

§ 63.320

40 CFR Ch. I (7-1-07 Edition)

No.	Plant	Battery
3	Armco, Inc., Middletown, OH	1 2 3
4	Armco, Inc., Ashland, KY	3 4
5	Bethlehem Steel, Bethlehem, PA	A 2 3 3
6	Bethlehem Steel, Burns Harbor, IN	1 2
7	Bethlehem Steel, Lackawanna, NY	7 8
8	Citizens Gas, Indianapolis, IN	E H 1
9	Empire Coke, Holt, AL	1 2
10	Erie Coke, Erie, PA	A B
11	Geneva Steel, Provo, UT	1 2 3 4
12	Gulf States Steel, Gadsden, AL	2 3 6
13	Inland Steel, East Chicago, IN	7 9 10 11
14	Jewell Coal and Coke, Vansant, VA	2 3A 3B 3C
15	Koppers, Woodward, AL	1 2A 2B 4A 4B 5 6 7
16	LTV Steel, Cleveland, OH	6 7
17	LTV Steel, Pittsburgh, PA	P1 P2 P3N P3S P4
18	LTV Steel, Chicago, IL	2
19	LTV Steel, Warren, OH	4
20	National Steel, Ecorse, MI	5
21	National Steel, Granite City, IL	A B
22	New Boston Coke, Portsmouth, OH	1
23	Sharon Steel, Monessen, PA	1B 2
24	Shenango, Pittsburgh, PA	1 4
25	Sloss Industries, Birmingham, AL	3 4 5 C
26	Toledo Coke, Toledo, OH	1
27	Tonawanda Coke, Buffalo, NY	1
28	USX, Clairton, PA	1 2 3 7 8 9 13 14 15 19 20 B

No.	Plant	Battery
29	USX, Gary, IN	2 3 5 7
30	Wheeling-Pittsburgh, E. Steubenville, WV.	1 2 3 8

[58 FR 57911, Oct. 27, 1993; 59 FR 1992, Jan. 13, 1994]

**Subpart M—National Perchloroethylene Air Emission Standards for Dry Cleaning Facilities**

SOURCE: 58 FR 49376, Sept. 22, 1993, unless otherwise noted.

**§ 63.320 Applicability.**

(a) The provisions of this subpart apply to the owner or operator of each dry cleaning facility that uses perchloroethylene.

(b) The compliance date for a new dry cleaning system depends on the date that construction or reconstruction commences.

(1) Each dry cleaning system that commences construction or reconstruction on or after December 9, 1991 and before December 21, 2005, shall be in compliance with the provisions of this subpart except § 63.322(o) beginning on September 22, 1993 or immediately upon startup, whichever is later, except for dry cleaning systems complying with section 112(i)(2) of the Clean Air Act; and shall be in compliance with the provisions of § 63.322(o) beginning on July 28, 2008, except as provided by § 63.6(b)(4), as applicable.

(2)(i) Each dry cleaning system that commences construction or reconstruction on or after December 21, 2005 shall be in compliance with the provisions of this subpart, except § 63.322(o), immediately upon startup; and shall be in compliance with the provisions of § 63.322(o) beginning on July 27, 2006 or immediately upon startup, whichever is later.

(ii) Each dry cleaning system that commences construction or reconstruction on or after December 21, 2005, but before July 13, 2006, and is located in a building with a residence, shall be in

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compliance with the provisions of this subpart, except § 63.322(o), immediately upon startup; shall be in compliance with the provisions of § 63.322(o)(5)(ii) beginning on July 27, 2006; and shall be in compliance with the provisions of § 63.322(o)(5)(i) beginning on July 27, 2009.

(3) Each dry cleaning system that commences construction or reconstruction on or after July 27, 2006, shall be in compliance with the provisions of this subpart, including § 63.322(o), immediately upon startup.

(c) Each dry cleaning system that commenced construction or reconstruction before December 9, 1991, and each new transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment that commenced construction or reconstruction on or after December 9, 1991 and before September 22, 1993, shall comply with §§ 63.322(c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (l), and (m); 63.323(d); and 63.324(a), (b), (d)(1), (d)(2), (d)(3), (d)(4), and (e) beginning on December 20, 1993, and shall comply with other provisions of this subpart except § 63.322(o) by September 23, 1996; and shall comply with § 63.322(o) by July 28, 2008.

(d) Each existing dry-to-dry machine and its ancillary equipment located in a dry cleaning facility that includes only dry-to-dry machines, and each existing transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment, and each new transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment installed between December 9, 1991 and September 22, 1993, as well as each existing dry-to-dry machine and its ancillary equipment, located in a dry cleaning facility that includes both transfer machine system(s) and dry-to-dry machine(s) is exempt from §§ 63.322, 63.323, and 63.324, except §§ 63.322(c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (o)(1), and (o)(4); 63.323(d); and 63.324(a), (b), (d)(1), (d)(2), (d)(3), (d)(4), and (e) if the total PCE consumption of the dry cleaning facility is less than 530 liters (140 gallons) per year. Consumption is determined according to § 63.323(d).

(e) Each existing transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment, and each new transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment installed between December 9, 1991 and September 22, 1993, located in a dry cleaning facility that includes only transfer

machine system(s), is exempt from §§ 63.322, 63.323, and 63.324, except §§ 63.322(c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), (o)(1), and (o)(4), 63.323(d), and 63.324(a), (b), (d)(1), (d)(2), (d)(3), (d)(4), and (e) if the PCE consumption of the dry cleaning facility is less than 760 liters (200 gallons) per year. Consumption is determined according to § 63.323(d).

(f) If the total yearly perchloroethylene consumption of a dry cleaning facility determined according to § 63.323(d) is initially less than the amounts specified in paragraph (d) or (e) of this section, but later exceeds those amounts, the existing dry cleaning system(s) and new transfer machine system(s) and its (their) ancillary equipment installed between December 9, 1991 and September 22, 1993 in the dry cleaning facility must comply with § 63.322, § 63.323, and § 63.324 by 180 calendar days from the date that the facility determines it has exceeded the amounts specified, or by September 23, 1996, whichever is later.

(g) A dry cleaning facility is a major source if the facility emits or has the potential to emit more than 9.1 megagrams per year (10 tons per year) of perchloroethylene to the atmosphere. In lieu of measuring a facility's potential to emit perchloroethylene emissions or determining a facility's potential to emit perchloroethylene emissions, a dry cleaning facility is a major source if:

(1) It includes only dry-to-dry machine(s) and has a total yearly perchloroethylene consumption greater than 8,000 liters (2,100 gallons) as determined according to § 63.323(d); or

(2) It includes only transfer machine system(s) or both dry-to-dry machine(s) and transfer machine system(s) and has a total yearly perchloroethylene consumption greater than 6,800 liters (1,800 gallons) as determined according to § 63.323(d).

(h) A dry cleaning facility is an area source if it does not meet the conditions of paragraph (g) of this section.

(i) If the total yearly perchloroethylene consumption of a dry cleaning facility determined according to § 63.323(d) is initially less

than the amounts specified in paragraph (g) of this section, but then exceeds those amounts, the dry cleaning facility becomes a major source and all dry cleaning systems located at that dry cleaning facility must comply with the appropriate requirements for major sources under §§ 63.322, 63.323, and 63.324 by 180 calendar days from the date that the facility determines it has exceeded the amount specified, or by September 23, 1996, whichever is later.

(j) All coin-operated dry cleaning machines are exempt from the requirements of this subpart.

(k) If you are an owner or operator of an area source subject to this subpart, you are exempt from the obligation to obtain a permit under 40 CFR part 70 or 71, provided you are not required to obtain a permit under 40 CFR 70.3(a) or 71.3(a) for a reason other than your status as an area source under this subpart. Notwithstanding the previous sentence, you must continue to comply with the provisions of this subpart applicable to area sources.

[58 FR 49376, Sept. 22, 1993, as amended at 58 FR 66289, Dec. 20, 1993; 61 FR 27788, June 3, 1996; 61 FR 49265, Sept. 19, 1996; 64 FR 69643, Dec. 14, 1999; 70 FR 75345, Dec. 19, 2005; 71 FR 42743, July 27, 2006]

**§ 63.321 Definitions.**

*Administrator* means the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency or his or her authorized representative (e.g., a State that has been delegated the authority to implement the provisions of this part).

*Ancillary equipment* means the equipment used with a dry cleaning machine in a dry cleaning system including, but not limited to, emission control devices, pumps, filters, muck cookers, stills, solvent tanks, solvent containers, water separators, exhaust dampers, diverter valves, interconnecting piping, hoses, and ducts.

*Area source* means any perchloroethylene dry cleaning facility that meets the conditions of § 63.320(h).

*Articles* mean clothing, garments, textiles, fabrics, leather goods, and the like, that are dry cleaned.

*Biweekly* means any 14-day period of time.

*Carbon adsorber* means a bed of activated carbon into which an air-perchloroethylene gas-vapor stream is routed and which adsorbs the perchloroethylene on the carbon.

*Coin-operated dry cleaning machine* means a dry cleaning machine that is operated by the customer (that is, the customer places articles into the machine, turns the machine on, and removes articles from the machine).

*Colorimetric detector tube* means a glass tube (sealed prior to use), containing material impregnated with a chemical that is sensitive to perchloroethylene and is designed to measure the concentration of perchloroethylene in air.

*Construction*, for purposes of this subpart, means the fabrication (onsite), erection, or installation of a dry cleaning system subject to this subpart.

*Desorption* means regeneration of a carbon adsorber by removal of the perchloroethylene adsorbed on the carbon.

*Diverter valve* means a flow control device that prevents room air from passing through a refrigerated condenser when the door of the dry cleaning machine is open.

*Dry cleaning* means the process of cleaning articles using perchloroethylene.

*Dry cleaning cycle* means the washing and drying of articles in a dry-to-dry machine or transfer machine system.

*Dry cleaning facility* means an establishment with one or more dry cleaning systems.

*Dry cleaning machine* means a dry-to-dry machine or each machine of a transfer machine system.

*Dry cleaning machine drum* means the perforated container inside the dry cleaning machine that holds the articles during dry cleaning.

*Dry cleaning system* means a dry-to-dry machine and its ancillary equipment or a transfer machine system and its ancillary equipment.

*Dryer* means a machine used to remove perchloroethylene from articles by tumbling them in a heated air stream (see reclaimer).

*Dry-to-dry machine* means a one-machine dry cleaning operation in which washing and drying are performed in the same machine.