Oregon 1997

sued December 1999

EC97TCF-OR

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey









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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Val	Value		ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0	504
Single modes	86 193	82.0	142 362	85.9	34 716	85.5	230
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	76 195 37 630 38 126	72.5 35.8 36.3	117 580 45 881 70 125	70.9 27.7 42.3	19 736 13 792 5 706	48.6 34.0 14.1	182 678 51
Rail	4 771	4.5	9 169	5.5	12 623	31.1	1 551
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	2 409 1 799 -	2.3 1.7 -	15 525 12 826 -	9.4 7.7 – 1.6	2 251 S - S	5.5 S -	S 79 - S
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	611	2.7	2 699	1.0	104	.3	
Pipeline ²	S S	S.7	S	s	S S	.3 S	1 685 S
Multiple modes	12 759	12.1	2 984	1.8	2 311	5.7	749
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	9 670 S S S S	9.2 S S S S	316 950 386 S	.2 .6 .2 S	246 1 202 684 S	.6 3.0 1.7 S S	747 1 798 1 624 2 436 954
Other and unknown modes	6 111	5.8	20 409	12.3	3 580	8.8	477

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

		Value			Tons		Ton-miles			Average miles per shipment		
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change
All modes	105 063	81 924	28.2	165 754	204 621	-19.0	40 606	42 810	-5.1	504	427	17.9
Single modes	86 193	58 549	47.2	142 362	175 434	-18.9	34 716	35 186	-1.3	230	221	4.2
Truck ¹	76 195 37 630 38 126	52 647 27 505 24 979	44.7 36.8 52.6	117 580 45 881 70 125	160 125 84 457 70 855	-26.6 -45.7 -1.0	19 736 13 792 5 706	20 363 14 587 4 947	-3.1 -5.5 15.3	182 678 51	142 406 61	28.4 66.8 –15.9
Rail	4 771	4 316	10.6	9 169	9 758	-6.0	12 623	14 077	-10.3	1 551	1 545	.4
Water	2 409 1 799	471 S -	411.1 S	15 525 12 826	5 349 4 982	190.2 157.4	2 251 S -	676 109	233.1 S	S 79 -	1 239 S	S S -
Deep draft	611	173	253.3	2 699	S	S	S	566	S	S	2 538	S
Air (includes truck and air)	2 812 S	1 077 S	161.1 S	61 S	25 S	144.9 S	104 S	56 S	86.9 S	1 685 S	1 798 S	-6.3 S
Multiple modes	12 759	s	s	2 984	s	s	2 311	s	s	749	746	.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	9 670 S S S S	5 657 S 191 S S	70.9 S S S S	316 950 386 S S	232 S 236 S	36.1 S 63.5 S S	246 1 202 684 S S	208 S 452 S	18.4 S 51.3 S S	747 1 798 1 624 2 436 954	697 2 741 1 866 1 393 2 498	7.2 -34.4 -12.9 74.9 -61.8
Other and unknown modes	6 111	6 307	-3.1	20 409	26 808	-23.9	3 580	2 267	57.9	477	270	76.5

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
widde of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	82.0	71.5	85.9	85.7	85.5	82.2	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	72.5 35.8 36.3	64.3 33.6 30.5	70.9 27.7 42.3	78.3 41.3 34.6	48.6 34.0 14.1	47.6 34.1 11.6	
Rail	4.5	5.3	5.5	4.8	31.1	32.9	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	2.3 1.7 – .6	.6 S - .2	9.4 7.7 – 1.6	2.6 2.4 - S	5.5 S - S	1.6 .3 1.3	
Air (includes truck and air)	2.7 S	1.3 S	- s	s	.3 S	.1 S	
Multiple modes	12.1	s	1.8	s	5.7	s	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	9.2 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5 9.5	6.9 S .2 S S	.2 .6 .2 S	.1 S .1 S S	.6 3.0 1.7 S S	.5 S 1.1 S S	
Other and unknown modes	5.8	7.7	12.3	13.1	8.8	5.3	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-			
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
Total	40 606	100.0	497	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	19 826 13 827 S - 1 974	48.8 34.1 S - 4.9	179 1 544 168 – S	
Air	101 246 S 3 571	.2 .6 S 8.8	1 618 747 S 476	

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
All modes	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	36 860	35.1	103 020	62.2	2 039	5.0	
50 to 99 miles	8 357 21 411	8.0 20.4	18 838 20 331	11.4 12.3	1 910 4 148	4.7 10.2	
250 to 499 miles	6 715 4 678	6.4 4.5	6 428 4 120	3.9 2.5	3 127 3 391	7.7 8.4	
750 to 999 miles	6 447	6.1	5 112	3.1	5 635	13.9	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	2 207	2.1	1 251	.8	2 183	5.4	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	8 990 9 400	8.6 8.9	3 562 3 092	2.1 1.9	8 555 9 617	21.1 23.7	
Single modes	86 193	100.0	142 362	100.0	34 716	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	31 447	36.5	85 292	59.9	1 755	5.1	
50 to 99 miles	7 647 18 830	8.9 21.8	16 425 19 880	11.5 14.0	1 646 4 056	4.7 11.7	
250 to 499 miles	5 538 3 478	6.4 4.0	5 773 3 950	4.1 2.8	2 832 3 262	8.2 9.4	
750 to 999 miles	5 377	6.2	4 896	3.4	5 391	15.5	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	1 346 5 560	1.6	1 100	.8 2.0	1 925	5.5 20.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	6 969	6.5 8.1	2 865 2 179	1.5	6 939 6 910	19.9	
Truck ¹	76 195	100.0	117 580	100.0	19 736	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	29 588	38.8	74 284	63.2	1 687	8.5	
50 to 99 miles	7 597 16 832	10.0 22.1	16 126 14 318	13.7 12.2	1 614 2 867	8.2 14.5	
250 to 499 miles	4 938 2 937	6.5 3.9	4 278 2 615	3.6 2.2	1 906 1 986	9.7 10.1	
750 to 999 miles	4 013	5.3	3 108	2.6	3 206	16.2	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	1 045	1.4	533	.5	884	4.5	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	3 702 5 542	4.9 7.3	1 335 983	1.1 .8	2 835 2 751	14.4 13.9	
For-hire truck	37 630	100.0	45 881	100.0	13 792	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	8 241	21.9	20 065	43.7	498	3.6	
50 to 99 miles	2 324 8 425	6.2 22.4	8 600 7 656	18.7 16.7	882 1 600	6.4 11.6	
250 to 499 miles	3 630 2 410	9.6 6.4	3 068 1 917	6.7 4.2	1 384 1 480	10.0 10.7	
750 to 999 miles	3 250 960	8.6 2.6	2 036 501	4.4 1.1	2 125 830	15.4 6.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	3 383 5 006	9.0 13.3	1 162 876	2.5 1.9	2 540 2 453	18.4 17.8	
Private truck	38 126	100.0	70 125	100.0	5 706	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	21 168	55.5	53 132	75.8	1 098	19.2	
50 to 99 miles	5 196 8 293	13.6 21.8	7 270 6 523	10.4 9.3	686 1 240	12.0 21.7	
250 to 499 miles	1 252 522	3.3 1.4	1 143 S	1.6 S	490 S	8.6 S	
750 to 999 miles	S 85	S .2	S 32	S -	S 54	S .9	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	316 S	.8 S	163 103	.2 .1	273 288	4.8 5.0	
Rail	4 771	100.0	9 169	100.0	12 623	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	396	8.3	509	5.6	11	_	
50 to 99 miles	50	1.0	S	S	S	S	
00 to 249 miles	189 469	4.0 9.8	687 1 492	7.5 16.3	186 922	1.5 7.3	
600 to 749 miles	428	9.0	1 330	14.5	1 271	10.1	
750 to 999 miles	938 243	19.7 5.1	1 783 567	19.4 6.2	2 180 1 039	17.3 8.2	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	1 207 851	25.3 17.8	1 440 1 061	15.7 11.6	3 599 3 383	28.5 26.8	
	2 409			100.0			
Water		100.0	15 525		2 251	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	1 458	60.5	10 471	67.4	57 -	2.5	
100 to 249 miles	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S	S -	S	S	S	S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Shallow draft	1 799	100.0	12 826	100.0	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	1 149	63.9	7 970	62.1	s	S	
50 to 99 miles	- S	- S	S	s	- S	S	
250 to 499 miles	=	_	_	_	_	=	
	_					_	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_ _	_	_	_	-	-	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	-	. Detail may not add to		ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Single modes – Con.	(Illillori dollars)	reicent	(Indusanus)	reicent	(IIIIIIOIIS)	reiceit	
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	-	_	_	_	
50 to 99 miles	_ _		_ _				
250 to 499 miles	_ _			_			
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	_	_	_ _		_	
2,000 miles or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deep draft	611	100.0	2 699	100.0	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S -	S -	2 501	92.7	17	1.4	
100 to 249 miles	_	_	_	_		_	
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	s s	SS	S	S S	S S	S S	
Air (includes truck and air)	2 812	100.0	61	100.0	104	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	_	-	-	-	_	-	
50 to 99 miles	S 1 159	S 41.2	S 19	S 31.0	S 4	S 3.6	
250 to 499 miles	S 110	S 3.9	S 2	S 2.9	S 2	S 2.0	
750 to 999 miles	426	15.1	6	9.2	6	5.5	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	57 411	2.0 14.6	1 6	2.0 10.1	2 15	2.1 14.1	
2,000 miles or more	518	18.4	24	38.6	72	69.1	
Pipeline ²	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	S	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	
100 to 249 miles	_		_	_	SS	9999	
250 to 499 miles	=	_	=	=	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	-	_	S S	S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles		_	=		SS	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
2,000 miles or more	12 759	100.0	2 984	100.0	2 311	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	2 540	19.9	2 304 S	S S	S	S .	
50 to 99 miles	476 1 969	3.7 15.4	S 268	S 9.0	S 56	S 2.4	
250 to 499 miles	927 910	7.3 7.1	126 43	4.2 1.4	68 37	2.9 1.6	
750 to 999 miles	889	7.0	95	3.2	112	4.9	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	349 2 665	2.7	34	1.1 9.6	58	2.5	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	2 034	20.9 15.9	288 389	13.0	721 1 204	31.2 52.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	9 670	100.0	316	100.0	246	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	1 322	13.7	58	18.4	1	.6	
50 to 99 miles	469 1 877	4.8 19.4	25 82	7.8 26.1	17	.9 6.8	
250 to 499 miles	901 902	9.3 9.3	40 24	12.5 7.7	19 18	7.7 7.4	
750 to 999 miles	823	8.5	16	5.2	18	7.3	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	327 1 314	3.4 13.6	9 31	2.9 9.9	15 68	6.0 27.6	
2,000 miles or more	1 735	17.9	30	9.6	88	35.7	
Truck and rail	S	S	950	100.0	1 202	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	
100 to 249 miles	53 S S	3.8 S	S S	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
500 to 749 miles	Š	Š	Š	Š	S	Š	
750 to 999 miles	39 17	2.8 1.3	58 22	6.1 2.3	70 40	5.8 3.3	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S 190	S	183 170	19.3	449 546	37.3 45.4	
2,000 miles or more	s	13.7 S		17.9	684		
Truck and water			386	100.0		100.0	
Less than 50 miles	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	SSS	S	S	SSS	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	
100 to 249 miles		S S S	S S	S S	S S		
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
750 to 999 miles	26 5 S	2.1	20 S	5.3 S	24 S	3.5 S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S 97	S 7.9	63 148	16.4 38.3	182 447	26.6 65.3	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - S -	- S -	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	S	S - - - -	S - - - -	S	S	S - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	
Other and unknown modes	6 111	100.0	20 409	100.0	3 580	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	2 873 S 612 249 290	47.0 S 10.0 4.1 4.7	16 054 S 182 S 128	78.7 S .9 S .6	\$ \$ 37 \$ 92	\$ 5 1.0 \$ 2.6	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	181 512 765 397	3.0 8.4 12.5 6.5	120 117 410 524	.6 .6 2.0 2.6	131 200 895 1 503	3.7 5.6 25.0 42.0	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Valu			ons	Ton-ı	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0	504
Less than 50 lb	9 701 3 805 11 224 3 803 2 307	9.2 3.6 10.7 3.6 2.2	263 195 1 208 546 503	.2 .1 .7 .3 .3	143 64 334 175 118	.4 .2 .8 .4 .3	595 325 279 319 237
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	20 745 35 012 8 434 10 033	19.7 33.3 8.0 9.5	8 531 55 954 41 984 56 570	5.1 33.8 25.3 34.1	3 628 15 583 5 298 15 264	8.9 38.4 13.0 37.6	472 257 124 648
Single modes	86 193	100.0	142 362	100.0	34 716	100.0	230
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	3 104 2 413 9 161 3 315 2 172	3.6 2.8 10.6 3.8 2.5	113 126 1 071 513 487	- .8 .4 .3	26 24 255 154 107	- .7 .4 .3	244 184 224 297 222
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	18 716 31 510 8 323 7 479	21.7 36.6 9.7 8.7	7 369 54 218 41 648 36 817	5.2 38.1 29.3 25.9	1 602 13 566 5 061 13 921	4.6 39.1 14.6 40.1	220 230 120 636
Truck¹ Less than 50 lb	76 195 2 443	100.0 3.2	117 580 108	100.0	19 736	100.0	182 154
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	2 115 8 490 3 134 1 920	2.8 11.1 4.1 2.5	124 1 059 509 483	.1 .9 .4 .4	18 20 232 149 104	.1 1.2 .8 .5	156 200 289 218
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	17 903 30 178 8 064 1 949	23.5 39.6 10.6 2.6	7 218 53 066 41 351 13 662	6.1 45.1 35.2 11.6	1 550 11 508 4 580 1 576	7.9 58.3 23.2 8.0	217 206 111 S
For-hire truck	37 630	100.0	45 881	100.0	13 792	100.0	678
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	987 1 413 4 883 2 008 953	2.6 3.8 13.0 5.3 2.5	19 26 220 121 91	- .5 .3 .2	15 15 184 124 81	.1 .1 1.3 .9 .6	838 593 801 1 021 901
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8 798 13 197 4 445 946	23.4 35.1 11.8 2.5	1 860 18 357 20 880 4 306	4.1 40.0 45.5 9.4	1 074 8 380 2 943 976	7.8 60.8 21.3 7.1	643 455 140 206
Private truck	38 126	100.0	70 125	100.0	5 706	100.0	51
Less than 50 lb	1 436 698 3 528 1 082 925	3.8 1.8 9.3 2.8 2.4	88 98 826 379 385	.1 .1 1.2 .5 .5	3 5 46 23 22	- .8 .4 .4	34 45 52 62 57
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	9 078 16 835 3 556 987	23.8 44.2 9.3 2.6	5 345 34 244 20 137 8 624	7.6 48.8 28.7 12.3	472 3 085 1 562 488	8.3 54.1 27.4 8.5	82 88 78 S
Rail	4 771	100.0	9 169	100.0	12 623	100.0	1 551
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	2 739 - 952
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	3 345
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 912 252 3 449	S 19.1 5.3 72.3	S 396 290 8 476	\$ 4.3 3.2 92.4	S 830 479 11 293	S 6.6 3.8 89.5	2 813 2 124 1 674 1 401
Water	2 409	100.0	15 525	100.0	2 251	100.0	s
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 50 to 999 lb 750 to 999 lb	8888	8888 -	8888	9999	S S S S	9999 -	1 200 2 711 2 771 952
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S S 2 080	S S S 86.3	S S S 14 674	S S S 94.5	\$ \$ \$ \$	8888	S S 10 104
Shallow draft	1 799	100.0	12 826	100.0	S	S	79
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	S - - -	38 - - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S - S 1 792	S - S 99.6	S - S 12 818	S - S 99.9	S - S S	S - S S	242 - 10 140

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Valu			ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb				_		_	
100 to 499 lb	_	-		-	_	-	-
750 to 999 lb	=	_	-	=	-	=	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	=	_	-	-	-	=	_
100,000 lb or more	- 611		2 600	100.0	S	s	s
Deep draft	611 S	100.0	2 699	100.0		S	1 888
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S	8888	S	2 711 2 771
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S -	S S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	952
1,000 to 9,999 lb	SS	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ 13	1.0	- S
Air (includes truck and air)	2 812	100.0	61	100.0	104	100.0	1 685
Less than 50 lb	656	23.3	5	7.4	8	7.4	1 646
50 to 99 lb	298 642	10.6 22.8	2 11	3.3 18.5	4 23	3.4 21.9	1 786 2 075
500 to 749 lb	181 S	6.4 S	3 4	5.4 6.3	5	4.3 2.6	1 385 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb	680	24.2	18	29.3	24	22.8	1 414
10,000 to 49,999 lb	SS	S	13 S	20.8 S	36 S	34.4 S	2 700 3 758
100,000 lb or more	S	Ś	S S	S	S	S	288
Pipeline ²	s	S	s	S	s	s	s
Less than 50 lb		_ _			S S	S S	88888
100 to 499 lb	_		-	_	S	S S	S
750 to 999 lb	-	_	-	_	S S	S	S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	- S -	- S -	- S -	S -	8886	8886	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
100,000 lb or more	12 759	100.0	2 984	100.0	S 2 311	S 100.0	749
Less than 50 lb	6 265	49.1	138	4.6	116	5.0	750
50 to 99 lb	1 308 1 750	10.3 13.7	58 99	1.9 3.3	39 74	1.7 3.2	675 724
500 to 749 lb	408 85	3.2 .7	18 S	.6 S	18 S	.8 S	962 1 170
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	52	1.7	69	3.0	1 535
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	SS	672 S	22.5 S	1 354 80	58.6 3.5	1 941 591
100,000 lb or more	9 670	S 100.0	S S 316	S 100.0	550 246	23.8 100.0	S 747
,	6 265		138		116	47.0	750
Less than 50 lb	1 308	64.8 13.5	58	43.6 18.3	39	15.9	671
100 to 499 lb	1 713 304	17.7 3.1	97 15	30.8 4.6	72 11	29.3 4.5	719 752
750 to 999 lb	78	.8	S	S	S	S	1 025
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	907
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	-	-		-	_	_
Truck and rail	s	s	950	100.0	1 202	100.0	1 798
Less than 50 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	2 153
50 to 99 lb	S S	9999	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S	S S	S S	315 3 163
500 to 749 lb	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	S S	1 956 3 211
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	s	2 822
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S 35	S 2.5	324 S	34.1 S	639 56	53.2 4.6	1 879 662
100,000 lb or more	177 S	12.8 S	S 386	S 100.0	498 684	41.4 100.0	1 585 1 624
Less than 50 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	2 717
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	S	S	S	S	88	S	2 684 1 135
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S	3 S S	S	1 771 2 334
	s	s	49		60		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	141	11.5	273	12.6 70.9	581	8.8 84.9	1 497 2 114
50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	488 2 602

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ns	Ton-		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	2 436
Less than 50 lb	- - - -	- -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -
750 to 999 lb	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - S	- - - S	- - - S	- - S	- - - S	- - - S	- - 2 436
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	954
Less than 50 lb	S - - -	- 8 - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- 8 - -	19 - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	1 540 - 26
Other and unknown modes	6 111	100.0	20 409	100.0	3 580	100.0	477
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	331 84 312 80 S	5.4 1.4 5.1 1.3 S	12 11 39 14 7	- .2 - -	1 1 5 4 1	- - .1 .1	91 73 108 275 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	1 081 2 195 68 1 912	17.7 35.9 1.1 31.3	1 110 1 064 199 17 953	5.4 5.2 1.0 88.0	1 957 663 156 793	54.7 18.5 4.4 22.1	1 768 637 776 733

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

CCTC		Valu	ıe	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0	504
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	S 2 654 3 334 363 1 113	\$ 2.5 3.2 .3 1.1	S 18 598 3 273 1 606 427	\$ 11.2 2.0 1.0 .3	\$ 620 4 176 504 110	S 1.5 10.3 1.2 .3	77 S 1 245 181 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	2 339 5 143 1 251 329 S	2.2 4.9 1.2 .3 S	1 551 4 889 1 054 S	.9 2.9 .6 S	358 2 044 S S S	.9 5.0 S S	\$ 509 26 128 92
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	46 137 S S	- .1 S S	3 243 18 951 S S	2.0 11.4 S S	\$ \$ \$ \$	9999	154 72 S S
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils. Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	2 632 646 786 1 089 1 651	2.5 .6 .7 1.0 1.6	6 610 2 592 S S 53	4.0 1.6 S S	S S S 325 15	9998 989	28 S S 655 592
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	245 2 527 1 978 1 989 11 465	.2 2.4 1.9 1.9	957 842 765 22 395 33 480	.6 .5 .5 13.5 20.2	104 215 293 2 100 15 849	.3 .5 .7 5.2 39.0	S 213 476 89 389
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	2 476 1 745 2 077 7 601 1 472	2.4 1.7 2.0 7.2 1.4	4 947 1 349 480 253 11 493	3.0 .8 .3 .2 6.9	3 588 1 152 269 156 967	8.8 2.8 .7 .4 2.4	235 421 491 855 S
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal. Machinery. Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment.	3 106 3 154 4 091 10 411	3.0 3.0 3.9 9.9	4 023 1 059 363 396	2.4 .6 .2	1 597 508 234 378	3.9 1.3 .6	199 419 385 669
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	8 344	7.9	680	.4	546	1.3	365
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	1 083 2 199	1.0 2.1	217 30	.1	19 29	_ _	S 1 081
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	577 3 650 436 S 563	.5 3.5 .4 S .5	115 723 2 347 S S	- .4 1.4 S S	101 244 313 S S	.2 .6 .8 .8 .8	328 1 108 S 290 700

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0	504
Single modes	86 193	82.0	142 362	85.9	34 716	85.5	230
Truck¹	76 195 37 630 38 126	72.5 35.8 36.3	117 580 45 881 70 125	70.9 27.7 42.3	19 736 13 792 5 706	48.6 34.0 14.1	182 678 51
Rail	4 771	4.5	9 169	5.5	12 623	31.1	1 551
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	2 409 1 799 - 611	2.3 1.7 - .6	15 525 12 826 2 699	9.4 7.7 – 1.6	2 251 S - S	5.5 S - S	S 79 - S
Air (includes truck and air)	2 812 S	2.7 S	61 S	- S	104 S	.3 S	1 685 S
Multiple modes	12 759	12.1	2 984	1.8	2 311	5.7	749
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	9 670 S S S	9.2 S S S S	316 950 386 S S	.2 .6 .2 S	246 1 202 684 S S	.6 3.0 1.7 S S	747 1 798 1 624 2 436 954
Other and unknown modes	6 111	5.8	20 409	12.3	3 580	8.8	477
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	77
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	77
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - \$	S - S	77 - 77
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	-	- - -	- - -	= =	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	-	_	_ S	_ S	s
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	= = =	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	2 654	100.0	18 598	100.0	620	100.0	s
Single modes	1 389	52.3	9 678	52.0	494	79.8	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	76 57 19	2.8 2.1 .7	432 286 S	2.3 1.5 S	S S S	S S S	S S 54
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	2 538
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	1 311 1 076 - S	49.4 40.5 - S	9 245 7 882 - S	49.7 42.4 – S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	164 134 _ 303
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-		_ S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ - -	S S S	\$ \$ \$ -	331 2 601 160 -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	10

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	e	То	ns	Ton-r	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	3 334	100.0	3 273	100.0	4 176	100.0	1 245
Single modes	3 087	92.6	2 216	67.7	2 187	52.4	350
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 892 2 251 639	86.7 67.5 19.2	2 027 1 392 634	61.9 42.5 19.4	1 718 1 572 S	41.1 37.6 S	338 1 294 97
Rail	195	5.8	189	5.8	469	11.2	2 587
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 298 S
Multiple modes	79	2.4	17	.5	46	1.1	1 662
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	67 12 S - -	2.0 .4 S -	2 14 S - -	- .4 S - -	2 44 S - -	1.1 S -	1 660 3 051 2 972 —
Other and unknown modes	167	5.0	1 040	31.8	1 943	46.5	1 929
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	363	100.0	1 606	100.0	504	100.0	181
Single modes	339	93.4	1 519	94.6	310	61.5	142
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	324 27 297	89.2 7.4 81.8	1 420 185 S	88.4 11.5 S	250 48 202	49.6 9.4 40.1	138 289 133
Rail	s	s	S	s	S	s	883
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	2 687
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S	Š	s	S	S	2 687
Air (includes truck and air)		_		_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	19	5.3	s	s	s	s	1 590
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	s	S	S	S	S	209
Truck and rail	S S	S S S	S S	888	S S	S S	3 308 2 711
Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	- s	S	S	S	S	2 956
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	12
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	1 113	100.0	427	100.0	110	100.0	s
Single modes	1 079	96.9	416	97.4	99	90.1	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 069 321 745	96.1 28.8 67.0	413 S 351	96.8 S 82.4	94 36 57	85.3 33.1 52.1	S 686 S
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft	S -	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	2 003
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	s	s	- S	- S	- S	2 003
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	2 059 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	s	S	S	S
Truck and rail	S	s S	s -	- S -	S	s -	2 382
Other multiple modes		-	_	_	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	275

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

COTO and a description and and a function and the	Value		Tons		Ton-mile	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	2 339	100.0	1 551	100.0	358	100.0	s
Single modes	2 267	96.9	1 488	95.9	274	76.7	s
Truck ¹	2 267	96.9	1 488	95.9	274	76.7	S
For-hire truck Private truck	189 S	8.1 S	177 S	11.4 S	96 S	26.7 S	1 508 100
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	-	_	- S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 549
			s				
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	782 2 583 2 720
Rail and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	2 720 - 2 722
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	205
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS							200
AND OILS							
Total	5 143	100.0	4 889	100.0	2 044	100.0	509
Single modes	4 094	79.6	4 701	96.2	1 822	89.1	370
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	3 914 1 900 2 011	76.1 36.9 39.1	3 840 1 424 2 412	78.5 29.1 49.3	1 331 1 031 298	65.1 50.5 14.6	381 1 206 101
Rail	154	3.0	213	4.4	480	23.5	2 341
Water Shallow draft	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ S	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	S
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	2 345 S
Multiple modes	s	s	130	2.7	s	s	1 408
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	74	1.4	5	.1	s	s	1 406
Truck and rail Truck and water	S 57	S 1.1	S S	S S	S S	\$ \$ \$	2 146 1 331
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	S	s	s	S
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	1 251	100.0	1 054	100.0	s	s	26
Single modes	1 246	99.7	1 047	99.3	s	s	26
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 245 447 798	99.6 35.8 63.8	1 045 S 699	99.1 S 66.3	SSS	S S S	26 291 21
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	s	s -	s	S	s	S	2 715
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	s s	- S	s	- S	- S	2 715
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 650
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	666
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water .	S	S	S	S	S	S	2 716
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	2	.1	1	.1	s	s	9

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ns	Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	329	100.0	s	s	s	s	128
Single modes	312	94.9	s	s	s	s	133
Truck ¹	312	94.9	s	s	S	s	133
For-hire truck Private truck	312	94.9	- S	- S	- S	- S	133
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	- - -	_	- - -	_ 	- -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		-	=	_	_	_	=
Truck and water	_	-	-	_	_ _	_	_
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	- S	s	48
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE						_	
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	92
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	61
•							
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	SSS	\$ \$ \$	61 9 78
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	=	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	- -		s	_ S	S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		-	-	_	<u>-</u>	-	-
Truck and water	_	-	-	_	=	=	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	177
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	46	100.0	3 243	100.0	s	s	154
Single modes	45	99.1	3 241	99.9	s	s	153
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S 4 S	9.6 S	2 590 183 2 408	79.9 5.6 74.2	S 14 S	S 3.8 S	152 158 151
Rail	s	s	s	s	S	s	1 752
Water	S	S	s	s	S	s	16
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	16 - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	- -	_ _	- S	_ S	_ s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 805
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	489 2 244
Truck and water		-	-	5 - -	<u> </u>	_ _	2 244 - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s l	s l	S	S	l s	172

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, se	Vali		То		Ton-r	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	137	100.0	18 951	100.0	s	s	72
Single modes	137	99.8	18 950	100.0	s	s	72
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	124 33 91	90.0 23.7 66.2	15 863 3 573 12 291	83.7 18.9 64.9	S 91 S	S 6.7 S	72 22 88
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	S S - S	134 148 - 16
Air (includes truck and air)		_	Ξ	_ _	S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	s	110
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	S	s	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S 105 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_		_ _ _	S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _	-	_ _	- -	_ _	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	9
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	s s s	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$	S 2 006 42
Rail	_	-	_	_	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	- S	- s	- S	_ s	- S	- s	1 944
Pipeline ²	-	-	_	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	S	S	s	S	s	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S - - -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	8 8 - -	S S - - -	S 2 774 - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

0070	Value		Tons		Ton-m	iles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Truck ¹	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
For-hire truck Private truck		-	-	-	-	-	- -
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	Ξ
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	_	-	_	-	-	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	_		- s	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_	=	Ξ]	_	-	-	Ξ
Other multiple modes	=	=	=	=	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	2 632	100.0	6 610	100.0	s	s	28
Single modes	2 627	99.8	6 602	99.9	s	s	28
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 195 S 2 021	83.4 S 76.8	5 297 S 4 785	80.1 S 72.4	200 S 188	38.0 S 35.7	28 26 28
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	250 250
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)		-	_		s	S	Š
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_	-	-	<u> </u>
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	S	S	s	s	10
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	646	100.0	2 592	100.0	s	s	s
Single modes	639	98.8	2 564	98.9	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	634 S 586	98.0 S 90.7	2 536 S 2 340	97.8 S 90.3	S S S	S S S	S 25 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	_	_	_	-	
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	s	s	s	s	Š
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	12
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	-	-	_ _
Truck and water Rail and water				_ _			_ _
Other multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	12
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s	s	s	s	s	5

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, se	Val	-	То		Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	786	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	769	97.9	s	s	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	769 S 461	97.9 S 58.7	S S S	S S S	S S 62	S S 33.8	S 125 S
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	- s	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	321
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - S - -	\$ \$ -	\$ - \$ -	S - S - -	\$ - S -	\$ \$ -	141 2 003 - -
Other and unknown modes	11	1.4	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	1 089	100.0	s	s	325	100.0	655
Single modes	1 029	94.5	s	s	323	99.6	660
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 018 S 233	93.4 S 21.4	S 462 S	S 12.7 S	283 204 S	87.2 62.9 S	639 1 685 38
Rail	s	S	S	s	s	s	1 641
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	2 715 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 153
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	1 153
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	12
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	1 651	100.0	53	100.0	15	100.0	592
Single modes	678	41.1	35	65.6	8	55.2	65
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	674 114 559	40.8 6.9 33.9	35 8 27	65.2 14.6 50.7	8 7 1	53.2 44.3 8.9	S 505 S
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S -	S - -	S - -	S -	S -	S -	2 585 - -
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S S	s	s s	s s	S	s s	2 585 516
Pipeline ²	961	_	17	31.9	Š	\$ 43.4	S 624
Multiple modes Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	961	58.2 58.2	17	31.9	7	43.4	624
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	901	56.2 - - -	- - - -	31.9	- - -	43.4 - - - -	624 - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

2072	Value		Ton	s	Ton-m	iles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	245	100.0	957	100.0	104	100.0	s
Single modes	236	96.1	917	95.9	61	58.4	s
Truck ¹	s	s	s	s	45	43.0	S
For-hire truck Private truck	39 S	15.9 S	131 S	13.7 S	21 S	20.6 S	184 S
Rail	15	6.1	81	8.5	16	15.4	197
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	2 755
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Truck and rail	s	S	S	s	- S	- S	2 755
Rail and water Other multiple modes		-	-	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	7
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	2 527	100.0	842	100.0	215	100.0	213
Single modes	1 731	68.5	769	91.4	193	90.0	91
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 711 S 987	67.7 S 39.1	737 307 430	87.6 36.5 51.1	185 141 45	86.4 65.5 20.8	90 364 30
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	2 647 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	320
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	320
Truck and rail	s s	- S	- s	S	s	- S	_ 518
Rail and water		-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Other and unknown modes	37	1.5	6	.7	s	s	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	1 978	100.0	765	100.0	293	100.0	476
Single modes	1 723	87.1	738	96.5	260	88.9	251
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 659 1 050 583	83.9 53.1 29.5	736 401 269	96.3 52.5 35.1	258 183 55	88.3 62.5 18.7	233 755 62
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	242
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	5	S - -	S - -	5 - -	S - -	S - -	242 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	2 -	.2	S S	S S	1 286 S
Multiple modes	209	10.6	16	2.1	25	8.5	929
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	196	9.9	10	1.3	8	2.7	926
Truck and rail	12 S -	.6 S -	4 S -	.5 S - -	13 S -	4.4 S - -	3 113 2 737 –
Other multiple modes		- 1					

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation of terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, so	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH								
Total	1 989	100.0	22 395	100.0	2 100	100.0	89	
Single modes	1 975	99.3	22 340	99.8	2 052	97.7	87	
Truck¹	1 919 1 157 746	96.5 58.2 37.5	22 214 12 123 9 888	99.2 54.1 44.2	1 827 903 866	87.0 43.0 41.2	83 79 88	
Rail	55	2.8	126	.6	s	s	1 931	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_ _	_ _ _	_ S	_ 	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 537	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S S - -	- S S - -	- 8 8 -	- 8 8 - -	- 8 8 - -	- 8 8 -	2 475 437 – –	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	39	
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS								
Total	11 465	100.0	33 480	100.0	15 849	100.0	389	
Single modes	10 529	91.8	23 826	71.2	14 469	91.3	317	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	8 438 6 523 1 838	73.6 56.9 16.0	19 122 14 887 3 757	57.1 44.5 11.2	5 939 5 051 850	37.5 31.9 5.4	229 325 120	
Rail	2 004	17.5	4 585	13.7	7 815	49.3	1 766	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	6 019 - -	
Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	S	6 019	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	2 248 S	
Multiple modes	310	2.7	730	2.2	794	5.0	1 963	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	7 284 19 - -	2.5 .2 - -	1 S 39 - -	- S .1 - -	3 691 100 –	- 4.4 .6 - -	2 039 1 505 2 644 —	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	342	
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD								
Total	2 476	100.0	4 947	100.0	3 588	100.0	235	
Single modes	2 355	95.1	4 711	95.2	3 469	96.7	193	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 428 1 043 385	57.7 42.1 15.6	2 355 2 022 333	47.6 40.9 6.7	1 060 1 008 52	29.6 28.1 1.5	143 687 27	
Rail	918	37.1	2 353	47.6	2 400	66.9	1 074	
Water Shallow draft	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	s -	2 696	
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	s	2 696	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	s -	S -	S -	S S	s s	1 688 S	
Multiple modes	25	1.0	29	.6	50	1.4	886	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water	6 S 3	.2 S .1	1 16 7	- .3 .1	S 22 16	S .6 .5	862 1 435 2 474	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	s	S	S	S	s	2 029	
Other and unknown modes	96	3.9	s	s	s	s	s	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or explanation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, st	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES								
Total	1 745	100.0	1 349	100.0	1 152	100.0	421	
Single modes	1 682	96.4	1 318	97.7	1 080	93.8	289	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 343 919 348	77.0 52.7 19.9	1 006 691 S	74.6 51.2 S	483 455 S	42.0 39.5 S	179 572 51	
Rail	s	s	S	S	S	s	1 028	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	303 S - S	17.4 S - S	205 S - S	15.2 S - S	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	5 365 62 - 6 593	
Air (includes truck and air).	S -	S -	S -	S -	s s	S S	1 384 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	4	.3	s	s	997	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ - - -	S - S - -	4 - S - -	.3 S -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -	997 3 056 - -	
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS								
Total	2 077	100.0	480	100.0	269	100.0	491	
Single modes	1 240	59.7	409	85.3	185	68.9	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 182 560 622	56.9 27.0 30.0	374 164 210	78.0 34.2 43.8	135 123 11	50.0 45.9 4.1	S 1 057 S	
Rail	S	s	S	s	S	s	1 389	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	25 _	1.2	3 -	.5	6 S	2.1 S	1 649 S	
Multiple modes	768	37.0	66	13.7	74	27.6	572	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	748 S S - -	36.0 S S - -	59 S S -	12.3 S S - -	57 S S - -	21.2 S S - -	572 2 156 2 096 - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER								
Total	7 601	100.0	253	100.0	156	100.0	855	
Single modes	s	s	213	84.4	128	82.1	666	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	202 S S	80.1 S S	115 88 S	73.5 56.2 S	S 1 486 S	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water	S	S -	S	S -	S -	S -	1 989	
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	- S	s	- S	S	_ S	1 989	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	s -	S -	S -	6 S	3.7 S	2 227 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	25	15.9	1 037	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	639 - S -	8.4 - S -	16 - S -	6.4 - S -	25 - S -	15.8 - S -	1 047 - 8 -	
Other multiple modes	- S	- s	- s	- S	- S	- s	-	
Other and unknown modes	ı Sl	SI	S	ı S	ı S	ı SI	S	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-mil	es	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	1 472	100.0	11 493	100.0	967	100.0	s
Single modes	1 347	91.5	11 074	96.4	687	71.0	s
Truck ¹	1 319	89.6	10 795	93.9	511	52.8	S
For-hire truck Private truck	314 987	21.3 67.0	1 342 9 363	11.7 81.5	279 226	28.9 23.4	511 55
Rail	23	1.6	279	2.4	175	18.1	747
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	-		1 S	- S	2 184 S
Multiple modes	71	4.8	70	.6	104	10.7	670
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	2	_	2	.2 S	630
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water	26 4 S	1.8 .3 S	41 23 S	.4 .2 S	60 S	6.3 S	S 2 720 2 436
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 430
Other and unknown modes	54	3.7	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	3 106	100.0	4 023	100.0	1 597	100.0	199
Single modes	2 375	76.5	2 595	64.5	1 185	74.2	123
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 082 1 128 952	67.0 36.3 30.6	2 026 1 230 795	50.4 30.6 19.8	597 530 66	37.4 33.2 4.1	109 433 48
Rail	248	8.0	471	11.7	587	36.7	1 373
Water	s	s	S	S	s	s	9
Shallow draft Geat Lakes Deep draft	- - S	- S	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	9
Air (includes truck and air)	6	.2	S	S	S	S S	1 857 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	343	21.5	686
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	83	2.7	4	_	s	s	650
Truck and rail	S	S	S S	S S	151 S	9.5 S	2 247 4 123
Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S	s	- S	S	s	- S	26
Other and unknown modes	95	3.1	63	1.6	s	s	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	3 154	100.0	1 059	100.0	508	100.0	419
Single modes	2 400	76.1	937	88.5	431	84.8	295
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 348 1 668 678	74.4 52.9 21.5	936 617 318	88.4 58.3 30.0	428 397 31	84.3 78.1 6.1	275 866 60
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water	S	S	S	S	S	S	38
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	38 - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	S -	S -	SS	S S	1 963 S
Multiple modes	448	14.2	35	3.3	s	s	709
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	395	12.5	25	2.3	17	3.3	705
Truck and rail	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	2 730 2 266 -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	306	9.7	s	s	11	2.1	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average mile per shipmen
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	4 091	100.0	363	100.0	234	100.0	385
Single modes	3 210	78.5	327	90.2	216	92.4	255
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	2 921 1 906 1 014	71.4 46.6 24.8	314 176 137	86.4 48.6 37.8	192 181 11	81.9 77.3 4.6	210 829 39
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	2 893
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	257	6.3	9 -	2.5 -	13 S	5.6 S	1 580 S
Multiple modes	636	15.5	21	5.7	12	5.1	583
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	636 S - - -	15.5 S - - -	21 S - -	5.7 S - - -	12 S - -	5.1 S - - -	583 1 951 - - -
Other and unknown modes	245	6.0	s	s	6	2.5	s
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	10 411	100.0	396	100.0	378	100.0	669
Single modes	7 413	71.2	345	86.9	328	86.8	643
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	5 458 4 201 1 210	52.4 40.4 11.6	304 153 148	76.8 38.6 37.4	229 167 61	60.6 44.4 16.2	417 1 080 78
Rail	556	5.3	35	8.8	s	s	2 614
Water Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S _	2 771
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	- S	_ S	_ S	- S	- S	2 771
Air (includes truck and air)	1 399	13.4	5 -	1.4	7 S	1.8 S	1 691 S
Multiple modes	2 415	23.2	24	6.0	29	7.6	864
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	2 406	23.1	19	4.9	19	5.0	862
Truck and rail	s	s	5	1.1	s	S	2 178
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	19
Other and unknown modes	582	5.6	28	7.0	21	5.7	S
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	8 344	100.0	680	100.0	546	100.0	365
Single modes	5 825	69.8	466	68.5	262	48.0	277
Truck ¹	5 668 4 301 1 364	67.9 51.5 16.4	456 278 178	67.0 40.9 26.1	238 152 S	43.7 27.9 S	156 311 54
Rail	S	s	S	S	s	s	2 579
Water	S	s -	S	S	s -	S	1 826
Great Lakes Deep draft	- S	- - S	- S	- S	- - s	- - S	1 826
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	132	1.6	7 -	1.0	15 S	2.8 S	1 488 S
Multiple modes	569	6.8	26	3.8	s	s	604
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	249	3.0	11	1.7	6	1.2	581
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S -	- S - -	- S - -	- S -	- S - -	- S - -	1 813 - -
Other and unknown modes	1 951	23.4	189	27.7	249	45.6	S

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-mi	les	-	
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	1 083	100.0	217	100.0	19	100.0	s	
Single modes	1 057	97.6	216	99.7	18	96.1	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	700 117 583	64.7 10.8 53.8	S 13 26	S 5.9 11.8	18 13 4	93.7 71.6 22.2	S 895 S	
Rail	334	30.8	s	S	S	s	2	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	23	2.1	_	_	_ S	.8 S	763 S	
Multiple modes	16	1.5	_	_	-	.6	s	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	16 S - - -	1.5 S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - - -	.6 S - -	S 315 - - -	
Other and unknown modes	11	1.0	s	s	s	s	529	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	2 199	100.0	30	100.0	29	100.0	1 081	
Single modes	1 238	56.3	20	67.6	18	63.7	1 303	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 088 959 129	49.5 43.6 5.9	20 19 1	66.4 62.9 3.5	18 18 S	61.4 61.1 S	977 1 314 56	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	150	6.8	_	1.2	1 S	2.3 S	2 193 S	
Multiple modes	869	39.5	6	20.9	8	28.9	1 041	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	869 - - - -	39.5 - - - -	6	20.9	8 - - - -	28.9 - - - -	1 041 - - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	S	S	s	S	s	S	1 098	
Total	577	100.0	115	100.0	101	100.0	328	
Single modes	509	88.2	106	92.8	88	87.0	s	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	490 251 239	84.8 43.5 41.3	103 59 44	90.1 51.5 38.6	80 69 12	79.5 67.8 11.8	S 1 069 94	
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	S	3 133	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S	S	S S	S S	1 417 S	
Multiple modes	30	5.2	s	s	s	s	975	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	21 S S	3.6 S S	2 8 8 -	1.4 S S	2 S S	2.1 S S	966 3 340 2 961	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	1	- .9	- s	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	3 650	100.0	723	100.0	244	100.0	1 108
Single modes	2 237	61.3	671	92.8	199	81.8	263
Truck ¹	2 073	56.8	664	91.8	184	75.4	166
For-hire truck	1 134 914	31.1 25.0	282 373	39.0 51.6	135 48	55.4 19.8	412 83
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	3 024
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	_ _	_	=	- - -	=
Air (includes truck and air)	S	s	s	S	3	1.1	1 856
Pipeline ²	_	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	1 307	35.8	42	5.8	43	17.8	1 405
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 303 S	35.7 S	39 S	5.4 S S	43 S	17.4 S	1 405 268
Truck and water	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	2 872 -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	105	2.9	10	1.4	1	.4	s
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	436	100.0	2 347	100.0	313	100.0	s
Single modes	420	96.4	2 326	99.1	291	92.8	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	374 275	85.9 63.2	1 974 S	84.1 S	S S	S S	117 146
Private truck	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Water Shallow draft	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	7 7
Great Lakes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 333
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 333
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	11
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	290
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	97
Truck ¹	s	s	s	s	s	s	91
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S	2 S	.4 S	\$1 \$ 89
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Shallow draft		_	_	_	-	-	_
Deep draft	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 000 S
Multiple modes	51	.5	11	.1	15	2.6	1 586
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	1	_	S	s	1 575
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	20	.2	10	.1	15	2.5	1 810
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	9	_	s	s	s	s	78

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	563	100.0	s	s	s	s	700
Single modes	491	87.3	s	s	s	s	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	468 243 212	83.1 43.2 37.7	S S 166	S S 16.4	S 31 S	S 24.3 S	S 753 S
Rail	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - \$	88 - 8	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	15 16 - 11
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	742 S
Multiple modes	s	s	1	.1	s	s	1 282
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ \$ 5 -	8 8 8 F	1 S S - -	.1 S S - -	1 S S -	.7 S S - -	1 273 3 211 2 720 - -
Other and unknown modes	3	.5	s	s	s	s	33

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton	miles
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Total	105 063	100.0	165 754	100.0	40 606	100.0
NEW ENGLAND STATES						
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	266 139 439 83 S 50	.3 .1 .4 - S	124 S 236 34 S	- S .1 - S -	412 S 771 109 S 18	1.0 S 1.9 .3 S
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES						
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	940 1 258 785	.9 1.2 .7	226 330 228	.1 .2 .1	705 983 666	1.7 2.4 1.6
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	1 047 1 650 641 1 437 435	1.0 1.6 .6 1.4 .4	736 324 411 441 380	.4 .2 .2 .3 .2	1 672 810 1 036 1 147 793	4.1 2.0 2.6 2.8 2.0
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	383 166 379 472 282 70 40	.4 .2 .4 .4 .3 -	160 103 222 260 53 49 13	.1 .1 .2 - -	293 203 410 551 85 76 22	.7 .5 1.0 1.4 .2 .2
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES						
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	14 S 876 828 376 648 443 351 58	- 8.8 8.4 .6 .4 .3	S 230 338 169 180 62 110	\$ \$.1 .2 .1 .1	\$ 729 1 090 \$ 531 183 331 25	S 1.8 2.7 5 1.3 .5 8
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Alabama. Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	167 347 126 565	.2 .3 .1 .5	61 73 40 153	- - -	166 179 103 407	.4 .4 .3 1.0
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Arkansas Louisiana . Oklahoma Texas	194 229 212 2 215	.2 .2 .2 2.1	49 144 129 945	- - - .6	117 400 286 2 479	.3 1.0 .7 6.1
MOUNTAIN STATES						
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	866 1 187 1 487 584 454 180 720 94	.8 1.1 1.4 .6 .4 .2 .7	802 748 1 377 208 528 56 495 18	.5 .5 .8 .1 .3	1 051 1 072 479 150 481 81 416	2.6 2.6 1.2 .4 1.2 .2 1.0
PACIFIC STATES						
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	1 007 11 076 272 48 826 19 606	1.0 10.5 .3 46.5 18.7	171 9 988 220 124 974 19 018	.1 6.0 .1 75.4 11.5	225 7 488 626 6 745 2 831	.6 18.4 1.5 16.6 7.0

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 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

e of Saparitation of terms and meaning of abbroviations and symbols, see that	,	lue		ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	97 225	100.0	182 618	100.0	43 114	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	256 112 661 134 40 93	.3 .1 .7 .1 	18 S 39 10 1	- S - - -	56 S 129 32 4 57	.1 S .3 - - .1	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	998 1 161 1 334	1.0 1.2 1.4	151 244 275	- .1 .2	446 701 765	1.0 1.6 1.8	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	2 091 835 1 193 1 085 783	2.2 .9 1.2 1.1 .8	S S 304 399 215	\$ \$.2 .2 .1	\$ 732 1 000 445	\$ \$ 1.7 2.3 1.0	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	543 467 936 725 213 159 159	.6 .5 1.0 .7 .2 .2 .2	279 S S 223 110 1 210 25	.2 8 8 .1 -7	545 S S 457 163 1 771 37	1.3 S S 1.1 .4 4.1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	44 \$ 423 499 153 750 225 397 16	- S .4 .5 .2 .8 .2 .4	18 S 42 159 20 229 42 48 S	S	56 S 127 454 59 666 121 140 S	.1 S .3 1.1 1.5 .3 .3 S	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	208 841 209 534	.2 .9 .2 .5	154 352 94 146	- .2 - -	407 879 236 355	.9 2.0 .5 .8	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	319 149 347 1 555	.3 .2 .4 1.6	241 139 81 699	.1 - - .4	549 372 163 1 718	1.3 .9 .4 4.0	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado	465 561 1 446 277 370 S 472 344	.5 .6 1.5 .3 .4 .5 .5	101 544 2 067 1 769 307 115 351 3 181	- .3 1.1 1.0 .2 - .2 1.7	139 751 739 1 712 185 S 299 3 112	.3 1.7 1.7 4.0 .4 8 .7 7.2	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 13 270 18 48 826 10 301	\$ 13.6 - 50.2 10.6	S 6 810 S 124 974 33 659	S 3.7 S 68.4 18.4	S 3 982 S 6 745 5 914	S 9.2 S 15.6 13.7	

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Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodinina	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country,and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	8.3	-	9.2	-	4.7	-	6.7
Single modes	9.7	1.5	9.0	3.8	3.6	2.0	14.7
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	10.3 5.8 22.2	1.9 2.9 4.3	11.4 10.4 15.3	5.1 3.8 4.1	6.0 5.3 17.4	2.5 2.2 1.8	17.3 9.6 10.5
Rail	7.7	.3	5.6	.6	8.3	2.3	4.3
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	30.8 39.2	.6 .6	28.4 36.4	2.4 2.5	48.1 S	2.8 S	S 33.5
Deep draft	47.3	.2	37.6	.7	S	S	S
Air (includes truck and air)	16.3 S	.5 S	14.1 S	s	16.0 S	S	5.6 S
Multiple modes	11.0	1.2	43.4	.7	7.4	.4	15.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	7.2 S S S S	1.0 S S S S	21.1 36.6 22.5 S	- .1 - S S	16.0 12.7 19.7 S S	- .4 .3 S S	15.7 10.8 17.1 31.6 42.3
Other and unknown modes	14.5	.9	38.8	3.9	29.2	2.2	33.2

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient o	f variation of ober	Standard error of		of variation of imber	Standard error of	Coefficient of num		Standard error of			Standard error of	
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	
All modes	8.3	16.3	23.4	9.2	10.1	11.0	4.7	14.4	14.3	6.7	8.9	13.2	
Single modes	9.7	5.9	16.7	9.0	12.5	12.5	3.6	7.2	8.0	14.7	10.4	18.8	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	10.3 5.8 22.2	6.0 10.5 6.7	17.2 16.4 35.4	11.4 10.4 15.3	14.1 24.7 9.3	13.3 14.6 17.7	6.0 5.3 17.4	6.1 7.3 14.5	8.3 8.5 26.1	17.3 9.6 10.5	9.0 13.4 9.3	25.1 27.5 11.8	
Rail	7.7	11.7	15.5	5.6	7.7	8.9	8.3	11.8	13.0	4.3	4.5	6.2	
Water	30.8 39.2 -	36.7 S	244.8 S	28.4 36.4 -	36.7 37.4	134.8 134.3	48.1 S -	26.2 41.8 -	182.6 S	S 33.5 –	24.2 S	S S	
Deep draft	47.3	19.4	180.7	37.6	S	S	S	32.0	S	S	10.3	S	
Air (includes truck and air)	16.3 S	16.8 S	61.2 S	14.1 S	17.9 S	55.7 S	16.0 S	18.9 S	46.3 S	5.6 S	3.3 S	6.1 S	
Multiple modes	11.0	s	s	43.4	s	s	7.4	s	s	15.6	9.8	18.5	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	7.2 S S S	6.0 S 26.0 S S	16.0 S S S S	21.1 36.6 22.5 S	11.6 S 24.4 S	32.8 S 54.3 S S	16.0 12.7 19.7 S S	24.8 S 28.6 S	35.0 S 52.5 S S	15.7 10.8 17.1 31.6 42.3	7.5 9.4 6.1 31.6 31.6	18.6 9.4 15.8 78.2 20.2	
Other and unknown modes	14.5	18.2	22.5	38.8	27.6	36.3	29.2	24.0	59.7	33.2	21.2	69.6	

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Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
widde of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	-	_	_	-	-	
Single modes	1.5	5.3	3.8	3.7	2.0	4.2	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	1.9 2.9 4.3	5.0 2.9 3.4	5.1 3.8 4.1	4.2 5.4 3.2	2.5 2.2 1.8	3.4 2.9 2.0	
Rail	.3	.4	.6	.6	2.3	1.8	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	.6 .6 _ .2	.2 S - -	2.4 2.5 - .7	1.0 .9 _ S	2.8 S - S	.4 .1 _ .4	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline	.5 S	.3 S	- S	- S	- S	S	
Multiple modes	1.2	s	.7	s	.4	s	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	1.0 S S S S	1.0 S - S S	- .1 - S S	- S - S S	- .4 .3 S S	.1 .3 .3 .5 .5	
Other and unknown modes	.9	1.5	3.9	3.4	2.2	.9	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	miles		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Total	4.7	-	6.6	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	6.0 8.2 S - 44.9	2.5 2.4 S - 2.4	16.9 4.4 27.8 – S	
Air	16.2 16.0 S 29.1	- - S 2.2	5.9 15.7 S 33.2	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
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 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

i or explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
All modes	8.3	-	9.2	-	4.7	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	11.8 27.5 10.0 7.6 9.6	1.6 1.4 .9 .5 .5	9.6 18.9 16.8 6.5 10.2	1.6 1.3 1.3 .4 .4	13.5 19.1 16.8 6.5 9.9	.6 .8 1.5 .5	
750 to 999 miles	9.0	.5	13.6	.4	12.0	1.2	
	11.0	.3	9.5	.1	9.6	.6	
	12.5	.8	9.5	.3	9.2	1.7	
	9.4	1.0	8.5	.2	7.9	1.1	
Single modes	9.7	-	9.0	-	3.6	-	
Less than 50 miles	14.3	1.9	10.8	2.1	15.6	.7	
	30.6	1.6	20.3	1.4	20.7	.9	
	11.9	1.3	16.9	1.9	17.0	1.8	
	8.6	.5	7.6	.4	7.6	.6	
	9.8	.4	10.9	.5	10.6	1.0	
750 to 999 miles	11.8	.7	14.1	.5	12.4	1.7	
	9.0	.1	12.5	.1	12.4	.7	
	12.1	.8	10.4	.3	11.3	2.0	
	14.2	1.3	4.9	.2	6.2	.9	
Truck	10.3	-	11.4	-	6.0	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	14.9	1.9	13.0	1.7	16.4	1.1	
	30.8	1.7	20.9	1.4	21.2	1.4	
	11.8	1.3	9.7	1.3	10.3	1.7	
	8.7	.5	8.8	.5	8.7	.9	
	10.7	.4	15.9	.5	15.7	1.3	
750 to 999 miles	16.3	.8	24.7	.6	23.8	2.9	
	8.9	.1	11.4	-	11.7	.5	
	9.8	.6	12.0	.2	12.0	1.3	
	17.2	1.4	13.3	.2	13.5	1.7	
For-hire truck	5.8	_	10.4	_	5.3	_	
Less than 50 miles	14.9	2.5	17.0	3.5	15.2	.5	
	16.1	1.2	23.0	3.0	23.6	1.7	
	13.3	1.9	11.4	1.9	13.2	1.6	
	8.0	.9	9.1	.9	8.5	.7	
	7.8	.6	12.0	.5	14.2	1.1	
750 to 999 miles	13.6	1.2	8.7	1.0	9.1	1.3	
	9.8	.4	11.5	.2	11.8	.7	
	9.6	1.0	13.9	.6	14.1	1.9	
	17.6	2.0	14.2	.6	14.4	2.1	
Private truck	22.2	-	15.3	-	17.4	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	22.0	2.9	15.7	2.1	16.3	3.0	
	45.1	2.4	25.2	1.0	25.0	1.9	
	21.4	1.8	19.6	1.2	20.6	3.4	
	15.0	.6	13.1	.3	12.7	1.9	
	45.7	.4	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S	S	S	S	\$	\$	
	29.9	.1	35.2	-	36.8	.4	
	39.0	.2	32.7	-	24.8	.9	
	S	S	29.3	-	28.3	2.0	
Rail	7.7	_	5.6	-	8.3	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	41.8	2.8	28.1	1.7	29.4	-	
	45.7	.4	S	S	S	S	
	32.2	1.6	31.1	2.5	23.1	.4	
	11.7	1.5	12.5	1.6	12.4	.9	
	14.1	1.2	15.0	1.7	16.0	1.4	
750 to 999 miles	13.9	2.5	13.4	2.4	13.2	2.2	
	19.9	1.1	21.8	1.2	21.2	1.8	
	16.7	3.1	16.4	2.1	16.9	2.6	
	13.7	2.4	14.3	1.9	14.8	4.3	
Water	30.8	-	28.4	-	48.1	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	26.9	12.4	32.3	13.6	26.4	15.3	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S - S S	S - S S	S - S S	s - s s	S - S S	\$ - \$ \$	
Shallow draft	39.2	-	36.4	-	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	30.7 - S - -	14.7 - S - -	42.6 - S - -	15.2 - S - -	S - S - -	\$ - \$ -	
750 to 999 miles	-	-	-	-	_	-	
	-	-	-	-	_	-	
	-	-	-	-	_	-	
	-	-	-	-	_	-	

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ns	Ton-r	niles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_
100 to 249 miles		_ _	_	_	_ _	_ _
500 to 749 miles	-	-	-	=	-	-
750 to 999 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	_	<u>-</u>	_ _	_ _	_	_
Deep draft	47.3	_	37.6	_	s	s
Less than 50 miles	S	S	42.0	19.0	45.6	17.9
50 to 99 miles			_ _	- -	- -	<u>-</u> -
250 to 499 miles	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S
750 to 999 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	_ S	S	_ S	S	S	_
2,000 miles or more	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	S S
Air (includes truck and air)	16.3	-	14.1	-	16.0	-
Less than 50 miles	_ S	S	_ S	_ S	- S	S
100 to 249 miles	29.1 S	7.6 S	34.4 S	6.3 S	43.0 S	1.4 S
500 to 749 miles	28.4	2.3	31.5	1.3	33.6	1.4
750 to 999 miles	29.6 22.0	2.1 .6	28.7 38.6	2.2 1.4	27.1 34.8	1.7 1.3
1,500 to 1,999 miles	22.6 19.9	3.4 4.6	23.2 18.8	4.0 5.3	26.5 21.8	4.7 5.6
Pipeline	s	S	s	s	s	S
Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	s	s	S
50 to 99 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	S S	S S
250 to 499 miles		_	_	_	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$
750 to 999 miles	_	-	-	_	s	
1,000 to 1,499 miles		_ _	_ _	_ _	S S	\$ \$ \$
2,000 miles or more	_	_	-	_	S	S
Multiple modes	11.0	-	43.4	-	7.4	-
Less than 50 miles	30.7 16.9	3.8 .6	S S	S	S	S S .8 1.2 .7
100 to 249 miles	15.6 8.3	2.1 .7	43.3 43.6	2.1 2.6	42.4 44.6	.8 1.2
500 to 749 miles	14.5	1.3	26.7	1.3	31.5	
750 to 999 miles	10.3 11.4	1.1	16.6 30.8	1.5 .8	17.6 30.5	.8 .7
1,500 to 1,999 miles	30.0 12.8	3.0 2.6	9.6 12.4	4.9 7.7	10.7 13.3	4.3 5.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	7.2	_	21.1	_	16.0	_
Less than 50 miles	18.0	2.1	27.5	1.8	26.7	.1
50 to 99 miles	17.4 14.9	.7 2.5	27.1 27.4	1.0 2.8	26.1 26.5	.2 1.4
250 to 499 miles	9.5 14.6	.7 1.3	26.6 20.5	1.3 1.1	28.1 20.7	.9 .9
750 to 999 miles	10.9	1.1	12.9	.9	13.9	1.0
1,000 to 1,499 miles	12.4 12.5	.3 1.2	23.4 20.5	.3 1.1	23.4 21.2	.5 2.0
2,000 miles or more	15.4	2.0	12.7	1.8	12.9	2.6
Truck and rail	S	S	36.6	-	12.7	-
Less than 50 miles	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	S S
100 to 249 miles	49.3 S	3.7 S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	<i>\$</i> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	28.2 33.0	1.5 1.0	23.8 45.2	2.4 1.3	22.9 42.2	1.3 1.0
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S 20.8	S 10.7	19.7 30.5	8.2 9.6	19.7 31.7	9.2 9.7
Truck and water	s	s	22.5	-	19.7	_
Less than 50 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	SSS	S	<i>\$</i> \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$
250 to 499 miles	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -
750 to 999 miles	49.0	2.3	41.9	1.8	47.6	1.9
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	48.6 S	.7 S	\$ 25.0	S 7.1	\$ 33.0	1.9 S 6.3
2,000 miles or more	29.3	12.5	25.7	8.4	23.0	7.9

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	- - S -	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	S	S - - -	S	S	\$ - - -	S - - -	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	- - S S	
Other and unknown modes	14.5	-	38.8	_	29.2	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	22.4 S 25.6 32.8 38.9	5.0 S 2.8 1.0 1.4	43.4 S 37.5 S 31.4	9.0 S 1.9 S 1.1	\$ \$ 37.1 \$ 30.4	\$ \$ 1.0 \$ 1.5	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	40.7 40.1 23.2 22.9	1.1 2.5 3.4 2.2	36.2 40.5 28.0 35.3	1.1 1.3 2.1 2.7	36.6 40.9 28.4 35.2	2.2 2.6 2.4 6.0	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	8.3	_	9.2	-	4.7	-	6.7
Less than 50 lb	6.6 14.0 6.2 9.3 9.3	.8 .5 .9 .4 .3	10.9 11.6 9.3 8.7 17.4	- - .1 - -	10.0 10.2 11.8 18.9 10.3	- - - -	8.6 14.4 15.2 19.6 20.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	13.7 21.0 10.2 13.3	1.9 3.5 .8 1.0	4.9 12.8 10.8 18.4	.6 2.7 1.8 4.3	23.8 7.5 8.9 9.0	1.8 2.8 1.0 3.0	25.1 10.9 10.3 17.2
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	9.7 10.2 21.1 8.4 12.1 9.5	.5 .6 1.0 .6	9.0 20.7 19.5 10.9 9.3 17.8	- - .1 -	3.6 19.3 19.2 15.1 19.3 12.2	- - .1 -	14.7 19.6 20.4 17.8 20.0 23.0
1,000 to 9,999 lb	14.9 23.9 10.3 11.3	2.3 3.8 .9 .9	7.6 13.1 10.8 12.1	.6 1.9 1.8 2.7	5.6 8.3 8.2 8.3	.2 2.8 1.0 3.0	9.9 12.0 10.8 17.0
Truck	10.3	-	11.4	-	6.0	-	17.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 50 to 749 lb 50 to 999 lb	10.6 23.4 8.2 13.0 8.2	.4 .7 1.1 .7 .3	21.2 19.6 11.1 9.4 18.0		21.9 19.7 14.4 20.2 12.4	- .2 .2 .2	28.3 21.8 17.4 20.7 23.4
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	14.5 24.9 10.6 20.1	2.6 4.1 .9 .7	7.6 13.5 10.9 21.1	.8 1.5 1.8 1.8	5.8 7.7 8.4 15.8	.5 1.3 1.2 1.4	10.6 9.3 10.3 S
For-hire truck	5.8	-	10.4	-	5.3	-	9.6
Less than 50 lb	21.2 38.1 16.8 22.3 15.7	.5 1.2 1.9 1.0 .4	28.6 23.0 15.6 17.0 13.1	- .2 - -	27.5 26.3 19.2 25.4 17.4	- .3 .2 .1	17.7 9.2 10.1 14.0 10.9
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	12.0 7.0 11.4 25.2	1.6 2.9 1.4 .7	8.1 9.8 15.0 37.6	.5 2.4 3.6 2.9	7.6 7.5 12.1 23.0	.4 2.0 2.4 1.6	11.7 10.7 6.9 39.0
Private truck	22.2	-	15.3	-	17.4	-	10.5
Less than 50 lb	8.9 16.4 12.4 11.0 16.5	.7 .5 2.1 .5 .6	25.9 26.5 15.9 14.3 23.8	- .3 .1 .2	15.3 18.5 12.8 13.6 19.9	- .2 - -	17.9 14.1 10.3 8.9 13.1
1,000 to 9,999 lb	24.5 44.4 18.2 33.5	3.9 6.0 .8 1.3	10.2 20.4 13.8 24.4	1.3 2.9 2.5 2.4	10.7 27.3 17.6 18.9	1.3 5.0 3.2 1.8	8.2 18.6 20.9 S
Rail	7.7	_	5.6	-	8.3	-	4.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S - S - S	8 8 8	S - S - S	S - S - S	S - S - S	S - S - S	30.1 - 33.9 - 31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S 21.7 16.4 7.6	\$ 3.3 1.3 3.1	S 23.7 17.8 6.4	S 1.1 .6 1.4	S 25.8 18.9 9.3	S 1.7 .8 2.0	19.8 5.5 5.0 4.7
Water	30.8	-	28.4	-	48.1	-	s
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	8888 -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$	33.0 31.6 31.6 39.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S S 35.1	S S S 10.8	\$ \$ \$ 31.3	S S S 12.3	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	S S 31.6 19.4
Shallow draft	39.2	-	36.4	-	s	s	33.5
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	S - - -	S - - -	S - - - -	S - - -	S - - - -	31.6 - - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S - S 39.1	S - S 10.5	S - S 36.3	S - S 10.5	S - S S	S - S S	31.6 - 31.6 21.2

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Less than 50 lb	_		-	-	_	-	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	=	- - -		- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Deep draft	47.3	_	37.6	_	s	s	s
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ -	8 8 8 8 F	8888 8	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	30.2 31.6 31.6 39.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -	S S -
100,000 lb or more Air (includes truck and air)	16.3	S	S 14.1	S	47.7 16.0	15.0	5.6
Less than 50 lb	23.5 47.6 17.5	4.3 2.6 2.6	23.9 17.4 19.5	1.4 .5 2.8	22.2 25.7 24.9	1.2 .6 4.0	6.4 9.2 6.9
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb 1,000 to 9,999 lb	27.8 S 39.0	2.0 S 6.5	23.5 44.2 26.8	1.6 2.6 5.7	23.1 18.5 27.7	1.7 .6 4.5	13.5 S
10,000 to 49,999 lb. 50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	\$ \$ \$ \$	5.5 S S S	31.1 S S	5.9 S S	38.8 S S	7.7 S S	17.9 31.6 31.6
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S	S S S S S S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	- S - -	8888	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$
Multiple modes	11.0	_	43.4	_	7.4	_	15.6
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	8.4 6.9 15.7 26.8 41.1	4.6 1.1 2.2 .9	17.9 20.8 28.5 24.9 S	1.8 .8 1.3 .6 S	13.0 13.3 28.4 34.7 S	.6 .3 .7 .2 S	16.3 13.8 13.1 26.1 13.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ \$ \$ \$	9999	39.8 16.9 S S	1.8 8.9 S S	28.3 15.0 49.0 31.3	1.1 7.2 1.6 6.6	16.4 10.0 47.8 S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	7.2	-	21.1	_	16.0	_	15.7
Less than 50 lb	8.4 6.9 16.4 29.1 45.7	2.8 .9 2.1 .8 .4	17.9 20.9 29.1 24.0 S	3.0 .9 2.4 1.2 S	13.0 13.4 29.6 24.9 S	4.0 1.6 3.1 .9 S	16.3 13.7 13.5 33.8 17.3
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S - - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - - -	S - - -	31.6 - - -
Truck and rail	s	s	36.6	_	12.7	_	10.8
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	88888	99999	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9999	88888	31.6 31.6 29.8 31.6 31.6
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ \$ 48.3 32.0	S S 2.7 10.7	S 19.5 S S	\$ 9.7 \$ \$	S 17.1 49.8 33.8	\$ 8.4 2.2 9.3	22.2 8.1 45.7 23.5
Truck and water	s	s	22.5	-	19.7	-	17.1
Less than 50 lb	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	99999	5555	S S S S S	5555	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	31.6 29.9 26.4 24.7 27.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 28.0 \$ \$	S 16.9 S S	43.5 28.3 S S	6.7 8.4 S S	32.1 25.3 S S	5.4 6.8 S S	17.3 18.4 34.0 31.6

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes — Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Less than 50 lb			_ _		_ _		
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more.	s	s	S	s	S	s	31.6
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	- S -	31.6
750 to 999 lb	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- S - 9	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	- S - S	- S -	32.6 - 31.6
Other and unknown modes	14.5	3	38.8	3	29.2	3	33.2
	14.5	_		_		_	33.2
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 749 lb 50 to 799 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 799 lb 500 to 999 lb	14.9 31.9 21.6 26.2 S	1.9 .7 1.7 .3 S	23.2 38.4 28.2 42.5 43.6	.2 .3 .9 .3	25.5 45.6 26.2 32.4 46.1	- .2 .2 .1	37.9 34.9 41.1 41.3 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	16.8 31.0 23.6 35.8	4.9 8.3 .3 8.2	37.9 22.5 37.1 42.5	4.6 9.1 3.6 15.6	44.4 19.0 43.7 40.0	13.6 10.2 1.8 9.0	20.6 17.6 34.0 38.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Val	ne	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	8.3	-	9.2	-	4.7	-	6.7
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish . Cereal grains . Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations .	S 32.3 18.7 36.4 25.8	S .6 .7 .1 .2	\$ 33.4 22.0 46.0 31.3	S 3.7 .5 .6	\$ 33.0 32.1 31.2 25.9	S .6 3.1 .4 -	31.6 S 19.9 27.3 S
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	44.7 20.8 17.4 46.4 S	.8 .8 .2 .2 .S	45.4 16.6 22.8 S	.3 .6 .2 S	32.9 20.1 S S	.3 1.0 S S	S 16.2 11.3 18.9 32.8
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	45.5 31.5 S S	- - 8 8	34.8 30.9 S S	.5 2.4 S S	9999 9999	\$ \$ \$ -	47.6 37.0 S S
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils . Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	30.1 33.8 49.0 42.6 31.3	.7 .2 .4 .4	30.7 41.1 S S 27.8	1.0 .8 S S	S S S 28.8 21.5	S S S .2	18.7 S S 28.6 27.6
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products.	44.7 36.4 24.7 13.7 8.0	.1 1.1 .4 .3 1.3	46.1 21.4 16.2 17.9 22.7	.2 - 2.4 2.8	34.0 17.0 16.2 15.5 8.8	- .1 .8 3.3	\$ 22.9 17.3 19.8 15.6
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	12.9 23.6 17.6 47.1 20.0	.4 .5 .5 2.8 .3	10.7 22.6 13.6 38.4 26.3	.4 .2 _ _ 2.1	10.0 41.8 22.1 28.8 16.7	.9 1.3 .1 .1	35.6 27.6 21.1 21.1 S
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment	17.6 12.5 11.3 12.1	.6 .4 .7	42.2 19.8 6.9	.9 .1 -	15.4 16.6 18.8 19.0	.7 .2 .1	26.7 23.4 21.2 17.2
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	27.3	2.2	22.6	.1	34.9	.5	17.4
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus. Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	21.7 23.7	.3 .5	41.1 23.7	-	32.4 26.9	_ _	S 14.6
40 41 43	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	13.3 11.4 38.2 S 24.1	- .4 .1 S .1	11.5 26.3 34.6 S S	.2 .8 S S	23.2 14.9 43.5 S	.1 .4 S S	44.3 16.4 S 42.7 30.4

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-					Т		
	Val	ue	10	ns	TON-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	8.3	_	9.2	_	4.7	_	6.7
Single modes	9.7	1.5	9.0	3.8	3.6	2.0	14.7
Truck	10.3	1.9	11.4	5.1	6.0	2.5	17.3
For-hire truck Private truck	5.8 22.2	2.9 4.3	10.4 15.3	3.8 4.1	5.3 17.4	2.2 1.8	9.6 10.5
Rail	7.7	.3	5.6	.6	8.3	2.3	4.3
Water Shallow draft	30.8 39.2	.6 .6	28.4 36.4	2.4 2.5	48.1 S	2.8 S	S 33.5
Great Lakes Deep draft	47.3	.2	37.6	.7	S	S	S
Air (includes truck and air)	16.3 S	.5 S	14.1 S	_ S	16.0 S	_ S	5.6 S
Multiple modes	11.0	1.2	43.4	.7	7.4	.4	15.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	7.2	1.0	21.1	_	16.0	_	15.7
Truck and rail	S S S	S	36.6 22.5	.1	12.7 19.7	.4 .3 S S	10.8 17.1
Rail and water	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	31.6 42.3
Other and unknown modes	14.5	.9	38.8	3.9	29.2	2.2	33.2
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	s - s	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	31.6 - 31.6
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	-	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	=	=		=	_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier			_ _	_ _		_	
Truck and water Rail and water			-	-		_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	-	_	_	-	-	_	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	32.3	-	33.4	-	33.0	_	S
Single modes	30.9	13.5	32.1	13.7	38.0	9.4	S
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	26.2 34.0 48.3	14.5 9.2 6.5	35.3 49.1 S	14.6 8.7 S	S S S	S S S	S S 19.9
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	S	29.8
Water Shallow draft	33.1 40.9	13.6 13.1	34.1 40.9	13.6 13.1	S	S	27.9 26.1
Great Lakes Deep draft	40.9 - S	13.1 S	40.9 S	13.1 S	- S	- S	32.8
Air (includes truck and air)		=			- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S S	S S	S S S	S	S S	28.7 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S -	S -	S - -	S - -	S -	S -	31.6
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	26.6
	·	•	•	•	·	·	0.0

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			т.		Tan	miles	
	Val	ue T	10	ns	TON-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	18.7	_	22.0	_	32.1	_	19.9
Single modes	19.8	2.8	22.8	10.1	40.9	13.3	48.1
Truck	20.8 25.8 29.6	3.3 8.4 8.6	22.9 33.7 32.2	9.5 9.3 9.7	45.2 49.5 S	10.6 10.4 S	49.1 13.1 19.8
Rail	41.6	2.0	35.6	2.0	33.4	4.9	4.4
Water	_		_	-	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	=	-	_ _	_ _	- -		
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	32.8 S
Multiple modes	31.3	.9	42.5	.3	45.8	.9	14.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	37.3 43.2	.8 .2	41.5 44.9	_ .3	37.4 48.4		13.2 24.1
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	.2 S -	S -	.3 S -	S -	.9 S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	38.9	2.1	42.1	10.2	44.7	13.6	19.2
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	36.4	_	46.0	-	31.2	-	27.3
Single modes	39.0	10.5	48.9	10.3	45.6	13.5	16.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	37.2 30.3 40.9	10.0 7.1 11.4	46.2 28.2 S	9.7 11.7 S	39.8 28.9 48.3	12.1 13.3 9.9	16.6 17.2 17.7
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	S	29.8
Water	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	- S	- - S	- - S	- S	- - S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline				_ _	_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	49.2	3.9	s	s	s	s	31.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Truck and rail	S S	S S	S S	\$ \$ \$	S S	S S	31.6 31.6
Rail and water	s	S	S	S	S	S	29.8
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	25.8	-	31.3	-	25.9	-	s
Single modes	26.8	1.5	31.8	1.0	27.6	4.2	s
Truck	26.9 46.7 38.1	1.5 9.6 9.4	32.1 S 38.9	1.0 S 7.8	28.9 47.4 43.8	4.7 9.4 11.3	\$ 26.8 \$
Rail	_	_	-	-	=	-	-
Water Shallow draft	S -	S	S	S -	S	S	31.6
Great Lakes Deep draft	S	Š	S	Š	S	S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	24.1 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	S	S	S	S
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water	S	S	S	S	- S	S	27.9
Other multiple modes	=	_	=	_	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	35.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
0070	Vai	1	10				Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment — coefficient of variation	
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS								
Total	44.7	_	45.4	_	32.9	_	s	
Single modes	46.4	3.8	47.5	3.9	36.6	8.3	s	
Truck	46.4 29.8 S	3.8 4.3 S	47.5 42.3 S	3.9 4.5 S	36.6 45.0 S	8.3 6.2 S	S 21.2 15.1	
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline			_ _		- s	- s	- s	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S S	SSS	S S S	S	S	31.6 26.3	
Truck and vater	Š	S	S	S	S	S	31.6	
Other multiple modes	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9	
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS								
Total	20.8	_	16.6	_	20.1	_	16.2	
Single modes	9.0	6.7	16.8	1.0	19.0	3.7	21.1	
Truck	9.7 15.6 20.5	6.2 7.5 6.7	17.4 18.3 27.4	6.8 7.9 7.9	20.4 24.6 31.3	6.2 6.9 4.6	26.7 13.2 17.8	
Rail	35.0	1.6	37.5	2.5	42.3	6.8	19.2	
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
Great Lakes Deep draft	s	S	S	S	s	S	S	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	26.6 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	38.7	.9	s	s	19.0	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	42.8 S	.9 S	47.2 S	.2 S	S S	S S	19.6 29.7	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	43.1	.5 - -	S - -	S -	\$ - -	S -	25.3	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES								
Total	17.4	_	22.8	-	s	s	11.3	
Single modes	17.5	.2	22.6	.3	s	s	10.7	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.4 27.9 18.1	.2 9.2 9.2	22.5 S 13.6	.3 S 8.7	S S S	S S S	10.7 30.0 6.5	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S	31.6 - -	
Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6	
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_ _	_	s	s	s	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.2	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Truck and water Rail and water Otherwisele reader	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
Other multiple modes	40.0	_	40.6	_	s	s	— Л1 О	
Other and unknown modes	40.9	.1	49.6	.1	· S	. 5	41.8	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			_		_		
	Val	ue	10	ons	I on-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	46.4	_	s	s	s	s	18.9
Single modes	45.0	1.5	s	s	s	s	19.0
Truck	45.0	1.5	s	s	s	s	19.0
For-hire truck	45.0	1.5	s	S	S	s	19.0
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes			_ _		_ _		_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _		_ _		_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_				_		
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_				_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.8
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.1
TruckFor-hire truckPrivate truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	42.1 31.6 36.9
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	=	-	_
Truck and rail	=	_	_		=	_	=
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_ _		_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	45.5	_	34.8	-	s	s	47.6
Single modes	45.9	1.0	34.9	-	s	s	45.5
Truck	\$ 38.0 \$	S 6.6 S	46.0 29.6 49.1	12.0 7.8 12.4	\$ 46.3 \$	\$ 9.5 \$	44.0 43.7 47.7
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Water	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	S S	27.9 27.9
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	_ _ _	- -	- -	-	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	=	_ _	=	- S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	31.6 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_ _				
Other multiple modes		_	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-					Т		
	Val	ue T	10	ins	TON-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	31.5	_	30.9	_	s	s	37.0
Single modes	31.6	.4	30.9	_	s	s	37.1
Truck	31.2 35.2 38.3	7.9 9.3 9.3	30.8 32.8 36.3	8.5 8.9 8.2	\$ 47.4 \$	S 9.6 S	37.2 29.3 36.2
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Water	s	S	S	S	S	S	30.8
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	S S	S S	31.1 - 31.6
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_ _	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	_ _	_	
Truck and water Rail and water						_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	S	s	s	31.6
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S 38.2 S
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Water	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _			_ _	- S	- S	s
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	-		_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S 25.8 26.4
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Snanow drait Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	29.4 S
Multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	=			_ _ _	_	_	
Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
	-	-	-	-	-	-	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	ue	То	ins	Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 15, COAL								
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Single modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Truck	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	
For-hire truck Private truck	=				_			
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	-		_		
Great Lakes Deep draft			- -	- -	- -			
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail			_ _	_ _	-			
Rail and water			- -	- -	-			
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL								
Total	30.1	_	30.7	_	s	s	18.7	
Single modes	30.2	1.0	30.7	.7	s	s	18.6	
Truck	26.0 S 28.4	6.5 S 9.1	18.3 S 18.8	7.2 S 9.8	28.2 S 30.9	19.8 S 19.4	19.3 29.9 19.2	
Rail	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Water	S	S	S	S S	S	S	31.6	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - -	S - -	S - -	- -	S - -	S - -	31.6 - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	=	-	- -	- -	- S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_ _		_		
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_ _	_ _		_	_ _	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	s	s	s	29.9	
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS								
Total	33.8	-	41.1	-	s	s	s	
Single modes	34.1	.9	41.4	.9	s	s	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	34.3 S 37.3	1.5 S 6.1	41.9 S 45.7	1.7 S 6.6	S S S	S S S	S 31.4 S	
Rail	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	= =	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	- S	- S	- S	- S	_ S	- S	_ S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_ _	_ _	-	_	_	
Truck and valer Rail and water	=		_ _ _	_ _ _	_	_		
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	S	S	31.6	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-					Т		
	Val	ue	10	ons	I on-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	49.0	_	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	49.0	2.8	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	49.0	2.8	S	s	s	S	s
For-hire truck Private truck	S 35.5	S 6.1	S	S S S	S 30.6	S 11.7	40.0 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_		_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft							
Air (includes truck and air)					s	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	45.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	s	S	S	27.1
Truck and railTruck and water	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Rail and water			_	_ _	_ _		
Other and unknown modes	47.9	2.9	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	42.6	_	s	s	28.8	_	28.6
Single modes	44.3	2.4	s	s	28.7	.2	29.1
Truck For-hire truck	44.9 S	7.8 S	S 23.3	S 14.6	34.8 41.2	9.9 10.9	30.4 20.1
Private truck Rail	46.9 S	8.1 S	S S	s s	s s	S	41.5 31.0
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S	S -	S	S	29.8 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	28.4
Truck and rail	-	-	_	_	-	-	20.4
Truck and water	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	s	s	s	24.9
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	31.3	_	27.8	-	21.5	_	27.6
Single modes	39.3 39.7	8.5 8.6	28.2 28.6	11.7 12.0	37.8 40.0	12.0 12.7	48.7
For-hire truck Private truck	39.9 41.8	2.0 7.6	33.4 30.2	3.7 9.2	47.2 32.9	12.0 2.2	30.3 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	_ _ S	- - S	- 31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	29.9	8.6	33.3	12.1	19.8	12.3	26.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	29.9	8.6	33.3	12.1	19.8	12.3	26.3
Truck and railTruck and water	_					_	_
Rail and water			_	_ _			_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Т		Ton-miles			
	Vai	ue	10	ns	TOTI-	-miles	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS								
Total	44.7	_	46.1	_	34.0	_	s	
Single modes	46.8	7.8	48.7	7.9	25.0	12.2	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	\$ 44.3 \$	S 5.3 S	S 29.5 S	S 5.1 S	30.4 29.1 S	14.8 9.8 S	S 23.4 S	
Rail	45.7	5.7	46.9	6.1	49.5	5.7	26.5	
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _ _		_ _		_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)					s	s	Š	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	-	_	-	-	
Truck and rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	29.8	
Rail and water	_		-			_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	43.5	
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.								
Total	36.4	_	21.4	_	17.0	_	22.9	
Single modes	36.0	9.4	23.1	4.4	19.2	5.7	27.1	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	36.4 S 39.0	9.3 S 8.6	23.6 23.4 26.6	4.7 5.7 5.1	19.6 19.0 29.0	5.7 6.5 3.4	26.5 18.3 43.9	
Rail	S	S.S	S	S.1	23.0 S	S.4	40.3 S	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	26.5 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	44.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	44.7	
Truck and rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6	
Rail and water	_	_	_ _	_ _		_		
Other and unknown modes	49.1	.4	35.2	.2	s	s	s	
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER								
Total	24.7	-	16.2	_	16.2	_	17.3	
Single modes	25.4	2.7	16.4	.9	17.9	3.1	21.3	
Truck	26.5 37.6 12.8	4.0 5.6 4.9	16.5 24.8 14.8	.9 5.9 5.8	18.0 23.7 46.7	3.0 6.8 7.0	21.3 13.1 18.2	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Water	s	s	s	s	s	S	31.6	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S	S	S	S	S - -	S	31.6 - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	27.9 -	.1 –	S S	S S	24.4 S	
Multiple modes	30.2	2.5	29.5	.4	30.3	2.0	16.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	32.2 41.9	2.5 .4	41.2 41.7	.4 .2	31.4 41.4	.9 1.7	16.9 26.0	
Truck and water	\$ S	S	\$ S	S	\$ S	S	27.9	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	=	_	_	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	33.3	1.0	31.3	.9	47.6	2.9	38.0	

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		To	ons	Ton-miles			
COTO and a description and made of transportation				113		1111103	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH								
Total	13.7	_	17.9	_	15.5	_	19.8	
Single modes	13.7	.5	18.0	.2	15.1	1.2	18.8	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	13.5 15.0 23.3	1.3 4.7 4.9	18.0 23.5 23.8	.6 7.2 6.9	14.9 24.3 30.2	4.9 7.2 8.0	18.6 13.6 29.9	
Rail	41.3	.9	42.1	.4	s	s	22.5	
Water	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_		_	S	S	s	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	31.6	
Truck and water Rail and water	S	S -	Š	S S	S S	Š	31.6	
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.5	
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS								
Total	8.0	-	22.7	-	8.8	-	15.6	
Single modes	8.3	2.8	12.5	9.3	9.1	2.0	10.8	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	9.5 12.4 17.6	3.0 3.9 2.8	14.0 16.2 25.2	7.4 6.3 3.3	11.8 14.0 15.9	2.8 2.8 1.1	11.4 14.6 23.9	
Rail	8.7	1.6	11.9	2.7	12.7	3.3	4.2	
Water	s	s	s	s	s	S	29.1	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	29.1	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	25.2 S	
Multiple modes	24.9	.6	48.5	.5	25.0	1.0	10.9	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	31.9	_	41.8	_	49.0	_	15.2	
Truck and rail	26.3 20.3	.5	S 26.0	S -	29.5 26.7	1.0	21.8 20.9	
Rail and water	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	38.0	
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD								
Total	12.9	_	10.7	_	10.0	_	35.6	
Single modes	12.2	1.0	9.7	1.6	9.2	1.2	35.5	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.6 20.0 21.9	4.3 5.7 4.1	10.8 13.2 22.2	4.8 5.3 1.7	12.9 14.5 44.9	4.8 5.0 .7	44.9 12.7 20.3	
Rail	13.9	4.0	13.7	4.2	12.4	4.5	6.2	
Water	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	_ _ S	- 31.6	
Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S	S	S	S	26.9 S	
Pipeline	38.7	.3	41.3	.2	41.3	.5	25.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	45.8	.1	42.4	_	s	S	25.6	
Truck and railTruck and water	S 49.2	S -	46.5 44.8	.2	42.5 43.5	.3 .2	28.8 26.0	
Rail and water	s	s	- S	s	- S	s	31.6	
Other and unknown modes	35.6	1.0	s	s	s	s	s	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce							
	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		A a wa wa maila a
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	23.6	_	22.6	_	41.8	_	27.6
Single modes	22.6	2.9	22.2	.7	43.6	2.5	21.7
Truck	22.5	5.8	24.9	6.8	16.8	15.6	18.0
For-hire truck Private truck	18.5 41.1	8.5 6.4	17.2 S	6.9 S	17.0 S	14.2 S	20.0 21.5
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	28.2
Water Shallow draft	46.3 S	6.1 S	43.8 S	5.8 S	S S	S S	31.6 27.9
Great Lakes Deep draft	s s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	36.0 S
Multiple modes	s	s	35.2	.1	s	s	29.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	40.8	.2	S	S	30.9
Truck and rail Truck and water	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_				=	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	17.6	_	13.6	-	22.1	_	21.1
Single modes	13.4	6.8	14.8	4.5	22.9	7.4	s
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck .	15.0 24.9 21.5	6.4 6.5 6.5	18.5 10.6 29.1	6.8 4.9 7.8	23.1 24.7 42.6	7.7 6.0 2.3	S 16.0 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	S	29.9
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	42.8	.3	48.8 -	.3	48.4 S	.9 S	8.6 S
Multiple modes	26.9	5.9	38.9	4.2	39.1	6.2	29.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.1 S	5.7 S	42.5 S	4.2 S	45.0 S	5.6 S	29.0 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	S	S	S	S -	S	S	24.2
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	47.1	_	38.4	_	28.8	_	21.1
Single modes	s	s	45.8	10.6	32.5	10.8	42.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	45.5 S S	10.0 S S	33.1 43.4 S	10.2 11.4 S	S 11.9 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	s	S	S	s	s	S	31.6
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	- - S	31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	46.8 S	2.4 S	12.4 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	27.4	10.6	18.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	26.3	9.8	22.1	8.5	27.6	10.7	18.5
Truck and vater Rail and water	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Other multiple modes	=	=	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		To	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	20.0	_	26.3	_	16.7	_	s
Single modes	22.4	4.2	26.6	2.7	17.3	8.5	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	22.8 8.8 30.3	4.2 6.0 9.0	27.2 19.2 31.4	2.6 5.8 7.9	11.9 14.5 21.1	8.1 5.1 6.9	S 23.3 24.1
Rail	44.7	.7	43.8	1.5	44.2	6.2	26.8
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	41.9 —	_ _	44.5 S	_ S	25.9 S
Multiple modes	44.1	3.5	27.0	.6	31.5	4.0	46.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ 42.0 38.5	S 1.5	34.1 47.0 45.4	- .6 -	48.1 S 46.2	.1 S 2.7	48.0 S 21.3
Rail and water Other multiple modes	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other and unknown modes	31.0	1.1	s	S	s	S	S
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	17.6	-	42.2	-	15.4	-	26.7
Single modes	7.3	6.3	20.5	9.6	17.1	6.7	35.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	8.3 14.4 9.8	6.5 5.8 4.2	15.6 16.2 18.0	10.8 7.1 5.2	9.9 10.9 17.7	9.6 8.9 1.0	37.3 25.3 44.3
Rail	29.1	2.6	44.3	3.5	35.5	8.8	24.0
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	31.6 - - 31.6
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	43.2	-	S -	S	S	S	24.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	34.4	7.0	22.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	46.8 S S	1.1 S S	44.2 S S	- S S	\$ 49.8 \$	S 3.9 S	20.8 25.9 27.8
Rail and water Other multiple modes	s	s	S	S	s	s	31.6
Other and unknown modes	31.4	1.8	36.0	1.3	s	s	s
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	12.5	-	19.8	-	16.6	-	23.4
Single modes	13.6	4.0	20.6	3.9	20.2	7.2	27.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	12.7 12.4 16.0	3.9 2.9 2.5	20.6 27.6 21.0	3.9 6.5 5.6	20.2 20.4 27.7	7.2 7.6 1.1	29.2 16.7 31.6
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S S - -	S S - -	S S -	S S - -	S S - -	S S - -	31.6 31.6 - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	17.3 S
Multiple modes	15.9	1.9	32.4	1.0	s	s	20.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	21.8 S S	2.5 S S	45.7 S S	.6 S S	35.1 S S -	1.3 S S	20.2 28.1 28.8 -
Other multiple modes	39.6	3.3	- S	- S	35.7	1.5	s
Outer and unknown modes	39.6	3.3	. 5	, 5	35.7	1.5	. 3

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		To	ns	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	11.3	_	6.9	_	18.8	_	21.2
Single modes	13.8	4.1	6.9	2.2	20.2	2.9	38.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.9 18.9 14.4	4.9 6.3 3.7	7.0 14.6 18.7	2.2 7.3 7.1	20.8 21.4 28.7	5.8 6.7 1.2	42.1 15.8 46.5
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	29.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	36.5	2.5	28.8	1.0	28.3 S	4.6 S	11.3 S
Multiple modes	23.1	2.5	21.6	1.2	13.9	1.8	14.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	23.1	2.5	21.6	1.2	13.9	1.8	14.6
Truck and railTruck and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_		_ _	-	_	
Other and unknown modes	41.7	2.3	s	s	35.8	1.7	s
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	12.1	_	13.0	-	19.0	_	17.2
Single modes	14.1	4.4	13.7	1.9	22.0	3.2	17.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	15.9 21.2 19.5	5.1 5.3 2.7	12.7 13.3 25.0	2.5 6.6 6.3	21.1 30.3 20.1	5.8 7.1 5.7	21.4 12.5 31.2
Rail	38.5	2.5	49.0	3.3	S	S	23.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	S - - S	31.6 - - 31.6
Air (includes truck and air)	20.7	2.0	28.2	.5	26.2	.5	6.9
Pipeline	26.4	26	17.4	1.3	22.8	S 2.5	S 17.4
Multiple modes Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	26.6	3.6 3.7	21.4	1.4	33.5	2.6	17.5
Truck and rail	S	- S	49.8	.5	S	- S	21.9
Rail and water Other multiple modes	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	31.6
Other and unknown modes	37.8	2.5	39.1	2.0	23.1	2.2	s
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	27.3	_	22.6	_	34.9	_	17.4
Single modes	29.8	8.4	22.3	7.9	41.8	10.5	23.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	30.1 36.1 29.9	8.1 10.5 9.2	22.3 30.0 23.1	7.6 7.4 7.7	42.4 49.0 S	8.9 8.1 S	19.2 32.1 22.5
Rail	s	S	s	S	S	S	28.0
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	S - -	S -	S - -	S -	S - -	S -	30.1
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S 49.9	S 1.1	S 43.8	.5	S 49.9	S 2.3	30.1 24.2
Pipeline	42.1	3.6	38.6	1.9	s s	s s	S 14.0
	31.5				17.5		15.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	31.5 S -	3.9 - S -	24.2 - S -	2.0 - S -	17.5 - S -	3.3 - S -	29.9
Other multiple modes	32.4	7.4	34.0	7.6	36.6	10.8	s
Casa and anatom modes	. 02.4		. 54.0				. 3

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		т.	Tons		Ton-miles	
	Vai	ue T	10	1	1011-	Times	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	21.7	_	41.1	_	32.4	_	s
Single modes	21.8	1.5	41.2	.9	32.9	1.9	s
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck	30.5 37.1 35.9	12.3 13.0 14.3	\$ 49.3 39.4	S 15.5 15.2	33.7 44.2 45.2	7.3 13.0 12.5	\$ 32.0 \$
Rail	49.5	11.9	S	S	s	S	25.8
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	24.5	.7	36.7		27.8 S	2.2 S	40.7 S
Multiple modes	38.9	1.3	39.1	.7	33.8	1.2	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.9 S	1.3	39.5	.7 S	34.0	1.2 S	S 31.6
Truck and rail	-	S -	S -	_	S -	_	31.0
Rail and water	_	_	- -		_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	48.1	.6	s	s	s	s	32.9
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	23.7	_	23.7	_	26.9	_	14.6
Single modes	35.6	8.6	24.8	6.1	27.7	6.7	15.2
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	39.7 39.3 48.6	9.0 8.4 1.4	24.9 25.7 42.8	6.1 9.1 7.0	28.3 28.5 S	8.3 8.8 S	24.8 21.6 38.0
Rail	_	_	-	-	=	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	28.5	9.2	34.1	1.0	36.2 S	9.4 S	8.4 S
Multiple modes	26.7	7.5	29.3	4.3	32.8	5.1	19.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	26.7	7.5	29.3	4.3	32.8	5.1	19.3
Truck and water	_	_	=	_	_	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	_			_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.4
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS							
Total	13.3	_	11.5	_	23.2	_	44.3
Single modes	12.6	3.7	10.5	2.1	19.2	3.8	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	11.8 19.9 18.6	4.2 8.7 7.6	9.6 16.6 19.1	2.5 7.8 7.1	17.3 20.0 36.5	5.6 6.9 6.0	S 14.5 44.3
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	29.8
Water Shallow draft		_			_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft		_		_	_ _	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	33.9 S
Multiple modes	36.9	1.3	s	s	s	s	20.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	44.1 S	1.1 S	30.2 S	.3 S	33.4 S	.7 S	20.0 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	37.3	.5	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

ror explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value Value		To	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	11.4	_	26.3	_	14.9	_	16.4
Single modes	13.2	5.3	27.8	2.5	17.2	4.9	40.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	15.3 13.6 29.1	6.7 4.1 4.7	28.4 15.4 39.5	3.3 5.3 7.0	18.3 15.9 38.9	6.5 5.2 5.1	33.5 32.6 14.4
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	_ _ _ _	1111	_ _ _ _	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	s -	S -	46.5 S	.7 S	12.1 S
Multiple modes	24.5	5.9	17.3	2.3	25.8	5.0	11.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	24.6 S S -	6.0 S S	18.9 S S -	2.2 S S	26.6 S S -	5.0 S S -	11.8 46.4 29.9 –
Other and unknown modes	49.6	1.9	37.0	.6	42.4	.2	s
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	38.2	-	34.6	-	43.5	_	s
Single modes	36.6	1.1	34.8	.5	46.0	4.1	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	39.7 46.4 S	7.4 11.9 S	40.1 S S	10.0 S S	S S S	S S S	25.9 25.2 S
Rail	S	s	S	s	s	S	S
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ - -	S S -	99 9	S S -	\$ \$ - -	8 8 - -	31.6 31.6 – –
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	42.7
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.7
Truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S S S	\$ 47.5 \$	S 1.6 S	35.3 S 35.6
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	35.9 S
Multiple modes	31.4	1.3	26.9	1.4	27.4	6.3	18.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	33.4	.1	S -	S -	27.3
Truck and water Rail and water	37.1 -	1.0	31.4 -	1.4	28.9 -	6.2	19.3 -
Other multiple modes	46.3	.9	s	s	s	s	31.9

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
COMMODITY UNKNOWN								
Total	24.1	-	s	s	s	s	30.4	
Single modes	24.7	4.5	s	s	s	s	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	25.3 32.8 48.9	4.8 11.3 11.9	S S 41.0	S S 16.5	S 48.5 S	S 13.2 S	S 29.4 S	
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	\$ \$ 5	S S - S	\$ \$ - \$	S S - S	\$ \$ \$	\$ \$ - \$	29.9 31.6 – 31.6	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	38.2 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	36.2	.4	s	s	25.0	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ \$ \$ -	\$ \$ 5 -	44.4 S S - -	.3 S S -	47.3 S S - -	2.5 S S -	24.5 31.6 31.6 —	
Other and unknown modes	37.0	2.4	s	s	s	s	26.8	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	8.3	-	9.2	-	4.7	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	22.8 24.6 9.1 22.4 S 37.9	- - - - S	37.9 S 21.0 31.3 S 31.8	- S - S -	38.0 S 21.4 31.4 S 32.3	.3 S .4 - S	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	28.7 26.9 12.1	.3 .3 .1	18.9 24.0 17.5	- - -	18.6 23.8 16.6	.3 .4 .2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	11.7 48.1 12.3 30.4 8.5	.2 .6 _ .5 _	10.6 17.5 28.9 14.7 15.3	- - - -	10.3 19.5 29.0 13.9 14.9	.4 .4 .7 .5 .3	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	19.4 13.1 18.2 23.1 35.0 23.2 25.0	- - - - - - - -	15.4 20.6 17.7 27.7 31.5 33.7 36.8	- - - - -	15.0 19.7 17.9 30.0 31.3 34.7 40.4	.1 - 2 .4 - -	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	47.4 S 12.6 34.4 18.0 21.3 43.5 26.6 24.4	- S .1 .3 - .1 .2 -	S S 32.7 17.9 43.6 26.6 23.4 28.2 37.1	\$ \$ - - - -	\$ 32.2 23.6 \$ 27.8 23.7 28.0 36.9	\$ 4 .6 \$.4 .1 .2	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	19.4 22.3 32.6 20.3	- - - .1	28.9 21.5 34.0 27.0	- - -	29.1 21.0 35.6 28.0	.1 - - .3	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	24.2 16.0 26.3 11.3	- - - .3	20.8 32.5 45.9 11.8	- - .1	21.3 33.2 49.3 17.7	.3 .4 1.2	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	7.7 19.6 7.1 14.8 15.0 25.0 17.1 32.7	.3 .1 .1 .1 	16.8 12.1 10.9 22.9 29.7 26.6 20.6 34.1	.1 .1 .1 .1	16.6 12.5 7.4 19.5 33.4 30.4 21.1 34.1	.5 .3 .1 - .4 - .2	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii. Oregon Washington.	40.4 8.5 21.2 13.2 13.8	.3 .8 - 2.6 1.4	40.1 6.3 16.6 11.5 23.9	- .7 - 2.6 2.2	32.5 7.1 16.6 23.8 23.7	.1 1.6 .3 2.9 1.6	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		To	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	6.7	-	8.8	_	5.5	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	22.4 46.6 29.2 23.0 48.3 42.5	- - .2 - - -	45.1 S 12.2 27.8 38.9 41.6	- S - - -	45.4 S 13.0 28.0 39.1 43.7	- S - - -	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	28.0 12.8 34.3	.3 .2 .5	40.6 37.6 22.3	- - -	40.9 38.3 21.1	.4 .5 .4	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	10.3 27.3 13.6 7.0 12.7	.2 .2 .2 .1 .1	S S 23.1 15.6 15.8	S S	S S 24.0 15.5 15.6	S S .4 .4 .2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	20.8 27.6 16.2 13.8 19.9 33.6 40.4	.1 .1 .2 .1 -	35.9 S 19.2 19.8 38.2 38.6	- S S - - 3	37.5 S S 19.8 21.5 37.0 38.7	.5 S S .2 .1 1.4	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	26.3 S 17.7 24.4 26.9 19.2 19.7 22.1 37.5	- S - .1 - .2 - .1 -	34.6 S 27.8 36.9 34.5 31.9 22.1 17.0 S	- S - - - - - S	34.8 S 27.4 38.4 34.5 32.5 22.4 17.2 S	- S - .4 - .5 - .5 S	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	18.7 23.0 24.3 12.2	- .2 - -	26.9 22.8 30.4 14.2	- - - -	28.1 25.1 29.9 14.9	.3 .6 .2 .1	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	10.4 27.1 32.7 19.7	- - .1 .3	19.1 22.7 21.2 12.7	- - -	19.8 22.9 21.0 12.8	.3 .2 - .5	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho. Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	33.4 16.3 20.8 27.2 24.2 24.2 5 13.4 22.5	.1 .1 .3 - .1 S	34.7 30.3 40.6 36.7 29.0 45.9 35.6 23.6	- .1 .5 .5 - - -	35.4 29.6 35.7 36.8 28.6 S 38.5 23.6	.1 .6 .7 1.5 .1 S .2 1.9	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	S 23.4 42.7 13.2 4.8	\$ 2.6 - 3.1 .7	S 14.6 S 11.5 15.4	S .5 S 2.8 2.7	S 15.5 S 23.8 17.7	\$ 1.3 \$ 2.6 2.6	

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 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001	
<u> </u>	(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, please read the accompanying instruction guide. If book figures are not available for requested data, please provide estimates. If you have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7851.	Is this establishment's physical location the same as the address shown in the label? (PO boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.) 1 Yes
Through this survey, we are requesting data on a	² □ No — Enter physical location below. _▼
representative sample of your outbound shipments, to help us produce key statistics used by transportation planners	Number and street
and managers. We greatly appreciate your assistance in this program.	
	City, town, village, etc. State ZIP Code
Is the establishment name shown in the mailing address correct?	
₁	NOTE — The rest of this questionnaire requests information about shipments (or deliveries) from the establishment located at the address in the mailing label.
2 ☐ No — Enter correct name. ⊋	If you entered a different address in item C — Please complete the form for shipments originating from the location listed in item C.
	Please enter the total number of outbound shipments (or deliveries), including customer pick-up, for the one-week reporting period shown above. If book figures are not available, please provide your best estimate.
Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment during the one-week period shown above.	This number should reflect all shipments and deliveries leaving this location during the one-week reporting period. Please see Instruction Guide for a definition of
Temporarily or seasonally inactive Cased operation — Give date	DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL YOU HAVE
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date ——→	COMPLETED ITEM D.
that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions	Inited States Code, requires businesses and other organizations and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used respondents' files are immune from legal process.

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

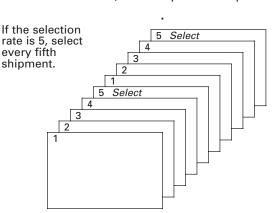
Page 2

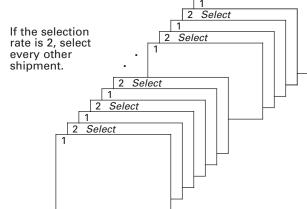
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>										Γ		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)		U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)		Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.				
(i)	City	State	State ZIP Code		codes below. (k)	Ш (I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	լ0) 4	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
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						1 1							5
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\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel			7 — 8 —		ipelir ir	ie	9 — (0 — (1	1	ر ا

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
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31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

)	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j)		ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	(for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cr	eign destination ort shipments only) umn (j) enter the U.S. port, order crossing of exit. (m)		
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	Export mode	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number		ment ate c)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Ş	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description		If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	L de of trans columns (k	port c	odes	1 — Parcel o	L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad <i>Continued</i> —	
	2 . /	Are the room to separate of se	nents of this es	ords for outbound ships ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a efiles (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem	one-wee should re establish An estim Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-vate is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipment of the ser \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telep	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature				-	Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
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									39
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

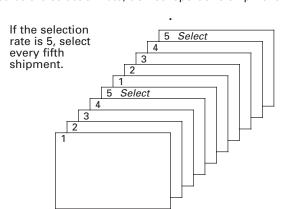
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

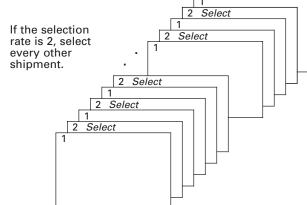
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	r (c) (excludin shipping co in whole dollars		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	ng Shipment weight on pounds in pounds		Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.) (j) City State Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below. (k) (k)		(Complete for all shipments.)			Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.				
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
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\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
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	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
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									3
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									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			\
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
	de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S.			Railroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value	e over
In exi	column (b), che i te dı	ck "Y	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye		o indicate whetl	ner or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	/ er or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facili premises for outbou during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Great	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes ── 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	tern	ninal		1	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	trans U desti Enter apply	e(s) of port to l.S. nation all that in order d. Use	Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country		(0)	
(1)					(K)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbo shipments during		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of thi type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)				(c)	(d)			
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
1 ☐ Yes → 2 ☐ No 1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail											
			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

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During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

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Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		\	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	Export mode	Line No.	
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

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PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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