

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 405.124

achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best conventional pollutant control technology (BCT): The limitations shall be the same as those specified for conventional pollutants (which are defined in § 401.16) in § 405.112 of this subpart for the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).

[51 FR 24996, July 9, 1986]

Subpart L—Dry Whey Subcategory

§ 405.120 Applicability; description of the dry whey subcategory.

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the manufacture of sweet or acid dry whey.

§ 405.121 Specialized definitions.

For the purpose of this subpart:

(a) Except as provided below, the general definitions, abbreviations and methods of analysis set forth in part 401 of this chapter shall apply to this subpart.

(b) The term *BOD5* input shall mean the biochemical oxygen demand of the materials entered into process. It can be calculated by multiplying the fats, proteins and carbohydrates by factors of 0.890, 1.031 and 0.691 respectively. Organic acids (e.g., lactic acids) should be included as carbohydrates. Composition of input materials may be based on either direct analyses or generally accepted published values.

§ 405.122 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available.

Except as provided in §§ 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart shall achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT):

(a) For whey drying plants with an input equivalent to more than 57,000 lb/day of 40 percent solids whey (22,800 lb/

day of solids or 15,620 lb/day of *BOD5* input).

Effluent characteristic	Effluent limitations	
	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days shall not exceed—
Metric units (kilograms per 1,000 kg of <i>BOD5</i> input)		
<i>BOD5</i>	1.00	0.400
TSS	1.50	.600
pH	(¹)	(¹)
English units (pounds per 100 lb of <i>BOD5</i> input)		
<i>BOD5</i>	0.100	0.040
TSS	0.150	.060
pH	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Within the range 6.0 to 9.0.

(b) For whey drying plants with an input equivalent to 57,000 lb/day or less of 40 percent solids whey (under 22,800 lb/day solids or 15,620 lb/day of *BOD5* input).

Effluent characteristic	Effluent limitations	
	Maximum for any 1 day	Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days shall not exceed—
Metric units (kilograms per 1,000 kg of <i>BOD5</i> input)		
<i>BOD5</i>	1.30	0.650
TSS	1.95	.975
pH	(¹)	(¹)
English units (pounds per 100 lb of <i>BOD5</i> input)		
<i>BOD5</i>	0.130	0.065
TSS	0.195	.098
pH	(¹)	(¹)

¹ Within the range 6.0 to 9.0.

[39 FR 18597, May 28, 1974, as amended at 60 FR 33935, June 29, 1995]

§ 405.123 [Reserved]

§ 405.124 Pretreatment standards for existing sources.

Any existing source subject to this subpart that introduces process wastewater pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403. In addition, the following pretreatment standard establishes the quantity or quality of pollutants or pollutant properties controlled by this section which may be discharged to a