0	49 S S	99.9 S S	32 155 32
Rail	- 1 001	97.0	914	96.0	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes		=	=	=	=	=	=
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	-	-	_ _	S	S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	228
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	S	s	228
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-	-	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	5

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	711
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S 741 S
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	<u>-</u>		=		- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	3	.7	2	3.8	1 240
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	3 - - - -	.7 - - - -	2	3.8 - - - -	1 240 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 594

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

to expandion of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see many	•	Value			Ton-miles	
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Total	142 223	100.0	90 866	100.0	13 063	100.0
NEW ENGLAND STATES						
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	5 474 2 428 51 836 3 918 2 992 1 241	3.8 1.7 36.4 2.8 2.1	4 583 775 66 125 4 172 2 279 777	5.0 .9 72.8 4.6 2.5 .9	402 135 1 488 214 113 104	3.1 1.0 11.4 1.6 .9
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES						
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	4 301 14 136 3 882	3.0 9.9 2.7	897 2 144 999	1.0 2.4 1.1	212 506 368	1.6 3.9 2.8
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	3 552 1 704 2 024 2 869 1 101	2.5 1.2 1.4 2.0 .8	416 S 316 525 119	.5 S 3 .6 .1	421 S 215 371 138	3.2 S 1.6 2.8 1.1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	451 361 956 935 196 108 S	.3 .3 .7 .7 .1 .1 .5	62 26 147 103 21 6 S	- .2 .1 - - S	79 39 208 130 30 10 S	.6 .3 1.6 1.0 .2 - S
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES						
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	233 S 3 226 2 435 1 656 2 440 900 2 556 130	2 \$ 2.3 1.7 1.2 1.7 .6 1.8	26 S 204 231 292 265 98 759	- 9.2.3.3.3.3.1.8	9 S 279 256 118 217 91 377 13	- S 2.1 2.0 .9 1.7 .7 2.9 .1
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Alabama. Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	\$ 593 430 1 731	S .4 .3 1.2	52 66 38 135	- - - .1	62 63 52 146	.5 .5 .4 1.1
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	629 344 530 4 450	.4 .2 .4 3.1	65 21 20 326	- - - .4	96 34 32 636	.7 .3 .2 4.9
MOUNTAIN STATES						
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	1 335 857 207 49 251 106 260 59	.9 .6 .1 - .2 - .2	44 60 7 3 19 4 22 5	- - - - - -	115 120 20 7 53 10 52	.9 .9 .2 .4 .4
PACIFIC STATES						
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	33 8 354 121 661 1 179	5.9 - .5 .8	1 502 S 39 77	6 S	3 1 523 S 129 236	11.7 S 1.0 1.8

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Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[ror explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see into	,	lue		ons	Ton-miles	
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Total	138 935	100.0	104 611	100.0	25 243	100.0
NEW ENGLAND STATES						
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	4 826 2 204 51 836 6 358 2 921 1 611	3.5 1.6 37.3 4.6 2.1 1.2	2 289 1 297 66 125 6 517 3 473 902	2.2 1.2 63.2 6.2 3.3 .9	222 262 1 488 500 160 199	.9 1.0 5.9 2.0 .6 .8
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES						
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	8 112 7 078 5 485	5.8 5.1 3.9	2 549 4 521 2 323	2.4 4.3 2.2	624 931 891	2.5 3.7 3.5
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	3 040 1 281 2 598 3 393 2 022	2.2 .9 1.9 2.4 1.5	926 701 477 1 398 629	.9 .7 .5 1.3 .6	1 023 717 338 1 038 702	4.1 2.8 1.3 4.1 2.8
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	604 384 1 687 967 491 27 85	.4 .3 1.2 .7 .4 -	371 117 240 393 100 41 19	.4 .1 .2 .4 .1 	472 182 345 495 153 71 33	1.9 .7 1.4 2.0 .6 .3 .1
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES						
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	464 S 1 614 2 087 1 174 3 566 922 1 560 482	.3 S 1.2 1.5 8 2.6 .7 1.1	138 S 456 609 525 859 437 606 S	.1 S .4 .6 .5 .8 .4 .4 .6 .5	52 S 637 702 224 690 401 357 S	.2 S 2.5 2.8 9 2.7 1.6 1.4 S
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Alabama . Kentucky	512 995 226 1 346	.4 .7 .2 1.0	247 254 148 333	.2 .2 .1 .3	317 250 224 371	1.3 1.0 .9 1.5
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	419 371 472 3 007	.3 .3 .3 2.2	142 315 91 S	.1 .3 - S	219 546 156 S	.9 2.2 .6 S
MOUNTAIN STATES						
Arizona Colorado Idaho. Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	1 205 680 403 S 181 149 453 9	.9 .5 .3 S .1 .1 .3	15 465 159 S 16 S 10 S	4 .2 S - S - S	39 961 441 \$ 44 \$ 23 \$.2 3.8 1.7 S 2 2 S - S
PACIFIC STATES						
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 8 415 6 439 700	S 6.1 - .3 .5	S 890 S 236 203	S .9 .2 .2	\$ 2 726 \$ 771 620	S 10.8 S 3.1 2.5

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Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodinina	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ıe	To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	5.6	-	7.2	-	22.2	-	6.7
Single modes	4.6	1.6	7.3	.2	24.2	1.4	9.1
Truck	4.4 6.1 5.5	2.1 1.6 1.4	5.4 9.6 10.1	2.7 2.8 5.2	5.5 6.5 11.5	8.0 5.6 3.7	6.5 13.3 3.8
Rail	40.8	-	s	s	s	S	33.8
Water Shallow draft	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	28.3 31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	S	48.9
Air (includes truck and air)	22.1 S	1.1 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	3.6 S
Multiple modes	11.0	1.6	9.3	.1	13.2	1.3	7.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.8 S 25.1 –	1.5 S - - -	9.5 35.0 29.0 – –	- - - - -	14.9 36.0 46.0 —	1.1 .6 .4 	7.6 19.6 S - -
Other and unknown modes	18.2	.5	8.7	_	24.2	1.1	s

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment
Mode of transportation	Coefficient o	f variation of ober	Standard error of		of variation of Imber			Coeffic varia		Standard error of		
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change
All modes	5.6	2.1	7.6	7.2	11.0	16.4	22.2	5.8	31.9	6.7	6.4	10.1
Single modes	4.6	3.3	6.7	7.3	10.6	16.3	24.2	6.1	34.4	9.1	9.3	11.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	4.4 6.1 5.5	3.1 5.9 5.8	6.1 8.5 10.4	5.4 9.6 10.1	10.7 13.6 12.8	14.2 14.6 20.5	5.5 6.5 11.5	5.9 7.4 15.9	8.0 9.2 20.9	6.5 13.3 3.8	7.7 8.7 9.1	8.0 12.9 8.3
Rail	40.8	41.1	40.2	S	33.8	s	s	34.3	S	33.8	35.9	96.9
Water	S S	41.0 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	\$ \$	S S	S S	28.3 31.6	S 31.6	96.2
Deep draft	S	S	S	S	46.9	S	S	S	S	48.9	34.0	1.4
Air (includes truck and air)	22.1 S	16.1	57.9 S	S	13.2 -	S S	S S	12.5 S	S	3.6 S	2.8 S	4.3 S
Multiple modes	11.0	5.4	20.9	9.3	8.9	19.7	13.2	6.6	31.7	7.6	9.6	15.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	10.8 S 25.1 —	5.3 40.7 S - -	20.3 S S -	9.5 35.0 29.0 – –	9.1 31.7 S - -	16.8 249.0 S -	14.9 36.0 46.0 —	4.9 39.2 49.8 —	25.2 265.8 S -	7.6 19.6 S -	9.6 19.7 S –	15.9 21.0 S -
Other and unknown modes	18.2	14.9	19.0	8.7	41.2	17.6	24.2	16.4	25.1	s	20.5	s

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Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Made of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
Mode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Single modes	1.6	1.3	.2	.6	1.4	.8	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	2.1 1.6 1.4	1.2 1.9 1.8	2.7 2.8 5.2	.6 3.0 2.8	8.0 5.6 3.7	1.0 3.2 3.3	
Rail	-	.1	s	.3	s	.9	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	- S - S	\$ 5 - \$	S S	\$ \$ \$	S S - S	
Air (includes truck and air)	1.1 S	.6 —	S S		S S	- S	
Multiple modes	1.6	1.1	.1	.1	1.3	.3	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	1.5 S - - -	1.1 S - -	- - - - -	.1 S -	1.1 .6 .4 - -	.3 .2 - -	
Other and unknown modes	.5	.7	_	.7	1.1	.7	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	niles		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Total	22.2	-	6.3	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	5.5 S S - 47.8	8.0 S S -	6.0 21.1 26.9 - S	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	S 14.9 S 24.2	S 1.1 S 1.1	3.7 7.6 S S	

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Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

to explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-r	niles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
All modes	5.6	-	7.2	-	22.2	-
Less than 50 miles	5.7 11.7 13.9 10.1 9.2	1.7 .8 1.4 .4 .5	9.1 20.5 17.8 19.4 11.1	3.3 2.6 .7 .6 .2	8.2 22.8 11.4 19.9 10.8	1.4 2.0 1.0 2.1 .9
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	8.4 10.6 16.5 11.6	.4 .7 .5 .8	\$ 9.2 9.6 16.4	S - - .1	\$ 9.3 9.9 15.5	\$ 1.2 .9 3.1
Single modes	4.6	-	7.3	-	24.2	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	6.2 12.4 14.1 11.1 14.0	1.7 1.0 1.6 .6 .7	9.1 20.8 18.8 20.3 11.4	3.3 2.6 .7 .6 .2	8.3 23.2 11.8 20.8 11.2	1.7 2.2 1.1 2.4 1.0
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	10.1 15.8 15.1 12.3	.7 .9 .4 .9	S 10.1 13.2 19.8	S - - .1	S 10.0 13.6 19.2	\$ 1.3 .8 3.2
Truck	4.4	-	5.4	-	5.5	-
Less than 50 miles	6.1 13.2 15.7 8.9 9.2	2.0 1.0 1.7 .5 .4	8.7 23.2 7.2 20.4 11.4	3.3 2.7 .4 .6 .2	8.2 25.8 7.3 20.9 11.1	1.2 2.1 .8 2.0 .8
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	9.7 15.9 16.7 7.7	.6 .9 .4 .5	8.6 10.2 13.1 13.2	.1 - - -	8.6 10.2 13.4 13.0	1.1 1.0 .7 2.0
For-hire truck	6.1	-	9.6	-	6.5	-
Less than 50 miles	11.8 30.8 18.8 10.9 9.9	1.9 1.9 2.4 1.0 .9	14.7 12.8 8.5 20.9 13.7	4.5 .9 1.0 1.8 .9	22.3 14.3 9.0 21.5 13.3	.8 .4 .7 2.1 1.1
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	8.9 18.3 16.3 7.5	1.1 1.8 .7 .8	7.2 9.9 14.1 13.3	.5 .4 .2 .3	6.9 9.8 14.5 13.2	1.2 1.6 .8 2.8
Private truck	5.5	-	10.1	-	11.5	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	7.4 10.2 12.3 16.2 18.4	2.0 1.1 .9 .4 .3	13.3 28.1 12.8 49.8 23.6	4.1 3.4 .7 .5 .2	11.7 31.4 12.5 S 23.6	5.2 4.4 2.0 S 1.1
750 to 999 miles. 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more.	30.1 32.1 31.9 26.4	.4 .5 .2 .2	26.3 29.4 33.2 33.8	.1 _ _	26.7 28.6 33.0 33.7	1.2 1.5 .9 1.9
Rail	40.8	-	s	S	s	S
Less than 50 miles	88888	88888	<i>\$</i> \$	88888	55555	<i>\$</i> \$
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	<i>SSS</i>	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5000	5555
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	8 8 8 I I	\$ \$ - -	S S S	\$ \$ - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	S - - -	\$ - - -	S - - -	S - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - -	_ _ _	= = =	_ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbol	T	l			T	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Ton-i Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	_	_ _	_ _	= =	-	-
250 to 499 miles			=	=	_	
500 to 749 miles	_	=	=	=	-	=
750 to 999 miles	_	_		_ _	_	_
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	-	_ _	_	-	-
2,000 miles or more	_	_		_	-	_
Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	S
Less than 50 miles	S	S S	S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S
100 to 249 miles	S	S	S	S -	S	S
500 to 749 miles	_	=	=	=	_	=
750 to 999 miles	_	-	-	-	_	-
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles			_ _	_ _	_	_
2,000 miles or more	_	-	-	_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	22.1	-	s	S	s	S
Less than 50 miles	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- S
50 to 99 miles	33.1	2.7	38.7	3.0	35.1	1.0
250 to 499 miles	S	S S	S 41.6	S 5.6	\$ 44.3	S 5.1
750 to 999 miles	20.1	2.5	14.3	3.1	14.4	3.2
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	27.5 39.7	2.2 2.2	27.8 21.6	4.5 2.8	28.5 22.5	6.0 4.0
2,000 miles or more	25.7	4.3	S S	S S	\$ S	Š
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	s	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S S	S	\$ \$ \$	S S	S S
250 to 499 miles	_	=	=	=	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_		
750 to 999 miles		_		=	S S	S S
1,500 to 1,999 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	S S	\$ \$ \$
Multiple modes	11.0	_	9.3	_	13.2	_
Less than 50 miles	11.1	1.5	18.6	2.7	27.2	2
50 to 99 miles	17.5	.9	17.3	1.6	17.5	.2 .3 .7 .6
100 to 249 miles	16.2 14.3	1.4 .5	14.1 14.5	1.7 .6	14.6 14.1	.6
500 to 749 miles	8.2	.7	14.6	.5	14.9	.8
750 to 999 miles	17.1 21.0	1.4 1.3	12.6 7.0	1.0 1.2	12.5 6.9	1.0
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	18.4 16.9	.5 1.5	13.4 21.4	.4 3.3	13.4 21.2	2.2 1.5 5.4
		1.5		3.3		5.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.8	_	9.5	-	14.9	-
Less than 50 miles	11.2 17.6	1.6	19.6 18.6	3.4 1.6	19.1 18.8	.2
100 to 249 miles	16.9 14.3	1.5	18.3 14.5	1.6	18.6 14.1	.6 .6
500 to 749 miles	8.2	.5 .7	14.6	.6 .7	14.9	1.1
750 to 999 miles	16.0	1.4	13.1	1.0	12.6	1.2
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	21.0 18.6	1.3 .6	9.3 14.7	1.3 .5	9.1 15.1	2.4 1.5
2,000 miles or more	17.8	1.6	32.4	3.3	32.6	5.4
Truck and rail	s	s	35.0	-	36.0	-
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	s	S
50 to 99 miles	S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S
250 to 499 miles	=		=		-	=
			40.0		- 10.1	-
750 to 999 miles	S -	S -	46.2	4.7	46.1 _	2.7
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	46.8 S	11.5 S	39.5 39.1	10.9 11.2	40.1 39.2	11.7 12.5
Truck and water	25.1	-	29.0	-	46.0	-
Less than 50 miles	25.1 S					_
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S S	S
100 to 249 miles	32.5	12.3	31.4	10.9	31.1	12.2
500 to 749 miles	_	-	=	-	-	-
750 to 999 miles		_		_ S	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S -	S -	S -	S - S	S -	S -
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	s	S

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

Made of house solution and distance ships of	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	miles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Multiple modes—Con.						
Rail and water	-	-	_	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
500 to 749 miles	_	-	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Other and unknown modes	18.2	-	8.7	_	24.2	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	19.4 19.0 26.7 25.7 42.8	5.1 .6 2.5 .9 1.1	19.7 22.0 29.9 25.6 36.1	7.9 1.3 4.6 .8 1.1	16.2 20.7 31.0 28.9 35.7	1.5 .5 3.2 2.0 1.3
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	37.3 30.2 S 43.6	.5 1.7 S 1.7	20.8 31.6 S 35.4	.6 3.1 S 1.1	19.8 33.0 S 35.1	3.0 6.8 S 4.7

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	5.6	_	7.2	-	22.2	-	6.7
Less than 50 lb	10.7 17.2 9.5 10.5 9.6	1.7 .8 1.3 .5	7.2 11.0 4.9 9.0 11.0	- .2 .1	6.6 13.2 7.5 9.3 36.5	.3 .1 .7 .3 1.0	8.1 11.4 8.6 11.9 15.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.1 7.0 25.3 23.6	.8 1.3 .5 .4	4.7 13.0 16.6 34.0	1.0 3.1 4.5 4.6	14.8 6.5 24.8 S	2.8 4.5 2.3 S	10.3 5.5 20.3 28.0
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	4.6 11.0 24.7 8.7 12.5 10.8	1.0 1.0 1.2 .6 .5	7.3 11.1 13.0 6.1 9.5 8.4	- - .2 .1	24.2 14.7 17.4 6.2 10.6 6.5	.1 .1 .4 .4	9.1 14.1 17.8 8.5 13.3 9.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.1 6.5 26.8 24.4	1.2 1.5 .7 .6	5.2 13.0 16.7 34.1	1.0 3.1 4.5 4.7	15.5 6.7 26.5 S	3.2 5.0 2.6 S	10.6 6.0 20.4 26.6
Truck	4.4	-	5.4	-	5.5	-	6.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	12.2 28.7 8.6 12.0 10.7	.8 1.0 1.2 .6 .3	12.0 13.2 6.2 9.0 8.5	- .2 - -	16.7 14.8 6.0 10.5 6.8	- .2 .2 .1	9.3 14.8 8.7 14.7 9.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.1 6.5 26.8 31.4	1.1 1.6 .8 .6	5.1 13.0 16.7 30.2	.9 3.7 4.5 3.6	10.1 6.6 26.8 25.2	1.9 1.7 2.4 1.2	7.8 5.9 20.4 S
For-hire truck	6.1	-	9.6	-	6.5	-	13.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	27.8 S 13.5 10.8 18.2	2.0 S 1.9 .3 .5	46.3 S 16.9 12.0 7.7	- S .2 - .1	22.4 23.1 6.3 11.2 10.0	- .3 .3 .2	27.9 24.2 11.4 7.9 7.3
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.8 10.1 26.3 S	2.1 2.8 .3 S	7.7 12.2 15.6 S	1.3 2.4 4.0 S	11.1 7.6 15.0 S	2.3 1.4 .8 S	6.4 9.8 27.2 30.5
Private truck	5.5	-	10.1	-	11.5	-	3.8
Less than 50 lb	7.4 10.0 13.7 22.8 11.0	.9 .4 1.6 1.2 .3	11.1 11.3 9.1 13.5 12.8	- .4 .2 .2	6.2 17.6 15.1 29.5 13.2	- .3 .3 .1	9.1 8.8 13.2 24.2 11.4
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8.6 5.8 29.7 42.1	2.5 1.2 1.3 1.1	5.6 18.2 19.8 27.1	1.8 4.5 4.6 1.7	10.6 14.6 33.1 31.2	2.3 4.8 4.8 1.6	9.7 22.7 22.8 44.7
Rail	40.8	_	S	S	S	S	33.8
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 749 lb 500 to 999 lb	8888	9999	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	8888 -	\$ \$ \$ \$	29.3 31.6 31.6 31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 41.9 \$ \$	\$ 16.2 \$ \$	\$ 35.3 \$ \$	\$ 15.6 \$ \$	S S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	30.8 24.1 29.8 S
Water	s	s	S	s	s	s	28.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- S - -	- S -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	31.6 - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S	88 -	S S -	S S - -	S S -	S S -	31.9 31.6 - -
Shallow draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Less than 50 lb	- - - -	-	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S	S	31.6 - - -

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_			-	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	=				=		= =
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	=	_ _ _	-	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Deep draft	s	s	s	s	s	s	48.9
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S -	S	S - -	S -	S - -	S -	31.6 - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S - -	S S -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	31.6 31.6 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	22.1	-	s	s	s	s	3.6
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	32.0 34.2 25.8 S	4.9 2.0 4.3 S S	20.4 28.2 40.5 S 31.8	5.4 2.7 3.8 S 1.6	20.3 28.9 17.0 S 42.2	6.2 2.7 6.7 S 1.1	4.0 5.3 16.5 18.7 37.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb	39.8	2.1	S	s	s	s	14.8
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	S - S	S - S	49.2 - S	2.7 - S	S - S	S - S	27.3 - 31.6
Pipeline	s	S	S	S	S	S	S
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - -	- - - -		- - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S S S
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	s		
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	_ _ S	- - S	- - S	- - S	S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$	8888
Multiple modes	11.0	-	9.3	-	13.2	_	7.6
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	12.8 15.6 14.2 27.3 30.5	3.0 1.1 2.0 .7 .3	9.3 11.5 20.6 27.3 41.6	3.1 .8 3.6 1.1 3.5	7.5 14.9 16.2 24.3 S	3.3 1.5 3.1 .8 S	7.9 8.8 8.8 21.3 22.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	32.2 S 47.2 43.7	- S .1	S 29.1 49.5 43.9	S 2.8 1.9 1.3	\$ 29.5 \$ \$	\$ 5.0 \$ \$	S 26.2 26.6 26.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.8	_	9.5	_	14.9	_	7.6
Less than 50 lb	12.8 15.6 14.2 27.3	2.8 1.2 2.0 .7	9.3 11.5 20.8 27.3	3.3 1.1 3.9 1.3	7.5 14.9 16.2 24.3	2.8 1.9 4.0 .8 S	7.9 8.8 8.7 21.3
750 to 999 lb	30.5 S	.3 S	41.7 38.9	3.8	S S	S	22.8 29.5
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more.	=	- - -	-	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Truck and rail	s	s	35.0	-	36.0	-	19.6
Less than 50 lb	- - - -	- - -		- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -
750 to 999 lb	S	s	S S	s s	S S 30.6	S S 10.3	31.6 38.9
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S S	888	32.5 S S	8.8 S S	30.6 S S	10.3 S S	13.4 26.0 25.8
Truck and water	25.1	_	29.0	-	46.0	_	S
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S - S - -	S - S	S - S -	S - S - -	S - S - -	S - S -	31.6 S - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 48.0 44.1 \$	S 13.8 9.1 S	\$ 40.1 45.0 48.4	\$ 13.3 6.4 7.1	\$ \$ 45.0 48.4	S S 5.2 7.7	30.0 46.4 25.8 25.8

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	-	=	-	-	-	_
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb.	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	18.2	-	8.7	-	24.2	_	s
Less than 50 lb	23.3	4.1	42.6	2.0	37.6	.2	s
50 to 99 lb	26.9	2.0	13.4	.1	23.5	ے. ا	20.0
100 to 499 lb	17.4	2.9	18.2	1.0	31.1	8	46.9
500 to 749 lb	l s	S S	41.2	.7	S	.8 S	25.7
750 to 999 lb	34.4	.5	36.1	.3	Š	š	26.2
1.000 to 9.999 lb	32.6	5.6	15.8	6.0	32.7	6.8	35.3
10,000 to 49,999 lb	25.4	3.3	18.6	4.9	28.1	6.0	24.1
50,000 to 99,999 lb	42.7	.3	10.0 S	4.3 S	41.7	2.2	S 24.1
100,000 lb or more	S 3	S S	S	S	43.3	1.2	32.0
					10.0		02.0

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Val	ne	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	5.6	-	7.2	-	22.2	-	6.7
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish . Cereal grains . Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations .	- S S S 14.0	- S S S S 4	- S S S 16.9	- 8883	- S S S 27.5	- S S S 1.2	31.6 22.6 S 34.0
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	29.3 9.6 17.7 20.8 S	.4 .2 .3 .2 S	40.7 20.8 16.4 19.3 S	.5 .9 .3 - S	44.5 10.8 41.5 24.1 S	.9 .9 .2 - S	49.9 20.1 11.5 11.6 31.3
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	21.4 17.3 20.2 S S	- - - 88	22.7 19.6 38.2 S	2.1 3.8 .2 S	31.6 19.2 26.5 S S	.3 .7 .2 S	17.1 8.0 S S S 31.6
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	28.5 45.3 28.4 18.8 39.1	.4 .3 - .1 3.0	28.7 S 28.3 32.7 43.0	1.9 S 2.4 .2 .1	39.6 S 36.5 43.9 30.3	.9 S .2 .6	40.0 26.5 S S 30.4
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products.	S 13.4 13.7 S 20.4	\$4 .5 \$3	S 19.7 21.3 S 13.4	S .3 .6 S	S 14.1 15.0 S 33.0	\$.8 2.0 \$.8	29.2 19.5 14.6 30.2 9.4
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textilles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	17.4 14.9 18.0 10.4 18.7	.3 .3 .8 .8 .2	18.0 19.8 13.6 11.2 27.6	.3 .2 .3 .1 3.0	26.0 S 17.3 13.0 17.1	2.2 S .5 .8	14.1 27.7 20.4 5.4 24.9
32 33 34 35 36	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	16.8 13.6 11.8 17.6 23.9	.4 .4 .6 3.1	S 13.1 16.4 15.3 S	S - - - .1 S	S 17.1 31.9 17.2 48.1	S .2 .6	19.0 38.8 20.1 13.0 S
37 38	Transportation equipment, n.e.c	33.9 12.4	.2	23.3 21.3		30.0 14.4	- -	36.1 19.1
39 40 41 43	Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	19.6 9.2 39.5 35.8 S	.2 .8 .1 .5 S	24.8 28.8 S 44.5	- .5 .9 .5 .9	22.9 18.2 36.2 49.8 S	.3 1.1 .5 .3 S	19.6 8.1 24.4 37.0 25.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

ror explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	5.6	_	7.2	_	22.2	_	6.7
Single modes	4.6	1.6	7.3	.2	24.2	1.4	9.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	4.4 6.1 5.5	2.1 1.6 1.4	5.4 9.6 10.1	2.7 2.8 5.2	5.5 6.5 11.5	8.0 5.6 3.7	6.5 13.3 3.8
Rail	40.8	-	s	s	s	s	33.8
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	28.3 31.6 - 48.9
Air (includes truck and air)	22.1 S	1.1 S	S	S S	S	S	3.6 S
Multiple modes	11.0	1.6	9.3	.1	13.2	1.3	7.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	10.8 S 25.1	1.5 S - -	9.5 35.0 29.0	_ _ _	14.9 36.0 46.0	1.1 .6 .4 –	7.6 19.6 S
Other multiple modes	18.2	.5	8.7	_	24.2	1.1	s
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ 	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _		_ _ _
Deep draft	=	_	=	_	=	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	=		_ _		s	s	s
Multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _		_ _
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes			_ _		_ _	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Truck	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft	_ _ _	_	_ _	_	_ _		_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _		_ _		_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_	_ _	_	_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ _		_ _		_ _		
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction					т		
	Val	ue T	10	ons	TON-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	22.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	23.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	19.6 31.6 20.0
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_				_ _		
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.4
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	=	_	=		=	
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	42.7	13.0	42.8	15.3	47.2	14.2	26.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	47.8 41.0 –	5.4 8.2 —	48.2 41.1 –	6.6 9.3	48.3 41.2 –	12.7 2.0 –	25.8 25.8 -
Other multiple modes	s	- S	- s	- S	s	- S	31.6
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	14.0	_	16.9	_	27.5	_	34.0
Single modes	14.1	.8	17.4	1.1	29.8	6.1	34.5
Truck . For-hire truck Private truck	14.4 20.0 17.2	1.5 6.3 5.7	17.5 28.4 22.6	1.5 7.0 7.4	30.4 34.6 27.7	6.5 7.3 3.1	37.8 15.4 24.8
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft	s -	s -	s -	S -	s -	s -	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	s s	s	S	- S	s S	s	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	28.5 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S	S S	S S	28.0 29.8
Truck and water	S -	S -	S -	S S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	48.2	.5	48.3	.9	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	29.3	-	40.7	-	44.5	-	49.9
Single modes	29.6	1.0	40.9	.4	44.6	.7	s
Truck	29.6 S 36.6	1.0 S 9.6	40.9 S S	.4 S S	44.6 S 43.4	.7 S 18.0	S 33.0 49.8
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	- -		_ _	_ _	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	26.6
Truck and water			_ _	-	_ _		
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND	s	S	s	S	s	S	32.7
OILS							
Total	9.6	-	20.8	-	10.8	-	20.1
Single modes	9.3	1.0	20.8	.5	10.6	.3	25.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	9.2 20.3 13.8	1.1 3.3 6.8	20.8 20.6 24.1	.5 3.3 3.4	10.5 22.0 18.4	.7 8.4 8.1	25.7 10.6 20.8
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	27.9
Water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S _	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	s	- S	s	- S	s	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	S S
Multiple modes	s	S	s	S	s	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		_	_ _		_ _	_	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	17.7	_	16.4	_	41.5	_	11.5
Single modes	17.3	.8	16.4	.1	38.7	1.9	11.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.3 S 17.2	.8 S 1.1	16.4 S 16.4	.1 S .4	38.7 S 39.2	1.9 S 2.1	11.6 35.6 12.0
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)		-	_	_ _ _	- - s		_ _ S
Pipeline	s	s	- s	s	s s	s s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S - -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	31.6
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	20.8	_	19.3	_	24.1	_	11.6
Single modes	21.1	1.3	19.4	.5	24.1	_	11.1
Truck	21.1	1.3	19.4	.5	24.1	_	11.1
For-hire truck Private truck	S 21.2	S 1.6	S 19.4	S .7	S 24.2	S .4	27.9 11.2
Rail	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	-	_	_	_	_	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _	=	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)				=	- S	S	Š
Multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier				_	_	_	
Truck and water Rail and water				_		_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.3
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.3
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.3
Truck	\$ 50.0 S	S 9.9 S	\$ 49.5 \$	S 10.5 S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	31.3 25.9 S
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft				-	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	= =	=	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	=	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline			_ _		- S	s	Š
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		_		_	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water				-	-	_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	21.4	-	22.7	-	31.6	-	17.1
Single modes	21.4	-	22.7	-	31.6	_	17.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	21.4 S 23.9	S 8.6	22.7 S 24.1	S 10.0	31.6 S 39.6	S 13.4	17.1 26.5 16.7
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)				_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier				-	_	_	_
Truck and water	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_	<u> </u>	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_		_	_ =	=	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	17.3	_	19.6	_	19.2	_	8.0
Single modes	17.3	.2	19.6	.1	19.5	1.5	7.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.8 19.3 22.3	.5 3.2 7.7	18.9 18.4 27.1	.7 3.8 7.8	19.5 25.8 24.8	1.5 7.0 7.5	7.1 14.3 23.4
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_				_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	20.2	_	38.2	_	26.5	_	s
Single modes	21.4	5.0	39.3	4.4	26.6	.2	47.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	21.4 29.0 S	5.0 14.6 S	39.3 28.9 49.1	4.4 19.5 19.1	26.6 34.4 S	.2 16.1 S	47.1 20.5 22.3
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	_ S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	S	31.0
Truck and railTruck and water	_				_	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_		_	-	_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.8
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	s - s	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	29.9 - 29.9
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S	SSS	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other multiple modes	- s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
	•	•	•	•	•	•	

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-			I _		_		
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
For-hire truck Private truck	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Rail	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	_			_ _	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _	=	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	=	-	_		_ _	-	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other multiple modes .	=	_			_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	28.5	_	28.7	-	39.6	-	40.0
Single modes	28.5	_	28.7	-	39.6	_	40.0
Truck	31.9 S 31.9	8.1 S 8.1	32.1 S 32.1	9.0 S 9.0	45.9 S 46.0	12.1 S 12.1	39.9 29.8 40.1
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	- s	- S	_ S	- S	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_	_			_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_		_ _		_ _		
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	45.3	-	s	s	s	s	26.5
Single modes	45.3	-	s	s	s	s	26.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	26.5 31.5 29.3
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Water	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	- s	- S	_ S	- S	_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water] =	_	_	_	_ =	<u> </u>	
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-							T
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	28.4	_	28.3	_	36.5	_	s
Single modes	29.1	3.0	28.2	1.1	36.8	1.1	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	29.1 37.4 40.1	3.1 10.6 11.2	28.2 36.4 44.0	1.2 14.1 14.0	36.8 31.5 S	1.2 13.2 S	S S 45.4
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	-	-		_ _	_	
Deep draft	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air).	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	s	s
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Rail and water	_	_	_			_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	18.8	_	32.7	_	43.9	_	s
Single modes	20.8	7.1	35.0	3.7	48.9	11.5	48.9
Truck	23.2 36.1 24.5	8.7 10.2 9.0	35.0 S 25.7	3.7 S 13.1	48.9 S 42.4	11.8 S 10.1	S 19.8 49.8
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	27.9 S
Multiple modes	36.6	2.4	s	s	s	s	20.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.8	2.3	34.7	1.7	S	S	20.8
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_		_ _		_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	47.7
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	39.1	_	43.0	-	30.3	-	30.4
Single modes	40.4	8.0	s	s	32.0	9.3	40.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	44.5 S 31.5	9.3 S 7.5	S S 28.7	S S 8.7	37.6 40.8 29.1	10.8 10.4 4.6	10.1 38.5 22.9
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	17.9	4.3	31.5 -	1.3	30.3 S	4.1 S	9.5 S
Multiple modes	s	s	37.7	7.0	32.6	8.4	38.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	37.7	7.0	32.6	8.4	38.6
Truck and water] =	_	_		_	_ =	
Rail and water	_	_			_	_ =	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	37.9

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.2
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	29.9 31.6 29.6
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	_	
Other multiple modes	_	=	=	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	13.4	-	19.7	-	14.1	-	19.5
Single modes	13.3	1.5	20.1	1.2	14.4	1.0	16.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	13.8 14.6 30.3	1.8 8.3 7.9	20.4 21.9 38.5	1.4 9.1 9.0	15.2 18.7 S	3.0 8.0 S	17.4 8.3 16.3
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	\$ \$ - -	31.6 31.6 —
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	s -	S -	s -	S	S	26.6 S
Multiple modes	23.8	1.1	30.5	.6	21.7	.7	17.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	26.1 S S	1.2 S S	37.2 S S	.5 S S	24.5 S S	.7 S S	17.5 31.6 31.6
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	43.1	.6	s	S	40.7	.4	S
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER Total	13.7	_	21.3	_	15.0	_	14.6
Single modes	16.0	2.1	22.8	3.8	15.1	2.1	20.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.3 10.8 28.8	2.4 4.0 5.1	22.1 17.6 32.0	4.5 5.0 5.4	14.8 15.4 42.4	3.3 4.3 2.3	22.8 13.8 23.3
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	36.2
Water Shallow draft		_	_ _ _	_	_ _		_
Great Lakes Deep draft	=	=	=		=		
Air (includes truck and air)	27.8	.4	49.6 —	.2	36.9 S	.2 S	10.3 S
Multiple modes	14.6	1.8	46.7	1.2	30.3	2.1	16.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14.4 35.8 S	1.6 .2 S	\$ 36.9 \$ -	\$ 1.0 \$ -	\$ 37.0 \$ -	\$ 2.2 \$ -	15.9 24.0 31.6
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	26.2	1.0	S	S	43.0	1.1	S

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-	miles	A
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	30.2 31.3 31.5
Rail	-	_	_	-	_	_	_
Water	=	_	_	-	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- -	_ _ _	-
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	_	_	-	-	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	=	_	-	-	-	-	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.0
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	20.4	_	13.4	-	33.0	_	9.4
Single modes	20.6	.9	13.5	.4	33.2	1.0	7.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	20.8 34.0 26.1	1.1 6.2 5.8	13.9 29.1 21.4	1.5 8.4 9.8	24.6 22.6 28.3	8.3 9.6 9.0	6. 17. 10.
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
Water	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -		- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	s s	S S	31.
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	48.
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	s	49.1	_	47.8
Truck and water Rail and water	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	35.3	.2	s	s	23.4
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	17.4	-	18.0	-	26.0	-	14.
Single modes	17.6	1.1	17.6	.9	23.4	1.5	13.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.2 21.2 17.1	1.1 5.2 5.4	17.3 21.8 16.5	1.2 5.3 5.8	20.1 24.3 25.5	3.2 6.1 6.6	13.0 6.0 10.7
Rail	S	S	S	s	S	s	31.0
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _	-
Deep draft	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Air (includes truck and air). Pipeline	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	36.
Multiple modes	38.9	.4	41.6	.1	s	S	35.
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.1 S	.4 S	41.5 S	.1 S	S S	S S	35.8 29.8
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- -	_ _ _	- -
Other and unknown modes	35.8	.9	46.2	.9	s	s	46.8

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror explanation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	14.9	_	19.8	_	s	s	27.7
Single modes	16.4	3.1	20.4	.9	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	16.2 26.2 18.0	4.7 4.4 7.1	20.1 27.9 23.0	3.7 6.0 7.6	41.4 48.4 21.4	12.2 9.9 9.9	S 18.8 46.5
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	21.3 S
Multiple modes	34.2	3.1	29.1	.8	28.0	2.9	10.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	34.2	3.1	29.1	.8	28.0	2.9	10.7
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water	_			_ _ _	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	25.6	.2	29.8	.5	s	s	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	18.0	_	13.6	-	17.3	_	20.4
Single modes	10.5	8.1	13.6	1.7	13.8	5.2	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	10.1 17.8 16.6	8.0 5.8 6.1	13.7 18.9 26.2	1.6 10.6 11.2	13.1 17.1 30.0	4.8 7.6 4.0	\$ 43.6 18.8
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water	-	_	_	-	-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	=	=		=	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	49.8 -	.2 –	S S	S S	18.9 S
Multiple modes	46.5	7.0	35.9	1.1	38.9	5.1	20.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	46.5	7.0	35.9	1.1	38.9	5.1	20.1
Truck and water Rail and water		_	_			_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES	s	S	43.6	1.8	S	S	s
OR LEATHER							
Total	10.4	-	11.2 12.4	-	13.0	-	5.4
Single modes	13.6 13.6	3.2 3.2	12.4	1.5	13.7 13.9	4.0 4.1	9.4 5.1
For-hire truck Private truck	17.4 19.8	4.8 2.5	17.1 16.4	4.3 3.3	13.7 39.3	6.0 4.1	4.4 20.2
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	28.1	.4	31.8	.1	29.0	.2	24.4 S
Pipèline	12.0	3.0	13.9	1.6	29.8	S 4.3	5.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	12.2	3.0	9.7	.9	11.4	1.1	5.4
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	43.6	.1	43.2	1.7	S -	S -	29.8
Other and unknown modes	26.6	.5	23.7	.8	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Value		T		Ton miles		
	Vali	ue T	Tons		Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	18.7	_	27.6	_	17.1	_	24.9
Single modes	21.5	5.0	27.7	1.4	19.3	3.8	s
Truck	21.6	4.9	27.7	1.4	19.5	3.4	S
For-hire truck Private truck	23.9 25.5	4.9 6.8	39.5 30.9	5.9 7.0	26.3 27.2	7.7 9.5	39.9 28.1
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	38.1
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	Ξ.	_	_		_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air).	s	s	s	s	s	S	24.0
Pipeline	-	-	-	-	Š	Š	\$ \$
Multiple modes	22.5	4.8	s	s	29.6	1.7	17.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.8	4.9	43.9	.3	32.6	1.7	29.8
Truck and water	s	S	s	s	s	Š	31.6
Rail and water	_	_		_ _	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	35.0	2.3	17.9	1.1	28.6	3.7	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	16.8	_	s	s	s	s	19.0
Single modes	18.1	4.0	s	s	s	s	23.3
Truck	19.2	5.2	24.5	16.4	S	S	24.3
For-hire truck Private truck	30.5 13.5	7.6 7.3	35.2 22.1	9.7 12.8	32.2 16.0	16.3 9.4	15.7 47.7
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft	_	_				_	
Great Lakes		_	-	-	_ _	_	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	27.7 S
Multiple modes	39.2	3.7	s	s	s	s	29.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	39.2	3.7	s	s	s	S	29.6
Truck and rail	_					_	_ _
Rail and waterOther multiple modes			_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_ _
Other and unknown modes	26.1	.9	37.6	3.4	35.5	4.1	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	13.6	_	13.1	_	17.1	_	38.8
Single modes	14.3	6.5	16.1	3.5	17.2	5.8	27.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.5 17.9 14.3	6.3 4.3 3.9	16.1 22.8 16.9	3.5 4.3 5.3	17.5 20.8 22.6	5.8 6.0 6.2	24.4 10.4 16.3
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	28.8	.5	38.7	.1	39.4 S	1.0 S	16.8 S
Multiple modes	29.9	6.1	19.9	1.9	29.5	3.0	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	29.9	6.1	19.9	1.9	29.5	3.0	s
Truck and rail	_				_	_	
Rail and water						_	
Other and unknown modes	29.0	.9	37.0	2.9	s	s	36.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-miles		Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient o variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	11.8	_	16.4	_	31.9	_	20.
Single modes	14.0	3.5	18.7	4.0	35.0	3.8	20.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.4 13.6 24.0	4.1 4.2 2.9	19.0 23.6 16.3	4.2 6.7 6.2	36.0 38.4 38.7	4.8 7.2 4.8	25. 16. 48.:
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.0
Water	- - -	_ _ _	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	32.5	1.3	47.4 -	.7	37.8 S	2.2 S	5.3
Multiple modes	16.7	2.7	21.9	2.2	33.2	3.4	27.
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	16.7	2.7	21.9	2.2	33.2	3.4	27.0
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_ 	_ _ _	_ _ _		
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	=	_	-
Other and unknown modes	42.4	1.7	s	s	s	s	,
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	17.6	-	15.3	-	17.2	-	13.0
Single modes	19.1	3.7	15.7	3.5	18.9	6.1	19.
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.8 16.6 27.5	3.4 3.6 3.1	15.4 27.3 14.3	3.9 4.9 3.7	19.6 29.4 30.7	6.2 6.4 7.0	19. 9. 16.
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	29.5	2.8	40.4	1.6	28.2 S	1.9 S	11.
Multiple modes	18.6	3.8	18.6	1.1	24.2	1.8	9.
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	18.6	3.8	18.6	1.1	24.2	1.8	9.
Truck and water	_ _			_ _	_ _		
Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	44.4	1.4	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	23.9	_	s	s	48.1	_	
Single modes	26.2	7.0	s	s	s	s	:
Truck	26.4 44.9 24.7	6.9 5.9 5.6	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	32.
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	44.2	.3	47.3	_ _ _	47.6 S	.6 S	30.
Multiple modes	s	s	27.6	2.5	36.3	9.2	19.
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	27.6	2.5	36.3	9.2	19.0
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	-
Other and unknown modes	28.8	3.6	28.5	5.0	21.7	.5	23.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Vai	ue T	10	oris I	I On-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	33.9	_	23.3	_	30.0	_	36.1
Single modes	30.8	8.1	27.2	5.2	32.1	8.1	42.3
Truck	30.8 21.1 44.0	9.4 15.6 9.9	28.1 33.5 42.3	6.3 14.5 10.1	32.9 33.3 49.6	10.7 15.1 7.4	\$ 12.8 \$
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft	_		_			_	_
Deep draft	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	43.7 S	3.7 S	22.3 S
Multiple modes	40.2	8.0	48.6	4.7	s	s	33.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	40.2	8.0	48.6	4.7	s	S	33.8
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_		-	_	_
Rail and water	_		_		_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	12.4	_	21.3	_	14.4	_	19.1
Single modes	19.4	5.4	25.8	6.0	18.7	5.0	14.6
Truck	19.9 20.3 39.8	4.6 4.3 2.4	29.0 19.2 S	6.7 6.4 S	22.7 25.6 S	5.9 6.5 S	16.9 13.8 30.9
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Water	s	S	S	s	s	S	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	- - S	_ _ S	_ _ S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	42.4 -	4.5	41.1 S	5.6 S	5.2 S
Multiple modes	10.9	4.9	37.2	6.0	16.1	3.0	24.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	10.9	4.9	37.2	6.0	16.1	3.0	24.4
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_		_			_	
Other and unknown modes	30.9	.9	35.9	1.8	s	s	24.3
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS							
Total	19.6	_	24.8	_	22.9	_	19.6
Single modes	21.6	4.1	25.8	2.7	24.3	4.6	30.0
Truck	21.6 27.4 25.1	4.0 9.8 8.2	25.8 29.8 27.0	2.7 10.5 9.6	24.2 25.0 28.7	4.5 9.2 6.4	30.5 19.3 35.6
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	28.6 S
Multiple modes	32.6	2.7	s	s	42.6	3.8	16.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	40.0 S	2.7 S	39.7 S	1.5 S	S S	S S	16.5 31.6
Truck and water	Š	S	S	S	S	S	30.9
Rail and water	=	_	_		_	[=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-							T
	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	9.2	_	28.8	_	18.2	_	8.1
Single modes	10.7	5.7	32.1	4.3	22.7	6.6	21.0
Truck	11.1	5.5	32.3	4.3	22.7 22.2	6.4	22.2
For-hire truck Private truck	17.7 25.7	6.3 5.4	18.8 S	10.3 S	\$ \$	7.0 S	13.6 S
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes	=	_	_		_	_	_
Deep draft	_					_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	36.7	.8 -	S -	S -	S S	S S	8.4 S
Multiple modes	22.4	6.0	20.4	4.5	29.7	7.2	6.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	22.2	6.0	19.2	4.2	25.7	6.4	6.0
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Rail and water	_	_	_			_	
Other and unknown modes	41.0	1.0	s	s	s	s	40.7
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	39.5	_	s	s	36.2	_	24.4
Single modes	44.9	11.4	s	s	36.2	10.3	39.8
Truck	45.4	11.5	s	S	37.9	12.1	27.0
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S S	S S S	47.5 S	12.0 S	19.6 36.9
Rail	s	s	s	s	41.4	8.7	23.8
Water	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	=	_	-	_	_	_	
Deep draft	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	24.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	s	S	s	24.6
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Rail and water	_	_	-		_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.4
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	35.8	_	44.5	_	49.8	_	37.0
Single modes	35.9	.6	44.6	.2	49.9	.1	38.0
Truck	35.9	.6	44.6	.2	49.9	.1	38.0
For-hire truck Private truck	S 37.2	S 7.1	S 45.7	S 6.4	S S	S	32.5 37.0
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft	_	_	-		_ _	_	
Deep draft	-	_	-	_	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.1
Truck and rail	_		- -			_	
Rail and water		_	-	_		_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	34.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
COMMODITY UNKNOWN								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	25.8	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	888	S S S	S S S	S 36.5 S	
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	=	=		- S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	s	s	42.1	2.9	42.1	6.5	15.9	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	S	S - - - -	42.1 - - - -	2.9 - - - -	42.1 - - - -	6.5 - - - -	15.9 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.1	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ins	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	5.6	-	7.2	_	22.2		
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	7.0 24.2 5.5 11.0 11.9 9.9	2 3 1.6 .2 2	27.2 18.4 9.5 34.8 27.4 24.0	1.1 .2 3.5 2.2 .7 .3	29.6 17.8 14.3 19.2 20.3 17.2	.8 .3 2.3 .5 .2 .2	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	8.5 27.8 15.0	.2 2.3 .4	10.7 7.6 15.3	.1 .3 .2	10.7 7.4 13.6	.3 .7 .5	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	12.0 18.8 9.3 10.6 10.5	.3 .3 .1 .2 -	8.4 S 19.5 22.6 15.1	- S - .2 -	8.5 S 18.1 23.0 15.2	.6 S .3 .9 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	8.9 22.1 12.9 17.8 29.9 29.1 S	- - - 1 1 - - S	24.0 29.0 17.3 20.3 49.3 28.1 S	- - - - - - S	25.3 27.8 17.4 20.3 47.8 26.2 S	.2 .1 .4 .2 .1 .5	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	21.4 S 26.6 17.6 21.8 27.3 19.1 17.4 26.2	- S .5 .2 .2 .5 .3	16.7 S 17.8 16.5 13.0 16.7 16.1 46.2 43.4	- S - - - - - .4	18.6 S 16.9 16.5 13.4 18.4 16.2 43.7 45.0	- S .5 .3 .1 .2 1.6	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama . Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	\$ 14.3 20.5 18.1	S - - .2	32.6 13.4 27.5 16.6	- - - -	32.5 13.4 27.1 16.9	- - - .2	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	23.3 19.2 23.4 16.9	.1 - .1 .4	30.0 33.3 24.4 11.0	- - - -	29.4 32.9 24.3 11.4	.3 .1 _ .9	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	24.2 18.2 35.5 21.1 43.3 18.2 36.4 46.2	.3 .1 - - - - .1	19.6 27.2 37.2 17.5 33.9 26.8 34.6 49.9	- - - - -	19.5 27.4 37.6 17.8 34.1 26.9 34.5 49.7	.2 .3 - .2 .2 - .2	
PACIFIC STATES							
AlaskaCaliforniaHawaiiOregonWashington	24.2 11.8 34.9 29.2 24.8	- .5 - .1 .2	36.9 22.6 S 12.2 34.8	- .1 S - -	44.7 21.4 S 13.0 34.6	2.6 S .3 .9	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	3.0	-	5.7	-	7.0		
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	17.8 6.3 5.5 14.5 14.7 40.9	.6 - 1.4 .6 .3 .4	31.5 13.0 9.5 32.7 23.3 27.5	.9 .1 3.1 2.2 .8 .2	31.3 13.2 14.3 32.1 24.4 30.4	.3 2 1.1 .5 .2 .3	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	16.5 3.9 6.9	.9 .3 .3	23.6 13.1 7.9	.7 .5 .2	23.1 10.6 7.8	.5 .5 .5	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	6.5 14.3 18.1 8.6 8.6	.2 .2 .4 .2 .1	24.0 17.3 10.3 20.3 33.4	.2 .2 - .2 .2	26.5 18.7 10.4 21.9 30.9	.9 .6 .2 1.0 .8	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	11.5 23.4 10.5 10.1 27.1 23.5 28.2	- .1 .1 .1 - -	22.6 31.1 14.9 37.8 34.8 44.9 37.3	- - .1 - -	23.7 30.3 15.4 36.4 35.0 45.9 37.5	.4 .3 .2 .6 .3 .1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	26.5 S 8.6 8.4 11.6 12.0 13.8 11.2 35.6	- S .1 .1 .1 .3 - .1	23.1 S 16.9 8.9 22.9 10.8 20.9 7.7 S	- S - .1 - - - S	23.1 S 16.6 9.6 23.7 11.4 20.9 7.8 S	- S .5 .4 2 .3 .4 .1 .5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama	14.3 14.5 18.4 18.1	- .1 - .2	16.9 33.9 19.5 16.9	- - - -	18.0 32.5 20.5 16.7	.2 .3 .2 .3	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	24.6 17.3 25.0 18.9	- - .4	17.5 16.7 42.2 S	- - - S	17.7 16.6 43.2 S	.2 .4 .3 S	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	35.0 16.0 45.2 S 26.4 33.6 47.0 48.2	.3 - .1 S - - .1	24.3 43.6 26.8 \$ 19.3 \$ 43.3 \$	- .2 - S - S - S	24.2 43.8 25.7 S 19.2 S 43.1	1.5 5.5 9 - 8 - 8	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii. Oregon Washington	S 12.7 35.1 9.1 8.9	S .7 - - -	\$ 20.9 \$ 21.0 22.0	\$.2 \$ - -	\$ 20.6 \$ 21.4 21.0	\$ 2.1 \$.8 .6	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001	
<u> </u>	(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, please read the accompanying instruction guide. If book figures are not available for requested data, please provide estimates. If you have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7851.	Is this establishment's physical location the same as the address shown in the label? (PO boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.) 1 Yes
Through this survey, we are requesting data on a	² □ No — Enter physical location below. _▼
representative sample of your outbound shipments, to help us produce key statistics used by transportation planners	Number and street
and managers. We greatly appreciate your assistance in this program.	
	City, town, village, etc. State ZIP Code
Is the establishment name shown in the mailing address correct?	
₁	NOTE — The rest of this questionnaire requests information about shipments (or deliveries) from the establishment located at the address in the mailing label.
2 ☐ No — Enter correct name. ⊋	If you entered a different address in item C — Please complete the form for shipments originating from the location listed in item C.
	Please enter the total number of outbound shipments (or deliveries), including customer pick-up, for the one-week reporting period shown above. If book figures are not available, please provide your best estimate.
Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment during the one-week period shown above.	This number should reflect all shipments and deliveries leaving this location during the one-week reporting period. Please see Instruction Guide for a definition of
Temporarily or seasonally inactive Cased operation — Give date	DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL YOU HAVE
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date ——→	COMPLETED ITEM D.
that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions	Inited States Code, requires businesses and other organizations and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used respondents' files are immune from legal process.

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

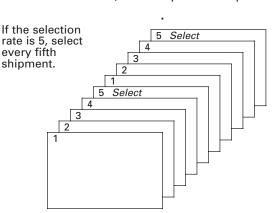
Page 2

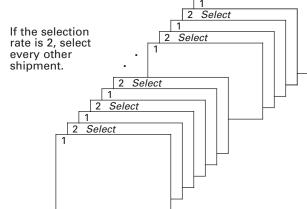
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>										Γ		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)		U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)		Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.				
(i)	City	State	State ZIP Code		codes below. (k)	Ш (I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	լ0) 4	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
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\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel			7 — 8 —		ipelir ir	ie	9 — (0 — (1	1	ر ا

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
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28								
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30								
31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

)	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j)		ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	(for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cr	eign destination ort shipments only) umn (j) enter the U.S. port, order crossing of exit. (m)		
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	Export mode	(0
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number		ment ate c)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Ş	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description		If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	L de of trans columns (k	port c	odes	1 — Parcel o	L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad <i>Continued</i> —	
	2 . /	Are the room to separate of se	nents of this es	ords for outbound ships ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a efiles (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem	one-wee should re establish An estim Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-vate is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipment of the ser \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telep	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature				-	Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
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	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

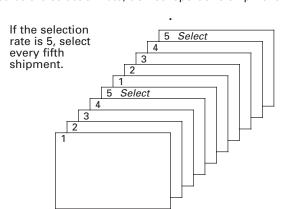
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

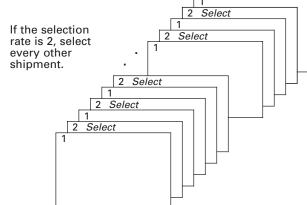
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	r (c) (excludin shipping co in whole dollars		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	ng Shipment weight on pounds in pounds		Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j) City State Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below. (k) (k)		(Complete for all shipments.)			Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.				
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
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				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
				1	1	1 1							6
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						1 1							9
\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
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33								+
34								
	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
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_									11
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	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			\
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
	de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S.			Railroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value	e over
In exi	column (b), che i te dı	ck "Y	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye		o indicate whetl	ner or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	/ er or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facili premises for outbou during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Great	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes ── 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	tern	ninal		1	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	trans U desti Enter apply	e(s) of port to l.S. nation all that in order d. Use	Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country		(0)	
(1)					(K)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbo shipments during		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of thi type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)				(c)	(d)			
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
1 ☐ Yes → 2 ☐ No 1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail											
			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97) Page 7

During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Page 8 FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

Page 2 CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		\	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	Export mode	Line No.	
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

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PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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