## EXPLANATION OF THE PLATES.

## Plate XIIT.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis Harveyi (No. 5). Head and arms, $\frac{1}{4}$ natural size, from a photograph of the specimen when freshly caught. The back of the head rests upon an oar so as to cause the beak to protrude, while the arms hang down in a reversed position. The diameter of the bathing tub was 38.5 inches: $a$, Jeft, and $a^{\prime}$ right ventral arms; $b$, left, and $b^{\prime}$ right arms of the third pair; $c$, left, and $c^{\prime}$, right arms of the second pair ; $a^{\prime}$, right dorsal arm, mostly concealed behind the others; $e$, left and $e^{\prime}$, right tentacular-arms, folded several times over the oar; $i$ to $i v$, the 'club'; $i$ to $i i$, the 'wrist'; $i i$ to $i i i$, the part bearing large suckers ; $i i i$ to $i v$, the terminal division; 0 , the beak.
Figure 2.-Part of the body and caudal fin of the same specimen, $\frac{1}{9}$ natural size, from a photograph made at the same time with the preceding; $u$, mantle cut open; $t$, tip of tail ; $b$, right and $l$, left lateral lobes of caudal fin.

## Plate XIV.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis Harveyi. A restoration, $\frac{1}{2 y}$ natural size, based on the preceding figures and on the specimens received. (See note, p. 184).

## Plate XV.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis Harveyi (No. 5). Upper mandible, natural size.
Figure 2.-Lower mandible of same, natural size; lacks a small piece at $a$.
Figure 3.-Anterior part of the 'pen' of the same specimen, $\frac{1}{\delta}$ natural size. The dotted lines indicate missing parts. (Restored and drawn by the author).
Figures 1 and 2 were drawn by Mr. J. H. Blake, from alcoholic specimens.

Plate XVI.
Figure l.-A. Harveyi (No. 5). Portion of the lining membrane of the palate, enlarged.
Figure 2.-A. Harveyi (No. 5). Caudal fin, $\frac{1}{10}$ natural size, drawn from the preserved specimen.
Figure 3.-A. Harveyi (No. 5). Suckers of tentacular-arm, natural size; $a$, one of the largest suckers; $b$, one of the marginal suckers.
Figure 4.-The same. Horny marginal ring of one of the suckers from a sessile arm, enlarged 2 diameters.
Figure 5.-A. Harveyi (No. 4). One of the larger suckers from the tentacular-arms, natural size. From a dried specimen.
Figure 6.-Portion of the marginal ring of the same sucker, enlarged.
Figure 7.-Loligo pallida V. Part of odontophore, much enlarged.
Figure 8.-Architeuthis Hartingii V. Part of odontophore, enlarged. Copied from Harting's figures.
Figures 5 and 6 were drawn by J. H. Emerton; the rest by the author.

Plate XVIa.
Figure 1.-Architeuthis Harveyi V. (No. 5). Teeth of the odontophore, from the anterior portion, enlarged 18 diameters ; $a$, median; $b$, inner lateral; $c$, and $d$, the two outer lateral teeth; e, marginal plates.
Figure 2.-The same. Teeth from the same specimen, from farther back, on the dorsal portion of the odontophore. Lettering as in figure 1.
Figure 3.-The same. Anterior portion of odontophore, showing the teeth nearly in their natural positions, enlarged.
Figure 4.-The same. Portion of the membrane lining the palate, showing teeth and hard granyles, enlarged.
Figure 5.-The same. Two of the granules from the membrane lining the mouth, enlarged 18 diameters.
Figures 6 and $6^{a}$.-The same. One of the largest and least oblique of the horny rings from the suckers of the sessile arms; top and side-views, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters.
Figures 7 and $7^{\mathrm{a}}$.-The same. One of the medium sized, and more oblique suckers of the sessile arms; top and side-views, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters.
Figure 8.-The same. Another similar sucker, but smaller and more oblique; topview, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters.
Figures 9 and $9 \alpha$.-The same. One of the horny rings from one of the smooth-rimmed suckers on the 'wrist' of the 'club' of the tentacular-arms; top and side-views, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figures 10 and $10 a$.-The same. One of the small suckers from the terminal portion of the 'club,' top and side-views, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figures 1 to 5 , and 8, are camera-drawings by the author. The others are by J. H. Emerton.

## Plate XVII.

Figures 1 and $1^{\text {a }}$.-Architeuthis princeps Verrill (No.14). A marginal ring from one of the large suckers of the tentacular-arm; 1 , side-view, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters; $1^{s}$, portion of the rim, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figures 2 and $2^{\mathrm{a}}$.-The same. One of the medium-sized oblique sucker-rims from a sessile arm, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters; top and side-views.
Figures 3 and 4.-The same. Top and side-views of one of the smaller sucker-rims from a sessile arm, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figures 5 and 6.-The same. Top and side-views of a complete sucker, with its pedicel, from a sessile arm, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters.
Figure 7.-The same. Top-view of one of the smaller, very oblique sucker-rims from a sessile arm, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figure 8.-The same. Portion of the horny rim of a medium-sized sucker from a sessile arm ; top-view, enlarged 6 diameters, from a camera-drawing.
Figure 9.-The same. Side-view of the horny ring of one of the largest and least oblique of the suckers of the sessile arms, enlarged $1 \frac{1}{2}$ diameters.
Figure 10. -The same. Side-view of the horny ring of one of the marginal suckers of the tentacular-club, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figure 11.-A. princeps (No. 13). Portions of the horny ring of one of the large suckers of the tentacular-arm, much enlarged; $a$ and $b$, portions of the margin, from the outside; $c$, portion seen from the inside.
Figures 8 and 11 are camera-drawings by the author; all the others are by J. H. Emerton.

## Plate XVIII.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis princeps V. (No. 10). Upper jaw, natural size.
Figure 2.-The same. Lower jaw ; the dotted line shows the parts that are present on the opposite side.
Figure 3.-Architeuthis princeps (No. 1). Part of lower jaw, natural size.
Figures 1 and 2 were drawn by the author; figure 3 by J. H. Emerton.

## Plate XIX.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis princeps V. (No. 14). Caudal fin from beneath; from the specimen a few days after it had been placed in alcohol.
Figure 2.-The same specimen, after it had been preserved several months in strong alcohol.
Figure 1 was drawn by J. B. Holder, M.D. ; figure 2, by the author

## Plate XX.

Architeuthis princeps V . (No. 14). General figure; from the recently preserved specimen; restored, in part, in accordance with the measurements of the freshly caught specimen; $\frac{1}{1}$ natural size. Drawn by the author.

Plate XXI.
Figure 1.-Sthenoteuthis megaptera Verrill. Body seen from beneath, $\frac{1}{8}$ natural size; from the alcoholic specimen.
Figure 2.-The same. Part of the membrane lining the palate, enlarged 8 diameters; $a$, and $b$, from different places.
Figure 3.-The same. A single row of teeth from the odontophore, enlarged 8 diameters.
Figure 4.-The same. Teeth from the odontophore, enlarged 16 diameters; $a$, two median teeth; $b$, inner lateral teeth; $c$ and $d$, teeth of the two outer lateral rows.
Figure 5.-The same. Two of the outer lateral teeth, profile-view, enlarged 16 diameters.
Figure 6.-The same. Several lateral teeth in their natural sequence, enlarged 16 diameters.
Figure 7.-The same. Two of the next to the outer lateral teeth, enlarged 16 diameters.
Figures 8 and $8^{\text {a }}$.-The same. Twenty-second sucker from the ventral arm; front and side-views, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figure 9.-The same. One of the largest suckors from the club of the tentaculararm; front view, enlarged 3 diameters.
Figures $8,8^{\mathrm{a}}$ and 9 are by J. H. Emerton; the others by the author; 2 to 7 are camera-drawings.

## Plate XXII

Histioteuthis Collinsit Verrill. Side-view of the head and arms; from the preserved specimen, $\frac{4}{7}$ natural size. Drawn by J. H. Emerton.

PLate XXIII.
Figure 1.-Onychoteuthis robusta (Dall). Side-view of one of the specimens, as found on the beach, $\frac{1}{25}$ natural size.

Figure 2.-The same. Dorsal view. The dotted lines indicate portions of the arms that had been destroyed.
Figure 3.-The same. Side-view of the head and siphon, with the anterior part of the mantle, cut open; e, the eye; $s$, siphon; $0, o^{\prime}, o^{\prime \prime}$, the three nuchal frills; $c, c^{\prime}, c^{\prime \prime}$, the smooth facets. where the mantle bears upon the neck; $c$, ventral facet of mantle; $c^{\prime}$, ventral facets at base of siphon; $c^{\prime \prime}$, dorsal facet of neck ; $m, m^{\prime}$, cut edge of mantle.
Figure 4.-The same. The entire dorsal 'pen'; side-view, $\frac{1}{z} \dot{z}$ natural size.
Figure 5.-The same. Ventral view.
Figure $\dot{6}$.-The same. A portion from the middle of the 'pen,' less reduced.
All the figures were made from the fresh specimens by Mr. W. H. Dall.

Plate XXIV.
Figure 1.-Onychoteuthis robusta (Dall). Odontophore; side-view, enlarged 3星 diameters.
Figure 2.-The same. Part of a row of the teeth from near the anterior bend of the odontophore, $\times 22$ diameters; $a$, median tooth, front view ; $a^{\prime}$, side-view of same; $b$, first lateral; $b^{\prime}$, the same, side-view ; $c$, second lateral, front view; $d$, outer lateral, front view.
Figure 3.-The same. One of the inner lateral teeth, side-view. $\times 54$ diameters.
Figure 4.-The same. Median tooth, side-view, $\times 54$ diameters.
Figure 5.-The same. Upper mandible, natural size.
Figure 6.-The same. Lower mandible, natural size.
Figure t.-The same. Anterior end of cone of pen, showing portion of posterior end of quill inserted into it, $\frac{7}{2}$ natural size.
Figure 8.-The same. Section of a ventral arm, close to the base, natural size; $a$, one of the suckers, side view ; $b$, and $b$, marginal membranes; $c$, crest on membrane along outer angle; $e$, median vessel near inner surface.
Figures 1 to 4 are camera-drawings by the author; the rest are by J. H. Emerton.

## Plate XXV.

Figure 1.-Architeuthis Hartingii V. Lower mandible, showing anterior portion only, natural size; $1 a$, section of a sucker of sessile arm of same; $1 b$, horny ring of same, natural size. After Harting.
Figure 2.-Architeuthis dux Steenstrup. Lower mandible, uatural size. Copied from Harting's figure, after Steenstrup.
Figure 3.-Architeuthis monachus Steenstrup (type specimen). Lower mandible, natural size. After Steenstrup.
Figure 4.-Enoploteuthis Hartingii Verrill. A section of one of the claw-bearing suckers, somewhat enlarged; $4 a$, the horny claw, isolated; $4 b$, median and lateral teeth of odontophore. After Harting.
Figures 5 and 5a.-Architeuthis Harveyi $\nabla$. (No. 4). The two halves of the lower mandible, natural size. Camera-drawings from the specimen, by the author.

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Architeuthis Harveyi.

Trans. Conn. Acad. Sci. V.
Plate XV.


Architeuthis Harveyi.


Architeuthis Harveyi, etc.











