§ 420.87

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-06 Edition)

SUBPART H

	Pretreatment standards for new sources	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily val- ues for 30 consecu- tive days
	Kg/kkg (pounds per 1,000 lb) of product	
Chromium	0.00709 0.00638	0.00284 0.00213

(4) Continuous.

SUBPART H

	Pretreatment standards for new sources	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily val- ues for 30 consecu- tive days
		ounds per of product
Chromium	0.00138 0.00124	0.000551 0.000413

(b) Salt bath descaling, reducing—(1) Batch.

SUBPART H

005.7		
	Pretreatment stand- ards for new sources	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
Cyanide	0.00102 0.00136 0.00122	0.000339 0.000542 0.000407

(2) Continuous.

SUBPART H

	Pretreatment stand- ards for new sources	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
	Kg/kkg (p 1,000 lb)	ounds per of product
Cyanide Chromium	0.00569 0.00759	0.00190 0.00304

SUBPART H—Continued

	Pretreatment stand- ards for new sources	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
Nickel	0.00683	0.00228

 $[47\ {\rm FR}\ 23284,\ {\rm May}\ 27,\ 1982,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 47\ {\rm FR}\ 41739,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 22,\ 1982]$

§ 420.87 Effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional technology (BCT).

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional technology.

(a) Salt bath descaling, oxidizing—(1) Batch, sheet and plate.

SUBPART H

	BCT effluent limita- tions	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.204 (¹)	0.0876 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

(2) Batch, rod and wire.

SUBPART H

	BCT effluent limita- tions	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
	Kg/kkg (p 1,000 lb)	ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.123 (¹)	0.0526 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

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(3) Batch, pipe and tube.

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	BCT effluent limita- tions	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.496 (¹)	0.213 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

(4) Continuous.

SUBPART H

	BCT efflue	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.0964 (¹)	0.0413 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

(b) Salt bath descaling, reducing—(1) Batch.

SUBPART H

	BCT effluent limita- tions	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.0949 (¹)	0.0407 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

SUBPART H

	BCT effluent limita- tions	
Pollutant or pollutant property	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 con- secutive days
		ounds per of product
TSSpH	0.532 (¹)	0.228 (¹)

¹ Within the range of 6.0 to 9.0.

[47 FR 23284, May 27, 1982; 47 FR 41739, Sept. 22, 1982]

Subpart I—Acid Pickling Subcategory

§ 420.90 Applicability; description of the acid pickling subcategory.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges and to the introduction of pollutants into publicly owned treatment works resulting from sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid, or combination acid pickling operations.

§ 420.91 Specialized definitions.

- (a) The term *sulfuric acid pickling* means those operations in which steel products are immersed in sulfuric acid solutions to chemically remove oxides and scale, and those rinsing operations associated with such immersions.
- (b) The term hydrochloric acid pickling means those operations in which steel products are immersed in hydrochloric acid solutions to chemically remove oxides and scale, and those rinsing operations associated with such immersions
- (c) The term combination acid pickling means those operations in which steel products are immersed in solutions of more than one acid to chemically remove scale and oxides, and those rinsing steps associated with such immersions.
- (d) The term fume scrubber means those pollution control devices used to remove and clean fumes originating in pickling operations.
- (e) The term *batch* means those pickling operations which process steel products such as coiled wire, rods, and tubes in discrete batches or bundles.

⁽²⁾ Continuous.