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standard, use equation 1 of this section as follows:

$$E_{\rm f} = \frac{M_{\rm i} - M_{\rm o}}{M_{\rm i}} \times 100 \qquad \text{(Eq. 1)}$$

Where:

 $E_{\rm f} = Formaldehyde \ control \ efficiency, \ percent.$

 $\begin{aligned} M_i &= Mass \ flow \ rate \ of \ formal dehyde \ entering \\ the \ control \ device, \ kilograms \ (pounds) \ per \\ hour. \end{aligned}$

 $M_{\mbox{\tiny o}}=$ Mass flow rate of formal dehyde exiting the control device, kilograms (pounds) per hour.

(b) Formaldehyde mass emissions rate. To determine compliance with the kilogram per megagram (pound per ton) formaldehyde emission standard, use equation 2 of this section as follows:

$$E = \frac{M}{P}$$
 (Eq. 2)

Where:

$$\begin{split} E = Formal dehyde \ mass \ emissions \ rate, \ kilograms \ (pounds) \ of \ formal dehyde \ per \\ megagram \ (ton) \ of \ fiberglass \ mat \ produced. \end{split}$$

M = Formaldehyde mass emissions rate, kilograms (pounds) per hour.

P = The wet-formed fiberglass mat production rate during the emissions sampling period, including any material trimmed from the final product, megagrams (tons) per hour.

(c) Urea-formaldehyde (UF) resin solids application rate. To determine the UF resin solids application rate, use equation 3 of this section as follows:

$$\frac{\text{UF Solids}}{\text{Hour}} = \text{LOI} \times \text{UFL} \times \text{MW} \times \text{SQ} \qquad \text{(Eq. 3)}$$

Where:

UF solids/hour = UF resin solids application rate (pounds per hour).

LOI = loss on ignition (weight faction), or pound of organic binder per pound of mat. UFL = UF-to-latex ratio in the binder (mass fraction of UF resin solids in total combined resin solids for UF and latex), or pound of UF solids per pound of total resin solids (UF and latex).

MW = weight of the final mat per square (pounds per roofing square).

SQ = roofing squares produced per hour.

MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

§ 63.2996 What must I monitor?

You must monitor the parameters listed in table 1 of this subpart and any other parameters specified in your OMM plan. The parameters must be monitored, at a minimum, at the corresponding frequencies listed in table 1 of this subpart.

§ 63.2997 What are the requirements for monitoring devices?

(a) If formaldehyde emissions are controlled using a thermal oxidizer, you must meet the requirements in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section:

(1) Install, calibrate, maintain, and operate a device to monitor and record

continuously the thermal oxidizer temperature at the exit of the combustion zone before any substantial heat exchange occurs or at the location consistent with the manufacturer's recommendations.

(2) Continuously monitor the thermal oxidizer temperature and determine and record the average temperature in 15-minute and 3-hour block averages. You may determine the average temperature more frequently than every 15 minutes and every 3 hours, but not less frequently.

(b) If formaldehyde emissions are controlled by process modifications or a control device other than a thermal oxidizer, you must install, calibrate, maintain, and operate devices to monitor the parameters established in your OMM plan at the frequency established in the plan.

NOTIFICATIONS, REPORTS, AND RECORDS

§63.2998 What records must I maintain?

You must maintain records according to the procedures of §63.10. You must maintain the records listed in paragraphs (a) through (g) of this section.