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readiness of vehicle safety operations personnel to conduct a safe mission under nominal and non-nominal conditions: and

(2) Completing a mission readiness determination as required by §431.37 before an RLV mission is initiated. The safety official must monitor and report to the person responsible for the conduct of licensed RLV mission activities any non-compliance with procedures listed in §§ 431.37 and 431.43, or any representation contained in the application, and the readiness of the licensee to conduct mission operations in accordance with the license and this part. The safety official is responsible for compliance with §§ 431.37 and 431.43, and with representations contained in the application.

§ 431.35 Acceptable reusable launch vehicle mission risk.

- (a) To obtain safety approval for an RLV mission, an applicant must demonstrate that the proposed mission does not exceed acceptable risk as defined in this subpart. For purposes of this section, the mission commences upon initiation of the launch phase of flight and consists of launch flight through orbital insertion of an RLV or vehicle stage or flight to outer space, whichever is applicable, and reentry or descent flight, and concludes upon landing on Earth of the RLV.
- (b) Acceptable risk for a proposed mission is measured in terms of the expected average number of casualties (E_c).
- (1) To obtain safety approval, an applicant shall demonstrate:
- (i) For public risk, the risk level to the collective members of the public exposed to vehicle or vehicle debris impact hazards associated with a proposed mission does not exceed an expected average number of 0.00003 casualties per mission (or E_c criterion of 30×10^{-6}) to members of the public from the applicant's proposed activity; and
- (ii) For public risk, the risk level to an individual does not exceed .000001 per mission (or individual risk criterion of 1×10^{-6}).
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (c) To demonstrate compliance with acceptable risk criteria in this section,

an applicant shall employ a system safety process to identify the hazards and assess the risks to public health and safety and the safety of property associated with the mission, including nominal and non-nominal operation and flight of the vehicle and payload, if any. An acceptable system safety analysis identifies and assesses the probability and consequences of any reasonably foreseeable hazardous event, and safety-critical system failures during launch flight or reentry that could result in a casualty to the public.

- (d) As part of the demonstration required under paragraph (c) of this section, an applicant must—
- (1) Identify and describe the structure of the RLV, including physical dimensions and weight:
- (2) Identify and describe any hazardous materials, including radioactive materials, and their container on the RLV:
- (3) Identify and describe safety-critical systems:
- (4) Identify and describe all safetycritical failure modes and their consequences:
- (5) Provide drawings and schematics for eachsafety-critical system identified under paragraph (d)(3) of this section;
- (6) Provide a timeline identifying all safety-critical events;
- (7) Provide data that verifies the risk elimination and mitigation measures resulting from the applicant's system safety analyses required by paragraph (c) of this section; and
- (8) Provide flight trajectory analyses covering launch or ascent of the vehicle through orbital insertion and reentry or descent of the vehicle through landing, including its three-sigma dispersion.

[Docket No. FAA-1999-5535, 65 FR 56658, Sept. 19, 2000, as amended by Amdt. 431-2, 72 FR 17019, Apr. 6, 2007]

§ 431.37 Mission readiness.

- (a) Mission readiness requirements. An applicant shall submit the following procedures for verifying mission readiness:
- (1) Mission readiness review procedures that involve the applicant's vehicle safety operations personnel, and launch site and reentry site personnel

involved in the mission. The procedures shall ensure a mission readiness review is conducted during which the designated individual responsible for the conduct of licensed activities under § 431.33(b) is provided with the following information to make a judgment as to mission readiness—

- (i) Readiness of the RLV including safety-critical systems and payload for launch and reentry flight;
- (ii) Readiness of the launch site, personnel, and safety-related launch property and launch services to be provided by the launch site;
- (iii) Readiness of the reentry site, personnel, and safety-related property and services for reentry flight and vehicle recovery:
- (iv) Readiness of vehicle safety operations personnel to support mission flight, including results of dress rehearsals and simulations conducted in accordance with paragraph (a)(4) of this section:
- (v) Mission rules and constraints, including contingency abort plans and procedures, if any, as required under §431.39;
- (vi) Unresolved safety issues identified during the mission readiness review and plans for addressing them; and
- (vii) Any additional safety information required by the individual designated under §431.33(b) to determine launch and reentry readiness.
- (2) Procedures that ensure mission constraints, rules, contingency abort and emergency abort procedures are listed and consolidated in a safety directive or notebook approved by the person designated by the applicant under §431.33(b), the launch site operator, and the reentry site operator, if any;
- (3) Procedures that ensure currency and consistency of licensee, launch site operator, and reentry site operator checklists;
 - (4) Dress rehearsal procedures that—
- (i) Ensure crew readiness under nominal and non-nominal flight conditions;
- (ii) Contain criteria for determining whether to dispense with or add one or more dress rehearsals; and
- (iii) Verify currency and consistency of licensee, launch site operator, and reentry site operator checklists; and

- (5) Procedures for ensuring the licensee's vehicle safety operations personnel adhere to crew rest rules of this part.
 - (b) [Reserved]

§ 431.39 Mission rules, procedures, contingency plans, and checklists.

- (a) An applicant shall submit mission rules, procedures, checklists, emergency plans, and contingency abort plans, if any, that ensure safe conduct of mission operations during nominal and non-nominal vehicle flight.
- (b) Mission rules, procedures, checklists, emergency plans, and contingency abort plans must be contained in a safety directive, notebook, or other compilation that is approved by the safety official designated under §431.33(c) and concurred in by the launch site operator and reentry site operator, if any.
- (c) Vehicle safety operations personnel must have current and consistent mission checklists.

§431.41 Communications plan.

- (a) An applicant shall submit a plan providing vehicle safety operations personnel communications procedures during the mission. Procedures for effective issuance and communication of safety-critical information during the mission shall include hold/resume, go/ no go, contingency abort, if any, and emergency abort commands by vehicle safety operations personnel. The communications plan shall describe the authority of vehicle safety operations personnel, by individual or position title, to issue these commands. The communications plan shall that-
- (1) Communication networks are assigned so that personnel identified under this section have direct access to real-time, safety-critical information required for making decisions and issuing commands;
- (2) Personnel identified under this section monitor a common intercom channel for safety-critical communications during launch and reentry;
- (3) A protocol is established for utilizing defined radio communications terminology; and
- (4) Communications affecting the safety of the mission are recorded in a