Colorado 1997

sued December 1999

EC97TCF-CO

## **1997 Economic Census**

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey









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Issued December 1999

### 1997 Economic Census

**Transportation** 1997 Commodity Flow Survey





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## Introduction to the Economic Census

### **PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS**

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

#### **BASIS OF REPORTING**

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

#### AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

### **Reports in Print and Electronic Media**

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

#### HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

#### SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

## 1997 Commodity Flow Survey

#### GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

#### **INDUSTRY COVERAGE**

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction <sup>1</sup>
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

<sup>1</sup>We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

#### SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

### MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

### Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

#### **DISCLOSURE RULES**

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

#### **EXPLANATION OF TERMS**

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

**Commodity.** Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

**Distance shipped.** In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

**Great circle distance.** The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

**Mode of transportation.** The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

#### **Mode Definitions**

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

### Other Definitions and Terms

**Shipment.** A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

#### Standard Classification of Transported Goods

**(SCTG).** The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

**Ton-miles.** The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

**Tons shipped.** The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

**Total modal activity.** The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

#### ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

#### OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

**Economic Census: Transportation Sector** covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

### Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0	606
Single modes	58 702	76.7	122 023	95.8	42 187	88.9	95
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	52 082 25 152 26 806	68.0 32.9 35.0	91 178 32 852 58 086	71.6 25.8 45.6	14 191 8 734 5 387	29.9 18.4 11.4	70 514 33
Rail	2 794	3.7	30 543	24.0	27 789	58.6	1 150
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	3 767 S	4.9 S	100 S	_ S	188 S	.4 S	1 408 S
Multiple modes	14 800	19.3	s	s	s	s	1 053
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	14 127 584 S S	18.5 .8 S S	432 916 S S	.3 .7 S S	418 725 S S	.9 1.5 S S	1 053 862 3 715 1 438
Other and unknown modes	3 035	4.0	1 440	1.1	345	.7	392

### Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

				•	•									
	Value				Tons			Ton-miles				Average miles per shipment		
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change		
All modes	76 537	58 745	30.3	127 429	93 672	36.0	47 456	25 026	89.6	606	487	24.6		
Single modes	58 702	48 137	21.9	122 023	88 136	38.4	42 187	20 941	101.5	95	149	-36.4		
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	52 082 25 152 26 806	43 812 23 617 20 172	18.9 6.5 32.9	91 178 32 852 58 086	67 873 28 099 39 716	34.3 16.9 46.3	14 191 8 734 5 387	9 172 6 994 2 156	54.7 24.9 149.8	70 514 33	104 427 46	-32.1 20.3 -29.5		
Rail	2 794	1 582	76.7	30 543	19 566	56.1	27 789	11 670	138.1	1 150	942	22.2		
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -		
Air (includes truck and air)	3 767 S	2 622 S	43.7 S	100 S	36 S	179.6 S	188 S	51 S	268.1 S	1 408 S	1 407 S	.1 S		
Multiple modes	14 800	8 274	78.9	s	4 574	s	s	3 687	s	1 053	918	14.6		
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier . Truck and rail	14 127 584 S S	7 654 596 S S	84.6 -2.0 S S	432 916 S S -	205 4 160 S S	111.2 -78.0 S S	418 725 S S	164 2 986 S S	154.6 -75.7 S S	1 053 862 3 715 1 438	918 704 2 874 2 009	14.6 22.5 29.3 –28.4		
Other and unknown modes	3 035	2 335	30.0	1 440	962	49.7	345	397	-13.1	392	334	17.4		

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

### Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
widde of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	76.7	81.9	95.8	94.1	88.9	83.7	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck. Private truck	68.0 32.9 35.0	74.6 40.2 34.3	71.6 25.8 45.6	72.5 30.0 42.4	29.9 18.4 11.4	36.6 27.9 8.6	
Rail	3.7	2.7	24.0	20.9	58.6	46.6	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	4.9 S	4.5 S	s	s	.4 S	.2 S	
Multiple modes	19.3	14.1	s	4.9	s	14.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	18.5 .8 S S	13.0 1.0 S S	.3 .7 S S	.2 4.4 S S	.9 1.5 S S	.7 11.9 S S	
Other and unknown modes	4.0	4.0	1.1	1.0	.7	1.6	

### Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

-	Ton-		
Mode of transportation <sup>1</sup>	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	47 456	100.0	602
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	14 260 31 894 S - S	30.0 67.2 S - S	70 1 069 122 – 2 650
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	183 418 S 345	.4 .9 S .7	1 338 1 053 S 392

<sup>1</sup>Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

## Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols	-				Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Value Number	)	Number	ons	Number	miles	
	(million dollars)	Percent	(thousands)	Percent	(millions)	Percent	
All modes	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	23 219 6 022	30.3 7.9	66 093 11 870	51.9 9.3	1 315 1 126	2.8 2.4	
100 to 249 miles	5 445 5 482	7.1 7.2	15 493 6 123	12.2 4.8	3 393 3 466	7.2 7.3	
500 to 749 miles	6 891	9.0	4 030	3.2	3 697	7.8	
750 to 999 miles	14 037 10 455	18.3 13.7	9 642 12 500	7.6 9.8	11 788 19 260	24.8 40.6	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	4 618 369	6.0 .5	1 658 S	1.3 S	3 333 S	7.0 S	
Single modes	58 702	100.0	122 023	100.0	42 187	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	20 508	34.9	65 169	53.4	1 294	3.1	
50 to 99 miles	4 995 4 412	8.5 7.5	11 606 15 129	9.5 12.4	1 102 3 295	2.6 7.8	
250 to 499 miles	4 115 4 933	7.0 8.4	5 719 3 915	4.7 3.2	3 191 3 591	7.6 8.5	
750 to 999 miles	9 245	15.7	7 951	6.5	9 599	22.8	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	7 545 2 745	12.9 4.7	10 930 1 592	9.0 1.3	16 858 3 210	40.0 7.6	
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Truck <sup>1</sup>	52 082	100.0	91 178	100.0	14 191	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	20 392 4 886	39.2 9.4	62 996 10 822	69.1 11.9	1 245 1 042	8.8 7.3	
100 to 249 miles	3 917 3 709	7.5 7.1	6 267 3 357	6.9 3.7	1 207 1 637	8.5 11.5	
500 to 749 miles	3 945	7.6	1 957	2.1	1 534	10.8	
750 to 999 miles	7 140 6 203	13.7 11.9	1 834 3 444	2.0 3.8	2 006 4 587	14.1 32.3	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	1 884 S	3.6 S	500 S	.5 S	932 S	6.6 S	
For-hire truck.	25 152	100.0	32 852	100.0	8 734	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	3 630	14.4	17 601	53.6	401	4.6	
50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles	1 202 1 068	4.8 4.2	5 235 2 908	15.9 8.9	543 611	6.2 7.0	
250 to 499 miles	1 945	7.7	1 686	5.1	839	9.6	
500 to 749 miles	3 203	12.7	1 560	4.7	1 241	14.2	
750 to 999 miles	6 754 5 603	26.9 22.3	1 613 1 790	4.9 5.4	1 770 2 472	20.3 28.3	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	1 740 S	6.9 S	460 S	1.4 S	857 S	9.8 S	
Private truck	26 806	100.0	58 086	100.0	5 387	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	16 746 3 669	62.5 13.7	45 366 5 449	78.1	843 474	15.7 8.8	
100 to 249 miles	2 817	10.5	3 350	9.4 5.8	594	11.0	
250 to 499 miles	1 725 732	6.4 2.7	1 626 385	2.8 .7	772 282	14.3 5.2	
750 to 999 miles	374	1.4	217	.4	231	4.3 S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S 143	S .5	S 39	S -	S 74	1.4	
2,000 miles or more	0.704	100.0	20.542	100.0	27 789	100.0	
Rail	2 794	100.0	30 543	100.0		100.0	
Less than 50 miles	116 S	4.1 S	2 173 S	7.1 S	48 S	.2 S	
100 to 249 miles	489 243	17.5 8.7	8 862 2 354	29.0 7.7	2 088 1 550	7.5 5.6	
500 to 749 miles	476	17.0	1 950	6.4	2 047	7.4	
750 to 999 miles	682 531	24.4 19.0	6 092 7 476	19.9 24.5	7 560 12 254	27.2 44.1	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	242	8.6 -	1 050	3.4	2 199	7.9 -	
Water	_	-	_	_	_	_	
Less than 50 miles	_	-	_	_	_	-	
50 to 99 miles	_	_ _	_ _			_ _	
250 to 499 miles	_	_ _	_ _			-	
750 to 999 miles	_	-	_	_	_	-	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_ _	_ _			-	
2,000 miles or more	-	-	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Less than 50 miles	-	_ _	_ _			_ _	
100 to 249 miles	-	_ _	_ _			_ _	
500 to 749 miles	-	-	-	_	-	_	
750 to 999 miles	_	_ _				_ _	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	<u>-</u>				_ _	

## Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

700 100 formions. 700 form	For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols	s, see introductory text	. Detail may not add to	total because of roun	aingj			
Genetic Order Or	Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Gerant Lakes			Percent		Percent		Percent	
Leader than 50 miles	Single modes—Con.							
700 100 formions. 700 form	Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_	
100 b 269 miles	Less than 50 miles	-	_	_	_	_	_	
250 to 950 miles	50 to 99 miles		_	_				
700 to 100 miles	250 to 499 miles	-	_	-	_	_	-	
1,000 to 1,000 miles		_	_	_	_	_	_	
2,000 miles of more	1,000 to 1,499 miles	_			_		-	
Less than 10 miles	1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	_				-	
Less than 10 miles	Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	
100 to 340 miles	Less than 50 miles	-	_	-	_	_	=	
250 to 949 miles				_	_			
700 to 1690 miles	250 to 499 miles			_	_			
1,000 to 1,400 miles		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	1,000 to 1,499 miles	-	_			_	-	
Less than 50 miles   S	2,000 miles or more	_	_		_		-	
20 to 940 miles	Air (includes truck and air)	3 767	100.0	100	100.0	188	100.0	
100 to 149 miles		_	_	-	_	-	=	
Solito 1749 milles	100 to 249 miles	6	.2	_	.1	= =	- -	
1,000 to 1,490 miles				3 9				
1.500 to 1.999 miles	750 to 999 miles	1 423	37.8					
S				10 S	9.9 S		8.5 S	
Less trans 50 miles	2,000 miles or more			S	S	S	S	
Top to proper   Top top to proper   Top t	Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	s	s	s	s	S	s	
Top to play miles	Less than 50 miles	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	S	S	
Top to play miles	100 to 249 miles	_	-	_	_	S	S	
Multiple modes	500 to 749 miles	5	-	-	-	S	S	
Multiple modes	750 to 999 miles	=	-	-	-	S	S	
Multiple modes	1,500 to 1,999 miles	-		-	_	S	8	
Less than 50 miles   1 174		- 14 000	-					
1765								
1765	50 to 99 miles	839	5.7	137	3.5	14	.3	
Total to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	1 235		S	S	S	.6 S	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	500 to 749 miles	1 765	11.9	103	2.6	96		
1,500 to 1,999 miles	750 to 999 miles			S			S	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier         14 127         100.0         432         100.0         418         100.0           Less than 50 miles         1 163         8.2         44         10.2         1         .2           50 to 99 miles         826         5.8         19         4.0         2         .4           10 to 249 miles         869         6.5         3.8         19         4.0         2         .4           60 to 749 miles         1 60         1.756         12.4         61         14.2         50         11.9           750 to 999 miles         3 782         26.8         85         19.7         94         22.5           1,000 to 1,499 miles         2 620         18.5         103         23.9         147         35.1           1,000 to 1,499 miles         2 620         18.5         103         23.9         147         35.1           1,000 to 1,499 miles         1 781         12.6         50         11.6         93         22.4           2,000 miles or more         104         .7         3         .6         6         1.4           4         4.24         .8         .8         .8         .8         .8	1,500 to 1,999 miles	1 831	12.4	55	1.4	103	2.1	
Less than 50 miles         1 163         8.2         44         10.2         1         2           50 to 99 miles         826         5.8         19         4.4         2         .4           120 to 249 miles         889         6.3         30         7.0         7         1.6           250 to 499 miles         1 207         8.5         36         8.4         19         4.6           50 to 749 miles         1 207         8.5         36         8.4         19         4.6           50 to 1749 miles         1 207         8.5         36         8.4         19         4.6           50 to 199 miles         2 620         18.5         103         23.9         147         35.1           750 to 1999 miles         2 620         18.5         103         23.9         147         35.1           1,000 to 1,499 miles         1 761         12.6         50         11.6         93         22.4           2,000 miles or more         104         7         3         6         1.4         1.4         1.4         1.4         1.4         1.4         2.4         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$         \$								
50 to 99 miles	Less than 50 miles	1 163	8.2	44	10.2	1	.2	
250 to 499 miles	50 to 99 miles	826	5.8	10	4.4	2 7	.4	
750 to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	1 207	8.5	36	8.4	19	4.6	
1,000 to 1,499 miles   2 620   18.5   103   23.9   147   35.1   1,500 to 1,999 miles   1 781   12.6   50   11.6   93   22.4   2,000 miles or more   104   7.7   3   6   6   11.4								
2,000 miles or more   104	1,000 to 1,499 miles	2 620	18.5	103	23.9	147	35.1	
Less than 50 miles         12         2.0         S	1,500 to 1,999 miles							
14	Truck and rail	584	100.0	916	100.0	725	100.0	
14	Less than 50 miles	12		s	s			
750 to 999 miles	50 to 99 miles			S S	S		S	
750 to 999 miles	250 to 499 miles	S	S	S	S		S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles								
Truck and water	1,000 to 1,499 miles	S	S	S S	S	S	S	
Less than 50 miles	2,000 miles or more	5 -		5 -		5 -	5 -	
50 to 99 miles	Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	
100 to 249 miles	Less than 50 miles	_	_		_	_	<del>-</del>	
500 to 749 miles	100 to 249 miles	=	-	_	_	_	=	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	250 to 499 miles	_ _			_	_		
1,000 to 1,499 miles	750 to 999 miles	-	_	_	_	_	_	
	1,000 to 1,499 miles	-	_	_	_		_ _	
	2,000 miles or more	S	l s	l s	l s	l s	S	

### Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S S - -	S S	\$ \$ -	S S - -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -	
Other and unknown modes	3 035	100.0	1 440	100.0	345	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	1 537 S 133 132 S	50.6 S 4.4 4.3 S	753 S S S 12	52.3 S S S 8	14 S S S 10	4.0 S S S 3.0	
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	621 183 S S	20.5 6.0 S S	83 21 S S	5.8 1.5 S S	92 30 S S	26.5 8.6 S S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

## Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Valu				Ton-		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0	606
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	14 326 3 704 9 534 2 549 1 935	18.7 4.8 12.5 3.3 2.5	\$ 213 1 064 519 446	S .2 .8 .4	230 107 286 106 72	.5 .2 .6 .2	662 505 290 203 159
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	15 147 21 255 4 607 3 481	19.8 27.8 6.0 4.5	7 727 39 792 26 922 50 078	6.1 31.2 21.1 39.3	1 217 8 324 4 658 32 457	2.6 17.5 9.8 68.4	156 192 168 725
Single modes	58 702	100.0	122 023	100.0	42 187	100.0	95
Less than 50 lb	4 611 1 453 6 794 2 347 1 712	7.9 2.5 11.6 4.0 2.9	S 111 899 499 430	S - .7 .4 .4	24 15 167 99 66	- .4 .2 .2	S 133 170 197 152
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	14 237 19 595 4 554 3 399	24.3 33.4 7.8 5.8	7 458 38 638 26 367 47 185	6.1 31.7 21.6 38.7	1 126 7 674 4 571 28 446	2.7 18.2 10.8 67.4	151 183 169 723
Truck <sup>1</sup>	52 082	100.0	91 178	100.0	14 191	100.0	70
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 749 lb 50 to 999 lb	3 156 979 6 001 2 094 1 602	6.1 1.9 11.5 4.0 3.1	\$ 108 889 495 421	S .1 1.0 .5 .5	15 11 152 95 53	.1 - 1.1 .7 .4	S 101 153 190 125
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	13 579 19 338 4 359 974	26.1 37.1 8.4 1.9	7 440 38 486 26 005 16 903	8.2 42.2 28.5 18.5	1 097 7 507 4 050 1 212	7.7 52.9 28.5 8.5	145 179 153 S
For-hire truck	25 152	100.0	32 852	100.0	8 734	100.0	514
Less than 50 lb	1 109 242 2 472 916 761	4.4 1.0 9.8 3.6 3.0	14 14 146 83 49	- .4 .3 .1	6 7 100 62 31	- 1.1 .7 .4	473 472 641 752 628
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5 418 12 207 1 310 717	21.5 48.5 5.2 2.8	1 058 10 512 12 327 8 649	3.2 32.0 37.5 26.3	586 5 489 1 437 1 014	6.7 62.9 16.5 11.6	573 549 108 S
Private truck	26 806	100.0	58 086	100.0	5 387	100.0	33
Less than 50 lb	2 040 734 3 514 1 170 837	7.6 2.7 13.1 4.4 3.1	S 95 740 412 372	S .2 1.3 .7 .6	S 5 51 32 22	S - .9 .6 .4	S 49 62 77 58
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	8 119 7 105 S S	30.3 26.5 S S	6 357 27 942 13 676 S	10.9 48.1 23.5 S	498 2 008 S 151	9.2 37.3 S 2.8	82 67 194 S
Rail	2 794	100.0	30 543	100.0	27 789	100.0	1 150
Less than 50 lb	S - S - -	S - S - -	S - S - -	S - S - -	S - S - -	S - S - -	559 - 491 - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S 179 187 2 363	S 6.4 6.7 84.6	S S 353 30 054	S S 1.2 98.4	S S 508 27 163	S S 1.8 97.7	1 933 816 1 475 1 145
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
Shallow draft	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	- - - -	- - -	1111	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	-	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -

## Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of **Origin: 1997**—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value			ons	Ton-miles			
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
Single modes—Con.								
Great Lakes	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Less than 50 lb	_	-		_	_	_	_	
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
500 to 749 lb		-					_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	
10,000 to 49,999 lb		_					_	
100,000 lb or more	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Deep draft	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Less than 50 lb								
100 to 499 lb	_				_	_	_	
750 to 999 lb	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-			-	_	_	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	=	=	
100,000 lb or more	2 767	100.0	-	100.0		100.0	1 400	
Air (includes truck and air)	3 767	100.0	100	100.0	<b>188</b> 9	100.0	1 408	
Less than 50 lb	1 454 473	38.6 12.6	6 2	6.0 2.2	3	4.7 1.8	1 384 1 574	
100 to 499 lb	792 S	21.0 S	10 3	10.0 3.2	15 S	7.8 S	1 522 1 321	
750 to 999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 446	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	593 S	15.7 S	15 S	15.5 S	24 S	12.7 S	1 574 2 367	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S S	S S S	S S	S S	S S	1 473 1 945	
Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	s	s	s	s	s	s	S	
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	S	S		
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	_ S	_ S	_ 0	_	S	S	S	
500 to 749 lb	S	S	S S	S S	3 8 8	S	88888	
750 to 999 lb	_	_	- (	_		S		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	888 888	S	SS	S	<i>S S S</i>	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S S	S	S	S S S	S S	S S	S	
Multiple modes	14 800	100.0	s	s	s	s	1 053	
Less than 50 lb	9 156	61.9	207	5.2	201	4.1	1 056	
50 to 99 lb	2 156 2 508	14.6 16.9	92 121	2.3 3.1	90 116	1.8 2.4	964 1 003	
500 to 749 lb	140 S	.9 S	7 5	.2 .1	6 5	.1 .1	823 926	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	S	S	s	1 284	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	538 28	3.6	367	9.2	440 34	8.9	1 211 126	
100,000 lb or more	74	.2 .5	S S	S S	S	s	1 101	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	14 127	100.0	432	100.0	418	100.0	1 053	
Less than 50 lb	9 156	64.8	207	47.8 21.3	201	48.2	1 056	
50 to 99 lb	2 156 2 507	17.7	121	28.0	116	21.5 27.7	964 1 002	
500 to 749 lb	140 S	1.0 S	7 5	1.7 1.2	6 5	1.4 1.2	826 926	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb								
100,000 lb or more	_	=	-	-	-	-	_	
Truck and rail	584	100.0	916	100.0	725	100.0	862	
Less than 50 lb	_ S	_ S	- S	- S	_ S	_ S	- 85	
100 to 499 lb	S	S	S S S	S	8	S	1 391	
500 to 749 lb	-	3 -	-	-	-	-	442	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	s	1 191	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	485 28	82.9 4.8	360 S S	39.3 S	417 34	57.5 4.7	1 163 126	
100,000 lb or more	s s	s <b>s</b>	s <b>s</b>	s <b>s</b>	s <b>s</b>	s s	1 022 <b>3 715</b>	
Less than 50 lb			-		3		5.15	
50 to 99 lb	<u> </u>	_	-		=	_	=	
100 to 499 lb	_ [	-	_	_	_	_	=	
750 to 999 lb	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	3 725 3 709	
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	-	-		-		_ _	

### Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 438
Less than 50 lb	-	_ _	-	_ _		_ _	<u>-</u> -
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb							_ _
50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	- S	- S	- S	- S	- S	Š	1 438
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb		_ _		_ _			- -
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_						_ _
50,000 to 99,999 lb. 100,000 lb or more	=	=			_	_	_ _
Other and unknown modes	3 035	100.0	1 440	100.0	345	100.0	392
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	559 95 232 62 55	18.4 3.1 7.6 2.0 1.8	24 11 44 13 11	1.7 .7 3.0 .9 .7	5 8 3 1	1.4 S .7 .2	416 S 52 S 93
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	878 1 123 S 8	28.9 37.0 S .3	251 787 S 17	17.4 54.7 S 1.2	68 211 S S	19.8 61.0 S S	286 286 S 76

<sup>-</sup> Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

### Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

-	or explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductor		Je	To		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0	606
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	831 250 1 760 3 910	1.1 .3 2.3 5.1	7 731 S 3 287 1 415	6.1 S 2.6 1.1	2 094 S 911 1 126	- 4.4 S 1.9 2.4	160 S S S 306
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	1 032 2 858 3 000 S	1.3 3.7 3.9 S	948 5 439 6 531 S 90	.7 4.3 5.1 S –	344 692 8 223 S S	.7 1.5 17.3 S S	140 S 124 1 172 S
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	35 106 25 224 684	- .1 - .3 .9	4 757 13 659 915 68 37 648	3.7 10.7 .7 — 29.5	227 456 189 90 21 986	.5 1.0 .4 .2 46.3	41 33 S 1 181 S
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils. Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals. Pharmaceutical products	1 305 626 699 S 2 354	1.7 .8 .9 S 3.1	5 332 2 697 S 886 45	4.2 2.1 S .7	S S 459 188 S	S S 1.0 .4 S	234 S S 1 062 558
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	S 3 497 1 911 14 2 131	\$ 4.6 2.5 - 2.8	\$ 331 423 31 2 172	S .3 .3 – 1.7	S 239 218 13 338	S .5 .5 - .7	142 497 506 79 299
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	464 907 3 796 1 750 2 048	.6 1.2 5.0 2.3 2.7	208 571 1 140 154 16 566	.2 .4 .9 .1 13.0	34 126 238 58 1 468	_ .3 .5 .1 3.1	150 814 886 1 050 307
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes.  Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	2 106 2 802 4 054 12 303 2 653	2.8 3.7 5.3 16.1 3.5	1 514 1 383 424 399 229	1.2 1.1 .3 .3	850 613 308 225 105	1.8 1.3 .6 .5	362 323 240 989 479
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	S 1 959	S 2.6	S 26	S _	10 20	- -	1 169 914
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	1 945 7 901 S 2 180 426	2.5 10.3 S 2.8 .6	225 S S 1 159 76	.2 S S .9	54 717 537 161 S	.1 1.5 1.1 .3 S	584 969 382 560 543

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of aboreviations and symbols, se	Val	-	Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0	606
Single modes	58 702	76.7	122 023	95.8	42 187	88.9	95
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truckPrivate truck	52 082 25 152 26 806	68.0 32.9 35.0	91 178 32 852 58 086	71.6 25.8 45.6	14 191 8 734 5 387	29.9 18.4 11.4	70 514 33
Rail	2 794	3.7	30 543	24.0	27 789	58.6	1 150
Water Shallow draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	3 767 S	4.9 S	100 S	- s	188 S	.4 S	1 408 S
Multiple modes	14 800	19.3	s	s	s	s	1 053
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	14 127 584 S S	18.5 .8 S S	432 916 S S	.3 .7 S S	418 725 S S	.9 1.5 S S	1 053 862 3 715 1 438
Other and unknown modes	3 035	4.0	1 440	1.1	345	.7	392
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	_	_	-	_	_	_	-
Single modes	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	-
Water	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)		<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	=	- S	s	s
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	831	100.0	7 731	100.0	2 094	100.0	160
Single modes	803	96.6	7 528	97.4	1 911	91.3	159
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	637 189 430	76.6 22.8 51.8	6 174 1 833 4 168	79.9 23.7 53.9	999 366 S	47.7 17.5 S	134 181 115
Rail	166	20.0	1 354	17.5	913	43.6	639
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_ 	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	= =	_ _ _	_ _ -	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)	_		<u>-</u>	=	- S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	938
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	- S	- S	_ S _	_ S	_ S	938
ITUCK and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	= =	=	- - -	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	7

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Ton	s	Ton-r	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	250	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	243	97.0	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	243 157 84	97.0 62.9 33.8	S S 86	S S 9.8	S S 14	S S 1.9	S 941 S
Rail	-	33.6	_	-	_	1.9	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	521
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	S	S	478
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - -	- - -	S - - -	- - -	S - - -	5 - - -	978 - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	1 760	100.0	3 287	100.0	911	100.0	s
Single modes	1 313	74.6	2 983	90.8	779	85.5	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 245 397 848	70.8 22.6 48.2	2 871 927 1 945	87.4 28.2 59.2	641 489 152	70.4 53.7 16.7	S 495 69
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	S	1 264
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	112	6.4	76	2.3	112	12.3	1 256
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ 112	6.3	_ 76	2.3	_ 112	_ 12.3	1 053 1 479
Truck and water	-	-	-	-	-   -		-
Other multiple modes	- S	- s	- s	- S	- s	- s	-
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR					J	3	3
PREPARATIONS							
Total	3 910	100.0	1 415	100.0	1 126	100.0 100.0	306
Single modes	<b>3 883</b> 3 844	<b>99.3</b> 98.3	1 359	<b>98.7</b> 96.0	<b>1 125</b> 1 047	93.0	<b>316</b> 309
For-hire truck Private truck	2 793 1 044	71.4 26.7	963 S	68.0 S	894 S	79.4 S	898 111
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 308
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S	S	S	S	S	S	3 <u>2</u> 41 S
Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	s	s	s	s	s <b>s</b>	s s	647
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	s	S	S	647
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	43

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number						
	(million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	1 032	100.0	948	100.0	344	100.0	140
Single modes	909	88.0	895	94.5	340	98.8	135
Truck <sup>1</sup>	905	87.7	882	93.1	329	95.7	135
For-hire truck		34.7 52.9	345 536	36.4 56.6	260 69	75.7 19.9	552 105
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	867
Water		-	-	-	-	-	-
Shallow draft	_	-	_	_	=	-	_
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>		-	-	_ _	- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
Truck and rail	_	-	-	- -	-	-	-
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	2 858	100.0	5 439	100.0	692	100.0	S
Single modes	2 788	97.5	5 321	97.8	679	98.1	S
Truck <sup>1</sup>		96.6	5 254	96.6	604	87.3	S
For-hire truck Private truck		19.9 76.7	842 4 407	15.5 81.0	287 316	41.5 45.7	417 S
Rail	26	.9	67	1.2	75	10.8	1 129
Water Shallow draft		-	-	_	_	-	=
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
·			-				
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>		S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 892 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	674
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier		S S	s s	S	S	S S	668 978
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	976
Rail and water		-	_	_	_	_	_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	22
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	3 000	100.0	6 531	100.0	8 223	100.0	124
Single modes	2 951	98.4	6 414	98.2	8 078	98.2	120
Truck¹		59.0 24.6	2 165 1 236	33.2 18.9	S 1 134	S 13.8	77 850
Private truck		34.1	925	14.2	S	S	51
Rail	1 182	39.4	4 249	65.1	6 743	82.0	1 526
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft		-	_	_	-	-	=
Great Lakes	-	-	-	_ _	-	-	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	_	_	-	_	_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes		s	s	s	s	s	1 171
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Truck and rail	_	S   -	S -	S -	S -	S   -	1 171 -
				_	_	_	
Hide and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		_	_	_	=	-	=

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value	'	To	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipmen
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 172
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 051
Truck <sup>1</sup>	s	s	s	s	S	s	911
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S S	S S	S S S	S S	S S S	1 109 69
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_ _	-	-	_		_ _	
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	- -	-	-	_ _	-
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	4 246
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 220
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	s	s	s	S	s	1 226
Truck and water Rail and water	Ξ	=	=	Ξ	=	Ξ.	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	S	s	s	s	S	s	8
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	90	100.0	S	s	S
Single modes	S	s	90	100.0	s	s	5
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	S 3 S	S 9.2 S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S 29
Rail	S	s	s	S	S	S	1 887
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	_	_	<u>-</u>	_ _	- S	- S	5
Multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	_	_	_ _	_ _	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _	-	-	_		_	-
Other multiple modes	=	-	-	-	-	=	=
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	32
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	35	100.0	4 757	100.0	227	100.0	41
Single modes	33	94.0	4 548	95.6	187	82.0	37
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	32 9 22	91.2 26.9 64.3	4 524 S 3 410	95.1 S 71.7	162 54 108	71.1 23.8 47.3	36 S 31
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	1 017
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	-	_ _	_ _ S	_ _ S	- - S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	-	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Truck and rail	_ _	-	-	-	_ _	_ _	-
Rail and waterOther multiple modes	_ _	-	-		_ _	_ _	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	193

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Val	ue	То	ons	Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	106	100.0	13 659	100.0	456	100.0	33
Single modes	106	99.8	13 633	99.8	456	99.9	33
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	106 37 68	99.8 35.2 64.6	13 633 6 090 7 543	99.8 44.6 55.2	456 218 238	99.9 47.8 52.1	33 35 32
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	=	-	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 230
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S	S - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	\$  -  -	\$ - - -	1 230 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	S	S	s	s	s	13
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	25	100.0	915	100.0	189	100.0	s
Single modes	25	98.3	911	99.6	186	98.1	s
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	22 S 16	86.4 S 62.9	S 115 S	S 12.6 S	58 28 S	30.6 15.0 S	S 338 43
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	s	1 422
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>		_ _	_ _	_ _	- S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S - -	S	\$ \$ - -	\$ 8 - - -	S	\$ \$ - -	32 1 100 - - -
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	224	100.0	68	100.0	90	100.0	1 181
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	884
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S S S	<i>S S S</i>	s s s	884 947 8
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	_	_ _	=		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	50	74.3	74	81.9	1 417
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ \$ -	S S -	S 50 -	S 74.3 –	S 74 -	S 81.9 -	1 830 1 340 -
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_		_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	-

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tor	ns	Ton-i	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	684	100.0	37 648	100.0	21 986	100.0	s
Single modes	649	94.9	35 038	93.1	18 230	82.9	s
Truck <sup>1</sup>	s	ş	ş	ş	S	s	S S
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S S S	274 S	1.2 S	S 50
Rail	397	58.0	21 839	58.0	17 863	81.2	916
Water Shallow draft		-	-	-	_ _	_ _	- -
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	_		_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>		_	_	_	- S	_ S	- s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 438
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Truck and rail	_ _	-   -	-   -		_ 	=	
Rail and water	S _	S -	S -	S -	S -	S   -	1 438
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	1 305	100.0	5 332	100.0	s	s	234
Single modes	1 302	99.8	5 316	99.7	s	s	245
Truck <sup>1</sup>	1 068 S	81.9 S	4 589 S	86.1 S	S	S S	245 481
Private truck	S	S	S	S S	S	S	S
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	268
Water Shallow draft		-	_ _	_ _	_ _	_	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft		_	-	_ _	_ _	- -	- -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Truck and rail		-	_		_	_	_
Rail and water		-		-	_	- -	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	4
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	626	100.0	2 697	100.0	s	s	s
Single modes	626	99.9	2 695	99.9	s	s	s
Truck <sup>1</sup>	582 S 492	92.9 S 78.5	2 447 S 1 989	90.7 S 73.7	S S S	s s s	S 342 27
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	1 045
Water	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	- S	- S	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Truck and water	-	-	-	-	-	- -	_
Rail and water		-	-	-	_ _	- -	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	8

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-m	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	699	100.0	s	s	459	100.0	s
Single modes	682	97.5	s	s	s	s	s
Truck1	661	94.5	s	S	S	s	S
For-hire truck Private truck	378	54.1	S 699	14.4	S S	S   S   S	201 17
Rail	S	s	s	S	s	s	810
Water Shallow draft		-	-	_	-	-	_ _
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _	-	-	_	-		- -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		- S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	286
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	s	s	286
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water		=	=	- - -	-	- - -	
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	S	s	S	s	s	s	161
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	s	s	886	100.0	188	100.0	1 062
Single modes	684	70.0	863	97.5	170	90.5	412
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S 125	S S 12.8	803 S S	90.6 S S	114 S S	60.7 S S	68 563 24
Rail	8	.9	52	5.9	s	s	1 028
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	s s	SS	SS	S S	1 499 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 214
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	148 S	15.1 S	S	S	S S	S S	1 214 1 024
Truck and water		-	-	_		-	_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	s	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	1	.1	S	5	s	S	5
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	2 354	100.0	45	100.0	s	S	558
Single modes	1 372	58.3	17	37.6	10	35.3	S
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck.	\$ \$ \$	S S S	17 7 S	36.5 14.9 S	9 6 S	32.9 21.2 S	\$ \$ \$
Rail	S	s	s	S	S	S	1 098
Water Shallow draft		-	-	_	_	-	_
Great Lakes	_	-	-	-	- -	- -	- -
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S _	S -	S S	S S	1 522 S
Multiple modes	958	40.7	24	51.8	s	s	783
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	958	40.7	24	51.8	s -	s -	783
Truck and water Rail and water		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- -	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	310

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	142
Single modes	6	32.5	s	s	s	s	36
Truck <sup>1</sup>	6	32.5	s	s	s	s	36
For-hire truck Private truck	S 4	S 23.1	S S	S S	S S	S S	S 33
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	-	_	-	- -	_ _	<u>-</u>
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	-	_	-	- s	- S	Š
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	=	=	=	=	=	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	186
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	3 497	100.0	331	100.0	239	100.0	497
Single modes	3 186	91.1	285	86.0	207	86.7	s
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	3 177 2 872 299	90.9 82.1 8.5	275 189 82	83.1 56.9 24.8	202 193 7	84.6 80.8 3.0	S S S
Rail	S S	s.s	S	S S	s l	S.0	454
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	1 495 S
Multiple modes	247	7.1	30	9.0	s	s	905
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	239	6.8	s	s	s	s	906
Truck and rail	S _	S -	S -	S -	S   -	S   -	209
Rail and water	_	-	_	_		-	-
Other and unknown modes	63	1.8	16	5.0	11	4.4	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	1 911	100.0	423	100.0	218	100.0	506
Single modes	1 285	67.2	383	90.6	201	91.9	107
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	1 258 619 636	65.8 32.4 33.3	376 230 145	88.8 54.4 34.3	191 184 6	87.3 84.4 2.8	89 581 30
Rail	S	s	s	S	s	S	1 341
Water	_	_	_	=	_	_	=
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	-	- - -	-	-   -	- - -	_ 
Air (includes truck and air).	20	1.1	S	S	S	S	1 497 S
Multiple modes	530	27.7	24	5.6	16	7.4	777
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	530	27.7	24	5.6	16	7.3	777
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	S -	S   -	S   -	1 979
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	96	5.0	16	3.8	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-m	iles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	14	100.0	31	100.0	13	100.0	79
Single modes	14	100.0	31	100.0	13	100.0	79
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	10 8 3	75.7 57.1 18.6	25 18 7	80.0 57.2 22.8	6 6 S	47.3 44.2 S	63 177 17
Rail	S	s	S	s	s	s	1 104
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)			_		- S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes  Other and unknown modes	- - - -	- - - -	-	-	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
	0.404	400.0	0.470	100.0	200	400.0	200
Total	2 131	100.0 95.4	2 172	100.0 97.6	338	100.0 97.7	299 196
Truck <sup>1</sup>	2 022	94.9	2 114	97.3	320	94.8	s
For-hire truck Private truck	423 1 596	19.9 74.9	575 1 539	26.5 70.9	189 131	55.9 38.9	960 70
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 747
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	861 S
Multiple modes	55	2.6	5	.2	s	s	706
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	55 _	2.6	5	.2	S _	S -	706 -
Truck and water Rail and water		-	_	_	_	- -	_ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	S	s	S	s	S	54
PAPERBOARD		100.0		400.0		400.0	450
Total	464	93.6	208 197	100.0 94.6	34	100.0 95.8	150 132
Truck <sup>1</sup>	435	93.6	197	94.6	33	95.8	132
For-hire truck	147 288	31.6 62.0	78 119	37.6 57.0	27 5	80.0 15.8	564 45
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_	-	- -
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-		_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-	_	_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	11	2.4	s	s	1	1.9	336
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	11	2.4	S -	S -	1 _	1.9	336
Truck and water	-  -	- -	-	_ _ _	- -	-	- -
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Ton	s	Ton-n	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	907	100.0	571	100.0	126	100.0	814
Single modes	780	86.1	551	96.5	109	86.5	91
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	780 332 431	86.1 36.6 47.5	551 218 317	96.5 38.2 55.5	109 69 29	86.5 55.0 22.7	91 222 39
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	1 156 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 159
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S S	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	\$ \$ - -	S S - -	1 159 1 574 – –
Other and unknown modes	9	1.0	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	3 796	100.0	1 140	100.0	238	100.0	886
Single modes	1 767	46.5	959	84.1	126	52.9	S
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	1 546 356 1 145	40.7 9.4 30.2	940 S 838	82.5 S 73.5	S S 28	S S 11.7	S 771 20
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	1 475
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 313 S
Multiple modes	1 762	46.4	96	8.5	92	38.7	1 058
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	1 762	46.4	96	8.5	92	38.7	1 058
Truck and water	_	-	-	-	=	=	=
Rail and water Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	268	7.0	s	s	s	s	442
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	1 750	100.0	154	100.0	58	100.0	1 050
Single modes	838	47.9	129	83.9	39	66.7	710
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	828 428 399	47.3 24.5 22.8	129 26 103	83.8 16.6 67.1	38 23 15	65.4 39.0 26.4	649 1 106 222
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- -
Deep draft  Air (includes truck and air)		S	S	S	- S S	S S	2 319 S
Multiple modes	821	46.9	20	13.1	19	33.1	1 131
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	821	46.9	20	13.1	19	33.1	1 131
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water	-   -   -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- 101 
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	91	5.2	s	s	s	s	s

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To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, st	Valu		То		Ton-ı	miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS								
Total	2 048	100.0	16 566	100.0	1 468	100.0	307	
Single modes	1 899	92.7	16 058	96.9	1 317	89.7	73	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	1 745 529 1 209	85.2 25.9 59.1	15 497 1 712 13 765	93.5 10.3 83.1	718 326 391	48.9 22.2 26.6	51 S 37	
Rail	81	4.0	514	3.1	520	35.4	1 338	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	SS	S	1 618 S	
Multiple modes	104	5.1	374	2.3	101	6.9	939	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	57 47 - - -	2.8 2.3 - - -	2 372 - - -	2.2 - - -	2 99 - -	.1 6.8 - - -	951 S - -	
Other and unknown modes	45	2.2	134	.8	51	3.4	116	
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES								
Total	2 106	100.0	1 514	100.0	850	100.0	362	
Single modes	2 005	95.2	1 478	97.6	831	97.7	150	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	1 826 758 1 069	86.7 36.0 50.7	1 012 423 589	66.8 27.9 38.9	400 339 60	47.0 39.9 7.1	144 715 S	
Rail	164	7.8	464	30.7	428	50.4	912	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 384 S	
Multiple modes	54	2.6	5	.3	4	.4	941	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	54 - - - - -	2.6 - - - -	5  -  -  -	.3 - - - -	4 - - -	.4 - - - -	941 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	47	2.2	31	2.1	s	s	s	
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL								
Total	2 802	100.0	1 383	100.0	613	100.0	323	
Single modes	2 245	80.1	1 232	89.1	541	88.3	107	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	2 058 1 038 1 019	73.4 37.1 36.4	846 405 441	61.1 29.2 31.9	295 255 41	48.2 41.5 6.6	98 576 40	
Rail	161	5.8	386	27.9	S	s	519	
Water	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	1 303 S	
Multiple modes	423	15.1	26	1.9	32	5.2	779	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	396 S -	14.1 S -	12 S -	.9 S -	11 S -	1.7 S -	777 1 609 -	
Other multiple modes	_	-	-		_ _	_	=	
Other and unknown modes	134	4.8	125	9.0	s	s	58	

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SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	4 054	100.0	424	100.0	308	100.0	240
Single modes	3 376	83.3	349	82.3	254	82.6	139
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	3 237 2 098 1 137	79.8 51.7 28.0	347 232 115	81.8 54.7 27.1	252 230 21	81.8 74.9 6.9	100 707 27
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	1 402
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	95 -	2.3	2 -	.4	2 S	.7 S	1 361 S
Multiple modes	367	9.1	16	3.8	s	s	544
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and vater Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	304 S S - -	7.5 S S -	8 S S	2.0 S S - -	4 S S - -	1.4 S S -	542 1 967 3 715 -
Other and unknown modes	311	7.7	59	13.9	s	s	43
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	12 303	100.0	399	100.0	225	100.0	989
Single modes	7 317	59.5	337	84.4	171	75.9	283
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	4 982 3 781 1 202	40.5 30.7 9.8	S 72 S	S 18.1 S	137 74 S	61.1 32.7 S	S 825 S
Rail	s	s	s	S	s	s	1 424
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	2 318	18.8	17	4.1	26 S	11.4 S	1 388 S
Multiple modes	4 328	35.2	45	11.3	47	20.9	1 165
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	4 321 S - - -	35.1 S - - -	43 S - -	10.7 S - -	44 S - -	19.6 S - - -	1 165 1 243 - -
Other and unknown modes	659	5.4	17	4.3	7	3.2	707
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	2 653	100.0	229	100.0	105	100.0	479
Single modes	2 011	75.8	171	74.7	86	82.3	236
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	1 959 1 319 639	73.8 49.7 24.1	169 92 77	73.7 40.0 33.7	84 69 14	80.0 66.4 13.6	143 495 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline <sup>2</sup>	S _	S -	s -	S _	S	S S	1 260 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	9	8.3	774
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S	S - -	S - - -	S - -	9	8.3 - - -	774 - - -
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	=	-	=	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	S

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average mile: per shipmen	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	s	s	s	s	10	100.0	1 169	
Single modes	279	79.1	s	s	9	93.1	1 213	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	99 93 S	28.0 26.3 S	S S S	S S S	7 7 S	74.4 74.3 S	956 991 355	
Rail	s	s	S	s	s	s	245	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	
Deep draft  Air (includes truck and air)	S _	- S -	- S -	- S -	S S	S S	1 420 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	_	.4	_	1.3	1 207	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	-	.4	_	1.3	1 207	
Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	152	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	1 959	100.0	26	100.0	20	100.0	914	
Single modes	898	45.8	14	53.1	8	38.2	386	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	642 374 S	32.8 19.1 S	13 9 S	49.9 33.2 S	6 6 S	32.1 31.3 S	182 548 21	
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	256	13.1	1 -	3.2	1 S	6.1 S	1 357 S	
Multiple modes	972	49.6	12	44.8	12	59.1	984	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	972 - - -	49.6 - - -	12 - - -	44.8 - - -	12 - - -	59.1 - - -	984 - - -	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	375	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS								
Total	1 945	100.0	225	100.0	54	100.0	584	
Single modes	s	s	217	96.2	46	83.8	97	
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	S 261 S	S 13.4 S	212 38 174	94.1 16.8 77.4	40 34 6	72.9 62.3 10.6	\$ 653 37	
Rail	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	
Water	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	
Deep draft  Air (includes truck and air)	S -	- S -	_ S _		S S	S	1 258 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 199	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S - -	S -	S -	S -	S -	1 199	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	2	.8	s	s	s	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	7 901	100.0	s	s	717	100.0	969
Single modes	5 171	65.4	s	s	569	79.4	349
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	5 028 2 047 S	63.6 25.9 S	S 316 S	S 17.8 S	552 268 S	77.0 37.4 S	317 750 116
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	268
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)	87 -	1.1	1 -	-	2 S	.2 S	1 465 S
Multiple modes	2 594	32.8	s	s	s	s	1 146
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	2 594	32.8	S	S	S	S -	1 146
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	136	1.7	14	.8	s	s	262
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	s	s	s	s	537	100.0	382
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S 27	S S 7.8	S S 82	S S 6.6	S S S	S S S	S S 60
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	561
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	- -		_ _ _	_	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	-	-	-	- -	s	- S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 197
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ 1 197
Truck and water Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	S	s	S	s	s	s	675
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	2 180	100.0	1 159	100.0	161	100.0	560
Single modes	2 144	98.4	1 154	99.6	159	99.1	104
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	2 144 S 2 133	98.4 S 97.8	1 154 S 1 153	99.6 S 99.5	159 S 158	99.1 S 98.5	104 703 103
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	-	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		-	_	_	_ S	_ S	<u>-</u> S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 232
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 232
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	-  -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	426	100.0	76	100.0	s	s	543
Single modes	361	84.6	74	97.1	s	s	369
Truck <sup>1</sup> For-hire truck Private truck	357 S S	83.8 S S	74 S S	97.1 S S	\$ \$ \$	S S S	364 1 120 135
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 556 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	841
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ - - -	S - - - -	\$ - - -	S	\$ - -	S - - - -	841 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

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<sup>1&</sup>quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

### Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To experiment of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, even in	Va			ons	Ton-	miles
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Total	76 537	100.0	127 429	100.0	47 456	100.0
NEW ENGLAND STATES						
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	200 33 680 104 S 17	.3 - .9 .1 S	22 S 465 15 S S	- S.4 - S.5	43 S 961 30 S S	- S 2.0 - S S
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES						
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	695 2 841 727	.9 3.7 1.0	527 197 S	.4 .2 S	1 023 344 S	2.2 .7 S
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	2 408 637 1 360 1 189 437	3.1 .8 1.8 1.6 .6	5 014 199 S 190 S	3.9 .2 S .1 S	6 436 233 S 248 S	13.6 .5 S .5 S
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	587 1 064 535 874 898 S 294	.8 1.4 .7 1.1 1.2 S .4	725 1 264 210 1 476 1 054 S 133	.6 1.0 .2 1.2 8 S .1	\$ 829 207 950 369 \$ 65	S 1.7 .4 2.0 .8 S .1
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES						
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Wirginia West Virginia	20 34 1 569 1 140 365 574 190 909	- 2.0 1.5 .5 .8 .2 2.1.2	2 1 384 149 43 111 S 1 153	- .3 .1 - - .9	4 2 8 221 72 185 8 2 191 3	- S 5 .2 .4 S 4.6
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Alabama . Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	393 440 160 693	.5 .6 .2 .9	2 845 S 166 S	2.2 S .1 S	4 510 S 227 S	9.5 S .5 S
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	170 363 511 4 137	.2 .5 .7 5.4	118 33 187 3 895	_ _ .1 3.1	110 42 136 3 582	.2 - .3 7.5
MOUNTAIN STATES						
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	1 291 33 329 526 641 534 909 1 747 1 353	1.7 43.5 .7 .8 .7 1.2 2.3 1.8	626 88 685 381 436 87 937 1 556 S	.5 69.6 .3 .3 .3 .7 1.2 S	552 5 121 310 335 76 332 695 536	1.2 10.8 .7 .7 .7 .2 .7 1.5 1.1
PACIFIC STATES						
AlaskaCalifornia Hawaii. Oregon. Washington	S 6 656 139 561 1 048	\$ 8.7 .2 .7 1.4	2 2 017 S 544 383	1.6 S .4 .3	3 2 545 S 751 569	5.4 S 1.6 1.2

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 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

# Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, see into	•	lue		ons	Ton-	miles
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Total	88 178	100.0	123 979	100.0	30 242	100.0
NEW ENGLAND STATES						
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts Mew Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	S 68 857 S S 85	\$ 1.0 \$ \$ .1	S 4 60 111 S 5	S - - - S -	\$ 8 120 22 \$ 11	S -4 - S -
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES						
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	S 1 531 1 113	S 1.7 1.3	145 149 206	.1 .1 .2	258 260 352	.9 .9 1.2
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	2 386 1 078 1 418 1 893 2 468	2.7 1.2 1.6 2.1 2.8	705 315 387 424 596	.6 .3 .3 .3 .5	715 362 485 558 659	2.4 1.2 1.6 1.8 2.2
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES						
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	995 1 821 1 299 2 113 1 725 67 359	1.1 2.1 1.5 2.4 2.0 - .4	693 S S 503 5 301 46 133	.6 S S .4 4.3 - .1	565 1 821 S 385 1 537 46 67	1.9 6.0 S 1.3 5.1 .2
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES						
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland Morth Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 751 743 181 1 004 323 849 S	S 9 .8 .2 1.1 .4 1.0 S	2 S 307 316 S 148 64 57 S	- S .2 .3 S .1 - - S	3 S S 474 S 245 114 97 S	- S S 1.6 S .8 .4 .3 S
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Alabama	\$ 712 220 892	\$ .8 .2 1.0	249 325 88 400	.2 .3 _ .3	343 400 110 516	1.1 1.3 .4 1.7
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES						
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	458 213 871 4 689	.5 .2 1.0 5.3	322 416 773 4 931	.3 .3 .6 4.0	335 553 605 3 038	1.1 1.8 2.0 10.0
MOUNTAIN STATES						
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	738 33 329 665 163 290 603 1 229 760	.8 37.8 .8 .2 .3 .7 1.4 .9	191 88 685 762 253 133 692 569 6 407	22 71.5 .6 .2 .1 .6 .5 5.2	150 5 121 731 229 118 202 291 2 329	.5 16.9 2.4 .8 .4 .7 1.0 7.7
PACIFIC STATES						
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 8 803 2 1 187 885	\$ 10.0 - 1.3 1.0	S 1 579 1 748 559	\$ 1.3 - .6 .5	\$ 1 790 \$ 1 072 815	S 5.9 S 3.5 2.7

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# Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For <b>each</b> shipment:	For <b>each</b> shipment:
quodanama	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country,and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

# Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

#### **SAMPLING ERROR**

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

#### NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

## Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Valu	ıe	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	4.0	-	9.3	-	18.4	-	13.2
Single modes	4.7	1.0	9.7	1.3	14.7	2.7	36.4
Truck	4.8 5.7 5.5	1.3 1.5 .8	13.9 15.3 18.5	5.1 3.0 6.5	12.5 11.4 33.9	8.0 5.1 5.5	33.9 12.5 32.8
Rail	11.7	.4	15.6	4.2	23.7	6.6	11.4
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	11.3 S	.6 S	29.8 S	- S	36.7 S	.2 S	2.0 S
Multiple modes	5.6	1.1	s	s	s	s	4.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	6.6 35.2 S S	1.3 .2 S S	16.9 25.6 S S	- .3 S S	22.6 29.5 S S	.3 .5 S S	4.2 19.3 29.8 29.8
Other and unknown modes	15.5	.5	33.7	.4	25.3	.3	25.6

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment
Mode of transportation	Coefficient o		Standard error of		of variation of Imber	Standard error of	Coefficient of num		Standard error of	Coefficient of variation		Standard error of
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change
All modes	4.0	7.4	11.0	9.3	9.2	17.8	18.4	7.1	37.5	13.2	7.5	18.9
Single modes	4.7	6.6	9.8	9.7	9.1	18.4	14.7	7.2	33.0	36.4	7.0	23.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	4.8 5.7 5.5	5.9 9.6 4.8	9.1 11.9 9.7	13.9 15.3 18.5	10.3 14.6 10.9	23.3 24.7 31.4	12.5 11.4 33.9	7.2 9.9 4.4	22.4 18.8 85.3	33.9 12.5 32.8	7.5 6.1 9.6	23.6 16.8 24.1
Rail	11.7	15.9	34.8	15.6	18.1	37.3	23.7	14.8	66.5	11.4	8.9	17.7
Water	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	11.3 S	22.3 S	35.9 S	29.8 S	26.5 S	111.5 S	36.7 S	23.4 S	160.3 S	2.0 S	1.3 S	2.4 S
Multiple modes	5.6	8.4	18.0	s	23.8	s	s	27.7	s	4.2	3.4	6.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	6.6 35.2 S S	8.0 36.4 S S	19.0 49.6 S S	16.9 25.6 S S	5.2 24.4 S S -	37.4 7.8 S S	22.6 29.5 S S	7.1 35.3 S S	60.2 11.2 S S	4.2 19.3 29.8 29.8	3.4 21.8 21.9 30.2	6.2 35.6 47.8 30.4
Other and unknown modes	15.5	40.1	55.8	33.7	26.1	63.8	25.3	29.8	34.0	25.6	19.7	38.0

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 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

# Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles	Ton-miles (percent)	
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	ı	_	-	_	_	_	
Single modes	1.0	1.1	1.3	.9	2.7	3.3	
Truck	1.3 1.5 .8	1.3 1.2 2.1	5.1 3.0 6.5	3.3 3.3 3.2	8.0 5.1 5.5	3.3 3.0 .8	
Rail	.4	.4	4.2	3.2	6.6	5.4	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline	.6 S	.6 S	_ S	- S	.2 S	- S	
Multiple modes	1.1	1.0	s	.9	s	3.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	1.3 .2 S S	.9 .3 S S -	- .3 S S -	.9 S S	.3 .5 8 8 -	3.5 S S	
Other and unknown modes	.5	.9	.4	.2	.3	.4	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

# Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	miles		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation	
Total	18.4	-	13.1	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	12.4 27.8 S - S	7.9 8.1 S - S	32.3 12.3 31.6 - 29.8	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	37.0 22.6 S 25.3	.2 .3 S .3	2.0 4.2 S 25.7	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

i or explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbol	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-r	miles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
All modes	4.0	-	9.3	_	18.4	_
Less than 50 miles	3.4 10.8 13.2 13.6 5.2	1.1 .6 .6 .7 .3	15.5 19.6 15.4 15.3 16.2	4.3 1.3 2.0 1.2 .6	10.9 21.1 15.6 17.8 20.4	.8 1.4 1.6 3.5 1.2
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	5.3 6.4 7.7 39.1	.7 1.0 .5 .2	17.8 27.0 32.0 S	1.5 2.5 .5 S	20.1 28.0 33.6 S	3.2 6.0 1.2 S
Single modes	4.7	-	9.7	-	14.7	-
Less than 50 miles	3.6 12.1 13.4 16.5 8.1	1.5 .6 .6 .8 .6	15.8 20.3 14.9 16.7 16.6	4.1 1.3 2.0 1.1 .6	11.2 21.8 15.3 19.7 20.9	.8 1.4 1.6 3.7 1.2
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	8.1 9.0 9.1 S	1.0 1.3 .3 S	15.5 22.2 33.4 S	1.2 2.3 .5 S	16.9 23.0 35.0 S	3.4 6.1 1.5 S
Truck	4.8	-	13.9	-	12.5	-
Less than 50 miles	3.6 12.5 14.4 18.8 8.8	1.7 .8 .7 1.0 .7	16.2 22.3 13.4 16.6 12.9	2.2 1.4 1.4 .8 .4	11.9 23.5 14.2 15.4 13.2	.9 1.7 1.7 2.6 1.6
750 to 999 miles	9.9 13.4 10.9 S	1.0 1.6 .5 S	9.2 45.2 20.6 S	.3 1.4 .2 S	10.5 43.4 20.4 S	1.7 7.7 1.7 S
For-hire truck	5.7	-	15.3	-	11.4	-
Less than 50 miles	13.7 11.0 13.5 16.6 8.2	1.7 .6 .5 .8 1.2	22.1 40.3 22.3 9.9 16.4	5.9 5.1 2.2 1.2 1.1	20.7 41.3 24.8 10.0 16.6	.7 2.4 1.8 1.1 1.9
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	10.6 12.8 12.1 S	1.8 2.4 1.1 S	11.7 37.6 21.4 S	1.3 1.3 .3 S	13.1 35.8 21.1 S	2.8 5.3 1.8 S
Private truck	5.5	-	18.5	-	33.9	-
Less than 50 miles	3.2 14.8 17.9 28.7 20.5	3.3 1.1 1.1 1.5 .5	21.5 14.8 15.7 35.3 18.4	3.4 1.6 2.0 .9 .3	16.5 13.9 15.5 34.2 15.9	3.7 2.2 2.9 4.6 2.4
750 to 999 miles	22.4 S 37.1	.3 S .2 -	25.8 S 41.6	.3 S - -	27.7 S 42.7	2.4 S 1.1
Rail	11.7	-	15.6	-	23.7	-
Less than 50 miles	36.0 S 44.3 29.6 20.6	1.7 S 5.8 2.9 3.4	36.8 S 26.4 25.3 26.6	4.0 S 6.3 6.0 1.3	36.7 S 23.8 29.9 31.8	.2 S 4.5 6.2 1.8
750 to 999 miles	16.7 29.0 39.3 —	4.0 4.2 2.6	19.3 35.3 47.8 —	3.1 7.1 1.2 -	20.2 35.0 48.7	6.5 9.6 2.1 —
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	-	-	-	_	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbol	T	l	т.		T	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Ton-i Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	_	_ _			-	_
250 to 499 miles				-	_	
500 to 749 miles	_	=	-	-	-	=
750 to 999 miles	_	_			_	_
1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	_	-	-	-	-
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	_	-	_
Deep draft	_	-	-	_	-	-
Less than 50 miles		_ _		_ _	-	_ _
100 to 249 miles	_	_ _	_ _		_ _	_
250 to 499 miles					_	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles		_ _			-	_ _
2,000 miles or more	_	-	_	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)	11.3	-	29.8	_	36.7	-
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	\$ 44.0	S -	39.7 39.0	.2 .1	37.5 41.7	_ _
250 to 499 miles	37.2	1.1	47.7	2.0	48.9	1.2
	18.8	1.9	44.3	4.4	43.2	3.9
750 to 999 miles	14.5 34.4	5.6 6.1	34.2 41.4	9.8 2.3	35.2 43.2	11.0 2.4
1,500 to 1,999 miles	41.6 S	5.0 S	S S	S S	S	S S
,	s	s	s	s	s	s
Pipeline	3	3	3	3		
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
100 to 249 miles	S	_ S	- S	_ S	S S	S S
500 to 749 miles	=	=	=	=	S	Š
750 to 999 miles	_	-	_	-	S S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles				_ _	S	\$ \$ \$
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	_	S	
Multiple modes	5.6	-	S	S	S	s
Less than 50 miles	19.0 25.6	1.4 1.2	40.0 49.6	4.5 3.4	44.7 48.6	.5 .7
100 to 249 miles	28.3	1.6	44.8	2.7	44.8	1.2
250 to 499 miles	20.8 14.8	1.7 2.0	S 30.9	S 2.0	S 36.8	1.2 S 2.2
750 to 999 miles	9.9	2.2	s	s	s	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	12.6 12.8	1.8 1.3	S 19.0	S 1.2	S 18.8	S S
2,000 miles or more	37.6	.5	S 19.0	S S	S S	2.9 S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	6.6	_	16.9	_	22.6	_
Less than 50 miles	19.2	1.4	36.5	3.3	38.9	.2
50 to 99 miles	26.3	1.3	17.5	.8	18.1	.1
100 to 249 miles	28.5 20.4	1.6 1.8	17.7 19.5	1.0 1.6	16.3 18.3	.3 1.0
500 to 749 miles	14.8	2.1	20.5	1.4	20.6	1.3
750 to 999 miles	11.4 13.3	2.0 1.9	18.9 31.7	1.3 2.9	19.5 31.7	1.1 2.9
1,500 to 1,999 miles	12.2	1.2	21.2	.9	21.2	1.0
2,000 miles or more	31.1	.2	30.5	.2	27.9	.6
Truck and rail	35.2	-	25.6	-	29.5	-
Less than 50 miles	48.0	3.0	S	s	S	S
50 to 99 miles	43.1 44.0	2.0 2.4	S S	S S	SS	S
250 to 499 miles	S 47.7	S 1.4	S S	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$
750 to 999 miles	41.7 S	7.5 S	23.9 S	12.5 S	21.7 S	9.9 S S
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S	S -	S -	S -	S -	S
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	3	-	_	_	-	3
50 to 99 miles		=	-	-	-	=
100 to 249 miles		_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _
500 to 749 miles	-	-	-	-	-	_
750 to 999 miles	_	-	_	-	-	-
1,000 to 1,499 miles		_ _		- - S	- -	_ _
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	l S	s	S

# Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	miles
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Multiple modes—Con.						
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -
750 to 999 miles	\$ \$ -	S S -	S S - -	S S - -	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ -
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	_	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Other and unknown modes	15.5	-	33.7	_	25.3	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	18.0 S 44.7 45.9 S	6.4 S 1.2 2.1 S	30.3 S S S 38.1	6.0 S S S	44.2 S S S S 39.6	2.0 S S S 1.2
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	29.4 48.3 S S	6.0 3.9 S S	28.1 33.8 S S	3.6 1.8 S S	27.6 33.6 S S	8.2 7.6 S S

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	110	To	ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment – coefficient of variation
All modes	4.0	_	9.3	_	18.4	_	13.2
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	6.9 11.5 10.3 9.5 13.8	1.2 .6 1.2 .3 .4	\$ 15.6 7.7 9.6 20.0	S - .1 -	9.8 32.0 21.4 16.7 16.6	.1 - .2 -	15.6 12.3 16.5 18.5 19.5
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	4.6 8.1 38.1 11.0	1.2 1.9 1.7 .5	14.9 12.7 11.5 17.2	1.1 3.6 1.6 4.6	8.5 8.4 31.4 27.7	.6 3.7 4.3 7.4	13.1 17.6 29.7 19.2
Single modes  Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	4.7 17.1 18.5 10.2 9.9 11.4	1.2 .5 1.2 .4 .4	9.7 S 14.5 7.4 10.2 20.9	S1	14.7 31.2 15.0 13.7 17.7 16.9	- - - - -	36.4 S 25.1 8.1 19.9 19.8
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.0 6.9 38.6 11.0	1.6 2.0 2.1 .6	15.8 13.5 11.7 17.5	1.2 3.6 1.6 4.5	8.9 8.8 31.8 22.7	.5 3.5 4.4 7.1	14.2 17.2 30.2 19.5
Truck	4.8	-	13.9	-	12.5	-	33.9
Less than 50 lb	22.6 11.3 11.1 7.3 11.7	1.2 .2 1.2 .3 .4	S 15.0 7.5 10.2 21.4	S - .2 .1 .1	39.3 12.3 13.9 18.4 10.1	- .2 .1	S 18.7 7.3 20.7 16.7
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	5.1 7.0 40.8 27.7	1.9 2.0 2.5 .6	15.8 13.6 12.0 43.5	1.6 3.4 3.4 5.2	9.6 8.8 37.7 26.9	1.2 4.1 5.6 2.5	14.3 17.3 34.9 S
For-hire truck	5.7	-	15.3	-	11.4	-	12.5
Less than 50 lb	34.8 15.5 14.7 12.3 22.0	1.5 .1 1.6 .5 .7	25.3 26.8 14.5 15.5 9.9	- - .2 - -	20.2 13.3 20.1 27.8 11.6	- - .2 .1	24.2 18.2 10.4 10.7 13.2
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	9.2 10.4 23.2 38.6	1.8 3.3 1.0 1.3	16.4 11.7 22.8 45.4	1.3 4.3 6.1 8.8	7.8 11.3 32.1 32.0	.6 3.6 2.8 3.5	11.5 8.4 35.0 S
Private truck	5.5	-	18.5	-	33.9	-	32.8
Less than 50 lb	24.2 13.5 17.1 13.4 9.1	1.7 .4 2.2 .6 .3	\$ 14.2 7.0 13.1 24.6	S - .5 .3 .2	\$ 16.8 13.2 17.3 15.7	S - .4 .3 .2	\$ 30.6 9.5 15.9 23.2
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	7.9 7.9 S S	2.9 2.1 S S	18.1 19.7 22.9 S	2.3 4.0 4.3 S	16.7 16.1 S 49.9	3.9 6.5 S 1.9	19.9 28.8 30.5 S
Rail	11.7	-	15.6	-	23.7	-	11.4
Less than 50 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.5
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	S	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	49.4 - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	\$ 46.5 43.4 15.7	S 3.7 3.6 5.9	S S 44.9 15.8	S S .5 1.0	\$ \$ 49.9 23.8	S S .6 1.0	23.9 19.1 17.6 11.1
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - - -	- - - -		- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Less than 50 lb	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
750 to 9999 lb  1,000 to 9,999 lb  10,000 to 49,999 lb  50,000 to 99,999 lb  100,000 lb or more	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc	Val	ue	Tons		Ton-miles			
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Single modes—Con.								
Great Lakes	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Less than 50 lb	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	
100 to 499 lb	=	_	_	_	_	_	=	
500 to 749 lb	_	_ _	_		-	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_ _	_	_ _	-	_	_	
100,000 lb or more	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	
Deep draft	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	
Less than 50 lb	_		-		_	_		
100 to 499 lb	_		_		_	_		
750 to 999 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_		-	_ _	-	_		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_		-		-	_		
Air (includes truck and air)	11.3	_	29.8	_	36.7	_	2.0	
Less than 50 lb	16.8	6.0	43.0	4.5	45.5	5.0	1.9	
50 to 99 lb	47.8 20.0	5.0 3.8	29.0 21.0	1.7 8.2	34.1 24.0	1.7 9.4	13.5 4.9	
500 to 749 lb	S S	S S	48.8 S	1.6 S	S S	S S	15.4 12.2	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	43.3	4.7	40.8	9.0	44.6	9.6	12.4	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S S	S S	S	S	S S	S S	29.8 31.6	
100,000 lb or more	Š	Š	S	S	S	S	31.6	
Pipeline	s	S	S	S	S	S	s	
Less than 50 lb	_		_		S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S S	
100 to 499 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S	S	
750 to 999 lb	=	=	-	=	S	Š		
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb	S S	S S	S	S	S	S	S S S S	
50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	S S	S	888	S S S S	S S S	S S S S	S	
Multiple modes	5.6	_	s	s	s	s	4.2	
Less than 50 lb	7.1	3.6	11.9	5.3	10.8	6.5	4.4	
50 to 99 lb	16.8 18.9	1.8 2.8	28.9 30.7	2.4 3.6	38.8 41.0	3.1 4.4	8.2 11.0	
500 to 749 lb	38.0 S	.3 S	25.4 25.8	.3 .2	38.5 26.1	.3 .2	18.6 17.8	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	S	s	S	s	25.9	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	47.7 44.4	2.0	34.6 S	8.9 S	39.3 48.7	9.9 1.9	9.3 36.7	
100,000 lb or more	46.6	.2	S	S	S	S	20.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	6.6	-	16.9	-	22.6	-	4.2	
Less than 50 lb	7.1 16.8	4.4 1.7	11.9 28.9	5.1 2.1	10.8 38.8	6.4 2.5	4.4 8.2	
100 to 499 lb	18.8 38.0	2.8	30.8 25.3	3.5 .6	41.1 38.8	4.4 .5	11.0 18.6	
750 to 999 lb	S	S	25.8	.3	26.1	.4	17.8	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_		-		_	_		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_				_ _	_		
Truck and rail	35.2	_	25.6	_	29.5	_	19.3	
Less than 50 lb	_	-	-	-	-	_	_ <del>_</del>	
50 to 99 lb	S S	S S	8	S S S	S S	S S	31.6 31.4	
500 to 749 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	s	S	s	s	s	25.7	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	43.3 44.4	11.7 7.3	33.8 S	12.5 S	36.9 48.7	10.6 5.2	9.3 36.7	
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S S	S	S	25.1	
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8	
Less than 50 lb	_	_ _	-	-	-	_	_	
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	_ =	_ _ _	-	_ _ _		<u> </u>		
750 to 999 lb		_	-			_		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S S	S	S	31.6	
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S -	S -	S - -	S -	S -	S -	31.6	
100,000 lb or more	-	-	-	-	ı –	-	-	

# Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Less than 50 lb	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	=	=	Ξ	_	Ξ	=	=
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	S	S	s	S	S	29.8
100,000 lb or more	5	5	5	5	5	5	29.8
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 ib	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	_	_	-	_	-	-
Other and unknown modes	15.5	-	33.7	-	25.3	-	25.6
Less than 50 lb	18.9	4.3	27.9	.8	43.6	1.1	27.0
50 to 99 lb	27.5	1.1	28.4	.4	S	S	S
100 to 499 lb	15.9	1.9	19.3	1.1	27.4	.6	31.1
500 to 749 lb	34.1	.8	28.2	.9	39.7	.3	S
750 to 999 lb	31.7	.4	26.2	.2	31.7	.2	45.1
1,000 to 9,999 lb	20.9	5.9	32.9	4.7	27.9	6.2	22.2
10,000 to 49,999 lb	32.1	6.4	31.8	5.9	30.7	6.2	27.6
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	<u>S</u>	S	S	S	S
100,000 lb or more	47.2	.2	44.7	.9	S	S	40.8

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

# Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Val	Value		ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
	All commodities	4.0	_	9.3	-	18.4	-	13.2
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish . Cereal grains . Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations .	25.0 31.9 33.6 15.2	- .3 .1 .6 .8	26.0 S 26.2 14.8	1.9 S 1.0	37.6 S 16.5 16.8	4.1 S .9 .7	33.9 S S S 26.4
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	33.6 17.2 19.6 S	.4 .7 .7 .8 S	36.2 30.7 31.2 S 48.2	.4 1.3 2.0 S	36.8 28.3 40.1 S	.3 1.2 4.9 S S	38.1 S 29.5 30.2 S
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	39.0 22.3 28.3 40.5 29.8	- - .1 .3	40.4 25.9 46.8 23.4 29.7	1.5 2.1 .6 - 6.4	43.7 20.9 36.8 27.0 31.6	.2 .2 - 8.0	41.6 13.1 S 17.0 S
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	41.1 33.7 41.5 S 34.8	.6 .3 .4 S 1.0	44.2 36.5 S 42.8 40.0	1.7 .7 S .2	S S 49.2 27.6 S	S S 1.2 .3 S	45.4 S S 26.5 25.5
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products.	\$ 36.2 12.0 42.2 18.5	S 1.8 .3 - .6	\$ 28.3 18.2 44.0 12.3	S - - - .2	\$ 24.5 22.6 46.7 18.6	S .1 .2 - .2	24.1 23.2 22.7 30.3 31.9
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textilles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	20.6 9.8 12.8 18.9 15.2	.1 .1 .7 .5	17.3 22.7 28.0 26.7 20.6	- .1 .3 - 2.4	35.6 24.5 22.9 18.1 11.7	- .1 .3 - .5	28.9 22.7 10.8 10.3 22.6
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment	21.6 9.2 19.3	.6 .4 .9 2.4	15.0 14.3 16.3	.2 .2 -	28.2 26.5 27.5	1.0 .7 .4	19.8 19.1 21.6 10.9 22.2
36 37	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	25.7 S	.8 S	22.3 S	S	32.4 33.7	.1	18.5
38 39	Precision instruments and apparatus	22.0	.6	20.4	-	23.5	_	10.2
40 41 43 	illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	49.3 23.7 S 22.2 40.9	1.2 1.8 S .7	27.1 S S 21.2 42.3	S S .2	20.2 35.0 47.9 30.6 S	.4 .7 .1 S	24.4 8.7 46.0 26.5 25.2

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	4.0	_	9.3	_	18.4	_	13.2
Single modes	4.7	1.0	9.7	1.3	14.7	2.7	36.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	4.8 5.7 5.5	1.3 1.5 .8	13.9 15.3 18.5	5.1 3.0 6.5	12.5 11.4 33.9	8.0 5.1 5.5	33.9 12.5 32.8
Rail	11.7	.4	15.6	4.2	23.7	6.6	11.4
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	11.3 S	.6 S	29.8 S	- s	36.7 S	.2 S	2.0 S
Multiple modes	5.6	1.1	s	s	s	s	4.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier. Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	6.6 35.2 S S	1.3 .2 S S	16.9 25.6 S	- .3 S S	22.6 29.5 S S	.3 .5 S	4.2 19.3 29.8 29.8
Other and unknown modes	15.5	.5	33.7	.4	25.3	.3	25.6
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Single modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _		_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _ _		_ _		_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ _		_			_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _					_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	=	_	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	25.0 25.8	2.9	26.0 26.9	2.6	37.6 37.6	3.8	33.9
Truck	27.8	7.3	29.0	7.1	37.4	9.8	24.5
For-hire truck Private truck	24.9 39.5	9.6 10.4	27.9 40.4	9.6 10.8	26.2 S	7.4 S	23.3 19.8
Rail	38.5	6.6	39.8	6.6	42.6	8.7	21.0
Water			_			_	
Great Lakes Deep draft						_	
Air (includes truck and air)				=	_ S	- s	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	=		_ 				_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

ror expianation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	31.9	_	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	33.4	5.6	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	33.4 49.0 23.0	5.6 12.5 12.9	S S 25.9	S S 15.7	S S 41.9	S S 15.1	S 16.9 S
Rail	-	_	-	-	-	_	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S S	S	S S	S	30.7
Truck and rail	S -	S -	-	_	S -	S -	31.6
Rail and water . Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.6
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	33.6	-	26.2	-	16.5	-	S
Single modes	23.1	7.3	28.9	5.6	21.4	7.0	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	24.6 22.8 38.1	6.3 9.7 12.1	29.7 43.6 39.2	5.7 9.1 10.3	18.2 23.9 39.6	6.7 7.9 10.8	S 18.8 32.7
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	26.1
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_ _		_ _	-	_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _		_ _		_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_	_ _		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	36.9	5.5	43.1	3.0	43.2	6.1	18.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	43.2 37.0	_ 5.5	40.8 43.1	3.0	38.8 43.3	6.1	22.8 21.4
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _		_ _		_ _		
Other multiple modes	- s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	15.2	_	14.8	_	16.8	_	26.4
Single modes	15.0	.3	14.5	.8	16.8	_	26.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	14.7 21.3 43.8	.6 10.2 9.9	13.9 20.0 S	2.0 10.9 S	15.5 21.4 S	3.1 11.0 S	26.8 4.2 25.1
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water Shallow draft		_	_ _		_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _		_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	28.0 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	28.9
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.1

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	33.6	-	36.2	-	36.8	-	38.1
Single modes	38.7	7.5	39.2	7.0	37.3	1.0	40.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	38.9 39.8 41.0	7.5 9.8 8.9	39.9 38.0 42.4	7.1 9.3 9.6	38.7 39.3 45.9	3.7 9.8 9.1	40.4 19.3 33.4
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	29.7
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	_ _	_ _	- S	- S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -
Truck and water Rail and water			_ _	-	_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	s	s	- s	- S	s	s	s
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	17.2		30.7		28.3		s
Single modes	17.1	1.0	30.9	1.0	28.6	1.2	s
Truck	17.1 23.5	1.0 6.0	31.1 45.6 32.7	1.5 8.8	29.1 45.5 28.1	6.2 8.6 8.2	S 18.8 S
Private truck  Rail	20.3	5.5	43.9	8.5 1.4	43.6	6.2	24.1
Water	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S - -	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	S S -	32.1 31.6 - -
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes  SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	s	S	S	S	s	S	45.8
·	40.0		24.0		40.4		20.5
Total Single modes	19.6	.5	31.2 31.2	.7	40.1	.6	29.5 29.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	11.2 28.9	10.3 6.5	16.8 27.3 24.6	16.1 7.8 16.5	S 30.5 S	S 10.6 S	19.0 20.5 15.3
Rail	14.4 37.5	13.3	41.1	15.7	43.0	19.7	22.7
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	28.0
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	30.4 31.6 26.5
Rail	_	-	_	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air) .	s -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	S	S	s	S	30.0
Truck and water Rail and water		_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	48.2	_	s	s	S
Single modes	s	s	48.2	_	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S 32.6 S	S 14.8 S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S 36.3
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	=	_ _	=	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water Rail and water		_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	39.0	_	40.4	_	43.7	_	41.6
Single modes	37.6	1.8 2.7	39.4	1.5	39.1	5.8	47.2
For-hire truck Private truck	37.7 44.5 42.0	13.6 13.5	39.4 S 40.2	1.6 S 12.5	36.0 48.7 36.6	7.9 13.4 13.1	47.4 S 26.7
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	28.4
Water Shallow draft	_ _	-		_	_ _	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _		_ _	_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)		=		_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_		_	_ _	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	=			_ _ _		
Other multiple modes	- s	- s	- s	- s	s	s	37.9
Guier and unknown Modes	. 5	. 3	. 5	. 3	. 5	. 3	51.8

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Value		To	ons	Ton-	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	22.3	_	25.9	_	20.9	_	13.1
Single modes	22.3	.1	25.9	.1	20.9	-	13.1
Truck	22.3 21.5 29.1	.1 8.6 8.5	25.9 26.1 37.8	.1 9.6 9.6	20.9 21.5 28.9		13.1 28.7 17.8
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_			_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	28.3	-	46.8	-	36.8	-	s
Single modes	29.1	4.7	47.0	2.6	37.9	5.6	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	35.1 S 47.5	12.1 S 15.3	\$ 36.8 \$	S 14.5 S	35.1 40.6 S	18.5 16.6 S	\$ 29.9 21.3
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	27.9
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Deep draft  Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Pipeline	_	_	_	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	31.6 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.	=	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	40.5	_	23.4	_	27.0	_	17.0
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.0
Truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	28.0 28.0 31.6
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes			- - -	- - -	- - -		_ _ _
Deep draft	_	_	_	=	_	=	=
Air (includes truck and air)	=		_		S	S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	34.4	11.4	36.4	11.4	18.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S 34.4	S 11.4	S 36.4	S 11.4	31.6 18.7
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes.					_ _ _		_ 
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Val	110	Т	ons	Ton-miles			
	Vai	l I	10	1	1011	Times	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 15, COAL								
Total	29.8	_	29.7	_	31.6	_	s	
Single modes	31.2	3.2	31.4	3.9	25.4	5.5	s	
Truck	s	s	s	S	s	s	s	
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S	45.7 S	.8 S	S 26.0	
Rail	21.4	10.2	21.2	9.7	25.5	5.4	20.3	
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Great Lakes Deep draft		_	_ _					
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _	_ _	- S	- S	- S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	
Truck and rail	_	_	_ _			_	_	
Rail and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	29.8	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL								
Total	41.1	_	44.2	_	s	s	45.4	
Single modes	41.2	.5	44.3	.5	s	s	46.1	
Truck	36.2 S S	5.6 S S	39.8 S S	3.9 S S	S S S	S S S	46.7 33.0 S	
Rail	s	S	S	S	s	S	27.9	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	=	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)		=			- s	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and rail	_	_	_		_	_	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_		_	_	_	_		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.7	
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS								
Total	33.7	_	36.5	_	s	s	s	
Single modes	33.8	.6	36.5	.4	s	s	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	34.5 S 41.7	3.0 S 15.3	38.0 S 48.3	3.8 S 15.2	S S S	S S S	S 31.7 30.2	
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	31.6	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	_ S	- S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- s	- S	
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Truck and rail Truck and water	] =	-	-	_	_	[ =		
Rail and water		_	_	_ _	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	lory text						
	Vali	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	41.5	_	s	s	49.2	_	s
Single modes	42.9	3.6	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	44.8	7.4	s	S	s	S	s
For-hire truck Private truck	S 38.3	S 10.0	\$ 46.2	S S 12.9	S S	S	32.3 23.3
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	30.9
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft							
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	46.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S	S	S	46.1
Truck and rail	_	- -	_ _		_	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_			_ _ _	_	_
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							56.2
	s		42.0		27.6		26.5
Total	46.1	9.5	42.8 44.4	8.8	27.6 31.0	9.8	26.5 35.5
Truck	S S	s.s	47.4	13.2	41.0	10.6	31.0
For-hire truck Private truck	S 36.5	S 11.4	S	S S	S	S	32.0 45.9
Rail	47.6	1.4	47.8	7.6	s	S	26.5
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	S	S	S	S	31.6 S
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s	22.2
·	48.4		S			S	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	48.4 S	9.1 S	S	S S	S S	S	24.7 28.2
Truck and water Rail and water Other within and a	=	_	_		_	_	
Other multiple modes	44.1	1.4	- s	- S	s	s	-
	44.1	1.4		3	3	3	3
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS  Total	24.0		40.0		s	s	25.5
Single modes	34.8	12.9	40.6	9.3	32.5	11.4	23.3 S
Truck	s	s	42.1	7.4	33.8	9.7	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	40.6 S	8.3 S	35.8 S	11.2 S	S S
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	31.6
Water	_				_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	= =		_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	20.0 S
Multiple modes	38.2	12.6	45.4	8.9	s	s	17.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.2	12.6	45.4	8.9	s	S	17.4
Truck and rail. Truck and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_	_	_		_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.2

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	24.1
Single modes	42.2	16.9	s	s	s	s	36.8
Truck	42.2	16.9 S	S	S S S	S	S	36.8 S
For-hire truck Private truck	48.6	16.1	S	Š	Š	Š	40.9
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Water	_ _		_ _		_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _		_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _		_ _		_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_ _	_	_	_	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	Ξ	_	_ 		_	] =	_
Other multiple modes.	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.6
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
Total	36.2	_	28.3	-	24.5	_	23.2
Single modes	38.5	10.3	33.1	7.7	30.1	9.5	s
Truck . For-hire truck	38.5 39.4 37.8	10.3 11.6 6.0	34.5 33.4 40.2	8.5 7.0 3.8	30.3 31.2 34.8	9.2 9.3 2.5	S S S
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	38.2
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air).	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	28.7 S
Multiple modes	45.9	9.6	39.4	6.7	s	s	15.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	47.8 S	9.7 S	S S	S S	S S	S S	15.0 30.1
Truck and water Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	-	30.1
Other multiple modes	=	_	=	_	=	=	_
Other and unknown modes	40.7	3.2	43.7	3.5	49.7	4.5	s
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	12.0	_	18.2	-	22.6	_	22.7
Single modes	11.7	5.9	20.7	4.1	25.3	6.0	40.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	11.9 20.0 21.4	6.0 7.0 5.9	19.9 26.0 24.0	4.0 8.4 7.2	24.8 26.1 35.1	6.2 7.6 4.4	31.2 15.4 25.7
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	42.5 —	.4	S -	S -	S S	SS	15.6 S
Multiple modes	34.2	6.7	49.2	4.2	47.8	6.1	17.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	34.2 S	6.7	49.5	4.2 S	48.5	6.1 S	17.8 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	- -	S - -	S - -		S - -	- -	31.6 - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	45.0	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	37.6	1.8	45.9	1.6	S	S	S

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		т.		Ton-miles		
	Vali	ue	10	ons	TOTI-	rmies	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	42.2	_	44.0	_	46.7	_	30.3
Single modes	42.2	_	44.0	_	46.7	_	30.3
Truck	44.0	6.3	45.5	5.2	48.0	12.0	34.2
For-hire truck Private truck	48.1 45.2	10.1 12.3	47.8 44.5	10.0 11.8	49.2 S	11.5 S	27.8 42.7
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	29.8
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_				_		_
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail Truck and water	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	] =	_	_		_	_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	18.5	-	12.3	-	18.6	-	31.9
Single modes	19.6	2.4	12.2	1.0	19.1	1.4	49.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	19.8 39.3 26.3	2.4 7.0 7.5	12.2 24.9 18.9	1.1 8.5 8.2	19.9 26.6 22.5	3.2 8.8 7.7	S 19.2 15.8
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.1
Water	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	31.5 S
Multiple modes	44.5	1.7	38.8	.2	s	s	13.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	44.5	1.7	38.8	.2	s	s	13.1
Truck and rail. Truck and water		_	_		]	_	_
Rail and water	Ξ	=	_	_	=	=	=
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	=	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.1
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD							
Total	20.6	-	17.3	-	35.6	-	28.9
Single modes	20.8	2.3	16.9	2.3	37.4	3.7	39.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	20.8 25.8 28.5	2.3 7.2 7.8	16.9 22.4 22.3	2.3 7.1 6.9	37.4 45.3 38.3	3.7 9.6 7.7	39.0 17.9 18.7
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	48.7	.9	s	s	49.8	1.4	35.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	48.7	.9	s	s	49.8	1.4	35.4
Truck and rail. Truck and water		-			-		
Rail and water	] =	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Vai	ue	10	ı	I On-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	9.8	_	22.7	_	24.5	_	22.7
Single modes	13.7	6.5	24.3	6.3	30.4	9.3	31.9
Truck	13.7 23.7 17.6	6.5 7.3 7.9	24.3 44.6 21.7	6.3 8.3 8.1	30.4 38.2 33.7	9.3 8.7 4.9	32.1 38.7 37.9
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	_		-	_ _	=	_ _
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	14.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	14.9 31.6
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_			_	_
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	48.4	.5	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	12.8	_	28.0	-	22.9	-	10.8
Single modes	17.0	9.1	34.1	9.6	49.6	12.2	s
Truck	16.5 31.3 18.5	7.3 4.0 5.0	34.4 S 34.5	9.8 S 9.6	S S 37.3	\$ \$ 4.7	S 15.8 42.0
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	=	- - -	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	12.2 S
Multiple modes	27.0	8.4	24.5	8.9	28.0	11.5	4.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27.0	8.4	24.5	8.9	28.0	11.5	4.8
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	=	=
Other and unknown modes	36.5	1.9	s	s	s	s	23.5
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	18.9	_	26.7	_	18.1	_	10.3
Single modes	19.5	5.1	32.3	7.0	23.9	7.1	17.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	19.7 21.8 30.7	5.3 3.3 5.8	32.5 23.8 40.2	7.1 4.8 10.7	24.5 24.9 37.1		18.3 11.7 26.7
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft	_	_			_	_	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	=	=	=	=	_ _ _	=	=
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	21.1 S
Multiple modes	21.8	4.8	21.8	6.4	11.6	7.0	9.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	21.8	4.8	21.8	6.4	11.6	7.0	9.2
Truck and water Rail and water		_	-	_ _	_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	48.7	1.5	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Vali	ue T	10	I	TON-	Times	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	15.2	_	20.6	_	11.7	_	22.6
Single modes	15.6	1.9	21.2	1.6	14.3	3.9	17.2
Truck	16.5 36.4	2.9 4.5	22.6 20.0	3.2 6.0	12.5 24.0	5.4 4.6	14.1 S
Private truck	11.8	5.2	27.2	8.7	18.0	5.9	14.8
Rail	38.5	1.9	30.7	2.9	27.2	6.7	14.9
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr			_ _	_ _	- -		
Great Lakes			_ _		_ _		
Air (includes truck and air).	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S S	16.2 S
Multiple modes	28.1	1.4	45.0	1.4	28.2	2.3	16.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.2 31.0	1.0	32.1 45.1	_ 1.4	36.1 28.5	2.3	17.3 S
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-	-	-	-	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	45.4	.8	41.3	.8	39.3	3.3	31.6
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	21.6	-	15.0	-	28.2	_	19.8
Single modes	22.9	2.6	15.8	1.6	29.3	6.9	34.3
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	24.7 26.1 26.4	7.1 4.4 4.4	15.7 16.0 19.7	9.5 4.5 7.1	22.5 24.7 24.4	13.0 11.8 2.7	36.2 14.5 S
Rail	45.1	6.6	44.9	10.3	47.5	13.9	26.9
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_		_	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _ _	=	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	26.6 S
Multiple modes	31.8	2.3	23.2	.1	30.0	.2	13.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	31.8	2.3	23.2	.1	30.0	.2	13.1
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_ _ _	_ _ _	-	_	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	-	_	-	-	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	34.0	1.3	42.9	1.6	S	S	S
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	9.2	-	14.3	-	26.5	-	19.1
Single modes	8.1	3.1	15.7	3.3	29.9	7.6	46.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	8.0 14.5 21.0	2.7 5.4 4.8	16.6 25.7 25.3	7.1 5.4 7.3	23.6 28.2 19.7	8.8 8.1 4.3	35.5 17.4 28.5
Rail	48.2	2.5	43.4	8.9	s	s	26.0
Water Shallow draft					_ _		
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _	=	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	27.5 S
Multiple modes	28.5	3.4	34.9	1.6	43.6	4.4	11.2
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	30.5 S	3.5 S	34.0 S	.4 S	41.4 S	2.0 S	11.1 28.1
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes			_ _	_ _	_ _	=	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	31.5	1.5	39.3	3.2	s	S	32.2

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			Tons				
	Val	ue	10	ons	I on-	-miles	Averege miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	19.3	_	16.3	_	27.5	_	21.6
Single modes	22.5	4.3	17.6	4.6	29.9	4.4	31.6
Truck	22.8	4.2	17.6	4.5	30.3	4.5	31.9
For-hire truck	34.9 24.3	7.6 7.0	28.1 26.5	9.0 8.7	34.3 39.0	9.0 8.0	7.3 47.9
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Water	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft	_ =	_	_	_	_	_	_
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	47.6	1.1	43.4	.2	38.1 S	.7 S	14.6 S
Multiple modes	13.8	2.6	33.6	1.3	s	s	9.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	16.8	2.9	16.8	.8	18.2	1.5	9.3 29.8
Truck and rail	Š	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	29.8
Rail and water	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	32.1	3.6	37.9	4.5	s	s	22.6
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	14.0	_	41.0	_	30.5	_	10.9
Single modes	13.6	3.9	48.3	4.2	38.2	3.9	45.7
Truck	15.4 21.2 23.2	3.8 4.3 3.3	S 14.2 S	S 7.4 S	43.7 17.1 S	7.2 8.4 S	S 10.9 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.9
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	16.1	2.5	26.7	2.4	31.0	5.9	4.7
Pipeline	-	=	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	20.7	4.4	17.7	3.6	20.4	3.5	5.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	20.8 S	4.4 S	18.9 S	3.5 S	22.0 S	3.2 S	5.0 29.8
Truck and water	_	_		-	-	_	_
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	42.4	1.5	28.5	1.9	38.7	2.0	24.1
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	25.7	_	22.3	_	32.4	_	22.2
Single modes	24.1	3.5	17.8	4.9	31.7	5.1	36.6
Truck	23.6 23.3 33.8	3.8 5.1 4.1	17.7 17.9 24.4	5.0 6.5 5.0	32.3 32.2 40.8	5.4 5.9 2.5	46.2 11.4 S
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	=	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	18.9 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	42.1	5.1	15.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S -	S	S -	42.1	5.1	15.4
Truck and rail	_ =	_		_		] =	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	] =	_	_		_	_ =	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
	Vai	l l	10	l l	1011-	Times	Average miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	s	s	s	s	33.7	_	18.5	
Single modes	47.7	5.2	s	s	35.5	4.3	18.6	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	34.9 35.4 S	15.9 13.4 S	S S S	S S S	37.8 37.8 S	15.0 16.7 S	24.8 24.3 39.7	
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	S	31.6	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	23.8 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	40.2	5.2	40.6	3.8	19.6	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	40.2	5.2	40.6	3.8	19.6	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	=	_	
Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	=	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	44.6	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	22.0	-	20.4	-	23.5	-	10.2	
Single modes	21.6	8.8	21.5	8.3	32.9	9.3	38.3	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	24.3 29.2 S	6.7 5.1 S	23.1 34.0 S	7.4 7.8 S	35.8 37.1 S	7.0 6.8 S	49.2 24.8 21.6	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft						=		
Air (includes truck and air)	32.7	4.8	45.2 -	4.2	48.5 S	5.8 S	4.9 S	
Multiple modes	29.1	7.7	31.1	8.2	28.9	9.5	8.3	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	29.1	7.7	31.1	8.2	28.9	9.5	8.3	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_		_	
Other multiple modes	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	S	33.4	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS								
Total	49.3	_	27.1	_	20.2	_	24.4	
Single modes	s	s	28.5	4.2	24.3	9.1	47.9	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck.	\$ 29.7 S	S 9.8 S	29.3 29.4 36.1	4.8 5.3 5.4	28.3 35.7 39.6	11.3 12.6 10.1	S 13.7 25.0	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water Shallow draft	_ _ _					_		
Great Lakes Deep draft	-				_		_	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	28.4 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	20.7	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-		-				
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	43.0	.3	s	s	s	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Suddiony texts						1
	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	23.7	_	s	s	35.0	_	8.7
Single modes	36.9	7.1	s	s	43.4	8.5	12.5
Truck	38.4 20.1	7.7 6.0	S 15.4	S 12.9	45.1 13.8	9.1 12.0	12.1 12.9
Private truck	S	S	S	S S	s s	S	25.8 48.7
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Shallow draft	_				_ _		
Deep draft	-	-	-	_	-	_	-
Air (includes truck and air)	49.2	1.6	37.6		33.4 S	.2 S	4.9 S
Multiple modes	33.0	7.2	s	s	s	s	5.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	33.0	7.2	S -	S -	S -	S -	5.1 -
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	30.8	1.3	43.3	.4	s	s	45.6
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	s	s	s	s	47.9	_	46.0
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	S S 44.8	S S 1.7	S S 43.5	S S 1.9	S S S	S S S	S S 33.6
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	26.4
Water Shallow draft	_	-			_ _ _	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	= =	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	s	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	21.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	- S	- S	- S	- S	_ S	- S	21.3
Truck and water Rail and water	_		_		_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	-		s	- S	s	s	31.6
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							01.0
Total	22.2	_	21.2	_	30.6	_	26.5
Single modes	22.8	1.7	21.3	.4	31.0	.9	27.8
Truck	22.8	1.7	21.3	.4	31.0	.9	27.8
For-hire truck Private truck	23.0	1.9	21.4	S .5	31.3	S 1.0	29.6 28.2
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	=	_		_	_ _	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_					_	
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	s	S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	27.3
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_		_	_ _	_	
Other multiple modes		_	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes	s	S	S	S	s	S	31.6

# Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
COMMODITY UNKNOWN								
Total	40.9	-	42.3	-	s	s	25.2	
Single modes	48.7	12.7	43.9	14.6	s	s	35.2	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	49.3 S S	12.9 S S	43.9 S S	14.6 S S	S S S	S S S	36.1 25.5 29.6	
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - - -	S	S	S - - - -	\$ - -	S - - - -	27.1 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ons	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	4.0	-	9.3	-	18.4	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	31.7 35.0 16.0 28.0 S 44.1	- .1 - S	34.8 S 43.6 47.4 S	- S :2 - S :S	34.8 S 43.8 47.1 S	- 8 .5 - 8 8	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	15.2 24.4 18.0	.1 1.0 .2	44.9 23.1 S	.2 - S	45.0 24.3 S	.7 .1 S	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	15.3 26.4 31.4 19.2 13.0	.4 .2 .5 .3 –	30.8 41.7 S 20.2	1.3 - S - S	31.4 43.6 S 21.2 S	3.8 .2 S .1 S	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	14.9 16.2 13.3 17.6 16.0 S	.1 .2 .1 .2 .2 .2 .5	44.6 36.5 34.3 38.3 16.6 S 27.4	.3 .5 .7 .2 S	\$ 44.9 35.5 32.2 14.0 \$ 28.3	\$ 2.1 .2 1.5 .2 \$	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	21.4 45.1 17.3 13.3 19.6 13.1 25.3 22.7 28.0	- .3 .2 .1 - .3	36.2 43.3 49.9 37.2 27.2 40.3 \$ \$ 39.0 41.0	- - 11 - - - S 8.4	35.1 43.1 S 37.8 26.8 41.2 S 39.3 42.2	- - S .2 - 1 S 1.3	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	19.5 41.2 34.8 22.4	.1 .2 _ .2	39.3 S 39.0 S	1.1 S - S	39.6 S 40.1 S	3.1 S .1 S	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	20.8 40.5 36.0 5.3	.2 .3 .3	37.0 47.0 27.1 9.8	- - - .5	34.6 48.1 29.7 10.6	.1 .1 1.6	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho. Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	12.1 5.1 24.5 35.7 21.7 17.1 22.3 17.4	2 1.0 .1 .2 .2 .2 .4 .3	22.8 12.6 31.4 20.5 22.7 30.0 37.7 S	3.9 .1 - - .2 .6 S	27.8 10.0 29.8 20.3 24.0 23.0 31.9 38.9	.3 2.2 .1 .3 .1 .1 .7 1.1	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska . California Hawaii . Oregon Washington .	\$ 6.8 42.0 16.3 14.9	S .5 - .1 .2	32.8 26.4 S 30.3 27.6	- .4 S .1 .1	28.6 27.7 S 29.6 30.4	1.1 S .2 .6	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	3.9	_	7.7	-	4.8	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	\$ 34.8 18.2 \$ \$ \$ 27.8	S2. S	\$ 36.1 27.2 19.9 \$ 48.0	\$ - - \$ -	\$ 36.4 27.4 19.6 \$ 46.7	\$ - .1 - \$	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	S 24.5 14.4	S .4 .2	42.6 11.2 15.3	_ _ _	41.9 11.7 16.3	.3 .1 .2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	14.0 19.5 22.5 21.1 43.3	.4 .2 .4 .5 1.0	13.3 19.6 23.3 9.4 25.8	- - - -	13.7 19.4 23.7 9.0 24.8	.3 .2 .5 .2 .6	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	11.1 25.8 13.0 24.4 16.2 27.2 43.9	.1 .5 .2 .5 .3 -	27.2 S S 20.9 33.4 35.9 26.4	.1 S S - 1.8 -	28.4 48.9 S 20.9 30.2 37.3 23.8	.5 2.6 S .3 1.3 -	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 11.4 23.8 12.6 17.4 28.8 40.3 S	\$ 5 1 2 - 2 - 4 \$	35.8 S 48.3 23.2 S 12.8 26.2 16.5 S	- S .1 - S - - - S	35.7 S S 22.2 S 12.9 28.2 16.9 S	- 8 8 3 1 - 8	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	\$ 21.8 17.0 12.9	\$ .2 _ .1	21.4 39.6 21.0 21.2	.1 .1 	21.1 40.0 21.7 21.2	.2 .4 	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	15.8 24.5 22.1 11.5	- .2 .7	19.8 35.4 22.3 27.5	_ _ .2 1.2	21.3 40.6 24.3 15.0	.2 .7 .5 1.3	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	36.1 5.1 18.4 33.9 28.4 24.8 24.3 27.8	.3 1.5 2 - .1 .1 .4 .3	22.6 12.6 19.8 42.3 34.4 17.5 16.0 23.2	-4.6 .1 .1 .1 .1 .1	22.7 10.0 17.4 37.1 34.6 17.8 17.1 25.3	.1 2.4 .5 .3 .1 .1 .2 1.8	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska . California Hawaii . Oregon Washington .	S 16.8 34.3 19.6 7.4	S 1.3 - .3 -	\$ 6.3 49.7 12.1 17.1	S .1 - .1 .1	\$ 6.0 \$ 12.5 18.2	S .4 S .4 .5	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

# Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

#### INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

#### First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

#### **Second Stage**

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

#### **Third Stage**

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

#### **DATA COLLECTION**

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

#### **ESTIMATION**

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

# Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at <a href="http://www.bts.gov">http://www.bts.gov</a>. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to <a href="http://cfs@bts.gov">http://cfs@bts.gov</a>.

# Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

**Note:** The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

**Reporting period:** 

# 1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:	
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001	
<u> </u>	(Please correct any error in name, address, and ZIP Code)
<b>BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT,</b> please read the accompanying instruction guide. If book figures are not available for requested data, please provide estimates. If you have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7851.	Is this establishment's physical location the same as the address shown in the label? (PO boxes or rural routes are not physical locations.)  1 Yes
Through this survey, we are requesting data on a	<sup>2</sup> □ No — Enter physical location below. <sub>▼</sub>
representative sample of your outbound shipments, to help us produce key statistics used by transportation planners	Number and street
and managers. We greatly appreciate your assistance in this program.	
	City, town, village, etc. State ZIP Code
Is the establishment name shown in the mailing address correct?	
₁	<b>NOTE</b> — The rest of this questionnaire requests information about shipments (or deliveries) from the establishment located at the address in the mailing label.
2 ☐ No — Enter correct name. ⊋	If you entered a different address in item C — Please complete the form for shipments originating from the location listed in item C.
	Please enter the <b>total number</b> of outbound shipments (or deliveries), including customer pick-up, for the one-week reporting period shown above. If book figures are not available, please provide your best estimate.
Mark (X) the <b>ONE</b> box which best describes this establishment during the one-week period shown above.	This number should reflect all shipments and deliveries leaving this location during the one-week reporting period. Please see Instruction Guide for a definition of
Temporarily or seasonally inactive  Cased operation — Give date	DO NOT PROCEED UNTIL YOU HAVE
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date ——→	COMPLETED ITEM D.
that receive this questionnaire to answer the questions	Inited States Code, requires businesses and other organizations and return the report to the Census Bureau. By the same law, be seen only by Census Bureau employees and may be used respondents' files are immune from legal process.

### Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

### **FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE**

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

### **CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -**

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3<sub>1</sub>5<sub>1</sub>1<sub>2</sub>0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

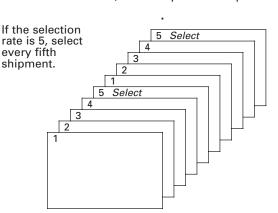
Page 2

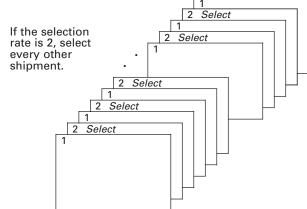
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

### **SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS**

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>										Γ		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)		U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)		Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only)  Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.  (m)			Line No.				
(i)	City	State	State ZIP Code		codes below. (k)	Ш (I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0	) [	$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N <sub> </sub> Y	1	լ0	) <sub> </sub> 4	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
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				ı	ı	1 1							3
				1		1 1							4
						1 1							5
													6
						1 1							7
													8
													9
$\bigcup$	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel			7 — 8 —		ipelir ir	ie	9 — ( 0 — (			1	1	ر ا

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
20								
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23								
24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck <b>4</b> — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	<b>3</b> — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

)	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)  (j)		ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	(for export ship <b>Note:</b> In column (j) airport, or border cr	eign destination ort shipments only) umn (j) enter the U.S. port, order crossing of exit. (m)		
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	Export mode	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number		ment ate c)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Ş	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description		If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	$\dashv$	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	L de of trans columns (k	port c	odes	1 — Parcel o	L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	<b>4</b> — Railroad <i>Continued</i> —	
	<b>2</b> . /	Are the room to separate of se	nents of this es	ords for outbound ships ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a efiles (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem	one-wee should re establish An estim  Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-vate is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipment of the ser \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	<b>3.</b> \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telep	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature				-	Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina <b>(Complete for all s</b> (j)	tion <b>shipmen</b>	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only)  Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
									T
									37
									38
									39
	<b>5</b> — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino <b>9</b>	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

# 1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO  BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program.  Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct?  1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the <b>tota</b> r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the <b>ONE</b> box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove.  1  In operation 2  Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi <b>\L.</b> It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

### Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

### **FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE**

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In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

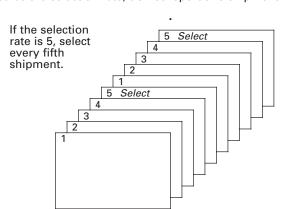
**CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE.** –

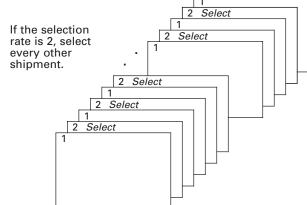
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	r (c) (excludin shipping co in whole dollars		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	ng Shipment weight on pounds in pounds		Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3   5   1   2   0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

### **SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS**

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?	U.S. destination (Complete for all shipments.)  (j)  City  State    Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below.  (k)  (k)		(Complete for all shipments.)			Foreign destination (for export shipments only)  Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit.  (m)  City  Country		© Export mode	© Line No.				
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0	) [	$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N <sub> </sub> Y	1	_0	)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
				1	1	1 1							6
						1 1							7
													8
						1 1							9
$\Box$	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
<b>一</b> (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								$\perp$
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
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								++++
29								+
30								
31								
32			$\vdash$					++++
33								+
34								
	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	<b>2</b> — Priv <b>3</b> — For-	rate truck <b>4</b> — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat ( <b>Complete for all s</b>	tion <b>hipment</b>	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship <b>Note:</b> In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
									13
									14
			1 1 1 1						15
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								-	20
									2
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									2
-									2
									2
									2
									29
			1 1 1 1						3
									3
									3:
									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		<b>7</b> — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			\
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
	de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S.			Railroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value	e over
In exi	column (b	), che i <b>te</b> dı	ck "Y	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye		o indicate whetl	ner or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	/ er or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you <b>use</b> this facili premises for <b>outbou</b> during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	<b>1.</b> Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	<b>2.</b> Dock or	n the	Great	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes ── 2 ☐ No	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	<b>3.</b> Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	<b>4.</b> Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	<b>5.</b> Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	<b>6</b> Pineline	tern	ninal		1	<b>→</b>	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	

Page 6

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	trans U desti Enter apply	e(s) of port to l.S. nation all that in order d. Use	Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country		(0)	
(1)					(K)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	<ul><li>5 — Shallow draft vesse</li><li>6 — Deep draft vessel</li></ul>	el	<b>7</b> — Pipel <b>8</b> — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for <b>outb</b> umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility  Did you use this facility for outbo shipments during		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of thi type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)				(c)	(d)			
<b>1.</b> F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es <del>→</del> lo								
2. [	ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es <del>→</del> lo								
3. [	Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es <del>→</del>								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
1 ☐ Yes → 2 ☐ No  1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail											
			ıck			<b>5 –</b> Water <b>6 –</b> Pipeline	<b>7 –</b> Air <b>8 –</b> Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (	ON P	AGE 8.				

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### During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

**USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT** 

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Title

Signature

Item K

# Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

### TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

### **PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION**

# Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

### Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

### Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

### Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

### Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

### Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

### **How often must I report?**

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

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### PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

### Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

### Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

### What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

### What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

### A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

### Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

**We're here to answer your questions!** If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

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## PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

### Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		<b>\</b>	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 <sub>1</sub> 6 <sub>1</sub> 1 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

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### PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

**For Customer Pick-up:** Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

**For Export Shipments:** List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	$N_1Y$	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

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### PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
  - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
  - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship <b>Note:</b> In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	Export mode	Line No.	
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

### Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

### Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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### **PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS**

**Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service** – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

**Private truck** – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

**For-hire truck** – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

**Shallow draft vessel** – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

**Deep draft vessel** – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

**Pipeline** – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

**Air** – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

**Unknown** – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

**Note:** Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.** 

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### **PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST**

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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