ssued December 1999

EC97TCF-SD

1997 Economic Census

*Transportation*1997 Commodity Flow Survey





U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



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Introduction to the Economic Census

PURPOSES AND USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUS

The economic census is the major source of facts about the structure and functioning of the Nation's economy. It provides essential information for government, business, industry, and the general public. Title 13 of the United States Code (Sections 131, 191, and 224) directs the Census Bureau to take the economic census every 5 years, covering years ending in 2 and 7.

The economic census furnishes an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the gross domestic product estimates, input/output measures, production and price indexes, and other statistical series that measure short-term changes in economic conditions. Specific uses of economic census data include the following:

- Policymaking agencies of the Federal Government use the data to monitor economic activity and assess the effectiveness of policies.
- State and local governments use the data to assess business activities and tax bases within their jurisdictions and to develop programs to attract business.
- Trade associations study trends in their own and competing industries, which allows them to keep their members informed of market changes.
- Individual businesses use the data to locate potential markets and to analyze their own production and sales performance relative to industry or area averages.

BASIS OF REPORTING

The economic census is conducted on an establishment basis. A company operating at more than one location is required to file a separate report for each store, factory, shop, or other location. Each establishment is assigned a separate industry classification based on its primary activity and not that of its parent company.

AVAILABILITY OF ADDITIONAL DATA

Reports in Print and Electronic Media

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site (www.census.gov) and on compact discs (CD-ROM) for sale by the Census Bureau. Unlike previous censuses, only selected highlights are

published in printed reports. For more information, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the Internet site, or write to U.S. Census Bureau, Washington, DC 20233-8300, or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

HISTORICAL INFORMATION

The economic census has been taken as an integrated program at 5-year intervals since 1967 and before that for 1954, 1958, and 1963. Prior to that time, individual components of the economic census were taken separately at varying intervals.

The economic census traces its beginnings to the 1810 Decennial Census, when questions on manufacturing were included with those for population. Coverage of economic activities was expanded for the 1840 Decennial Census and subsequent censuses to include mining and some commercial activities. The 1905 Manufactures Census was the first time a census was taken apart from the regular decennial population census. Censuses covering retail and wholesale trade and construction industries were added in 1930, as were some covering service trades in 1933. Censuses of construction, manufacturing, and the other business service censuses were suspended during World War

The 1954 Economic Census was the first census to be fully integrated: providing comparable census data across economic sectors, using consistent time periods, concepts, definitions, classifications, and reporting units. It was the first census to be taken by mail, using lists of firms provided by the administrative records of other Federal agencies. Since 1963, administrative records also have been used to provide basic statistics for very small firms, reducing or eliminating the need to send them census questionnaires.

The range of industries covered in the economic censuses expanded between 1967 and 1992. The census of construction industries began on a regular basis in 1967, and the scope of service industries, introduced in 1933, was broadened in 1967, 1977, and 1987. While a few transportation industries were covered as early as 1963, it was not until 1992 that the census broadened to include all of transportation, communications, and utilities. Also new for 1992 was coverage of financial, insurance, and real estate industries. With these additions, the economic census and the separate census of governments and census of agriculture collectively covered roughly 98 percent of all economic activity.

Printed statistical reports from the 1992 and earlier censuses provide historical figures for the study of longterm time series and are available in some large libraries. All of the census reports printed since 1967 are still available for sale on microfiche from the Census Bureau. CD-ROMs issued from the 1987 and 1992 Economic Censuses contain databases including nearly all data published in print, plus additional statistics, such as ZIP Code statistics, published only on CD-ROM.

SOURCES FOR MORE INFORMATION

More information about the scope, coverage, classification system, data items, and publications for each of the economic censuses and related surveys is published in the Guide to the 1997 Economic Census and Related Statistics at www.census.gov/econguide. More information on the methodology, procedures, and history of the censuses will be published in the History of the 1997 Economic Census at www.census.gov/econ/www/history.html.

1997 Commodity Flow Survey

GENERAL

The 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is undertaken through a partnership between the Bureau of the Census, U.S. Department of Commerce, and the Bureau of Transportation Statistics, U.S. Department of Transportation. This survey produces data on the movement of goods in the United States. It provides information on commodities shipped, their value, weight, and mode of transportation, as well as the origin and destination of shipments of manufacturing, mining, wholesale, and selected retail establishments. The CFS was last conducted in 1993. See the Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey table (Appendix A) for a comparison between the 1997 and 1993 surveys. The data from the CFS are used by public policy analysts and for transportation planning and decision-making to assess the demand for transportation facilities and services, energy use, and safety risk and environmental concerns.

This report presents data at the state level. Additional reports will include data for the United States, census regions, divisions, and selected metropolitan areas, as well as selected data on exports and hazardous material shipments.

INDUSTRY COVERAGE

The 1997 CFS covers business establishments in mining, manufacturing, wholesale trade, and selected retail industries. The survey also covers selected auxiliary establishments (e.g., warehouses) of in-scope multiunit and retail companies. The survey coverage excludes establishments classified as farms, forestry, fisheries, governments, construction, transportation, foreign establishments, services, and most establishments in retail.

The industries covered, as defined in the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual (SIC), are listed in the following table:

SIC code	Title
10, ex. 108 12, ex. 124	Metal mining (excluding metal mining services) Coal mining (excluding coal mining services)
13	Oil and gas extraction ¹
14, ex. 148	Mining and quarrying of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels (excluding nonmetallic minerals services)
20	Food and kindred products
21	Tobacco products
22	Textile mill products
23	Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials
24	Lumber and wood products, except furniture
25	Furniture and fixtures
26	Paper and allied products
27, ex. 279	Printing, publishing, and allied industries (excluding service industries for the printing trade)
28	Chemicals and allied products
29	Petroleum refining and related industries
30	Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products
31	Leather and leather products
32	Stone, clay, glass, and concrete products
33	Primary metal industries
34	Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment
35	Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment
36	Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment
37	Transportation equipment
38	Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments; photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks
39	Miscellaneous manufacturing industries
50	Wholesale trade—durable goods
51	Wholesale trade—nondurable goods
596	Catalog and mail-order houses

¹We included establishments classified in SIC 13, Oil and Gas Extraction, in the initial coverage of the 1997 CFS. However, because of unresolved industry-wide reporting issues, we have removed shipments from these establishments from our 1997 CFS tabulations. The data collected from these establishments will be used as input to a special report at a later date.

Similarly, because establishments in SIC 13 are responsible for the overwhelming number of shipments classified in SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum, we have removed all shipments with SCTG 16 from the 1997 CFS publication results.

SHIPMENT COVERAGE

The CFS captures data on shipments originating from selected types of business establishments located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. The data do not cover shipments originating from business establishments located in Puerto Rico and other U.S. possessions and territories. Shipments traversing the U.S. from a foreign location to another foreign location (e.g., from Canada to Mexico) are not included, nor are shipments from a foreign location to a U.S. location. Imported products are included in the CFS at the point that they left the importer's domestic location for shipment to another location. Shipments that are shipped through a foreign territory with both the origin and destination in the U.S. are included in the CFS data. The mileages calculated for these shipments exclude the international segments (e.g., shipments from New York to Michigan through Canada do not include any mileages for Canada). Export shipments are included, with the domestic destination defined as the port of exit from the U.S.

The "Industry Coverage" section of the text lists the SIC groups covered by the CFS. Other industry areas that are not covered, but may have significant shipping activity, include agriculture, government, and retail (other than warehouses and SIC 5961, Catalog and Mail-Order Houses). For agriculture specifically, this means that the CFS did not cover shipments of agricultural products from the farm site to the processing centers or terminal elevators (most likely short-distance local movements), but does cover the shipments of these products from the initial processing centers or terminal elevators onward.

MILEAGE CALCULATIONS

To compute shipment mileages for the 1997 CFS, The Center for Transportation Analysis (CTA) at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL) developed an integrated, intermodal transportation network modeling system. A secure data site was setup at ORNL to process census-supplied files containing data elements for individual CFS shipment records. Each record contained the ZIP Code of shipment origin and destination, and the mode or mode sequence reported. Each record also contained information on the type of commodity moved, its weight, dollar value and whether containerized or a hazardous material. Export shipments were also identified on the records, along with data on U.S. port of exit and foreign destination city and country. Encrypted data files were transmitted and returned from ORNL after processing, with turnaround of most files on a week-by-week basis. In this manner many shipment-specific data problems encountered by ORNL in their routing procedures were reported back to census in a timely fashion, allowing census to call back some shippers and thereby confirm, correct, or recover missing or otherwise unusable data. The ORNL system computed mileages, by mode, for all single modes and for any reported

multimodal sequence. This was done for any origindestination pair of domestic ZIP Code locations, and for any internal ZIP Code of origin, via U.S. export port, to foreign (export) destination. Mileages between origindestination ZIP Code centroids were computed by finding the minimum impedance path over mathematical representations of the highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline networks and then summing the lengths of individual links on these paths. Impedance is computed as a weighted combination of distance, time, and cost factors.

The ORNL multimodal network database is composed of individual modal-specific networks representing each of the major transportation modes—highway, rail, waterway, air, and pipeline. The links of these specific modal networks are the representation of line-haul transportation facilities. The nodes represent intersections and interchanges, and the access points to the transportation network. To simulate local access, test links are created from each five-digit ZIP Code centroid to nearby nodes on the network. For the truck network, local access is assumed to exist everywhere. For the other modes this is not true. Before any test links are created for these modes, a search procedure is used to determine if and where such networks are most likely to provide access to the ZIP Code. For shipments involving more than one mode, such as truck-rail or rail-water shipments, intermodal transfer links are added to the network database for the purpose of connecting the individual modal networks together for routing purposes. An intermodal terminals database and a number of terminal transfer models were developed at ORNL to identify likely transfer points for different classes of freight. A measure of link impedance was calculated for each access, line-haul, and intermodal transfer link traversed by a shipment. These impedances were mode specific and are based on various link characteristics. For example, the set of link characteristics for the highway network included speed impacting factors, such as the presence of divided or undivided roadway, the degree of access control, rural or urban setting, type of pavement, number of lanes, degree of urban congestion, and length of the link. Link impedance measures are also assigned to the local access links. Intermodal transfer link impedances are estimated in terms of the time it takes to move goods through such a transfer. In the case of rail and air freight, intercarrier transfer penalties are also considered in order to obtain proper route selections. A minimum path algorithm is used to find the minimum impedance path between a shipment's origin ZIP Code centroid and destination ZIP Code centroid. The cumulative length of the local access plus line-haul links on this path provides the estimated shipment distance. When rail was involved these shipment distances may be averaged over more than one path between an origin-destination pair.

Mileage Data for Pipeline Shipments

In the tables, we do not show ton-miles or average miles per shipment for pipeline shipments. For most of these shipments, the respondents reported the shipment destination as a pipeline facility on the main pipeline network. Therefore, for the majority of these shipments, the resulting mileage represented only the access distance through feeder pipelines to the main pipeline network, and not the actual distance through the main pipeline network. Pipeline shipments are included in the U.S. totals for ton-miles and average miles per shipment.

DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing Census Bureau reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual firm or establishment.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Average miles per shipment. For the 1993 CFS, we excluded shipments of STCC 27, Printed Matter, from our calculation of average miles per shipment. We made this decision after determining that respondents in the 1993 CFS shipping newspapers, magazines, catalogs, etc., had used widely varying definitions of the term "shipment."

For the 1997 CFS, we made numerous efforts throughout our data collection and editing to produce consistent results from establishments shipping SCTG 29, Printed Products. As a result, we have included printed products in the average miles per shipment calculations for the 1997 CFS.

Commodity. Products that an establishment produces, sells, or distributes. This does not include items that are considered as excess or byproducts of the establishment's operation. Respondents reported the description and the five-digit SCTG code for the major commodity contained in the shipment, defined as the commodity with the greatest weight in the total shipment.

Distance shipped. In some tables, shipment data are presented for various "distance shipped" intervals. Shipments were categorized into these "distance shipped" intervals based on the great circle distance between their origin and destination ZIP Code centroids. All other distance-related data in this and other tables (i.e., tonmiles and average miles per shipment) are based on the mileage calculations produced by Oak Ridge National Laboratories. (See the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details.)

Great circle distance. The shortest distance between two points on the earth's surface.

Mode of transportation. The type of transportation used for moving the shipment to its domestic destination. For exports, the domestic destination was the port of exit.

Mode Definitions

In the instructions to the respondent, we defined the possible modes as follows:

- 1. Parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service. Delivery services, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.
- 2. **Private truck.** Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of an establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.
- 3. For-hire truck. Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.
- 4. **Railroad.** Any common carrier or private railroad.
- 5. Shallow draft vessels. Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.
- 6. **Deep draft vessel.** Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vessels.
- 7. **Pipeline.** Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc., through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.
- 8. Air. Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.
- 9. Other mode. Any mode not listed above.
- 10. **Unknown.** The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal Service, and the respondent could not determine what mode of transportation was used.

In the tables, we have used additional terms for mode, which we define as follows:

- 1. Air (includes truck and air). Shipments that used air or a combination of truck and air.
- 2. **Single modes.** Shipments using only one of the above-listed modes, except parcel or other and unknown.
- 3. Multiple modes. Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier shipments or shipments for which two or more of the following modes of transportation were used:

Private truck For-hire truck Shallow draft vessel Deep draft vessel Pipeline

We did not allow for multiple modes in combination with "parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier," "unknown," or "other." By their nature, these shipments may already include various kinds of multiplemode activity. For example, if the respondent reported a shipment's mode of transportation as parcel and air, we treated the shipment as parcel only.

- 4. **Other multiple modes.** Shipments using any other mode combinations not specifically listed in the tables.
- 5. Other and unknown modes. Shipments for which modes were not reported, or were reported by the respondent as "Other" or "Unknown."
- 6. **Truck.** Shipments using for-hire truck only, private truck only, or a combination of for-hire truck and private truck.
- 7. **Water.** Shipments using shallow draft vessel only. deep draft vessel only, or Great Lakes vessel only. Combinations of these modes, such as shallow draft vessel and Great Lakes vessel are included as "Other multiple modes."
- 8. **Great Lakes.** In the tables in this publication, "Great Lakes" appears as a single mode. ORNL's transportation network and mileage calculation system allowed for separate mileage calculations for Great Lakes between the origin and destination ZIP Codes (see the "Mileage Calculations" section for more details).

Other Definitions and Terms

Shipment. A shipment (or delivery) is an individual movement of commodities from an establishment to a customer or to another location of the originating company (including a warehouse, distribution center, retail or wholesale outlet). A shipment uses one or more modes of transportation including parcel delivery, U.S. Postal Service, courier, private truck, for-hire truck, rail, water, pipeline, air, and other modes.

Standard Classification of Transported Goods

(SCTG). The commodities shown in this report are classified using the SCTG coding system. The SCTG coding system was developed jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System to address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

Ton-miles. The weight times the mileage for a shipment. The respondents reported shipment weight in pounds, as described below. Mileage was calculated as the distance between the shipment origin and destination ZIP Codes. For shipments by truck, rail, or shallow draft vessels, the mileage excludes international segments. For example, mileages from Alaska to the continental United States

exclude any mileages through Canada (see the "Mileage" Calculations" section for more details). Aggregated poundmiles were converted to ton-miles. The ton-miles data are displayed in millions.

Tons shipped. The total weight of the entire shipment. Respondents reported the weight in pounds. Aggregated pounds were converted to short-tons (2,000 pounds). The tons data are displayed in thousands.

Total modal activity. The overall activity (e.g., ton-miles) of a specific mode of transportation, whether used in a single-mode shipment, or as part of a multiple-mode shipment. For example, the total modal activity for private truck is the total ton-miles carried by private truck in single-mode shipments, combined with the total ton-miles carried by private truck in all multiple-mode shipments that include private truck (private truck and for-hire truck, private truck and rail, private truck and air, etc.)

Value of shipments. The dollar value of the entire shipment. This was defined as the net selling value, f.o.b. plant, exclusive of freight charges and excise taxes. The value data are displayed in millions of dollars.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in the tables for this publication:

- D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
- Represents zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
- S Data do not meet publication standards due to high sampling variability or other reasons.
- CFS Commodity Flow Survey.

lb Pounds.

Not elsewhere classified. n.e.c.

Not applicable. NA

Not otherwise specified. n.o.s.

OTHER TRANSPORTATION DATA

Users of transportation data may be especially interested in the following reports:

Economic Census: Transportation Sector covers establishments that provide passenger and freight transportation to the general public, government, or other busi-

Published data include kind of business, geographic location, total operating revenue, annual and first quarter payroll, and number of employees for pay period including March 12.

Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey covers state and U.S. level statistics on the physical and operational characteristics of the Nation's truck, van, minivan, and sport utility vehicle population. Some of the types of data collected

include number of vehicles, major use, body type, annual miles, model year, vehicle size, fuel type, operator classification, engine size, range of operation, weeks operated, products carried, and hazardous materials carried. This survey shows comparative statistics reflecting percent changes in number of vehicles between 1997 and 1992 for most characteristics.

Transportation Annual Survey covers firms with paid employees that provide commercial motor freight transportation and public warehousing services. Data collected include operating revenue and operating revenue by

source, total expenses and expenses percentage of motor carrier freight revenue by commodity type, size of shipments handled, length of haul, and vehicle fleet inventory.

All results of the 1997 Economic Census are available on the Census Bureau Internet site http://www.census.gov and on compact discs (CD-ROM).

For more information on any Census Bureau product, including a description of electronic and printed reports being issued, see the web site or call Customer Services at 301-457-4100.

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valı	ıe	To	ons	Ton-		
Mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	348
Single modes	12 402	61.5	35 545	96.5	16 970	98.3	94
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	10 741 5 969 4 760	53.2 29.6 23.6	25 899 8 755 17 119	70.3 23.8 46.5	4 129 2 927 1 196	23.9 16.9 6.9	86 S 58
Rail	1 197	5.9	s	s	s	S	1 155
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	3 S	- S	4 S	- S	1 481 S
Multiple modes	s	s	180	.5	176	1.0	848
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ 73 \$ - -	\$.4 \$ -	163 16 S - -	.4 - S - -	S 28 S -	S .2 S -	848 907 3 489 — —
Other and unknown modes	623	3.1	1 128	3.1	122	.7	37

Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and Table 1b.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

		Value		Tons			Ton-miles			Average miles per shipment		
Mode of transportation	1997 (million dollars)	1993 (million dollars)	Percent change	1997 (thousands)	1993 (thousands)	Percent change	1997 (millions)	1993 (millions)	Percent change	1997	1993	Percent change
All modes	20 178	9 585	110.5	36 853	25 160	46.5	17 269	6 132	181.6	348	244	42.4
Single modes	12 402	8 213	51.0	35 545	23 725	49.8	16 970	5 844	190.4	94	134	-29.8
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	10 741 5 969 4 760	7 682 3 394 4 257	39.8 75.9 11.8	25 899 8 755 17 119	20 065 7 939 12 075	29.1 10.3 41.8	4 129 2 927 1 196	3 371 2 226 1 139	22.5 31.5 5.0	86 S 58	113 341 72	-23.8 S -19.2
Rail	1 197	313	283.1	s	3 658	s	s	2 471	s	1 155	740	56.1
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	219 -	S S	3 S	2 -	30.5 S	4 S	3 S	22.4 S	1 481 S	1 409 S	5.1 S
Multiple modes	s	1 070	s	180	245	-26.5	176	83	112.8	848	524	61.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S 73 S - -	1 046 24 S -	\$ 202.2 \$ - -	163 16 S - -	55 189 S - -	194.9 -91.3 S -	S 28 S -	37 45 S - -	S -38.7 S - -	848 907 3 489 – –	525 S 3 928 - -	61.6 S -11.2 -
Other and unknown modes	623	302	106.3	1 128	1 191	-5.2	122	205	-40.3	37	s	s

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.

2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 1c. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of **Total for 1997 and 1993**

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Single modes	61.5	85.7	96.5	94.3	98.3	95.3	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	53.2 29.6 23.6	80.1 35.4 44.4	70.3 23.8 46.5	79.7 31.6 48.0	23.9 16.9 6.9	55.0 36.3 18.6	
Rail	5.9	3.3	s	14.5	s	40.3	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	S S	2.3 _	s	_ _	- S	s	
Multiple modes	s	11.2	.5	1.0	1.0	1.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$.4 \$ -	10.9 .3 S - -	.4 - S - -	.2 .8 S -	\$.2 \$ -	.6 .7 S -	
Other and unknown modes	3.1	3.2	3.1	4.7	.7	3.3	

Table 2. Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation ¹	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Total	17 269	100.0	347
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	4 134 S - - S	23.9 S - - S	86 1 136 - 1 954
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	3 S S 122	- S S .7	1 307 848 S 37

¹Data represent activity for a given mode across single and multiple mode shipments. For example, "Truck" ton-miles includes total ton-miles for shipments moving by truck only plus ton-miles for truck segments only of multiple mode shipments.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols,	Value		Tons	Ton-	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
All modes	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	3 020	15.0	17 382	47.2	355	2.1	
50 to 99 miles	1 167 3 050	5.8 15.1	2 946 4 800	8.0 13.0	301 1 115	1.7 6.5	
250 to 499 miles	3 648 2 098	18.1 10.4	2 787 939	7.6 2.5	1 360 813	7.9 4.7	
750 to 999 miles	1 817	9.0	1 797	4.9	2 101	12.2	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	5 031 88 S	24.9 .4 S	S 27 S	S - S	S 50 S		
Single modes	12 402	100.0	35 545	100.0	16 970	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	2 596 976	20.9 7.9	16 545 2 778	46.5 7.8	S 285	9. 1.	
100 to 249 miles	2 130	17.2	4 747	13.4	1 103	6.5	
250 to 499 miles	2 147 1 011	17.3 8.2	2 698 909	7.6 2.6	1 322 790	7.8 4.7	
750 to 999 miles	1 081	8.7	1 763	5.0	2 060	12.1	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	2 402 45	19.4 .4	S 22	S -	S 40	.2	
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	S		
Truck¹	10 741	100.0	25 899	100.0	4 129	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	2 555 936	23.8 8.7	16 211 2 683	62.6 10.4	S 278	S 6.7	
100 to 249 miles	1 900 1 952	17.7 18.2	3 603 1 505	13.9 5.8	683 678	16.5 16.4	
500 to 749 miles	962	9.0	522	2.0	412	10.0	
750 to 999 miles	929 1 463	8.7	677 675	2.6 2.6	708 991	17.2 24.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles	45	13.6 .4	22	-	40	1.0	
2,000 miles or more	5 969	100.0	8 755	100.0	2 927	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	307 247	5.1 4.1	3 045 S	34.8 S	S S	S	
100 to 249 miles	909 1 525	15.2 25.6	1 807 937	20.6 10.7	340 439	11.6 15.0	
500 to 749 miles	813	13.6	456	5.2	360	12.3	
750 to 999 miles	800	13.4	615	7.0	642	21.9	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	1 324 44	22.2 .7	619 22	7.1 .3	907 40	31.0 1.4	
2,000 miles or more Private truck	4 760	100.0	- 17 119	100.0	1 196	100.0	
					1 190 S	100.0	
Less than 50 miles	2 247 688	47.2 14.5	13 166 1 418	76.9 8.3	136	11.4	
100 to 249 miles	989 426	20.8 9.0	S 566	S 3.3	339 237	28.4 19.8	
500 to 749 miles	142	3.0	66	.4	52	4.4	
750 to 999 miles	128 138	2.7 2.9	62 56	.4	67 84	5.6 7.0	
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S	Š	Š	.3 S	S	S	
Rail	1 197	100.0	s	s	s	s	
Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	s	s	S	
50 to 99 miles	S 131	S 11.0	S S	S S	S S	99	
250 to 499 miles	133 S	11.1 S	1 140 S	12.2 S	625 S	4.9 S	
750 to 999 miles	s	s	1 086	11.7	1 352	10.6	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	Š	s -	S	S _	S -	S	
2,000 miles or more	=	=	=	=	=	=	
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles	_	-	-	-	_	-	
50 to 99 miles	-	-	_ _	_	_	-	
250 to 499 miles	-	_	_	-	_	-	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	-	_	<u>-</u> -	_	_	=	
2,000 miles or more	_	=	=	_	=	_	
Shallow draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles	_	_	<u>-</u> -	_	_ _	- -	
100 to 249 miles	_	-	-	_	=	-	
250 to 499 miles	_	_	_	_	_	- -	
750 to 999 miles	=	_	_	_	_	_	
1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles	_ _	_	_	_	_	_ _	

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbol		lue		ons	Ton-	miles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	_	_	=	_	=	=
100 to 249 miles			_			-
500 to 749 miles	_	-	_	_	_	-
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	-
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_	_	_	_	
2,000 miles or more	_	-	_	_	_	-
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	-
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	-	-	_ _	-	=	-
250 to 499 miles	_	_	_	_		-
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 miles	-	-	_ _	_	=	-
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
2,000 miles or more	-	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	3	100.0	4	100.0
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	-
50 to 99 miles	S S	S S	S -	S 5.8	S -	S 1.6
250 to 499 miles	43	12.5	S	S	S	S
	15	4.2	_	10.4	_	8.8
750 to 999 miles	S S	S S		5.5 40.4	S	6.4 S
1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	S	S	S S	S	S	S
Pipeline ²	S	S	s	S	S	S
Less than 50 miles	S S	S S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S	<i>∞∞∞∞</i>
100 to 249 miles	S	S	Š	Š	S	Š
250 to 499 miles	S _	S -	S -	S -	S	S
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	S	
1,000 to 1,499 miles	-	_	-	_	S	\$ \$ \$
1,500 to 1,999 miles			_		S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	180	100.0	176	100.0
Less than 50 miles	92	1.3	5	2.9		_
50 to 99 miles	105	1.5	4	2.3	_	.2
100 to 249 miles	S S	S S	24 39	13.6 21.8	S 19	S 10.9
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	721	10.1	19	10.7	22	12.2
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S 41	S .6	61	33.8 .4	95 1	53.7 .7
2,000 miles or more	S	Š	S	S	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	163	100.0	s	s
Less than 50 miles	92	1.3	5	3.2	_	.1
50 to 99 miles	105	1.5	4	2.6	_	.3 S
100 to 249 miles	S S	S S	24 39	15.0 24.1	S 19	13.1
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S 41	S .6	S -	S .3	S 1	S .7
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	.3 S	S	S
Truck and rail	73	100.0	16	100.0	28	100.0
Less than 50 miles	s	s	s	s	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
100 to 249 miles	5 -	5 -	5 -	5 -	5 -	o -
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	_	-
750 to 999 miles	18	24.2	.3	17.4	3	12.5
1,000 to 1,499 miles	55	75.7	14	82.5	24	87.5
2,000 miles or more	-	_	-	-	_	-
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	-	-	-	_	_	-
50 to 99 miles		_ _	_ _			_ _
250 to 499 miles	-	_	_	_	-	_
500 to 749 miles	_	_		_	_	_
750 to 999 miles						_ _
1,500 to 1,999 miles	S	S	s s	S S	S	S
2,000 miles or more	S	S	ı S	ı S	S	S

Table 3. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Va	lue	To	ons	Ton-miles		
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Multiple modes - Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	-	
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	_	_	-	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	
Other and unknown modes	623	100.0	1 128	100.0	122	100.0	
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	332 S 28 29 S	53.3 S 4.5 4.6 S	88888	80808	15 S S S S	11.9 S S S	
750 to 999 miles	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	9999	9999	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

For explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value			ons	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
All modes	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	348
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	1 373 1 106 S	6.8 5.5 S	83 64 326	.2 .2 .9	17 S 128	.1 S .7	370 385 477
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	1 087 287	5.4 1.4	171 S	.5 S	30 14	.2	178 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	3 085 5 103 931 1 386	15.3 25.3 4.6 6.9	2 815 10 301 10 306 12 577	7.6 28.0 28.0 34.1	372 2 678 951 S	2.2 15.5 5.5 S	S 228 94 514
Single modes	12 402	100.0	35 545	100.0	16 970	100.0	94
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	408 208 1 116 400 267	3.3 1.7 9.0 3.2 2.2	56 35 206 S S	.2 .1 .6 S S	4 4 29 19 13	- .2 .1	73 107 130 121 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	3 005 4 880 836 1 282	24.2 39.4 6.7 10.3	2 784 10 152 9 993 11 957	7.8 28.6 28.1 33.6	365 2 622 916 S	2.1 15.5 5.4 S	S 226 94 512
Truck ¹	10 741	100.0	25 899	100.0	4 129	100.0	86
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	345 198 1 031 336 261	3.2 1.8 9.6 3.1 2.4	56 35 205 S S	.2 .1 .8 S S	3 4 29 18 13	- .7 .4 .3	65 105 126 118 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	2 876 4 752 795 144	26.8 44.2 7.4 1.3	2 751 9 820 9 876 S	10.6 37.9 38.1 S	358 2 560 856 290	8.7 62.0 20.7 7.0	S 227 88 S
For-hire truck	5 969	100.0	8 755	100.0	2 927	100.0	s
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	116 58 488 143 110	2.0 1.0 8.2 2.4 1.8	36 6 25 16 8	.4 - .3 .2 -	2 2 15 9 6	- .5 .3 .2	S 257 578 581 712
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	1 430 3 174 386 62	24.0 53.2 6.5 1.0	326 3 758 4 330 248	3.7 42.9 49.5 2.8	213 2 098 486 96	7.3 71.7 16.6 3.3	654 569 113 S
Private truck	4 760	100.0	17 119	100.0	1 196	100.0	58
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	229 140 543 192 152	4.8 2.9 11.4 4.0 3.2	19 28 180 S S	.1 .2 1.1 S S	1 2 14 9 7	.1 .2 1.1 .7 .6	55 69 72 63 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	1 438 1 578 407 82	30.2 33.2 8.6 1.7	2 424 6 062 5 521 S	14.2 35.4 32.3 S	144 461 S S	12.0 38.6 S S	\$ 69 67 \$
Rail	1 197	100.0	s	s	s	s	1 155
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	- - -		_		=	_ _ _	_ _
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb		_ _	_ _		_ _		_ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- 19 S S	1.6 S S	- 888	- S S S	14 S S	- .1 S S	779 503 1 271
Water	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	 - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_ _	_		_		_ _
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	- - - -	_ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _	_ _ _ _	- - - -

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of **Origin: 1997**—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduction	n or terms and meaning or appreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because or rounding. Value Tons Ton-miles						
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	_	-	-	_	-	_	-
Less than 50 lb	_	=	-	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb			-		-		
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb		_	-		_		_ _
100,000 lb or more	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
Deep draft	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Less than 50 lb		_	-		_		_ _
100 to 499 lb		_					_ _
750 to 999 lb	_	_	-	_	-	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb					_		
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	3	100.0	4	100.0	1 481
Less than 50 lb	63	18.1	-	14.9	1	15.6	1 484
50 to 99 lb	10 S	2.8 S		2.2 17.6	- 1	1.9 21.2	1 113 1 726
500 to 749 lb	S	SSS	- S	11.3 S	S S	S S	1 357 505
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	S	1	41.4	1	39.2	1 416
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	S	S _	S -	S _	S	1 256
100,000 lb or more	-	=	-	-	-	-	-
Pipeline ²	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 lb					S S	S S	S
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	_	_			S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	=	Š	Š	S
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S	S S	S S	S S	S S	<i>S S S</i>
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	-	0 -	-	S S	S	S
100,000 lb or more	s	s	180	100.0	176	100.0	848
Less than 50 lb	866	12.1	21	11.8	13	7.6	819
50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb	S	S	26	14.3 S	S	S	860 1 019
500 to 749 lb	S	S	S S 1	S	S	S	770
750 to 999 lb		3	•	.3	-	.3 S	891
1,000 to 9,999 lb	6 68	1.0	S 12	S 6.7	S 20	11.2	1 164 1 589
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 938
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	163	100.0	s	s	848
Less than 50 lb	865	12.2	21	13.0	13	9.1	819
50 to 99 lb	S S	S	26 S	15.8 S	S S	S	860 1 019
500 to 749 lb	S S	SSS	S S 1	S .3	S -	S .3	770 891
1.000 to 9.999 lb	s	S	S	S	s	S	87
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	=	-	=	_	=	
100,000 lb or more	-	=	-	-	-	-	-
Truck and rail	73	100.0	16	100.0	28	100.0	907
Less than 50 lb	s	S	S	S	S	S	186
50 to 99 lb	s	s	S	s	S	s	106
500 to 749 lb			-	_	_	_	
1,000 to 9,999 lb	s	s	S	s	S	s	1 518
10,000 to 49,999 lb	68	93.8	12	73.9	20	71.1	1 589
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 938
Truck and water	S	S	s	S	S	S	3 489
Less than 50 lb		=			_		_ _
100 to 499 lb		_			_		_ _
750 to 999 lb	_	_	-	-	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	3 489
50,000 to 99,999 lb			_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
100,000 lb or more	-	- 1	-	-	_	-	-

Table 4. Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	ue	To	ns	Ton-		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 tb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1.000 to 9.999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	623	100.0	1 128	100.0	122	100.0	37
Less than 50 lb	100	16.1	5	.5	_	.2	s
50 to 99 lb	22	3.6	4	.4	_	.1	S
100 to 499 lb	63	10.1	20	1.8	1	.7	S S S
500 to 749 lb	S S	S	3	.3	S	S	S
750 to 999 lb	S	S	1	_	S	S	46
1,000 to 9,999 lb	75	12.0	29	2.6	5	3.8	s
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	S	136	12.1	36	29.4	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	107
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	46	37.4	566

⁻ Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.

D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.

S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck. 2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "Mileage Calculations" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 5. Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG		Valu	ıe	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
code	Commodity description	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
	All commodities	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	348
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 1 252 597 315 1 646	S 6.2 3.0 1.6 8.2	S S 2 064 948 757	\$ 5.6 2.6 2.1	S S S 294 659	S S S 1.7 3.8	14 207 798 S 716
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	175 1 184 249 39 S	.9 5.9 1.2 .2 S	118 1 261 S 1 S	.3 3.4 S - S	53 365 S S	.3 2.1 S S	S S 58 106 S
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	S S 72 88 S	S S .4 .4 S	S S 1 543 - S	\$ \$ 4.2 - \$	S S 1 696 - S	\$ 9.8 - \$	27 50 649 1 977 1 036
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	186 S 232 129 308	.9 S 1.1 .6 1.5	338 S S 32 S	.9 8 8 8	88898	88818	13 6 S 117 252
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	164 159 412 S 370	.8 .8 2.0 S 1.8	S 51 98 S 903	\$.1 .3 \$ 2.5	19 21 68 S 468	.1 .1 .4 S 2.7	932 126 963 8 473
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	S S 340 139 224	S S 1.7 .7	S S 105 19 2 430	S S .3 - 6.6	S S 38 11 355	S S .2 - 2.1	120 204 S 781 97
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment	375 483 921 S 852	1.9 2.4 4.6 S 4.2	167 143 119 154 128	.5 .4 .3	53 79 94 S 62	3.5.5. <i>S</i>	S 264 331 856 140
36 37 38	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts) Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus	S 104	4.2 S .5	S 3	.s S	S S	.4 S S	739 392
40 41 43 	Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	85 1 003 23 262 S	.5 .4 5.0 .1 1.3 S	14 S 137 99 S	- S .4 .3 S	S S 41 15 S	S S 2 - S	745 458 210 57 728

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons. Some unpublished estimates can be derived from other data published in this table. However, figures obtained in this manner are subject to these same limitations.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	;	Ton-r	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	348
Single modes	12 402	61.5	35 545	96.5	16 970	98.3	94
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	10 741 5 969 4 760	53.2 29.6 23.6	25 899 8 755 17 119	70.3 23.8 46.5	4 129 2 927 1 196	23.9 16.9 6.9	86 S 58
Rail	1 197	5.9	S	s	s	s	1 155
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	SSS	SS	3 S	- S	4 S	s	1 481 S
Multiple modes	s	s	180	.5	176	1.0	848
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S 73 S - -	S .4 S -	163 16 S -	.4 - S - -	S 28 S - -	S .2 S - -	848 907 3 489 - -
Other and unknown modes	623	3.1	1 128	3.1	122	.7	37
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	14
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck¹	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	-	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Other and unknown modes	S	s	S	S	S	s	14
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	1 252	100.0	s	s	s	s	207
Single modes	s	s	s	s	S	s	209
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck.	399 271 126	31.9 21.7 10.1	3 532 2 272 1 246	32.9 21.2 11.6	483 S 112	4.6 S 1.1	121 161 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 250
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	_	-	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS Total Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipelline² Multiple modes	Number (million dollars) 597 543 341 S S S	100.0 90.9 57.0 S S	Number (thousands) 2 064 2 060 1 191 S S S	100.0 99.8 57.7 S	Number (millions) S S S S	Percent S S S	Average miles per shipment 798 S
Total Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline²	543 341 S S	90.9 57.0 S S	2 060 1 191 S S	99.8 57.7 S	s 8	s s	
Single modes Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline²	543 341 S S	90.9 57.0 S S	2 060 1 191 S S	99.8 57.7 S	s 8	s s	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline²	341 S S	57.0 S S	1 191 S S	57.7 S	S S	s	s
For-hire truck Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	S	S S	SS	S	S	s	
Private truck Rail Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²		S	Š	S	S		72
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	S - - - -	S	S		S	S S	258 60
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline ²	- - - -	- - -		S	S	S	S
Pipeline ²	_		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Multiple modes		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
ļ.	s	s	s	s	s	s	883
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	883
Truck and rail	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	11
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	315	100.0	948	100.0	294	100.0	s
Single modes	292	92.9	868	91.6	272	92.3	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	265 120 144	84.1 38.3 45.8	786 198 S	83.0 20.9 S	191 173 18	64.9 58.9 6.0	S 476 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	943
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	_	_	- S	_ S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	394
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	1 812
Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	21	6.5	s	s	12	4.2	s
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	1 646	100.0	757	100.0	659	100.0	716
Single modes	1 645	99.9	757	100.0	659	100.0	736
Truck ¹ For-hire truckPrivate truck.	1 589 1 351 238	96.5 82.1 14.5	728 624 104	96.2 82.4 13.7	607 545 62	92.2 82.7 9.5	728 854 488
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 876
Water Shallow draft	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 336 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	573
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	s	s	573
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	1	-	-	-	s	s	78

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tor	าร	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	175	100.0	118	100.0	53	100.0	s
Single modes	175	99.7	118	99.8	53	99.4	s
Truck ¹	175	99.7	118	99.8	53	99.4	s
For-hire truck Private truck	106 S	60.6 S	65 S	55.3 S	45 S	83.9 S	849 S
Rail	_	-	-	_	-	_	=
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft		-	=	_			_ _
Great Lakes		-	-	_ _		_ _	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	_	_	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 415
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	S	s	1 415
Truck and rail	_	-	_	_ _	_ _		_ _
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	-	_ _	
Other and unknown modes	_	_	-	_	-	_	-
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	1 184	100.0	1 261	100.0	365	100.0	s
Single modes	1 183	99.9	1 261	100.0	364	100.0	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	1 146 S 562	96.8 S 47.5	1 162 S S	92.2 S S	288 S S	79.0 S S	S 618 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	S	s	842
Water	_	-	-	_	_ _	_ _	_
Great Lakes Deep draft		=	=	=	=	= =	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-	_	- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 057
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	s	S	S	s	1 057
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	-	_			_
Rail and water	_	-	=	_ _	_		_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	249	100.0	s	s	s	s	58
Single modes	158	63.3	165	38.0	S	s	56
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	149 - 148	59.8 - 59.2	S - S	S - S	S - S	S - S	56 - 56
Rail	S	s	s	s	S	s	612
Water	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	_	_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	175
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ 175
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -	- - -	5 - -	5	5 - -	5 - -	175 - -
·			_				-
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s l	S	S	S	s	117

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Valu	ie	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	39	100.0	1	100.0	s	s	106
Single modes	39	100.0	1	100.0	s	s	106
Truck ¹	39	100.0	1	100.0	S	s	106
For-hire truck	39	100.0	- 1	100.0	S	s	106
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	-	-	_	_	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		=	=		- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Truck and rail		=	_	_ _			
Rail and water		_			_ _		_ _
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	SSS	s s s	S S S	SSS	S S S	s s s	S S S
Rail	s	s	S	s	S	s	1 590
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	=	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_	Ξ		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	-
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_		_
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	27
Single modes	s	s	S	s	S	s	26
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	SSS	S S S	S S S	SSS	S S S	SSS	26 20 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Deep draft		-	-		_	-	-
Pipeline ²	_	-	-	_	s -	S -	S -
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	l sl	s	S	l s	S	l s	61

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Ton	s	Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	50
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	50
Truck ¹ For-hire truck	S 7	S 10.3	S 1 064	S 12.3	S 64	S 13.9	50 51
Private truck	Ś	S	S	S	S	S	50
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	5
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr		-	-	-	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-		-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other multiple modes	=	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	72	100.0	1 543	100.0	1 696	100.0	649
Single modes	72	99.7	1 535	99.5	1 685	99.4	688
Truck¹ For-hire truck	43 30 S	59.8 40.9	523 449 S	33.9 29.1	293 288	17.3 17.0	444 752 126
Private truck	29	S 39.9	1 013	S 65.6	5 1 392	.3 82.1	1 388
Water		_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_	_	_ s	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	-	-	=
Truck and water Rail and water	_	=1	ΞΙ	_	=	=	=
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	S	S	s	s	S
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	88	100.0	-	100.0	-	100.0	1 977
Single modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_		_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	88	100.0	-	100.0	-	100.0	1 977
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	88	100.0	-	100.0	_	100.0	1 977
TIMON WITH TAIL TO THE TOTAL THE TAIL T	_	-	-		-	-	_
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	=	_	-	_	=

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value	•	Tor	ns	Ton-ı	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 036
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 036
Truck ¹	s	s	s	s	S	s	1 036
For-hire truck Private truck	S	- S	- S	- S	S	S	1 036
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	-	_	_ _	_	_	-
Deep draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)		-	-	_	s	s	Š
Multiple modes	-	-	-	_	_	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	_	_	-	-
Truck and rail		-	_	-	_		_
Rail and water		-			_		- -
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	186	100.0	338	100.0	s	s	13
Single modes	183	98.8	332	98.3	s	s	S
Truck ¹	183	98.8	332	98.3	S	s	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S 183	98.7	S 331	98.0	S S	SSS	29 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		-	_	_	_ S	_ _ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail		-	_	_	_	_	
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	_	_ _	_
Other and unknown modes	2	1.2	6	1.7	s	s	24
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	SSS	S S S	6 17 S
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_		- S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	-	_ _	_ _	_ _
Other multiple modes		-	-	- -	-	_ _	=
Other and unknown modes	1	.2	2	.2	s	s	16

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-r	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	232	100.0	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	229	98.7	s	s	s	s	s
Truck1	s	s	S	S	S	S	S
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	SSS	S S	S S S	S S	S S S	20 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
Great Lakes		-	-	_	_	_ _	- -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ S	- S	- S	- S	_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	340
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	S	s	S	340
Truck and rail	_	-	_	_	-	_	-
Rail and water		-	_	_ _	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	25
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	129	100.0	32	100.0	9	100.0	117
Single modes	100	77.5	30	94.3	7	80.5	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	100 82 S	77.5 63.4 S	30 5 S	94.3 16.3 S	7 5 S	80.5 63.5 S	S 1 053 62
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	=
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_			s	s	Š
Multiple modes	26	20.1	2	5.5	2	19.5	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	7 19	5.7 14.4	- 1	.9 4.5	_ 2	.5 19.0	S 1 189
Truck and water Rail and water	-	-	-	-	=		-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	S	s	s	17
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	308	100.0	s	s	s	s	252
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	356
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	356 377 104
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_ _	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	=	=	= = =	=	=
Air (includes truck and air)		_	-	_	s	s	s
Multiple modes	285	92.5	4	14.4	1	19.3	243
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	285	92.5	4	14.4	1 -	19.3	243
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	6

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons	S	Ton-mi	les	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS							
Total	164	100.0	s	s	19	100.0	932
Single modes	136	83.4	s	s	18	96.8	s
Truck ¹	136	83.4	s	s	18	96.8	S
For-hire truck Private truck	136	83.4	- S	- S	18	96.8	- S
	100	00.4			10	30.0	0
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Great Lakes		-	-	_	-	-	-
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 279
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 279
Truck and rail. Truck and water	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	-	=	=	=	<u>-</u>	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	8
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.							
·	450	400.0		400.0		400.0	400
Total	159	100.0	51	100.0	21	100.0	126 S
Single modes	141	88.6	50	97.9	20	97.5	
Truck ¹	141 S 122	88.6 S 76.7	50 S 42	97.9 S 83.2	20 S S	97.5 S S	S 256 S
Private truck	122	76.7	42	83.2	5		5
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	_	-	=	_	-	-	_
Great Lakes	_	-	=	-	-	-	=
Air (includes truck and air)	_	-	-	_	_	-	_
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	S	S	S
Multiple modes	17	10.4	S	S	S	s	242
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	17	10.4	s -	s -	S	S	242
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	-	-	_	-	<u>-</u>
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	2	1.0	s	s	s	s	9
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER							
Total	412	100.0	98	100.0	68	100.0	963
Single modes	294	71.3	90	92.0	65	95.4	170
Truck ¹	291	70.6	90	92.0	65	95.4	169
For-hire truck Private truck	165 126	40.1 30.5	57 33	57.8 34.2	59 6	86.8 8.5	545 97
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_	-	-	_	-	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S	s	s	S	s	s	1 066
Pipeline ²	-	-	-	-	Š	Š	S
Multiple modes	103	24.9	3	3.4	3	3.9	1 282
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	102 S	24.9 S	3 S	3.4 S	3 S	3.8 S	1 282 1 826
Truck and water Rail and water		-	-		-	- -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	19

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i of explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, se	Valu	-	Tons		Ton-miles			
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	8	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	8	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	s s s	8 336 7	
Rail	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -	_ _ _	- - - -	- - -	
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	_ _ _	- -	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ S	_ _ S	- S	
Multiple modes	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes Other and unknown modes	- - - - - - S	- - - - s	- - - - - s	- - - - - - s	- - - - - - s	- - - - - S	- - - - - 22	
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS								
Total	370	100.0	903	100.0	468	100.0	473	
Single modes	354	95.6	873	96.7	439	93.9	194	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	348 224 124	94.1 60.5 33.6	858 633 224	95.0 70.1 24.8	418 374 S	89.3 79.9 S	192 540 99	
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	1 354	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	1 473 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	759	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	S - - - -	S - - - -	S - - -	759 - - - -	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	574	
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	120	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	92	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S 14	S S 72.6	1 S 1	27.7 S 16.9	82 293 59	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	
Deep draft Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	734 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	287	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	287	
Truck and water Rail and water	- -	- - -		- - -	- -	_ 	_ _	
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 049	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Ton	s	Ton-n	niles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	204
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	171
Truck ¹	s	s	s	S	s	s	171
For-hire truck Private truck	S 93	S 37.7	S 73	\$ 44.9	S 5	S 8.2	521 45
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	-	-	-	-	- s	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	4	1.6	1	.6	s	s	489
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	4	1.5	s	S	s	S S	488
Truck and rail	S -	S -	S -	-	S -	-	1 598 -
Rail and water		-	-	_	- -		- -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	340	100.0	105	100.0	38	100.0	s
Single modes	257	75.6	96	91.3	36	94.6	63
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	254 192 S	74.7 56.4 S	96 84 11	90.8 79.9 10.9	36 34 S	93.9 89.0 S	62 S 44
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		=	-		=	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	S _	S -	S -	S -	s s	s s	1 420 S
Multiple modes	80	23.4	s	s	s	s	298
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	80	23.4	s	S	s	s	298
Truck and water	_	-	-	-	-	-	_ _
Rail and water	_	-	-	_	-		-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	139	100.0	19	100.0	11	100.0	781
Single modes	110	79.2	18	94.7	s	s	647
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	110 S S	79.2 S S	18 S S	94.7 S S	S S S	S S S	647 988 S
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Great Lakes Deep draft		-	-	-	-	_	=
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	27	19.3	1	4.4	1	8.9	890
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	27	19.3	1	4.4	1	8.9	890
Truck and rail	_	-	-	- -	- -		- -
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	- -		- -
Other and unknown modes	2	1.5	_	.9	s	s	s

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

Value		Toi	ns	Ton-miles			
Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
224	100.0	2 430	100.0	355	100.0	97	
222	98.9	2 429	100.0	355	99.9	69	
205 103 101	91.4 46.1 45.0	2 123 968 1 145	87.4 39.8 47.1	216 148 66	60.8 41.7 18.7	67 S 56	
S	s	s	s	s	s	584	
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	
=	-	-	-	_ S	- S	_ S	
2	1.1	_	_	_	_	624	
2 - -	1.1	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	624 _ _	
-	-	-	-	-	-	_ _	
s	s	s	S	s	S	103	
375	100.0	167	100.0	53	100.0	s	
346	92.2	160	95.5	53	99.1	161	
346 8 337	92.2 2.2 90.0	160 S 158	95.5 S 94.5	53 1 52	99.1 1.4 97.7	159 339 153	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
_	_	-	_	_	_	_ _	
-	-	- -	-	-	-	_ _	
S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S	2 530 S	
s	s	s	s	s	s	s	
S -	S	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	
-	-	- -	-	-		_ _	
-	-	-	-	- e	-	18	
3		3	3	3	3	10	
483	100.0	143	100.0	79	100.0	264	
418	86.7	130	91.3	76	96.2	209	
418 180 S	86.6 37.2 S	130 63 67	91.3 44.5 46.8	76 59 16	96.2 75.5 20.6	208 501 145	
-	-	-	_	-	_	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
S _	S -	s -	S -	S S	S S	1 096 S	
35	7.2	2	1.3	1	1.0	431	
35 _	7.2	2 –	1.3	1 –	1.0	431	
-	-	- -	-	- -		_ _	
30						- s	
	Million dollars	Million dollars Percent	Million dollars Percent (thousands) Percent (thousands)	Million dollars Percent (thousands) Percent			

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	921	100.0	119	100.0	94	100.0	331
Single modes	732	79.5	103	86.8	77	81.3	392
Truck ¹	704	76.5	102	85.2	73	77.6	343
For-hire truck Private truck	552 153	59.9 16.6	77 25	64.7 20.6	69 5	72.7 4.9	804 122
Rail	S	S	S	S	S	S	2 112
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	S _	S -	S S	S S	1 379 S
Multiple modes	143	15.5	13	10.7	17	18.5	470
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S 53	S 5.8	4 9	3.0 7.7	2 15	2.0 16.4	468 1 700
Truck and water Rail and water	- - -	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	=	=	-	=
Other and unknown modes	46	5.0	3	2.6	s	s	18
SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT							
Total	s	s	154	100.0	s	s	856
Single modes	1 136	16.2	39	25.2	25	17.1	306
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	826 675 150	11.8 9.6 2.1	38 16 21	24.5 10.7 13.8	23 12 11	15.9 8.5 7.3	145 413 80
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
Water Shallow draft	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	-	_	_	_	-	<u>-</u>
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S -	S -	1 _	.6 _	S	SS	1 598 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 046
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	S	s	s	1 046
Truck and railTruck and water	_	-	-	_	=	-	-
Rail and water	_	-	-	-	_	- -	=
Other and unknown modes	30	.4	1	.9	s	s	s
SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)							
Total	852	100.0	128	100.0	62	100.0	140
Single modes	610	71.6	105	82.4	52	83.3	s
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	607 213 386	71.2 25.0 45.3	105 42 62	82.2 32.9 48.9	52 41 10	82.9 66.0 16.1	9 795 57
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft	-	_	-	_	_	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	=	_	=	=	=	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²	S _	S -	s -	S _	S	S S	847 S
Multiple modes	53	6.2	3	2.4	1	2.3	367
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	53	6.2	3	2.4	1	2.3	367
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- -
				-	- 1	- 1	_

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		_	
	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment	
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.								
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	739	
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	689	
Truck ¹	s	s	s	S	s	s	700	
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	720 597	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Deep draft	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	294 S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	950	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S	S	S -	S -	S	950	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	=	-		- -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	s	48	
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS								
Total	104	100.0	3	100.0	s	s	392	
Single modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck.	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S 1	S S 29.3	S S -	S S 2.6	S 434 S	
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Water Shallow draft	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	
Great Lakes Deep draft		=	-	_	=	=	=======================================	
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		s	s	S	
Multiple modes	54	52.0	1	32.8	s	s	524	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	54	52.0	1 _	32.8	S	S	524	
Truck and water Rail and water	_	-	_	_	_	_	=	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other and unknown modes	S	s	s	S	s	s	107	
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS								
Total	85	100.0	14	100.0	s	s	745	
Single modes	79	93.0	13	95.9	s	s	519	
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	79 S 8	93.0 S 9.8	13 S 1	95.9 S 6.2	S S S	S S S	519 838 S	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	- S	S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	1 004	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	S	S	s	s	1 004	
Truck and rail . Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	150	

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
			_	_	_	_	
Total	1 003	100.0	S	S	S	S	458
Single modes	674	67.2	366	85.7	s	s	178
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	672 550 122	67.0 54.9 12.1	365 S 77	85.6 S 18.2	S S 26	S S 8.1	169 724 S
Rail	S	s	s	s	s	s	1 822
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft		-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Great Lakes		-	_		_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	_		S	S S	1 309 S
Multiple modes	294	29.3	12	2.7	10	3.2	712
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	293	29.2	11	2.6	8	2.5	712
Truck and water	s	s	s	S	s	s	3 489
Rail and water		-	-	_	_	_	=
Other and unknown modes	34	3.4	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	23	100.0	137	100.0	41	100.0	210
Single modes	23	100.0	137	100.0	41	100.0	210
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	17 11 S	76.0 46.3 S	85 S S	61.8 S S	17 11 S	40.2 27.6 S	172 174 168
Rail	5	24.0	52	38.2	25	59.8	501
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		-	_		- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail. Truck and water		-	-	_	_	_	_ _
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	-	-	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
Total	262	100.0	99	100.0	15	100.0	57
Single modes	261	99.7	99	99.9	15	99.9	43
Truck¹ For-hire truck Private truck	261 S 247	99.7 S 94.1	99 S 96	99.9 S 96.4	15 S 14	99.9 S 96.0	43 125 41
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-	=
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipeline ²		_	_	-	- S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	176
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	176
Truck and rail	- -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	17

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	Average miles per shipment
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	728
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	437
Truck ¹ For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	437 992 S
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	=		- S	- S	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	832
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - - -	S	S - - -	S - - - -	S	\$ - - -	832 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	61

Note: Data exclude shipments of SCTG 16, Crude Petroleum. See the section "Industry Coverage" for additional information.

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^{1&}quot;Truck" as a single mode includes shipments which went by private truck only, for-hire truck only, or a combination of private truck and for-hire truck.
2CFS data for pipeline exclude most shipments of crude oil. See "About the Data" section for details of CFS coverage.

Table 7. Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

i or expandition of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see ma	,	lue		ns	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	20 178	100.0	36 853	100.0	17 269	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	S 85 S 13 3	\$ \$.4 \$ = -	10 - 19 S 12 S	8 - 8	14 1 33 S 19 S	- -2 S .1	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	257 251 S	1.3 1.2 S	29 110 129	_ .3 .4	43 178 188	.2 1.0 1.1	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	842 468 S 361 855	4.2 2.3 S 1.8 4.2	409 105 390 349 367	1.1 .3 1.1 .9 1.0	300 98 456 448 264	1.7 .6 2.6 2.6 1.5	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	876 166 2 005 S 549 291 4 289	4.3 .8 9.9 S 2.7 1.4 21.3	1 500 95 2 614 S 1 416 380 20 195	4.1 .3 7.1 S 3.8 1.0 54.8	257 50 714 S 478 112 887	1.5 .3 4.1 S 2.8 .6 5.1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S S 208 S 34 S 45 115 7	\$ 5 1.0 \$ 2 \$ 2 2.6 -	S S 44 655 10 45 8 85 S	001.4 1. 20	S S 76 104 14 71 11 135 S	S S .4 .6 .6	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	66 58 164 118	.3 .3 .8 .6	S S S 90	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 2	S S S 136	S S S .8	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	S S S 757	S S S 3.8	S 61 40 486	\$.2 .1 1.3	\$ 93 30 589	\$.5 .2 3.4	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	\$ 359 48 150 \$ \$ 385 146	\$ 1.8 .2 .7 .7 .8 .8 1.9 .7	29 133 7 \$ 23 21 30 733	- .4 - .5 - - - 2.0	43 67 8 \$ 29 23 29 112	.3 .4 .5 .2 .1 .2 .7	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	S 1 005 S 159 1 018	\$ 5.0 \$.8 5.0	S 191 S 25 S	\$5,\$\text{\$\text{\$0}} \ \text{\$\text{\$0}}	6 313 S 37 S	1.8 S .2 S	

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Table 8. Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. Detail may not add to total because of rounding]

to expandition of terms and meaning of abbroviations and symbols, see that	,	lue		ons	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Number (million dollars)	Percent	Number (thousands)	Percent	Number (millions)	Percent	
Total	16 600	100.0	33 586	100.0	5 353	100.0	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	19 S S 16 S S	.1 9 9 .1 9 9	888 - 88	800 - 80	999199	S	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	121 175 125	.7 1.1 .8	S S 19	\$ \$ -	S S 23	S S .4	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	\$ 130 191 307 715	S .8 1.2 1.8 4.3	256 S 80 42 221	.8 S .2 .1 .7	166 S 65 42 87	3.1 S 1.2 .8 1.6	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas. Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota. South Dakota	1 153 178 1 857 144 824 557 4 289	6.9 1.1 11.2 .9 5.0 3.4 25.8	1 624 132 S 63 572 369 20 195	4.8 .4 S2 1.7 1.1 60.1	297 65 408 36 135 89 887	5.5 1.2 7.6 .7 2.5 1.7 16.6	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S - 134 97 20 126 38 48 S	S - .8. .6. .1 .8. .3. S	S - S 35 2 S S S S S	S - S 1 - S S S S	s - s 48 58 55 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	Ø Ø 9,000,000	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	\$ \$ 40 132	S S .2 .8	30 S 15 31	- S - -	38 S S 32	.7 S S .6	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	36 4 51 176	.2 - .3 1.1	S S S 40	S S S .1	29 S S 43	.5 S S .8	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona . Colorado . Idaho . Montana . Nevada . New Mexico . Utah . Wyoming .	\$ 294 \$ 193 \$ \$ 16 \$	\$ 1.8 \$ 2.9 \$ 5.1 \$ \$	\$ 133 15 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	S.4 - S - S S S S	\$ 65 20 \$ 6 \$ \$ \$	\$ 1.2 4 9 1.5 8	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii Oregon Washington	792 S 40 75	4.8 S .2 .5	61 S 13 52	- .2 S - .2	120 S 22 77	2.2 S .4 1.4	

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Appendix A. Comparability With the 1993 Commodity Flow Survey

The Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) restores a data program on commodity flows that the Census Bureau conducted as a part of its 5-year economic census program from 1963 through 1977. The CFS was first conducted in

1993. For the 1997 CFS, the Census Bureau incorporated improvements identified from the evaluation of previous surveys and additional research. The following table shows a comparison of the 1993 and 1997 surveys.

Item	1993	1997
1. Industry coverage	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)	Manufacturers (minor exceptions)
	Mining (except mining services and oil and gas extraction)	Mining (except mining services)
	All wholesale	All wholesale
	Video tape distributers	
	Catalog mail-order houses	Catalog mail-order houses
	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)	Auxiliaries (e.g., warehouses)
Commodity classification system	Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC), developed by the American Association of Railroads (AAR).	Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG).
3. Sample size	Approximately 200,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1992 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).	Approximately 100,000 establishments were selected from a universe of about 800,000 in-scope establishments on the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL).
4. Survey methodology	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 2-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1993.	Respondents took a sample of their individual outbound shipments for a 1-week period during each of the four calendar quarters of 1997.
	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.	Respondents reported key characteristics for each sampled shipment.
5. Reported mode of transportation	Rail	Rail
·	For-hire truck	For-hire truck
	Private truck	Private truck
	Air	Air
	Inland water and/or Great Lakes	Shallow draft vessel
	Deep sea water	Deep draft vessel
	Pipeline	Pipeline
	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier	Parcel, U.S. Postal Service, or courier
	Other	Other
	Unknown	Unknown

Item	1993	1997
6. Data items requested on questionnaire	For each shipment:	For each shipment:
quodanama	Total value	Total value
	Total weight	Total weight
	Major commodity (STCC)	Major commodity (SCTG)
	All modes of transportation	All modes of transportation
	Multiple origins (respondents specifically requested to report all shipment origins for the sampled establishment and report the appropriate origin for each shipment; assumed to always be the mailing address if no other origins listed).	Single origin (assumed to be the mailing address unless the respondent provided a different physical location address).
	Destination	Destination
	Containerized (Y/N)	Containerized (Y/N)
	Hazardous material (Y/N)	Hazardous material (UN/NA codes)
	Export (Y/N)	Export (Y/N)
	If export, mode of export, foreign country,and city of destination.	If export, mode of export, foreign country, and city of destination.

Appendix B. Reliability of the Estimates

An estimate based on a sample survey potentially contains two types of errors—sampling and nonsampling. Sampling error occurs because characteristics differ among sampling units and because only a subset of the entire population is measured in a sample survey. Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. The accuracy of a survey result may be affected by these two types of errors.

Sampling and nonsampling errors are often measured by the quantities, bias and variance. The bias of an estimator of an unknown population value is the difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between the estimator and the unknown population value. Any systematic error, or inaccuracy that affects all samples of a specified design in a similar way, may bias the resulting estimates. Variance is the squared difference, averaged over all possible samples of the same size and design, between an estimator and its average value. Descriptions of sampling and nonsampling errors for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) are provided in the following sections.

SAMPLING ERROR

Because the estimates are based on a sample, exact agreement with the results that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of all the shipments made in 1997 from all establishments included on the CFS sampling frame is not expected. However, because probability sampling was used at each stage of selection, it is possible to estimate the sampling variability of the survey estimates. For CFS estimates, sampling variability arises from each of the three stages of sampling. (See Appendix C for a description of the sample design.)

The particular sample used in this survey is one of a large number of samples of the same size and design that could have been selected. If all possible samples had been surveyed, under the same conditions, an estimate of an unknown population value could have been obtained from each sample. The estimates obtained from these samples give rise to a distribution of estimates for the unknown population value. A statistical measure of the variability among these estimates is the standard error, which can be approximated from any one sample. The coefficient of variation (or relative standard error) of an estimate is the standard error of the estimate divided by the estimate. Measures of sampling variability, such as the standard error or coefficient of variation, are estimated from the

sample and are also subject to sampling variability. (Technically, we should refer to the estimated standard error or the estimated coefficient of variation of an estimator. However, we have omitted this detail for the sake of brevity.) It is important to note that the standard error and coefficient of variation only measure sampling variability. They do not measure any biases in the estimates. All coefficients of variation are expressed as percents. Standard errors for the corresponding percentage estimates are also provided.

An estimate of an unknown population value and its approximate standard error can be used to construct a confidence interval. A confidence interval is a range about a given estimator that has a specified probability, or confidence, of containing the unknown population value. If, for each possible sample, an estimate of an unknown population value and the estimate's approximate standard error were obtained, then:

- 1. For approximately 90 percent of the possible samples, the interval from 1.65 standard errors below to 1.65 standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.
- 2. For approximately 95 percent of the possible samples, the interval from two standard errors below to two standard errors above the estimate would include the unknown population value.

NONSAMPLING ERROR

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate and may also occur in censuses. It is often helpful to think of nonsampling error as arising from deficiencies or mistakes in the survey process. In the CFS, nonsampling error can be attributed to many sources: (1) nonresponse, (2) response errors, (3) differences in the interpretation of the questions, (4) mistakes in coding or keying the data obtained, and (5) other errors of collection, response, coverage, and processing. Although no direct measurement of the potential biases because of nonsampling error has been obtained, precautionary steps were taken in all phases of the collection, processing, and tabulation of the data in an effort to minimize its influence.

A potentially large source of bias in the estimates is due to nonresponse. Nonresponse is defined as the inability to obtain all the intended measurements or responses from all the selected establishments. Four levels of nonresponse can occur in the CFS: item, shipment, quarter (reporting week), and establishment. Item nonresponse

occurs either when a question is unanswered or the response to the question fails computer or analyst edits. Item nonresponse is corrected by imputation. (Imputation is the procedure by which a missing value is replaced by a predicted value obtained from an appropriate model.) Shipment, quarter, and establishment nonresponse are used to describe the inability to obtain sufficient information about a sampled shipment, quarter, or establishment, respectively, that prevents it from contributing to tabulations. Shipment and quarter nonresponse are corrected during the estimation procedure by reweighting. Reweighting allocates characteristics to the nonrespondents in proportion to the characteristics observed for the respondents. The amount of bias introduced by this nonresponse adjustment procedure depends on the extent to which the nonrespondents differ, characteristically, from the respondents. Establishment nonresponse is corrected during the estimation procedure by the SIC-level adjustment weight. (See Appendix C for a description of the estimation procedure.) In most cases of establishment nonresponse, none of the four questionnaires have been

returned to the Census Bureau, after several attempts to elicit a response. Approximately 67 percent of the sampled establishments provided at least one quarter of data that contributed to tabulations.

Some possible sources of bias that are attributed to respondent-conducted sampling include misunderstanding the definition of a shipment, constructing an incomplete frame of shipments from which to sample, ordering the shipment sampling frame by selected shipment characteristics, and selecting shipment records by a method other than the one specified in the questionnaire's instructions. We often contacted respondents who reported shipments having atypically large value or weight when compared to the rest of their reported shipments. Upon contact, if we are able to collect information on all of a given respondent's large shipments made either for a particular reporting week or for the entire quarter, then we identify these large shipments as certainty shipments. (See Appendix C for a description of how certainty shipments are used in the estimation process.)

Table B-1a. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	19.2	-	23.8	-	47.2	-	22.1
Single modes	9.3	8.2	25.2	3.0	48.1	1.1	17.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	8.7 8.5 13.4	7.0 3.4 4.6	30.2 16.9 47.4	6.8 6.0 8.4	12.1 12.4 39.0	11.5 7.3 6.7	18.0 S 17.3
Rail	48.2	2.8	s	s	s	s	7.4
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	26.7 S	- S	31.9 S	- S	11.7 S
Multiple modes	s	s	39.5	.4	41.0	.7	10.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	\$ 41.0 S - -	S .2 S -	45.3 34.9 S - -	.4 - S - -	S 34.6 S - -	\$.2 \$ -	10.1 30.2 31.6 —
Other and unknown modes	20.8	.9	45.9	2.9	36.5	.4	32.7

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-1b. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997 and 1993

		Value			Tons			Ton-miles		Average	miles per	shipment
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number Standard error of			of variation of imber	Standard error of	Coefficient of variation of number		Standard error of	Coefficient of variation		Standard error of	
	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change	1997	1993	percent change
All modes	19.2	5.7	42.1	23.8	8.9	37.3	47.2	9.7	135.6	22.1	6.2	32.7
Single modes	9.3	6.4	17.0	25.2	9.5	40.3	48.1	10.3	142.8	17.4	11.6	14.7
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	8.7 8.5 13.4	6.4 11.6 6.4	15.1 25.3 16.6	30.2 16.9 47.4	10.4 20.4 8.4	41.3 29.3 68.3	12.1 12.4 39.0	9.6 13.4 15.8	19.0 24.1 44.2	18.0 S 17.3	9.5 16.9 10.9	15.5 S 16.5
Rail	48.2	35.9	230.3	S	30.0	s	s	21.0	S	7.4	16.8	28.7
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	47.3 -	S	26.7 S	39.0 —	61.6 S	31.9 S	36.7 S	59.5 S	11.7 S	5.9 S	13.8 S
Multiple modes	s	8.6	s	39.5	37.1	39.8	41.0	27.8	105.4	10.1	5.4	18.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$ 41.0 \$ - -	8.8 36.5 S - -	S 165.9 S - -	45.3 34.9 S - -	24.5 48.4 S - -	151.8 5.2 S - -	\$ 34.6 \$ - -	44.4 46.8 S -	S 35.7 S - -	10.1 30.2 31.6 –	5.4 S 31.6 –	18.5 S 39.7 - -
Other and unknown modes	20.8	15.5	53.5	45.9	34.6	54.4	36.5	39.7	32.2	32.7	s	s

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Table B-1c. Standard Error of Percentage for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: Percent of Total for 1997 and 1993

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation	Value (p	percent)	Tons (p	percent)	Ton-miles (percent)		
wiode of transportation	1997	1993	1997	1993	1997	1993	
All modes	-	-	-	_	-	-	
Single modes	8.2	1.4	3.0	1.9	1.1	1.7	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	7.0 3.4 4.6	2.5 3.1 2.5	6.8 6.0 8.4	4.0 4.4 5.6	11.5 7.3 6.7	6.2 4.0 4.7	
Rail	2.8	1.0	S	3.8	s	6.0	
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
Air (includes truck and air) Pipeline	SS	.9 -	Š	_ _	- S	S	
Multiple modes	s	1.0	.4	.4	.7	.3	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	\$.2 \$ -	.9 .1 S -	.4 S - -	- .4 S - -	\$.2 \$ -	.2 .3 S - -	
Other and unknown modes	.9	.5	2.9	1.9	.4	1.7	

Note: For description of development and uses of measures of reliability, see Appendix B, Reliability of the Estimates.

Table B-2. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Total Modal Activity for the State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Ton-r	miles		
Mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
Total	47.2	-	22.1	
Truck Rail Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	12.1 S - - S	11.6 S - - S	17.8 8.6 - - 31.6	
Air Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Pipeline Other and unknown modes	31.3 S S 36.5	- S S .4	13.0 10.1 S 32.7	

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Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols	Val	lue	То	ns	Ton-r	miles
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
All modes	19.2	_	23.8	_	47.2	_
Less than 50 miles	14.2 14.1 21.9 23.9 37.4	3.2 1.3 1.8 1.6 1.3	36.8 30.2 19.7 16.5 28.2	6.5 2.8 1.4 1.7 .7	49.9 32.9 20.2 22.6 32.2	2.3 1.3 3.7 3.3 1.3
750 to 999 miles	24.0 30.2 17.4 S	1.9 3.5 .2 S	26.8 S 26.5 S	2.6 S - S	27.5 S 26.4 S	5.1 S .2 S
Single modes	9.3	-	25.2	-	48.1	-
Less than 50 miles	17.2 16.4 11.6 14.1 12.9	2.9 1.1 2.0 2.2 .6	39.3 32.8 20.0 18.1 29.1	6.7 3.0 1.6 1.8 .7	\$ 35.5 20.6 23.9 33.1	S 1.4 3.8 3.5 1.3
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	21.8 24.4 32.2 S	2.6 3.2 .2 S	27.3 S 32.7 S	2.8 S - S	28.1 S 32.6 S	5.1 S .2 S
Truck	8.7	-	30.2	-	12.1	-
Less than 50 miles	17.7 17.1 12.8 16.1 12.6	3.0 1.2 1.9 2.1 .7	39.1 34.3 30.1 19.4 16.2	7.3 3.2 2.5 1.2 .8	S 36.6 27.2 19.6 16.1	S 1.8 2.9 2.3 1.5
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	18.5 15.9 32.4 —	2.4 1.8 .2 -	26.3 14.6 32.7 —	2.2 1.1 - -	25.7 15.0 32.6 —	4.0 3.6 .3 —
For-hire truck	8.5	-	16.9	-	12.4	-
Less than 50 miles	25.6 41.5 16.2 15.9 15.5	1.1 1.6 2.6 3.8 1.2	40.1 S 24.1 21.3 17.9	8.8 S 4.4 1.8 1.0	S S 22.9 21.8 17.5	S S 2.7 2.6 1.4
750 to 999 miles	20.7 16.2 33.1 -	3.7 2.4 .3 -	29.5 15.3 32.9 —	2.6 1.9 - -	28.8 15.8 32.7	4.1 3.4 .5
Private truck	13.4	-	47.4	-	39.0	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	19.5 18.3 23.4 23.0 25.5	4.3 1.9 2.8 1.6 .9	48.9 47.0 S 30.3 26.2	4.8 2.0 S 1.5	\$ 48.9 46.6 34.2 27.0	\$ 2.3 3.0 3.2 1.7
750 to 999 miles. 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more.	16.9 34.1 S -	.6 1.2 S -	32.1 28.8 S –	.2 .7 S -	34.3 30.1 S -	2.7 5.2 S –
Rail	48.2	-	S	S	s	S
Less than 50 miles	\$ \$ 46.2 41.9 \$	S S 3.8 4.8 S	S S S 38.7 S	\$ \$ \$ 9.9 \$	\$ \$ \$ 47.1 \$	\$ \$ \$ 6.5 \$
750 to 999 miles	\$ \$ -	\$ \$ - -	38.9 S - -	7.9 S - -	39.5 S - -	8.3 S - -
Water	_	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -
Shallow draft	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbol	Ī		_		_	
Mode of transportation and distance shipped (based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Ton-I Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Single modes—Con.						
Great Lakes	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles		_				_
50 to 99 miles	_	_ _	=	=	_ _	_ _
100 to 249 miles	-	-	_		-	-
250 to 499 miles	_			-	_	
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	-	_	-	-	-	_
1,500 to 1,999 miles	_	_	_ _		_	
Deep draft	_	_	_	_	_	_
Less than 50 miles	_			-	_	
100 to 249 miles	_	_	_	- 1	_	_
500 to 749 miles	=	-	=	=	=	=
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_	_			_	_
2,000 miles or more	_	_	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	26.7	_	31.9	_
Less than 50 miles	_ [_		_	_	=
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	S	- S .8 S 8.3
100 to 249 miles	S 45.3	S 5.2	47.9 S	2.8 S	39.8 S	.8 S
500 to 749 miles	43.3	10.9	37.4	8.3	39.5	8.3
750 to 999 miles	S	S	39.9	5.6	41.2	6.2
1,000 to 1,499 miles	S	S S	45.1 S	10.1 S	S S	6.2 S S S
2,000 miles or more	Š	Š	Š	SS	Š	Š
Pipeline	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	s	S	s	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S	S	S	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$
100 to 249 miles	S	S S	S	S S S	S	S S
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	_	S	S
750 to 999 miles	-	-	-	-	S S	S
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_		_ _		S	\$ \$ \$
2,000 miles or more	-	-	-	=	S	S
Multiple modes	s	s	39.5	-	41.0	-
Less than 50 miles	15.5	1.5	22.4	1.6	24.0	.1
50 to 99 miles	18.9 S	2.0 S	13.5 43.2	1.3 4.4	14.3 S	.3 S
250 to 499 miles	S	S	44.7	2.6	46.6	2.1
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	S
750 to 999 miles	49.4 S	2.6 S	42.3 40.5	1.4 4.8	41.8 37.9	1.2 5.0
1,500 to 1,999 miles	44.9	.8	44.0	.3 S	44.4	1.0
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	S	S
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	45.3	-	s	S
Less than 50 miles	15.5	1.6	22.5	1.8	24.0	.2
50 to 99 miles	18.9 S	2.2 S	13.7 43.2	1.9 4.7	14.6 S	.4 S
250 to 499 miles	S	S	44.7	3.0	46.6	2.8 S
500 to 749 miles	S	S	S	S	S	
750 to 999 miles	S	S S	S	S	S S	S S
1,500 to 1,999 miles	45.1	.8	44.9	.4	45.0	1.4
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S	S	S
Truck and rail	41.0	-	34.9	-	34.6	-
Less than 50 miles	s	S	s	S	S	S
50 to 99 miles	S	S S	S	S S	S S	\$ \$ \$
250 to 499 miles	-	-	-	5 -	-	3 -
500 to 749 miles	_	_	_	-	-	_
750 to 999 miles	44.0	1.7	44.0	2.0	45.8	1.5
1,000 to 1,499 miles	41.4	1.6	34.6	2.0	34.2	1.5
2,000 miles or more	_	-	_	_	-	_
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s
Less than 50 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 miles	_	-	=	=	-	_
100 to 249 miles		_ _	_ _	-	_	_ _
500 to 749 miles	-	-	_	-	_	-
750 to 999 miles	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 1,499 miles	_ S	S	- 0	- 9	_ g	S
2,000 miles or more	S	S	S	S S	S S	Š

Table B-3. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Distance Shipped for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Mode of transportation and distance shipped	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-r	miles
(based on Great Circle Distance)	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage
Multiple modes - Con.						
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	_	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	_ - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
750 to 999 miles 1,000 to 1,499 miles 1,500 to 1,999 miles 2,000 miles or more	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -
Other multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	_
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - - - -	_ _ _
750 to 999 miles	- - -	- -	- -	- -	- - - -	- - -
Other and unknown modes	20.8	-	45.9	-	36.5	-
Less than 50 miles 50 to 99 miles 100 to 249 miles 250 to 499 miles 500 to 749 miles	25.3 S 33.2 43.0 S	9.3 S 2.1 2.8 S	88888	5555	49.4 S S S S	13.1 S S S S
750 to 999 miles	\$ \$ \$ \$	S S S	\$ \$ \$ \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	S S S S	S S S

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
All modes	19.2	_	23.8	-	47.2	-	22.1
Less than 50 lb	7.8 44.7 S 33.7 17.5	1.5 1.2 S .8 .4	13.2 16.1 21.3 46.0 S	- .4 - S	14.0 S 48.8 22.6 11.9	S .7 -	25.1 25.6 23.8 49.9 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	11.5 12.0 17.5 42.2	3.4 4.3 1.1 2.9	41.2 16.9 25.4 39.6	1.0 3.9 4.3 5.9	6.2 11.5 24.9 S	1.3 7.0 3.7 S	S 21.1 19.1 38.2
Single modes Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	9.3 11.9 19.1 19.1 17.1 20.6	- .5 .3 1.6 .5 .5	25.2 20.8 17.7 23.9 S	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	48.1 15.7 17.2 9.2 15.2 12.7	- - .1 - -	17.4 13.4 22.4 18.1 42.9 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	11.9 13.6 20.1 45.2	2.9 3.6 1.2 3.0	41.5 17.3 27.0 42.0	1.1 4.6 4.4 6.7	6.5 11.6 26.4 S	1.4 7.2 3.9 S	\$ 26.5 19.5 39.8
Truck	8.7	-	30.2	-	12.1	-	18.0
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	11.3 19.2 21.6 14.7 21.1	.5 .3 1.8 .4 .5	21.0 17.7 24.0 S S	.1 .1 .1 S	14.1 17.1 9.3 15.6 12.9	- - - .1	12.1 22.7 18.9 44.3 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	12.8 13.4 22.2 19.2	2.7 3.9 1.5 .3	42.0 18.2 27.2 S	1.3 4.2 3.9 S	6.7 11.9 28.9 47.5	1.5 4.1 3.7 1.9	\$ 26.8 17.9 \$
For-hire truck	8.5	-	16.9	-	12.4	-	s
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	22.9 28.9 32.8 22.7 30.1	.5 .3 2.3 .6 .5	31.8 27.5 17.9 17.3 15.0	.2 - - -	17.9 21.4 15.3 20.7 16.3	- - .1 .1	\$ 46.2 10.9 12.7 10.0
1,000 to 9,999 lb	11.3 16.0 37.0 46.9	3.7 5.1 2.3 .5	11.1 16.1 24.1 36.8	.6 3.9 5.1 1.2	10.0 15.2 31.3 24.3	1.4 3.6 3.5 1.0	9.7 13.6 18.2 S
Private truck	13.4	-	47.4	-	39.0	-	17.3
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	9.9 22.5 19.3 26.4 31.1	1.2 .7 1.3 .6 .5	15.2 23.5 27.7 S S	.1 .7 S S	17.9 23.1 20.6 33.0 20.2	- .1 .3 .3 .3	10.5 21.4 19.8 40.3 S
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	22.4 15.2 29.3 37.6	2.7 4.2 1.7 .7	48.2 32.8 46.1 S	1.8 7.2 6.0 S	17.9 27.3 S S	3.0 6.6 S S	\$ 39.6 17.4 \$
Rail	48.2	-	s	S	s	S	7.4
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 50 to 749 lb 500 to 749 lb 500 to 799 lb	- - - -	- - - -	1 1 1 1	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb 10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb 100,000 lb or more	45.7 S S	2.4 S S	- S S S	- SSS	49.5 S S	- .3 S S	40.7 45.5 5.8
Water	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _
Shallow draft	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb 50 to 99 lb 100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb 750 to 999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	1111	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -
1,000 to 9,999 lb	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc	Val	ue	To	ins	Ton-miles		
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Single modes—Con.							
Great Lakes	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
50 to 99 lb	_			_ _	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_		_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	-		_ _		-	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	=	=	=	=	=	_	=
Deep draft	-	_	-	_	-	_	_
Less than 50 lb	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
50 to 99 lb	_	_ _	-	_ _	_	_	
500 to 749 lb			1 1	_ _	-		_ _
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_					_	
100,000 lb or more	-	_	_	-	_	_	-
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	26.7	-	31.9	-	11.7
Less than 50 lb	40.1 39.6	11.0 3.1	35.3 42.2	7.9 2.8	36.1 38.5	9.6 1.9	11.1 24.5
100 to 499 lb 500 to 749 lb	S	S	33.0 45.1	9.8 4.2	38.8	10.4 S	23.8 28.6
750 to 999 lb	Š	Š	45.1 S	\$.2 S	S S	Š	30.2
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	41.3	9.7	41.5	9.0	23.2
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	-	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
100,000 lb or more	s	s	- S	- S	- S	s	s
Pipeline	3	3	-	_			
50 to 99 lb] =	=	_	_	386	S S S	S
100 to 499 lb	_	_ _	-	_ _	<i>\$688</i>	S S S	S S S S S S
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_			
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S S	S S	S S	S S	S S	S	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_		-		S	S S S S	S S S S S
Multiple modes	s	s	39.5	_	41.0	_	10.1
Less than 50 lb	12.1	11.5	12.3	5.7	18.9	6.2	11.5
50 to 99 lb	S S	S S	37.1 S	3.4 S	S S	S S	14.2 13.6
500 to 749 lb	SS	S S	S 31.3	S S .2	S 38.4	S .8	19.5 34.3
1,000 to 9,999 lb	37.2	.2	S	s	s	s	34.0
10,000 to 49,999 lb	41.7	1.9	43.2	6.2	43.4	9.9	25.8
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	29.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	45.3	_	s	S	10.1
Less than 50 lb	12.1 S	12.4 S	12.3 37.1	9.0 4.0	18.9 S	10.5 S	11.5 14.2
100 to 499 lb	S S	S S S	S S	S S	888	S S S	13.6 19.5
750 to 999 lb	S	Š	31.3	.3	38.4	.9	34.3
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
50,000 to 99,999 lb	_			_ _	-	_	_
Truck and rail	41.0	_	34.9	_	34.6	_	30.2
Less than 50 lb	S	s	S	s	S	s	31.6
50 to 99 lb	_ S	_ S	_ S	_ S	- S	_ S	31.6
500 to 749 lb	1		- 1		-		
1.000 to 9.999 lb	s	S	S	s	S	s	28.1
10,000 to 49,999 lb 50,000 to 99,999 lb	41.7	9.9	43.2	8.9	43.4	9.0	25.8
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	S	S	29.8
Truck and water	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Less than 50 lb	-		-	-		_	_
100 to 499 lb] =	_ _ _	_	_ _ _	-	_	
500 to 749 lb] =		-		_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
10,000 to 49,999 lb	=	_ _		_ _	-	-	
100,000 lb or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table B-4. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Mode of Transportation and Shipment Size for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		To	ns	Ton-	A	
Mode of transportation and shipment size	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
Multiple modes—Con.							
Rail and water	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less than 50 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50 to 99 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
100 to 499 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
500 to 749 lb	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
750 to 999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
1,000 to 9,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
10,000 to 49,999 lb	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
50,000 to 99,999 lb	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
100,000 lb or more	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Other and unknown modes	20.8	-	45.9	-	36.5	-	32.7
Less than 50 lb	24.9	5.2	26.7	.9	26.7	.2	s
50 to 99 lb	26.6	1.1	26.2	.6	28.5	.2 .2 .5	\$ \$ \$ \$
100 to 499 lb	28.4	3.2	27.6	2.0	25.1	.5	S
500 to 749 lb	S S	S	46.5	.7	S	S	S
750 to 999 lb	s	S	48.4	.2	S	S	39.7
1.000 to 9.999 lb	40.3	4.3	32.8	6.6	32.0	6.4	S
10,000 to 49,999 lb	S	S	43.8	8.5	41.0	12.4	S
50,000 to 99,999 lb	S	S	S	S	S	S	30.3
100,000 lb or more	S	S	S	S	37.5	12.6	41.3

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-5. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity for State of Origin: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

			Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
SCTG code	Commodity description	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
	All commodities	19.2	-	23.8	-	47.2	-	22.1	
01 02 03 04 05	Live animals and live fish Cereal grains Other agricultural products Animal feed and products of animal origin, n.e.c. Meat, fish, seafood, and their preparations	\$ 48.0 28.6 26.2 30.7	S 2.9 1.1 .4 2.8	\$ \$ 28.2 40.0 32.2	S S 3.1 .5 .8	S S S 21.4 27.8	\$ \$ \$.7 2.2	31.6 45.7 20.9 S 14.0	
06 07 08 09 10	Milled grain products and preparations, and bakery products Other prepared foodstuffs and fats and oils Alcoholic beverages Tobacco products Monumental or building stone	46.7 32.2 41.5 42.1 S	.5 2.6 .3 .1 S	49.3 46.1 S 46.8 S	.1 2.2 S - S	39.7 35.6 S S	.4 2.6 S S	\$ \$ 27.6 19.5 \$	
11 12 13 14 15	Natural sands Gravel and crushed stone Nonmetallic minerals n.e.c. Metallic ores and concentrates Coal	\$ \$ 23.1 42.1 \$	S S .1 .2 S	S S 15.8 39.4 S	S S 1.3 - S	\$ \$ 15.0 45.2 \$	S S 4.6 - S	36.8 20.6 17.1 26.5 31.6	
17 18 19 20 21	Gasoline and aviation turbine fuel. Fuel oils. Coal and petroleum products, n.e.c. Basic chemicals Pharmaceutical products	45.1 S 48.8 31.3 41.0	.5 S .9 .3 1.0	42.1 S S 39.5 S	.3 8 8 - 8	\$ \$ \$ 34.9 \$	\$ \$ \$ \$	31.9 45.1 S 45.1 19.5	
22 23 24 25 26	Fertilizers. Chemical products and preparations, n.e.c. Plastics and rubber Logs and other wood in the rough Wood products	41.3 29.8 17.7 S 9.2	.4 .3 .7 S	\$ 39.2 22.3 \$ 13.2	S - - S .8	45.6 47.9 35.6 S 21.3	.1 .1 .2 S 1.7	24.7 22.8 21.3 31.6 24.9	
27 28 29 30 31	Pulp, newsprint, paper, and paperboard Paper or paperboard articles Printed products Textiles, leather, and articles of textiles or leather Nonmetallic mineral products	S 14.6 32.5 23.3	S S .4 .3	S 18.2 40.0 27.6	S S .1 - 4.3	S S 41.9 48.7 32.1	S S .4 .1 2.1	28.3 20.6 S 9.6 32.0	
32 33 34 35	Base metal in primary or semifinished forms and in finished basic shapes. Articles of base metal. Machinery Electronic and other electrical equipment and components and office equipment.	40.7 32.5 18.0	.7 .6 1.1	24.4 28.8 16.9 49.7	.2 .2 .1	38.6 25.3 17.3	.3 .4 .4	S 17.1 14.4 15.6	
36	Motorized and other vehicles (including parts)	14.6	1.3	15.9	.i	21.2	.2	20.5	
37 38 39	Transportation equipment, n.e.c. Precision instruments and apparatus Furniture, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting fittings, and	S 40.6	S .4	\$ 40.2	S -	S S	S S	29.6 21.1	
40 41 43 	rumfure, mattresses and mattress supports, lamps, lighting littings, and illuminated signs Miscellaneous manufactured products Waste and scrap Mixed freight Commodity unknown	44.8 17.5 44.2 24.1 S	.4 1.5 - .4 S	48.6 S 42.1 29.3 S	- S .2 .1 S	S S 39.4 24.4 S	S S .2 - S	23.1 13.9 28.1 27.5 21.4	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction	Tory text]		1			Τ	
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
ALL COMMODITIES							
Total	19.2	_	23.8	_	47.2	_	22.1
Single modes	9.3	8.2	25.2	3.0	48.1	1.1	17.4
Truck	8.7	7.0	30.2	6.8	12.1	11.5	18.0
For-hire truck Private truck	8.5 13.4	3.4 4.6	16.9 47.4	6.0 8.4	12.4 39.0	7.3 6.7	S 17.3
Rail	48.2	2.8	S	S	s	S	7.4
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	_	_		_	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft							
Air (includes truck and air)	S S	S S	26.7 S	Š	31.9 S	- S	11.7 S
Multiple modes	s	s	39.5	.4	41.0	.7	10.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	45.3	.4	S	S	10.1
Truck and railTruck and water	41.0 S	.2 S	34.9 S	S	34.6 S	.2 S	30.2 31.6
Rail and water	_					_	
Other and unknown modes	20.8	.9	45.9	2.9	36.5	.4	32.7
SCTG 01, LIVE ANIMALS AND LIVE FISH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	_ _ _			_ 	_ _ _		_ _ _
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	_	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail. Truck and water	_	_			_	_	_
Rail and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	S	s	s	S	31.6
SCTG 02, CEREAL GRAINS							
Total	48.0 S	- s	s	s	s	s	45.7 48.2
·							
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	37.3 44.7 40.9	13.9 9.4 9.0	38.1 43.7 44.5	13.1 8.2 8.2	45.2 S 47.6	18.1 S 8.4	47.0 42.1 S
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	23.9
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail] =	_	_	_ _		_	
Rail and water						_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.0
	•	•	•	-	•	•	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduction							T
	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 03, OTHER AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS							
Total	28.6	_	28.2	-	s	s	20.9
Single modes	28.9	13.7	28.3	14.6	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	46.7 S S	15.2 S S	47.4 S S	15.5 S S	S S S	S S S	33.4 36.0 28.6
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	S
Water	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	- S	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	24.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S -	S	S -	S	S	24.3
Truck and water Rail and water	_			_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	=		_	_	_	=	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.7
SCTG 04, ANIMAL FEED AND PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, N.E.C.							
Total	26.2	-	40.0	-	21.4	-	s
Single modes	27.5	3.3	37.8	2.0	24.4	10.9	s
Truck	32.7 35.8 37.8	11.0 9.2 10.6	43.5 32.9 S	10.0 8.7 S	33.2 35.2 37.1	13.8 14.2 4.6	\$ 32.0 \$
Rail	s	s	S	S	s	s	31.2
Water Shallow draft	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft					_ _ _		
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		- S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S S	S S	S	S S	31.6 27.9
Truck and rail. Truck and water	5 -	5 -	- -	- -	5 -	-	27.9
Rail and water Other multiple modes	=	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	42.6	3.1	s	s	45.3	2.5	S
SCTG 05, MEAT, FISH, SEAFOOD, AND THEIR PREPARATIONS							
Total	30.7	_	32.2	-	27.8	_	14.0
Single modes	30.8	.2	32.2	_	27.8	_	13.9
Truck	30.2 32.7 24.5	1.0 4.5 4.8	31.4 34.0 23.6	1.2 4.8 5.1	26.5 28.4 38.9	2.3 4.3 4.3	14.0 13.2 23.0
Rail	s	S	S	S	S	S	25.9
Water			_ _	_ _	-		
Great Lakes Deep draft		_	=		=	=	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	27.9
Truck and water Rail and water	_		-		-	_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	49.8	.1	47.2	_	s	s	32.9

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduce			_				
	Val	ue	Тс	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 06, MILLED GRAIN PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, AND BAKERY PRODUCTS							
Total	46.7	_	49.3	-	39.7	-	s
Single modes	46.8	.5	49.4	.4	39.8	.9	s
Truck	46.8 40.7 S	.5 12.8 S	49.4 35.7 S	.4 13.6 S	39.8 40.8 S	.9 15.7 S	S 26.1 S
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.6
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes					_ _		
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 07, OTHER PREPARED FOODSTUFFS AND FATS AND OILS							
Total	32.2	_	46.1	_	35.6	_	s
Single modes	32.2	-	46.1	_	35.6	-	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	32.3 S 46.5	1.2 S 15.3	49.2 S S	4.7 S S	42.2 S S	7.5 S S	\$ 25.7 \$
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.7
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_				_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.8
Truck and rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 08, ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES							
Total	41.5	_	s	s	s	s	27.6
Single modes	22.3	12.4	25.5	19.8	s	s	28.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	23.2 - 23.7	13.0 - 12.7	\$ - \$	S - S	\$ - S	\$ - \$	28.8 - 29.3
Rail	s	s	s	s	s	S	25.7
Water Shallow draft Great Large	=				_	=	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_					=	
Air (includes truck and air)	_				s	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	- S	s	- S	s	31.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.5

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[For expianation or terms and meaning or abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 09, TOBACCO PRODUCTS							
Total	42.1	_	46.8	_	s	s	19.5
Single modes	42.1	_	46.8	-	s	s	19.5
Truck	42.1	-	46.8	-	s	s	19.5
For-hire truck Private truck	42.1	_	46.8	_	s	s	19.5
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	_	_
Water		_ _		_ _		_ _	
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _				_ _
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _		s	s	Š
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	-		-	_	-	_ _
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_ _
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCTG 10, MONUMENTAL OR BUILDING STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	<i>SSS</i>	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S
Rail	s	s	S	s	s	S	28.2
Water	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
Great Lakes Deep draft	= =	=	=	=	_ _ _		
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _		_ _		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Truck and rail Truck and water	=	_	-	_	_		
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_	_	-		_	_	
Other and unknown modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
SCTG 11, NATURAL SANDS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	36.8
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	43.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	888	S S S	S S S	\$ \$ \$	43.4 27.1 S
Rail	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	_		_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	-	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)Pipelline			_ _		_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	-	_	_ _	-	_
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _ _	_ _ _					_ _ _
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 12, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.6
Truck	S	S	s	S	S	s	20.6
For-hire truck Private truck	42.1 S	12.6 S	41.2 S	11.8 S	41.0 S	16.0 S	34.7 24.2
Rail	s	S	s	S	S	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_		_				_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _		_ _		_ _
Air (includes truck and air)	=		_ _		s	s	S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	-	-	_		-	-	_
Truck and water Rail and water	_	_			_ _	_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	_	-	-	_
SCTG 13, NONMETALLIC MINERALS N.E.C.							
Total	23.1	_	15.8	_	15.0	_	17.1
Single modes	23.2	.3	15.9	.6	15.2	.7	15.8
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	33.4 17.9 S	6.2 6.6 S	17.3 14.6 S	7.6 4.5 S	16.9 16.7 43.2	9.4 3.9 10.5	24.9 14.7 31.2
Rail	16.3	6.1	17.0	7.6	17.2	9.4	10.6
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	- -		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Pipeline	-	_	_	_	S	S	S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Truck and water		_	_	_ _	-	_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	S	S	S	s
SCTG 14, METALLIC ORES AND CONCENTRATES							
Total	42.1	_	39.4	_	45.2	_	26.5
Truck	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
For-hire truck Private truck	=	_	_ _		<u>-</u> -	_	_ _
Rail	_	_	_	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr		_	_ _	_	-	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _		_ _		- -		- -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	- s	s
Multiple modes	42.1	_	39.4	_	45.2	_	26.5
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	42.1	_	39.4	_	45.2	_	26.5
Truck and water Rail and water	<u> </u>	_	_	-	-	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_		_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		т.		Ton-miles		
	Vai	ue T	10	ons	TOTI-	miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment – coefficient of variation
SCTG 15, COAL							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck	s	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
For-hire truck Private truck	S	S	S	S	S	S	31.6
Rail	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow draft	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	
Great Lakes					_ _		
Air (includes truck and air)					- S	s	Š
Multiple modes	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_ _	_	_
Truck and rail] =		_	_	_		
Rail and water	_	_				_	
Other and unknown modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
SCTG 17, GASOLINE AND AVIATION TURBINE FUEL							
Total	45.1	_	42.1	_	s	s	31.9
Single modes	45.4	1.4	42.2	1.3	s	s	s
Truck . For-hire truck . Private truck .	45.4 S 45.5	1.4 S 2.2	42.2 S 42.4	1.3 S 2.0	S S S	S S S	S 31.6 S
Rail	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	=	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	- s	- S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_	_	_		_	_	
Rail and water	_		_		_		_ _
Other and unknown modes	47.5	1.4	47.4	1.3	s	s	24.9
SCTG 18, FUEL OILS							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	45.1
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	45.9
Truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	45.9 31.6 S
Rail	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Water	_	_	_	=	=	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)		_ _	_ _		_ S	_ S	- S
Multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	-	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water	<u> </u>	_] =	_ =	_
Rail and water Other multiple modes	<u> </u>	_	_		_ =	_	
Other and unknown modes	47.8	.8	46.4	3.0	s	s	22.7

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T					Т Т	
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 19, COAL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS, N.E.C.							
Total	48.8	_	s	s	s	s	s
Single modes	49.4	4.9	s	s	s	s	s
Truck	s	S	S	S	s	S	s
For-hire truck Private truck	S	S	S	S S S	S	S	29.9 S
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Water	Ξ	_	_	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	=	=	_		=	
Air (includes truck and air)	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	40.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	40.4
Truck and rail	_	_	_		_	_	
Rail and water	Ξ	_			_ _	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3
SCTG 20, BASIC CHEMICALS							
Total	31.3	-	39.5	-	34.9	-	45.1
Single modes	33.8	10.9	42.1	3.1	34.0	4.4	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	33.8 41.3 S	10.9 16.6 S	42.1 41.3 S	3.1 9.9 S	34.0 41.7 S	4.4 16.5 S	\$ 25.8 22.3
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water	_	_	=	-	=	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	=	=	- - -	_ _ _	= =	=	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	=	=	=		_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	27.0	11.1	32.6	2.9	40.3	4.4	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	45.3	13.2	46.7	.8	42.4	1.0	s
Truck and rail	42.7	3.8	42.6	3.0	41.8	5.0	26.1
Rail and water Other multiple modes					_ _		_ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 21, PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS							
Total	41.0	-	s	s	s	s	19.5
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.0
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	28.0 30.9 33.4
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _			_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)		_	_	=	_ S	- s	_ S
Multiple modes	40.1	17.0	37.7	19.1	40.0	17.9	23.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	40.1	17.0	37.7	19.1	40.0	17.9	23.9
Truck and rail . Truck and water	_	_ =	_ =	_		_ =	Ξ.
Rail and water		_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.5

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	Averene miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation	
SCTG 22, FERTILIZERS								
Total	41.3	_	s	s	45.6	_	24.7	
Single modes	49.9	10.1	s	s	46.8	11.0	s	
Truck	49.9	10.1	S	S	46.8	11.0	s	
For-hire truckPrivate truck	49.9	10.1	- S	S	46.8	11.0	S	
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Water	_					_		
Great Lakes Deep draft	_	_	_	_		=		
Air (includes truck and air)	_				S	S	S	
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.1	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S	S	S	S -	S -	S	27.1	
Truck and water Rail and water	=	_		_	=	_	=	
Other multiple modes	Ξ	_	_	_	_	=	_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6	
SCTG 23, CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND PREPARATIONS, N.E.C.								
Total	29.8	-	39.2	-	47.9	-	22.8	
Single modes	32.4	9.8	40.0	6.5	49.1	11.3	s	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	32.4 S 33.5	9.8 S 11.0	40.0 S 40.3	6.5 S 8.6	49.1 S S	11.3 S S	S 46.6	
Rail	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	_ S	_ S	
Multiple modes	48.6	8.3	s	s	s	s	24.4	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	48.6	8.3	s	S	s	S	24.4	
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	_		_		
Rail and water	_					_		
Other and unknown modes	37.7	3.7	s	s	s	s	32.5	
SCTG 24, PLASTICS AND RUBBER								
Total	17.7	-	22.3	-	35.6	_	21.3	
Single modes	17.4	7.5	25.1	6.9	38.1	9.1	16.5	
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	17.8 18.9 23.8	7.6 7.5 3.9	25.1 31.9 23.3	6.9 10.2 4.5	38.1 40.0 27.3	9.1 12.5 5.1	16.1 18.4 16.5	
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	=	_ _ _	
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	30.2 S	
Multiple modes	38.5	7.3	23.4	5.7	33.7	9.0	17.7	
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.6	7.3	23.8	5.7	34.6	9.0	17.7	
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water	S - - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	S - -	31.6 - -	
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	
Other and unknown modes	l s	S	s	S	S	S	20.5	

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 25, LOGS AND OTHER WOOD IN THE ROUGH							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	\$ \$ \$	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	31.6 31.6 31.6
Rail	-	-	_	-	_	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _				_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _
Rail and water	_ _			_		=	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 26, WOOD PRODUCTS							
Total	9.2	-	13.2	-	21.3	-	24.9
Single modes	9.5	2.3	13.4	2.1	20.0	3.0	27.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	9.7 18.7 19.5	2.9 6.9 7.7	13.5 15.8 32.3	2.7 7.1 8.2	19.7 22.3 S	3.9 5.5 S	27.3 11.4 8.2
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	S	28.4
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s -	s	S	30.8
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _	-				_	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	S	s	S	s	33.0
SCTG 27, PULP, NEWSPRINT, PAPER, AND PAPERBOARD Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	28.3
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.4
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S 50.0	S S 9.6	49.2 S 48.2	15.9 S 16.5	26.0 28.9 24.7
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft	_ _					_	
Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _					_	
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	32.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	32.6
Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

To explanation of terms and meaning of appreviations and symbols, see introduc-	Value		Tons		Ton-miles		
0070	Vai	I	10		1011-	-Times	Average miles
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 28, PAPER OR PAPERBOARD ARTICLES							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	20.6
Truck	s	S	S	S S	S	S	20.6
For-hire truck Private truck	S 36.6	S 11.2	36.2	11.7	40.4	15.7	21.4 14.1
Rail	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
Water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes	_	_	_ _		_ _	_	_
Deep draft	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Air (includes truck and air)	_		_ _		_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	40.5	2.4	46.0	.5	s	s	30.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	39.0	2.1	S	s	s	S	30.0
Truck and rail	S	S	S	S -	S S	S	31.6
Rail and water	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	S	s	S	s
SCTG 29, PRINTED PRODUCTS							
Total	14.6	_	18.2	-	41.9	-	s
Single modes	21.1	9.2	21.8	9.3	44.7	11.8	42.7
Truck	21.2 18.3	9.2 9.3	21.9 24.6	9.2 10.7	45.2 47.9	11.8 13.3	43.0 S
Private truck	S	S	33.8	3.6	S	S	23.9
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Shallow dr] =	=	=	=	=	=	=
Great Lakes	_	_	_ _		_ _	_	
Air (includes truck and air)	s	S	S	S -	S	S	29.0 S
Multiple modes	43.2	8.5	s	s	s	s	31.3
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	43.2	8.5	s	s	s	s	31.3
Truck and rail	45.2	- 0.5	_	_	-	-	- 51.5
Truck and water	_	_		_	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	-	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
SCTG 30, TEXTILES, LEATHER, AND ARTICLES OF TEXTILES OR LEATHER							
Total	32.5	_	40.0	_	48.7	_	9.6
Single modes	37.3	11.6	42.0	10.1	s	s	21.6
Truck	37.3	11.6 S	42.0 S	10.1 S	S S S	S	21.6 15.6
Private truck	Š	Š	Š	Š	Š	S	S
Rail	-	_	-	-	=	-	_
Water	_		-		_ _	_	
Great Lakes Deep draft			_ _		_ _	_	_ _
Air (includes truck and air)			_ _	-	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	38.8	11.3	32.5	10.1	34.3	16.4	9.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	38.8	11.3	32.5	10.1	34.3	16.4	9.9
Truck and rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truck and water Rail and water Chee multiple modes] =	_	-		=	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	=	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	48.6	2.4	41.8	.4	s	s	s

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduct	Value		Тс	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 31, NONMETALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS							
Total	23.3	_	27.6	_	32.1	_	32.0
Single modes	23.5	.4	27.6	-	32.1	_	38.9
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	20.3 22.3 29.5	2.8 8.1 7.7	23.7 28.0 31.7	4.7 10.1 8.1	26.7 23.3 38.4	12.4 10.4 5.3	40.9 S 44.3
Rail	s	S	s	s	s	s	28.2
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_ S
Pipeline	33.3	.3	36.4	_	S 39.2	s -	25.0
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	33.3	.3	36.4		39.2	_	25.0
Truck and rail	-		-	_	-	_	
Rail and water Other multiple modes	_ _					_	
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 32, BASE METAL IN PRIMARY OR SEMIFINISHED FORMS AND IN FINISHED BASIC SHAPES							
Total	40.7	_	24.4	_	38.6	_	s
Single modes	43.0	9.6	26.0	10.0	38.7	9.6	33.6
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	43.0 41.2 43.4	9.6 9.7 14.1	26.0 S 25.9	10.1 S 13.2	38.7 49.5 38.9	10.8 10.0 15.2	35.1 35.6 36.8
Rail	_	_	-	-	_	-	=
Water	-	_	-	-	-	-	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	s -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	30.1 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	S
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _					_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other and unknown modes	s	s	S	S	S	S	30.5
SCTG 33, ARTICLES OF BASE METAL							
Total	32.5	_	28.8	_	25.3	_	17.1
Single modes	36.3	5.0	27.0	2.0	25.8	1.9	16.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	36.3 26.6 S	5.0 7.6 S	27.0 27.8 34.3	2.0 8.5 8.3	25.8 28.4 32.4	1.9 6.0 5.7	16.1 22.5 17.7
Rail	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - - -	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air).	S	S -	S -	S -	S	S	30.6 S
Multiple modes	41.2	2.6	32.9	.9	39.1	.9	14.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	41.2	2.6	32.9	.9	39.1	.9	14.8
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	_ _ _ _		- - -
Other and unknown modes	40.6	4.1	s	s	s	s	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

	Value Value		То	ons	Ton-miles		
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 34, MACHINERY							
Total	18.0	_	16.9	_	17.3	_	14.4
Single modes	16.4	4.0	19.3	3.7	21.6	7.1	20.3
Truck . For-hire truck Private truck	16.3 18.3 26.9	4.1 5.8 4.8	19.1 19.4 29.5	3.7 5.9 5.4	20.9 21.1 33.3	6.7 7.1 1.6	18.1 7.6 24.8
Rail	s	S	s	S	s	s	28.0
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S S	29.5 S
Multiple modes	44.8	4.0	37.9	3.9	39.0	7.1	15.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	S 42.0	S 2.8	41.2 41.5	1.0 3.4	41.2 41.9	.6 7.1	15.9 25.8
Truck and water Rail and water	_ _				_	_	
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	s	s	-
Other and unknown modes SCTG 35, ELECTRONIC AND OTHER ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND COMPONENTS AND OFFICE EQUIPMENT	30.5	1.1	31.7	.7	3	5	20.7
Total	s	s	49.7	_	s	s	15.6
Single modes	24.3	15.6	19.7	18.3	31.4	19.1	19.5
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	27.8 32.2 13.6	13.1 9.1 6.0	20.0 34.0 17.4	17.8 7.5 13.4	33.5 37.1 37.1	17.6 9.7 11.5	25.3 17.5 17.9
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S	48.0	1.1	S	S	15.2 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	9.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S -	S -	S -	S -	S	9.7
Truck and vater Rail and water	=				=		_ _ _
Other multiple modes	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
Other and unknown modes SCTG 36, MOTORIZED AND OTHER VEHICLES (INCLUDING PARTS)	29.4	1.6	29.9	1.9	s	s	S
Total	14.6	_	15.9	_	21.2	_	20.5
Single modes	18.3	7.9	20.2	8.2	28.5	9.8	s
Truck . For-hire truck Private truck	18.2 32.0 18.8	7.8 6.8 5.7	20.1 32.1 20.7	8.2 7.3 5.6	28.4 31.6 32.9	9.8 11.7 7.4	S 14.5 24.7
Rail	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes	- - -	- - -	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ S	S	- S	S	S	S	28.0
Pipeline	32.2	2.3	46.9	1.2	36.9	S 2.3	S 19.7
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	32.2	2.3	46.9	1.2	36.9	2.3	19.7
Truck and rail Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	- - -		- - - -	- - -	- - - -		
Other and unknown modes	s	s	35.3	8.5	s	s	s

Table B-6. **Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997**—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc							
	Val	ue	То	ns	Ton-	-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
SCTG 37, TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, N.E.C.							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.6
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	29.6
Truck	s	S	s	S	S	S	29.6
For-hire truck Private truck	S S	S S	S S	S S S	S S	S S	29.8 31.4
Rail	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Water	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Shallow draft	_				_	_	_
Deep draft	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	S -	S -	S S	S	31.6 S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	30.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	S	30.1
Truck and rail	-	_	_	_	_	-	- 30.1
Truck and water	_		_	_ _		_	_
Other multiple modes	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6
SCTG 38, PRECISION INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS							
Total	40.6	_	40.2	_	s	s	21.1
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	s
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S 44.5	S S 13.1	S S 49.9	S S 13.4	S 33.8 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	- S	- S
Multiple modes	43.9	11.1	46.3	14.0	s	s	23.6
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	43.9	11.1	46.3	14.0	s	s	23.6
Truck and railTruck and water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_	_	_	_ _	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	49.5
SCTG 39, FURNITURE, MATTRESSES AND MATTRESS SUPPORTS, LAMPS, LIGHTING FITTINGS, AND ILLUMINATED SIGNS					-		
Total	44.8	_	48.6	_	s	s	23.1
Single modes	46.8	5.5	49.6	5.8	s	s	24.0
Truck	46.8 S 46.3	5.5 S 17.2	49.6 S 27.5	5.8 S 18.6	S S S	S S S	24.0 23.5 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)				_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes		s	s	s	s	s	26.4
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	S	s	s	s	S	26.4
Truck and rail. Truck and water] =					_	_
Rail and water] =	_	_	_] -	[=	
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	37.5

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997—Con.

[1 of explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introduc-			_		_		
	Val	ue	To	ons	Ton-	-miles	A
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment — coefficient of variation
SCTG 40, MISCELLANEOUS MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS							
Total	17.5	_	s	s	s	s	13.9
Single modes	23.6	6.0	48.5	2.4	s	s	46.7
Truck	23.8	6.0	48.7	2.3	s	s	47.8
For-hire truck Private truck	30.2 26.3	9.3 6.2	S 27.2	S 12.3	S 37.6	S 11.9	10.3 S
Rail	S	S	S	S	s	S	31.6
Water Shallow draft	_	_	_ =	_	_	_	_
Great Lakes Deep draft	=		=	=		=	
Air (includes truck and air)	S -	S -	47.2		S	S	25.4 S
Multiple modes	24.0	5.2	8.8	1.9	24.5	3.9	5.9
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	24.2		9.2	1.9	13.5	3.9	5.7
Truck and rail	_	5.1	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and water	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	S -	31.6
Other multiple modes	-	-	_	-	-	_	_
Other and unknown modes	42.9	1.5	s	s	s	s	s
SCTG 41, WASTE AND SCRAP							
Total	44.2	_	42.1	-	39.4	-	28.1
Single modes	44.2	-	42.1	-	39.4	_	28.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	48.5 39.5 S	4.1 8.2 S	43.2 S S	5.3 S S	43.6 47.8 S		29.8 33.5 28.1
Rail	40.5	4.1	42.6	5.3	41.6	7.0	26.2
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	- - -	=	- - -	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)					_ S	- S	_ S
Multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Truck and rail	_	_		_	_	_	_
Rail and water	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Other multiple modes	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
SCTG 43, MIXED FREIGHT							
	24.1		29.3		24.4		27.5
Total	24.1	.1	29.3	_	24.4	_	38.3
•							
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	24.1 S 23.8	.1 S 1.8	29.3 S 30.4	S 2.4	24.4 S 24.6	S 1.5	38.3 33.4 40.5
Rail	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Water	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _		_ _ _	_ _ _	_ _ _
Air (includes truck and air)	_		_		_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.1
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier	s	s	s	s	s	s	27.1
Truck and rail Truck and water	-	-			_	-	
Rail and water] =	_	_	-	_] =	_
Other multiple modes		_		-	_	_	00.0
Other and unknown modes	s	S	s	S	s	S	29.8

Table B-6. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by Two-Digit Commodity and Mode of Transportation for State of Origin: 1997-Con.

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		To	Tons		Ton-miles	
SCTG code, description, and mode of transportation	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Average miles per shipment— coefficient of variation
COMMODITY UNKNOWN							
Total	s	s	s	s	s	s	21.4
Single modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	33.1
Truck For-hire truck Private truck	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	S S S	33.1 26.5 S
Rail	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Water Shallow draft Great Lakes Deep draft	_ _ _ _	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Air (includes truck and air)	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ _	_ S	_ S	_ S
Multiple modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	24.8
Parcel, U.S. Postal Service or courier Truck and rail. Truck and water Rail and water Other multiple modes	S - - - -	S	S - - - -	S - - - -	\$ - - -	S	24.8 - - - -
Other and unknown modes	s	s	s	s	s	s	31.6

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-7. Measures of Reliability for Shipment Characteristics by State of Destination for State of Origin: 1997

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of destination	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	19.2	-	23.8	-	47.2	_	
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	\$ \$ 28.2 \$ 39.8 44.4	\$ \$ - \$	43.2 43.1 37.3 S 38.1	- - - 8 - 8	41.8 43.6 37.5 S 37.9 S	- - S - S	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey	38.7 31.9 S	.4 .5 S	19.5 41.9 29.8	- .1 .2	20.6 43.3 32.1	.3 .5 .8	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	37.0 41.3 \$ 23.1 31.4	.5 1.4 S .2 .7	26.1 35.0 17.4 27.1 21.6	.4 .2 .4 .5 .5	29.5 37.2 18.2 29.7 24.4	1.0 .3 1.3 1.8 .9	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	19.7 32.2 32.2 S 19.7 15.9 11.5	.8 .3 1.2 S 1.0 .4 4.3	30.0 35.6 25.6 S 22.4 33.3 33.5	2.0 - 1.0 S 1.1 .4 6.4	27.4 35.2 24.6 S 34.9 35.0 31.4	1.0 .1 2.2 S 2.6 .7 4.1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	\$ \$ 30.8 \$ \$ 22.9 \$ \$ 36.2 \$ 31.4 \$ 32.5	\$\$.2 \$ - \$ - 2 -	\$ 31.2 26.0 32.9 36.5 37.4 37.4	\$ \$ - .1 - - .1 \$	S S 31.3 30.6 33.5 44.0 37.7 37.1 S	\$ 3 5 - 4 - 4 \$	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama . Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	23.9 24.9 46.2 16.2	.1 - .3 .1	S S S 19.5	S S S .1	S S S 19.5	\$ \$ \$.4	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	S S S 23.4	\$ \$ \$ 1.0	\$ 30.4 31.6 43.1	S - 1.1	\$ 32.7 30.8 47.5	\$.4 .1 2.3	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	\$ 43.9 34.0 33.4 \$ \$ \$ 41.0 21.8	\$ 5.5 .1 .1 .1 .1 .5 .5 .5 .1.2 .3	45.0 26.4 32.8 S 42.8 35.5 43.5 13.5	- - S - - - .5	45.0 23.8 30.2 S 42.4 36.1 45.7 15.6	.3 .2 - S .1 .1 .2 .4	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska California Hawaii Oregon Washington	\$ 30.2 \$ 40.4 45.8	S .9 S .2 2.2	S 21.1 S 38.6 S	8.2.8 I S	49.2 21.5 S 38.7 S	1.1 S .1 S	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Table B-8. Measures of Reliability for Inbound Shipment Characteristics by State of Origin for State of Destination: 1997

[For explanation of terms and meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

	Value		То	ns	Ton-miles		
State of origin	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	Coefficient of variation of number	Standard error of percentage	
Total	9.2	-	22.3	-	21.0		
NEW ENGLAND STATES							
Connecticut Maine Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island Vermont	18.0 S S 49.7 S S	- ss - ss	\$ \$ \$ 35.8 \$ \$	888 - 88	\$ \$ \$ 34.3 \$ \$	888 - 88	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC STATES							
New Jersey New York Pennsylvania	23.2 21.2 23.7	.2 .3 .2	S S 35.2	S S -	\$ \$ 35.0	S S .2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin	\$ 15.5 32.9 48.8 28.9	S .1 .3 .9 1.5	12.3 S 28.5 36.5 32.7	.3 S .2 - .2	11.7 S 27.2 36.8 24.9	.6 S .5 .3	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL STATES							
lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska North Dakota South Dakota	20.7 11.4 11.1 15.5 20.5 10.2 11.5	1.6 .2 1.3 .1 1.2 .5 2.3	23.5 12.0 S 25.1 17.2 14.0 33.5	1.8 .2 S .1 1.0 .4 5.6	26.6 11.7 22.1 26.9 21.8 18.7 31.4	2.7 .4 2.1 .3 1.1 .5 3.8	
SOUTH ATLANTIC STATES							
Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland North Carolina South Carolina Virginia West Virginia	S - 39.1 23.9 27.6 21.5 45.2 37.8 S	\$ - .4 .1 .2 .1 .1 .8	S - S 25.8 46.8 S S S S S	S - S S S S S	S - S 26.8 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	8 83,88888	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Alabama Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee	S S 46.2 31.7	S S .1 .2	48.8 S 49.5 22.3	- S - -	50.0 S S 21.8	.5 S S .2	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL STATES							
Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	32.4 36.2 19.1 27.9	- - - .4	\$ \$ \$ 22.7	\$ \$ 5	49.4 S S 23.6	.2 S S .3	
MOUNTAIN STATES							
Arizona Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada New Mexico Utah Wyoming	\$ 15.3 \$ 24.3 \$ \$ \$ 19.7 \$	838388 8	S 27.4 29.4 S 45.2 S S	\$ 3 S S S S S S S S S	\$ 28.3 31.3 \$ 49.3 \$ 5 \$ 5	8.6.1.9.1.9.9.9	
PACIFIC STATES							
Alaska. California Hawaii. Oregon Washington	35.7 S 25.0 23.9	1.8 S - .1	31.0 S 36.8 44.5	- .2 S - -	34.6 S 40.4 39.3	1.1 S .2 .5	

Represents data cell equal to zero or less than 1 unit of measure.
 D Denotes figures withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
 S Data do not meet publication standards because of high sampling variability or other reasons.

Appendix C. Sample Design, Data Collection, and Estimation

INTRODUCTION

The primary goal for the 1997 Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) is to estimate shipping volumes (value, tons, and ton-miles) by commodity and mode of transportation at varying levels of geographic detail. A detailed description of the sample design for the 1997 CFS is provided below.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The sample for the 1997 CFS is selected using a stratified three-stage design in which the first-stage sampling units are establishments, the second-stage sampling units are groups of four 1-week periods (reporting weeks) within the survey year, and the third-stage sampling units are shipments.

First Stage

To create the first-stage sampling frame, we extracted a subset of establishment records from the 1995 Standard Statistical Establishment List (SSEL). The SSEL is a database, maintained by the Bureau of the Census, that contains a record for each establishment with employees. (An establishment is a single physical location where business transactions take place.) Establishments having nonzero payroll in 1994 and classified in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, or selected retail industries, as defined by the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, are included on the sampling frame. Auxiliary establishments (e.g. warehouses and central administrative offices) with shipping activity are also included. Auxiliary establishments are establishments that are primarily involved in rendering support services for other establishments within the same company, instead of for the public, government, or other business firms. All other establishments contained on the sampling frame are referred to as nonauxiliary establishments. For each establishment we extracted sales, payroll, number of employees, name and address information, as well as a primary identifier. We also computed a measure of size for each establishment. The measure of size for a particular establishment is designed to approximate the establishment's total value of shipments for 1994.

To reduce the amount of sampling variability and because estimates are desired for each commodity, we used a stratified design with a certainty component for each three-digit SIC. To accomplish this, each establishment on the sampling frame is classified into a three-digit

SIC grouping. For each group of establishments, a boundary (or cutoff) that divides the certainty establishments from the noncertainty establishments is determined using the Lavallee-Hidiroglou algorithm. If an establishment's measure of size is greater than the cutoff, the establishment is selected "with certainty". Establishments selected "with certainty" were assured of being selected and represented only themselves (i.e., have a selection probability of one and a sampling weight of one). No certainty cutoffs are set for auxiliary establishments because they only make up a small portion of the estimated total value of shipments for all establishments on the sampling frame.

Establishments not selected with certainty makeup the noncertainty universe. We stratify the noncertainty universe by SIC recode, National Transportation Analysis Region (NTAR), and a flag used to differentiate auxiliary establishments from nonauxiliary establishments. Each SIC recode is constructed from a group of related three-digit SIC codes. The NTARs, developed by the Department of Transportation as combinations of Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Areas, collectively provide a mutually exclusive and exhaustive coverage of the United States. Finally, the auxiliary stratification came about because establishments with different types of operation may have different shipping practices. We refer to a particular SIC recode-NTAR-auxiliary flag combination as a primary stratum.

We further stratify the noncertainty establishments within each primary stratum using the measure of size previously described. We refer to these measure-of-size strata as substrata of the primary strata. The measure of size stratification increases the efficiency of the sample design. The Dalenius-Hodges cumulative rule is used to set the substratum boundaries. We then use Neyman allocation to determine the sample size required within each substratum to meet a coefficient of variation constraint on the primary stratum total measure of size. Within each substratum, a simple random sample of establishments is selected without replacement.

To arrive at the final sample size, we allocated additional establishments to some of the strata so that the probability of selecting any establishment is no less than 1 in 100. In total, the first-stage sample comprises 102,739 establishments.

Second Stage

The frame for the second stage of sampling consists of 52 one-week reporting periods (reporting weeks) during the interval from December 29, 1996, to December 26,

1997. Each establishment selected for the 1997 CFS was systematically assigned to report for a group of four reporting weeks throughout the survey year. The four reporting weeks in a given group are separated by 12 weeks. For example, an establishment might be requested to report data for the 5th, 18th, 31st, and 44th weeks of the survey year.

Third Stage

For each of the four reporting weeks in which an establishment is asked to report, we request the respondent to construct a sampling frame that consists of all shipments made by their establishment in each particular reporting week. For any particular reporting week, if an establishment makes 40 or fewer shipments during that week, we ask the respondent to provide information about all of their establishment's shipments from that week, i.e., no sampling is required. For establishments making more than 40 shipments in a given reporting week, we ask the respondent to select a systematic sample of these shipments and to provide us with information only about the selected shipments. The size of a particular respondent's sample for a given reporting week should be between 20 and 40 shipments, depending on the total number of shipments the establishment made during that reporting week.

DATA COLLECTION

Each establishment selected into the CFS sample is mailed a questionnaire for each of its four reporting weeks. For a given establishment, we request the respondent to provide the following information about their establishment's shipments: domestic destination or port of exit, commodity, value, weight, mode(s) of transportation, the date on which the shipment was made, and an indication of whether the shipment was an export, hazardous material, or containerized. For shipments that include more than one commodity, respondents are instructed to report the commodity that makes up the greatest percentage of the shipment's weight. For exports, we also ask the respondent to provide the mode of export and the foreign destination city and country.

We used two versions of the questionnaire to collect data from the sampled establishments—the CFS-1000 and the CFS-2000. Each establishment received the CFS-1000 in each of its first three reporting weeks. However, for the fourth reporting week, a subsample of approximately 25,000 establishments received the CFS-2000, while the remaining establishments received the CFS-1000. The CFS-2000 requests the respondent to provide additional information about their establishment's access to on-site and off-site shipping facilities, as well as transportation equipment. See Appendix E for a copy of each questionnaire.

ESTIMATION

Each shipment has associated with it a single tabulation weight, that is used in computing all estimates to which

the shipment contributes. The tabulation weight is a product of seven different weights. A description of each weight follows.

CFS respondents provide data for a sample of shipments made by their respective establishments in the survey year. For each establishment, we produce an estimate of that establishment's total value of shipments for the entire survey year. To do this, we use four different weights, the shipment weight, the shipment nonresponse weight, the quarter weight, and the quarter nonresponse weight.

Like establishments, we identify shipments as either certainty or noncertainty. (See the Nonsampling Error section in Appendix B for a description of how certainty shipments are identified.) For noncertainty shipments, the shipment weight is defined as the ratio of the total number of noncertainty shipments (as reported by the respondent) made by an establishment in a reporting week to the number of sampled noncertainty shipments for the same week. This weight uses the data from the sampled shipments to represent all the establishment's shipments made in the reporting week. However, some respondents fail to provide sufficient information about a sampled shipment. For example, a respondent may not be able to provide value, weight, or a destination ZIP Code for some of the sampled shipments. If these data items cannot be imputed, then these shipments would not contribute to tabulations and are deemed "unusable." (A usable shipment is one that has valid entries for value, weight, and origin and destination ZIP Codes.) To account for these "unusable" shipments, we apply the shipment nonresponse weight. For noncertainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week, this weight is equal to the ratio of the number of sampled shipments for the reporting week to the number of "usable" shipments for the same week. The shipment weight and shipment nonresponse weight for certainty shipments from a particular establishment's reporting week are both equal to one.

The quarter weight inflates an establishment's estimate for a particular reporting week to an estimate for the corresponding quarter. For noncertainty shipments, the quarter weight is equal to 13. The quarter weight for most certainty shipments is also equal to 13. However, if a respondent is able to provide information about all large (or certainty) shipments made in the quarter containing the reporting week, then the quarter weight for each of these shipments would be one. For each establishment, the quarterly estimates are added to produce an estimate of the establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. Whenever an establishment does not provide the Census Bureau with a response for each of its four reporting weeks, we compute a quarter nonresponse weight. The quarter nonresponse weight for a particular establishment is defined as the ratio of the number of

quarters for which the establishment was in business in the survey year to the total number of quarters (reporting weeks) for which we received usable shipment data from the establishment.

Using these four component weights, we compute an estimate of each establishment's value of shipments for the entire survey year. We then multiply this estimate by a weight that adjusts the estimate using value of shipments and sales data obtained from other Census Bureau surveys and preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census. This weight, called the establishment-level adjustment weight, attempts to correct for any sampling or nonsampling errors that occur during the sampling of shipments by the respondent.

The adjusted value of shipments estimate for an establishment is then weighted by the establishment weight. This weight is equal to the inverse of the establishment's probability of being selected into the sample.

A final adjustment weight, called the SIC-level adjustment weight, uses preliminary results of the 1997 Economic Census to account for establishments from which we did not receive a response (including establishments from which we did not receive any usable shipment data) and for changes in the population of establishments between the time the first-stage sampling frame was constructed (1995) and the year in which the data were collected (1997). Separate SIC-level adjustment weights are determined for nonauxiliary and auxiliary establishments.

Appendix D. Standard Classification of Transported Goods Code Information

The commodities shown in this report are classified using the Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) coding system. The SCTG coding system was created jointly by agencies of the United States and Canadian governments based on the Harmonized System (HS) of product classification which is used worldwide. The purpose of the SCTG coding system was to specifically address statistical needs in regard to products transported.

In the past, Commodity Flow Survey (CFS) data have been collected and reported using product classifications found in the Standard Transportation Commodity Classification (STCC) system. These classifications were developed in the early 1960s by the American Association of Railroads (AAR) to analyze commodity movements by rail. The original purpose of the STCC was for identification of commodities for purposes of assigning rates for Interstate Commerce Commission (ICC) regulated rail carriers. The STCC continues to be used by the AAR as a tariff mechanism.

At the time that the Commodity Transportation Survey (CTS) (the CTS—the predecessor of the CFS) was first conducted in 1963, STCC codes were still useful for analyzing most important aspects of the U.S. transportation system. Since then, many changes have taken place that have gradually made the STCC code less useful for tracking domestic product movements across all modes (although

it remains perfectly functional for tracking rail-only movements). These include the deregulation of trucking, the enactment of North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA), changes in logistics practices, the emergence of plastics and composite materials to replace metals and glass, the obsolescence of many categories of wood products, and the very rapid recent development of high-tech electronic goods. Because the CFS is a shipper survey, the CFS collects information about shipments moving on all modes. As a consequence, STCC classifications frequently provide inadequate detail for identifying products that are significant for modes, such as truck and air. It is for these reasons that the Bureau of Transportation Statistics (BTS) has sponsored the development of a new product code to collect and report CFS data.

In 1997 the CFS provided respondents with a listing of SCTG codes and descriptions at the five-digit level to use in assigning a commodity code for each shipment. For shipments of more than one commodity, we instructed respondents to use the five-digit code for the major commodity, defined as the commodity of greatest total weight in the shipment.

Additional information on the SCTG system can be found on the Internet through the BTS web page at http://www.bts.gov. Comments or questions on the SCTG should be directed to http://cfs@bts.gov.

Appendix E. Sample Report Forms and Instructions

The sample report forms and instructions are shown on the following pages.

Note: The CFS-2000 was sent to a subsample of establishments to obtain additional information about the use of transportation equipment and facilities.

FORM **CFS-1000** (11-1-96)

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

	Please return by:									
	RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street									
	Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001				, D,				710.0	
<u></u>	FEORE COMPLETING VOLUB REPORT	.1					rect any error in name, Is this establishmer			$\overline{}$
a a	EFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, I companying instruction guide. If book fig vailable for requested data, please provide	ures are estima	not		Γ	terii C	as the address show rural routes are not	wn in the la	bel? (P0	O boxes or
l na	ave any questions, please call 1–800–772–	/851.				1 🔲 Y	es			
T	nrough this survey, we are requesting data	a on a				2 N	o — Enter physical lo	ocation belo	W. ⊭	
re u:	presentative sample of your outbound shis produce key statistics used by transporta	ipments	s, to he	elp		Numb	er and street			
aı	nd managers. We greatly appréciate your a ogram.									
	ogram.					City t	own, village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
Iter		the			1	City, to	Jwii, viiiage, etc.		State	Zii Code
	mailing address correct?									
	7v				1	shipme	 The rest of this que ents (or deliveries) fror in the mailing label. 	stionnaire re n the establi	equests shment	information about located at the
	」Yes ☑ No — Enter correct name.					lf you e form fo	entered a different add or shipments originatir	ress in item ng from the l	C — Pla ocation	ease complete the listed in item C.
					Ľ	tem D	Please enter the tota (or deliveries), include one-week reporting are not available, please	ding custome period show	er pick-i n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Iter	Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove.			,				shipments this location	and de	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week
l ₁┌	In operation									Please see for a definition of
2	Temporarily or seasonally inactive	Month	Day	Year	L			"shipment		
3	Ceased operation — Give date ———				_	<u>t</u>	DO NOT PROC COMPL	EED UNTIL	YOU I	HAVE
	YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONF	wer the	questi AL. It r	ions an may be	d r se	eturn the	ne report to the Census by Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By oployees and	the sar I may b	ne law,
	only for statistical purposes. Further,	copies i	retaine	d in re	spc	ondents	' tiles are immune froi	m legal proc	ess.	

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate>	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. -

SHIPMENT CHARACTERISTICS Item F If a Shipment Shipment value hazardous Shipment date (excluding Commodity material, Shipment weight shipping costs) code from Commodity description enter the in pounds SCTG Manual Number in whole "UN" or (c) Line dollars "NA" Month number Da) (a) (b) (d) (e) (f) (h) (g) 123-5 4 26 4,235 140 3₁5₁1₂0 Electrical transformers 402H 125,300 00 4 26 626,500 1 | 2 | 0 | 3 Gasoline 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Mode of transport codes Parcel delivery, courier, or U.S. 2 — Private truck 4 - Railroad for columns (k) and (n) Postal Service 3 - For-hire truck Continued

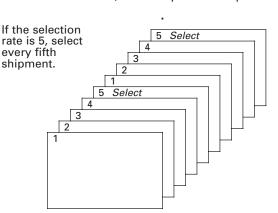
Page 2

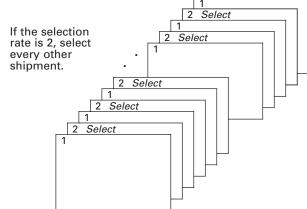
FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

<u> </u>								ı	I	I		_	_
Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination (Complete for all sh a		oments.)			Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j airport, or border c	Export mode	Line No.			
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code			codes below. (k)	(I)	City	Country	(n)	(0)		
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\downarrow}A$	9	0 0) ($0_{1}4_{1}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	$N_{\parallel}Y$	1	0) 4	$1_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
				1									1
				ı	1	1 1							2
				1	1	1 1							3
				1									4
				1									5
													6
													7
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													9
\bigcup	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel		7 – 8 –		ipelir Air	ne	9 — 0 0 — 0			1	<u> </u>		

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page :

lte	m F SHIP	MEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued			
Eine No.	Shipment ID Number	ID shipping costs)		(excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(d)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
17								
18								
19								
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24								
25								
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
31								
32								
33								
34	Mode of tra	nenor	t cod	ae 1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S.	2 — Priv	rate truck 4 — Railro	ad
	for columns	. (k) ai	nd (n)		Service	3 — For-	-hire truck Continued	

Page 4

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

(N/A))	(j)	ation shipment	ts.)	transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border ci	ments only) enter the U.S. port, ossing of exit.	Export mode	oN ori
+	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	⊜ Exp	City	Country	(n)	(0
				(K)	(1)			(11)	Т
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FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

Page 5

lte	m F SHII	PMEN	т сн	ARACTERISTICS — Con	tinued					
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	Shipment date Shipment date (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars (b) (c) 4t Co (d) (d)		Shipment weight in pounds	ξ	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity	description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number	
(a)	(b)	Σ	ă	(d)	(e)	\dashv	(f)	(9	g)	(h)
35										<u> </u>
36							1 1 1 1			
37							1 1 1			
38										
39										
40										
Mc	de of trans	port c	odes		L delivery, courier, or U.S Service	S.		Private truck For-hire truck	4 — Railroad Continued —	
	2. / f	Are the from to f seperate (site) a	n this es o he rec this lo hearate comm t this	ords for outbound ships ocation maintained in a files (e.g., separate file nodity, or for each ships location?	ments number s for ping	ltem (one-wee should restablish An estime Total val	e total value of ship k reporting period. epresent all product ment for the one-value is acceptable. ue in whole dollars to three months did individual shipme er \$2,000,000?	This figure cts leaving this week period.	
	3. \	Noul	d it be ionna ient s es	em G1 or item G2: e easier to receive a sepire for each file or each ite?			□No			
Ite	m J CER	TIFIC	ATIOI	N						
Na	me of perso	on to c	ontac	t regarding this report – <i>Pl</i> o	ease print	Telepl	hone number	– Include area code	Date	
Sig	nature					Title				
/										,

Page 6 FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96)

Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destina (Complete for all s (j)	tion shipmen	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m)			Line No.
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes below.	(I)	City	Country	© Export mode	(0)
									35
									36
									T
									37
									38
									39
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipeli	ino 9	Otho	r mode			40
- - - -									
_									
		THA	ANK YOU FC	R COMPLETII	NG Y	OUR REPORT			

FORM CFS-1000 (11-1-96) Page 7

FORM (6-9-97) CFS-2000

Reporting period:

1997 COMMODITY FLOW SURVEY CENSUS OF TRANSPORTATION

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Please return by:								
RETURN TO BUREAU OF THE CENSUS 1201 East 10th Street Jeffersonville IN 47132-0001			0	lease correct	any error in name,	address and	l ZIP Coo	de)
BEFORE COMPLETING YOUR REPORT, paccompanying instruction guide. If book figure available for requested data, please provide have any questions, please call 1–800–772–7	ures are estimat 7851.	not	ie	Item C Is as rul	this establishmen the address show ral routes are not - Enter physical lo	nt's physica vn in the la physical lo	l location bel? (PC cations	on the same O boxes or
representative sample of your outbound shi us produce key statistics used by transporta and managers. We greatly appreciate your a program. Item A Is the establishment name shown in	pments tion pla assistan	nners		Number an	nd street , village, etc.		State	ZIP Code
mailing address correct? 1 Yes 2 No — Enter correct name.				shipments address in If you enter	he rest of this que: (or deliveries) fron the mailing label. red a different addi ipments originatin	n the establi ress in item	shment C — <i>Ple</i>	ease complete the
				io) on	ease enter the tota r deliveries), include e-week reporting p e not available, ple	ling customo	er pick-u n above	up, for the e. If book figures
Mark (X) the ONE box which best de establishment during the one-week pabove. 1 In operation 2 Temporarily or seasonally inactive			Year			shipments this location reporting	and de on durin period. In Guide	uld reflect all eliveries leaving ng the one-week Please see for a definition of
3 ☐ Ceased operation — Give date →		,		£	DO NOT PROCE COMPL	EED UNTIL		HAVE
YOUR RESPONSE IS REQUIRED B that receive this questionnaire to ans YOUR CENSUS REPORT IS CONFI only for statistical purposes. Further,	wer the o	questi \L. It r	ons and	return the re	eport to the Census Census Bureau em	s Bureau. By iployees and	the san I may be	ne law,

Item E SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS

Our goal in this section is to identify a sample of your shipments that you will provide data on. Through the use of a sample, we can avoid asking you for information on all of your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

FINDING YOUR SELECTION RATE

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in item D, please enter "1" as your selection rate in the box below, then go directly to item F and enter the information for each of your shipments.

If you reported 41 or more shipments in item D, we will now ask you to select and report on a sample of your shipments. Following the steps below will result in a sample of 20 to 40 shipments to report on in item F.

In the table at right, identify the selection rate that corresponds to the number you entered in item D, and enter it in the box below.

Please enter your	
selection rate	

Number of shipments entered in item D	Selection rate
1— 40	1
41— 80	2
81— 100	3
101— 200	5
201— 400	10
401— 800	20
801— 1600	40
1601— 3200	80
3201— 6400	160
6401—12800	320
More than 12800	Call Census at 1–800–772–7851

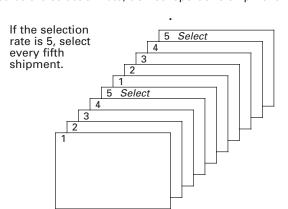
CONTINUE ON NEXT PAGE. –

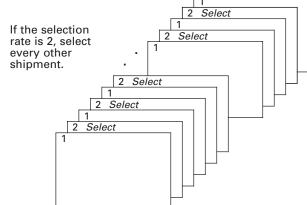
Iten	n F SHIPN	IENT	СНА	RACTERISTICS				
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	t date (excluding shipping of in who dollar		Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)			(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 5 1 2 0	Electrical transformers	
00	402H	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline	1,2,0,3
1								
2								
3								
4								
5								+
6						1 1 1		
7								
8								
9								
	Mode of tra for columns	nspor (k) aı	t code nd (n)	es 1 — Parcel de Postal S	elivery, courier, or U.S. ervice		I vate truck 4 — Railroad -hire truck Continued ——	

SELECTING YOUR SAMPLE OF SHIPMENTS

- 1. Use the file or combination of files that best reflects your full range of outbound shipping activities.
- 2. Begin with the first shipment. Count the shipments until you reach your selection rate. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **3.** Continue counting with the next shipment. Count this shipment as 1 and continue until you reach the selection rate again. Select this shipment to report on in item F.
- **4.** Repeat step 3 until you reach the last shipment for the one-week period. If the last shipment is counted as the selection rate, select this shipment to report on in item F. If the last shipment is not counted as the selection rate, do not report this shipment.

In the following examples, each rectangle represents one shipment.





Once you have selected your sample of shipments, please proceed to item F and enter the requested information for each selected shipment. Examples of completed lines for two shipments are provided on lines "0" and "00" below.

If you have difficulties constructing a file of shipments or have questions about how to select the sample of your shipments, please call our toll-free number for assistance: 1–800–772–7851.

© Containerized?		(j)			(Complete for all shipments.) (Enter all that apply in order used. Use codes below.		Foreign destination (for export shipments only) Note: In column (j) enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. (m) City Country		© Export mode	© Line No.			
N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9	0) [$0_{\parallel}4_{\parallel}$	0	2, 4, 3	N				0
N	New York	N Y	1	_0)	$\mathbf{l}_{\parallel}5_{\parallel}$	4	5	Y	London	England	6	00
		ı											1
				ı									2
				1		1 1							3
				ı	ı	1 1							4
				1	1	1 1							5
				1	1	1 1							6
						1 1							7
													8
						1 1							9
\Box	5 — Shallow draft vessel 6 — Deep draft vessel	1 1		7 – 8 –		ipelin Vir	ie	9 — C 0 — L			1		

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 4.

Page 3

Line No.	Shipment ID Number	(0	ite :)	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"
一 (a)	(b)	Month	Day	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	number (h)
10								
11								\perp
12								
13								
14								
15								$\overline{}$
16								
17								
18								
19								+
20								+
21								
22								
23								
24								+
25								\perp
26								
27								
28								
								++++
29								+
30								
31								
32			\vdash					++++
33								+
34								
	Mode of tra	nspoi	t codes	1 — Parcel	delivery, courier, or U.S. Service	2 — Priv 3 — For-	rate truck 4 — Railroa -hire truck <i>Continued</i> -	d

E-12 APPENDIX E

(N/N)	U.S. destinat (Complete for all s	tion hipment	s.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border c	stination oments only) enter the U.S. port, rossing of exit. m)	Export mode	Line No.
i)	City	State	ZIP Code	apply in order used. Use codes below. (k)	(i) Exp	City	Country		
1)				(K)	(1)			(n)	(0
									10
_									11
									12
									13
									14
			1 1 1 1						15
									10
									17
									+
									18
									19
								-	20
									2
									2
									2
									2
									2
-									2
									2
									2
									29
			1 1 1 1						3
									3
									3:
									3
	5 — Shallow draft vessel		7 — Pipe	eline Q —	- Other	mode			3

FORM CFS-2000 (6-9-97)

PLEASE CONTINUE ON PAGE 6.

lte	m F SHIF	PMEN	IT CH	ARACTERISTICS —	Continued			
Line No.	Shipment ID Number	Shipping costs) in whole dollars		(excluding shipping costs) in whole	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description	If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA" number
(a)	(b)	Σ	۵	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
Mo	l de of trans columns (k				cel delivery, courier, or U.S. tal Service		Private truck 4 — R. For-hire truck Contin	ailroad
Iter	repri the d	esent one-v Il valu	all p veek p ue in v	orting period. This figroducts leaving this period. An estimate whole dollars	establishment for	\$2,000,00 □ Yes □ No	idual shipments with a value 0?	-
In exi	column (b sted on-si t you used), che i te di I the f	ck "Y uring facilit	es" or "No" for each 1997. For each "Ye y on your premises	type of shipping facility t s" in column (b), check "Y for outbound shipment :	o indicate whet es" or "No" in c s during 1997.	her or not this type of facility olumn (c) to indicate whethe	r or
	Туре	e of s	hippi	ng facility	Was a shipping facili on your premises du		Did you use this facility premises for outboun during 1997?	
			(a)		(b)		(c)	
	1. Rail sid	ing			1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No		1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	2. Dock or	n the	Grea	t Lakes	1 ☐ Yes — 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	3. Dock or	n inla	nd wa	ater	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	4. Dock or	n dee	p sea	water	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	5. Airport/ handlin	ʻlandi g you	ng st ır shi	rip capable of pments	1 ☐ Yes —— 2 ☐ No	→	1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No	
	6 Pineline	torn	ninal		1	→	1□ Yes 2□ No	

Page 6

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Containerized? (Y/N)		estination or all shipment	ts.)	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply in order used. Use		Export? (Y/N)	airport, or border c	oments only) enter the U.S. port,	Export mode	Line No.	
(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	codes	codes below.		City	Country	(n)	(0)	
(1)					(k)	(1)			(n)		
										35	
										36	
										37	
										38	
										20	
										39	
										40	
	5 — Shallow draft vesse6 — Deep draft vessel	el	7 — Pipel 8 — Air	ine		Othe Unkn	r mode own				
Item	J USE OF OFF-SITE	SHIPPING FA	CILITIES								
faci	olumn (b), check "Yes" o lity of that type for outb umn (c), and the mode of	ound shipme	nts during 19	97. Fo	or each "	Yes",	enter the miles to that	t off-site facility in			
Ту	Type of shipping facility Type of shipping facility Did you use this facility for outbookingments durin		utbound	off-site	Distance to the off-site facility of this type that you used most in 1997 (Report in miles – estimates are acceptable)			to reach that faci	to reach that facility (Enter a code from the list below)		
	(a)		(b)		(c)			(d)	(d)		
1. F	ail siding	1 □ Y 2 □ N	'es → lo								
2. [ock on the Great Lakes	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es → lo								
3. [Oock on inland water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
4. 🗆	Oock on deep sea water	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
l c	Airport/landing strip apable of handling our shipments	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es →								
6. F	ipeline terminal	1 □ Y 2 □ N	′es ——→ Io								
1 – Trailer on Flat Car (TOFC) 3 – For-Hire Tru 2 – Private Truck 4 – Rail			ıck			5 – Water 6 – Pipeline	7 – Air 8 – Other				
			PLEASE	CONT	INUE (ON P	AGE 8.				

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During 1997, did this location use any of the following types of equipment for outbound shipments? Please check "Yes" or "No." For rail cars reported in number 1 below, enter the approximate percentage of your total outbound rail shipments that used that type of rail car. These percentages should add to 100%. If you had no rail shipments, leave the percentages blank. Was this type of equipment Percentage of total Equipment used for outbound shipments rail shipments during 1993? (a) (b) (c) 1. Rail cars that: 1 ☐ Yes 2 No a. Your company owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes 2 No b. A common carrier owned/leased 1 ☐ Yes -2 ☐ No c. Another party owned/leased (e.g. receiver) 2. Trucks with 6 or more tires or 1 ☐ Yes truck-tractors that: 2 □ No a. Your company owned 1 ☐ Yes **b.** Your company leased, with driver 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No c. Your company leased, without driver 1 ☐ Yes 2 □ No 3. Truck trailers that your company owned or leased 1 ☐ Yes 4. Aircraft that your company owned or leased 2 No 1 ☐ Yes 5. Barges that your company owned or leased 2 □ No 6. Other equipment that your company owned or leased – Specify ✓ 1 ☐ Yes 2 ☐ No Item L TRANSPORTATION DECISIONS During 1997, who generally decided on the mode of transportation for your outbound shipments? Check the appropriate box. 1 ☐ Your company 2 Receiver of shipment з 🗌 Other Remarks **CERTIFICATION** Item M Name of person to contact regarding this report - Please print Telephone number - Include area code Date

USE AND AVAILABILITY OF TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

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Title

Signature

Item K

Instructions for Completing the Commodity Flow Survey

TIPS FOR COMPLETING THE CFS QUESTIONNAIRE

Please read all instructions.

You may use estimates if book figures are not readily available.

If you have questions about completing the survey, a Census Bureau representative will be glad to assist you. You can call us at 1-800-772-7851.

Some instructions are included on the questionnaire itself. However, due to space limitations, most of the instructions and definitions are included in separate reference materials. These include this instruction guide, and a listing of commodity codes to be used for classifying individual shipments in this survey.

PART I – GENERAL INFORMATION

Frequently Asked Questions About the Commodity Flow Survey (CFS)

Why are you conducting the CFS?

The CFS produces valuable measures of the demands on the nation's transportation system.

The results of the CFS are used by transportation policy makers to analyze future transportation needs.

Who reports in the CFS?

The CFS covers a sample of establishments in the mining, manufacturing, wholesale, and selected retail industries.

Why is my participation important?

Your establishment was selected as part of a sample designed to represent a wide range of industries and geographic regions.

Your report helps ensure quality results.

Is this survey mandatory?

Yes. The CFS is mandatory under the authority of Title 13, United States Code (USC).

Will my data be kept confidential?

Yes. The same law that requires your participation, Title 13, USC, also guarantees your data will be kept strictly confidential.

The reports you provide the Census Bureau cannot be used for purposes of taxation, regulation, or investigation.

Your report is used only to develop summary data that do not reveal the activities of individual firms or establishments.

How often must I report?

You will be sent four questionnaires in all: one during each quarter of 1997.

The CFS will not be conducted again until 2002.

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE

Items A - C

Please enter the information requested on your establishment's name, operational status, and physical location.

Item D

Enter in the space provided your total number of outbound shipments for the one week reporting period on the front of the questionnaire.

Please include in this count any materials picked up by the customer ("customer pick-up").

What we mean by a "shipment":

For the purposes of this survey, a shipment is a single movement of goods, commodities, products, etc. from your location to a customer or to another location of your company.

"Commodities" refer to items that your location produces, sells, or distributes, *not* to items that are considered by-products of your location's operation.

What we don't mean by a "shipment":

Do *not* include as shipments items such as inter-office memos, payroll checks, business correspondence, etc.

Do *not* include as shipments items such as refuse, scrap paper, waste, and recyclable materials **unless** your location is in the business of selling or providing these materials to others.

A special note about "shipments":

A full, or partial, truckload should be counted as a single shipment only if all the commodities on the truck are destined for one location.

If a truck makes multiple deliveries on a route, please count each stop as one shipment.

Item E: Sampling Instructions

If you reported 40 or fewer shipments in Item D, complete Item F (Shipment Characteristics) for all of your shipments covered by the one-week reporting period.

If you reported more than 40 shipments in Item D, follow the instructions in Item E in order to select a sample of shipments on which to report in Item F.

By asking you to select a sample of your shipments for the one-week reporting period, we avoid asking you for information on all your shipments, while still obtaining statistically accurate information.

Reminder: The files you are sampling from should reflect the full range of your location's shipping activities in terms of modes of transportation used, commodities shipped, and destinations.

We're here to answer your questions! If you have questions about the sampling process (or any part of the questionnaire) please call us at 1-800-772-7851.

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics

- Shipment ID Number (column b) Enter the invoice number, shipment number, or some other unique identification number that your establishment could use to find this particular shipping document if questions arise regarding your report.
- **Shipment Date (column c)** Enter the month and day of the shipment. If shipment date is not available, use the invoice/shipping document date. Use numbers only.
- Shipment Value (column d) Enter the dollar value, in whole dollars, of the entire shipment. The value should not include freight charges or excise taxes (i.e., report the net selling value, f.o.b. plant). If the value is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- **Shipment Weight (column e)** Enter the weight of the total shipment in whole pounds. If weight is not readily available from your records, please estimate.
- Commodity Code (column f) Please use the list of Standard Classification of Transported Goods (SCTG) Codes in the enclosed SCTG Manual to select the proper code. For shipments with more than one commodity, enter only the code for the commodity with the greatest weight.
- **Commodity Description (column g)** Enter a brief description of the commodity shipped. For shipments with more than one commodity, describe only the commodity with the greatest weight. Do not use trade names, catalog numbers, or other codes not familiar to persons outside your business.

	×	1		×		<u></u>	
le No.	Shipment ID Number	da (c	ment ate	Shipment value (excluding shipping costs) in whole dollars	Shipment weight in pounds	Commodity code from SCTG Manual	Commodity description
(a)	(b)	Month	Dау	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
0	123-5	4	26	4,235	140	3 ₁ 6 ₁ 1 ₁ 2 ₁ 0	Electrical transformers
00	123-6	4	26	125,300	626,500	1,7,1,0,0	Gasoline
1							
2							
3							
4							
	Mode of tra	anspoi s (k) a	rt code	es 1 — Parcel deli	very, courier, or U.S.	2 — Private true	

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PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- For Hazardous Materials (column h) If shipment is a hazardous material, enter the 4-digit United Nations or North American number.
- Containerized (column i) Indicate whether or not the shipment was containerized by entering "Y" or "N" (yes or no). Containerized means that the shipment left your establishment in an intermodal container or stackable tank without permanently attached wheels. These containers typically vary from 20 to 53 feet in length, and are carried on truck chassis, trains, and ships.
- U.S. Destination: City, State, and ZIP Code (column j) For domestic shipments, enter the city, state, and 5-digit ZIP Code of the buyer/receiver as it appears on the shipping document. Use the "ship to" address. Use the two letter state abbreviation shown in Part IV.

For **export shipments**, report the U.S. **port of exit** as the destination city. The port of exit is the port or airport from which the shipment left the country. In case of land shipments into Mexico or Canada, it is the border crossing.

● Mode(s) of Transport (column k) – Enter the code(s) for all modes of transport used for the shipment to its U.S. destination (i.e., the destination reported in column j). Codes are located on the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire. Enter in the sequence used, all that apply. See Part III for definitions of each mode.

For Customer Pick-up: Report the mode(s) of transportation used, if known. Otherwise, report mode as "0" (unknown).

For Export Shipments: List only the mode(s) of transport used to reach the port, airport, or border crossing of exit.

If a hazardous material, enter the "UN" or "NA"	Containerized? (Y/N)	U.S. destination	Mode(s) of transport to U.S. destination Enter all that apply using codes shown		
number (h)	(i)	City	State	ZIP Code	below. (k)
	N	Los Angeles	$C_{\mid}A$	9 0 0 4 0	2, 4, 3
	N	New York	N_1Y	1,0,4,5,4	5
			ı		

CFS-1100 (11-7-96)

PART II – INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING YOUR QUESTIONNAIRE – Continued

Item F: Shipment Characteristics - Continued

- Export Shipment (column I) Indicate whether or not the shipment is intended for export outside of the United States, by entering a "Y" or "N" (yes or no). For purposes of this survey, shipments to Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions are considered exports.
 - Foreign Destination: City and Country (column m) If the shipment is an export, enter the foreign city and country of destination. For U.S. Destination (column j), enter the U.S. port, airport, or border crossing of exit. In column (k), enter the mode of transport used to the U.S. destination.
 - **Export Mode (column n)** If the shipment is an export, enter the code for the mode of transport by which the shipment left the country. Codes are located at the bottom of pages 2, 3, 4, and 5 of the questionnaire.

			▼	•	
•	Export? (Y/N)	Foreign de: (for export ship Note: In column (j) airport, or border cı (n	ments only) enter the U.S. port, ossing of exit.	Export mode	Line No.
	(1)	City	Country	(n)	(o)
	N				0
	Y	London	England	6	00
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5

Items G - I

Please enter the information requested.

Item J: Certification

Please enter the name and telephone number of the person to contact in the event that we have a question about your report.

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PART III - MODE DEFINITIONS

Parcel delivery/Courier/U.S. Postal Service – Delivery services that carry letters, parcels, packages, and other small shipments that typically weigh less than 100 pounds. Includes bus parcel delivery service.

Private truck – Trucks operated by a temporary or permanent employee of this establishment or the buyer/receiver of the shipment.

For-hire truck – Trucks that carry freight for a fee collected from the shipper, recipient of the shipment, or an arranger of the transportation.

Railroad - Any common carrier or private railroad.

Shallow draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily on rivers and canals; in harbors, the Great Lakes, the Saint Lawrence Seaway; the Intracoastal Waterway, the Inside Passage to Alaska, major bays and inlets; or in the ocean close to the shoreline.

Deep draft vessel – Barges, ships, or ferries operating primarily in the open ocean. Shipping on the Great Lakes and the Saint Lawrence Seaway is classified with shallow draft vesels.

Pipeline – Movements of oil, petroleum, gas, slurry, etc. through pipelines that extend to other establishments or locations beyond the shipper's establishment. Aqueducts for the movement of water are not included.

Air – Commercial or private aircraft, and all air service for shipments that typically weigh more than 100 pounds. Includes air freight and air express.

Other mode - Any mode not listed above.

Unknown – The shipment was not carried by a parcel delivery/courier/U.S. Postal service, and you cannot determine what mode of transportation is used.

Note: Commodities that are "shipped" under their own power, such as boats, barges, ferries, ships, aircraft, trucks, and trains **should be classified with the appropriate mode above.** Commodities shipped under their own power for which an appropriate mode is not listed (e.g., buses, recreational vehicles) should be listed as "**other" mode.**

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PART IV -- STATE ABBREVIATION LIST

State	Abbrev.	State	Abbrev.
Alabama	AL	Montana	MT
Alaska	AK	Nebraska	NE
Arizona	AZ	Nevada	NV
Arkansas	AR	New Hampshire	NH
California	CA	New Jersey	NJ
Colorado	СО	New Mexico	NM
Connecticut	СТ	New York	NY
Delaware	DE	North Carolina	NC
Dist. of Col.	DC	North Dakota	ND
Florida	FL	Ohio	ОН
Georgia	GA	Oklahoma	OK
Hawaii	HI	Oregon	OR
ldaho	ID	Pennsylvania	PA
Illinois	IL	Rhode Island	RI
Indiana	IN	South Carolina	SC
lowa	IA	South Dakota	SD
Kansas	KS	Tennessee	TN
Kentucky	KY	Texas	TX
Louisiana	LA	Utah	UT
Maine	ME	Vermont	VT
Maryland	MD	Virginia	VA
Massachusetts	MA	Washington	WA
Michigan	MI	West Virginia	WV
Minnesota	MN	Wisconsin	WI
Mississippi	MS	Wyoming	WY
Missouri	MO		

NOTICE - We estimate that it will take an average of 2 hours to complete this form. This includes time to read instructions, assemble and review information, and record answers on the form. If you have any comments regarding this estimate or any other aspect of this survey, send them to the Associate Director for Administration, Attn: Paperwork Reduction Project 0607-0189, Room 3104, Federal Building 3, Bureau of the Census, Washington, DC 20233-0001. Respondents are not required to respond to any information collection unless it displays a valid approval number in the top right corner on the front of the questionnaire.

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