

§ 1508.450

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§ 1508.450 What action may I take if a primary tier participant fails to disclose the information required under § 1508.335?

If you as an agency official determine that a participant failed to disclose information, as required by § 1508.335, at the time it entered into a covered transaction with you, you may—

- (a) Terminate the transaction for material failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the transaction; or
- (b) Pursue any other available remedies, including suspension and debarment.

§ 1508.455 What may I do if a lower tier participant fails to disclose the information required under § 1508.355 to the next higher tier?

If you as an agency official determine that a lower tier participant failed to disclose information, as required by § 1508.355, at the time it entered into a covered transaction with a participant at the next higher tier, you may pursue any remedies available to you, including the initiation of a suspension or debarment action.

Subpart E—Excluded Parties List System

§ 1508.500 What is the purpose of the Excluded Parties List System (EPLS)?

The *EPLS* is a widely available source of the most current information about persons who are excluded or disqualified from covered transactions.

§ 1508.505 Who uses the EPLS?

- (a) Federal agency officials use the *EPLS* to determine whether to enter into a transaction with a person, as required under § 1508.430.
- (b) Participants also may, but are not required to, use the *EPLS* to determine if—
 - (1) Principals of their transactions are excluded or disqualified, as required under § 1508.320; or
 - (2) Persons with whom they are entering into covered transactions at the next lower tier are excluded or disqualified.

- (c) The *EPLS* is available to the general public.

§ 1508.510 Who maintains the EPLS?

In accordance with the OMB guidelines, the General Services Administration (GSA) maintains the *EPLS*. When a Federal agency takes an action to exclude a person under the nonprocurement or procurement debarment and suspension system, the agency enters the information about the excluded person into the *EPLS*.

§ 1508.515 What specific information is in the EPLS?

- (a) At a minimum, the *EPLS* indicates—
 - (1) The full name (where available) and address of each excluded or disqualified person, in alphabetical order, with cross references if more than one name is involved in a single action;
 - (2) The type of action;
 - (3) The cause for the action;
 - (4) The scope of the action;
 - (5) Any termination date for the action;
 - (6) The agency and name and telephone number of the agency point of contact for the action; and
 - (7) The Dun and Bradstreet Number (DUNS), or other similar code approved by the GSA, of the excluded or disqualified person, if available.

(b)(1) The database for the *EPLS* includes a field for the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) (the social security number (SSN) for an individual) of an excluded or disqualified person.

(2) Agencies disclose the SSN of an individual to verify the identity of an individual, only if permitted under the Privacy Act of 1974 and, if appropriate, the Computer Matching and Privacy Protection Act of 1988, as codified in 5 U.S.C. 552(a).

§ 1508.520 Who places the information into the EPLS?

Federal officials who take actions to exclude persons under this part or officials who are responsible for identifying disqualified persons must enter the following information about those persons into the *EPLS*:

- (a) Information required by § 1508.515(a);