§91.1083

training program must provide ground and flight training, instruction, and practice necessary to ensure that each crewmember—

- (1) Remains adequately trained and currently proficient for each aircraft, crewmember position, and type of operation in which the crewmember serves; and
- (2) Qualifies in new equipment, facilities, procedures, and techniques, including modifications to aircraft.

§91.1083 Crewmember emergency training.

- (a) Each training program must provide emergency training under this section for each aircraft type, model, and configuration, each crewmember, and each kind of operation conducted, as appropriate for each crewmember and the program manager.
- (b) Emergency training must provide the following:
- (1) Instruction in emergency assignments and procedures, including coordination among crewmembers.
- (2) Individual instruction in the location, function, and operation of emergency equipment including—
- (i) Equipment used in ditching and evacuation:
- (ii) First aid equipment and its proper use: and
- (iii) Portable fire extinguishers, with emphasis on the type of extinguisher to be used on different classes of fires.
- (3) Instruction in the handling of emergency situations including—
 - (i) Rapid decompression;
- (ii) Fire in flight or on the surface and smoke control procedures with emphasis on electrical equipment and related circuit breakers found in cabin areas;
 - (iii) Ditching and evacuation;
- (iv) Illness, injury, or other abnormal situations involving passengers or crewmembers; and
- (v) Hijacking and other unusual situations.
- (4) Review and discussion of previous aircraft accidents and incidents involving actual emergency situations.
- (c) Each crewmember must perform at least the following emergency drills, using the proper emergency equipment and procedures, unless the Administrator finds that, for a particular drill,

the crewmember can be adequately trained by demonstration:

- (1) Ditching, if applicable.
- (2) Emergency evacuation.
- (3) Fire extinguishing and smoke concrol.
- (4) Operation and use of emergency exits, including deployment and use of evacuation slides, if applicable.
 - (5) Use of crew and passenger oxygen.
- (6) Removal of life rafts from the aircraft, inflation of the life rafts, use of lifelines, and boarding of passengers and crew, if applicable.
- (7) Donning and inflation of life vests and the use of other individual flotation devices, if applicable.
- (d) Crewmembers who serve in operations above 25,000 feet must receive instruction in the following:
 - (1) Respiration.
 - (2) Hypoxia.
- (3) Duration of consciousness without supplemental oxygen at altitude.
 - (4) Gas expansion.
 - (5) Gas bubble formation.
- (6) Physical phenomena and incidents of decompression.

$\S\,91.1085\,$ Hazardous materials recognition training.

No program manager may use any person to perform, and no person may perform, any assigned duties and responsibilities for the handling or carriage of hazardous materials (as defined in 49 CFR 171.8), unless that person has received training in the recognition of hazardous materials.

§91.1087 Approval of aircraft simulators and other training devices.

- (a) Training courses using aircraft simulators and other training devices may be included in the program manager's training program if approved by the Administrator.
- (b) Each aircraft simulator and other training device that is used in a training course or in checks required under this subpart must meet the following requirements:
- (1) It must be specifically approved for—
- (i) The program manager; and
- (ii) The particular maneuver, procedure, or crewmember function involved.