§ 1039.601

adjustment factor to the measured emission rate. Determine the upward adjustment factor (UAF) using the following equation:

 $UAF = EF_A - EF_L$

(2) If regeneration occurs or starts to occur during a test segment, subtract a downward adjustment factor from the measured emission rate. Determine the downward adjustment factor (DAF) using the following equation:

 $DAF = EF_H - EF_A$

(d) Sample calculation. If $\rm EF_L$ is 0.10 g/kW-hr, $\rm EF_H$ is 0.50 g/kW-hr, and F is 0.1 (the regeneration occurs once for each ten tests), then:

 $EF_A = (0.1)(0.5 \text{ g/kW-hr}) + (1.0 - 0.1)(0.1 \text{ g/kW-hr}) = 0.14 \text{ g/kW-hr}.$

UAF = 0.14 g/kW-hr - 0.10 g/kW-hr = 0.04 g/kW-hr.

DAF = 0.50 g/kW-hr - 0.14 g/kW-hr = 0.36 g/kW-hr.

Subpart G—Special Compliance Provisions

§ 1039.601 What compliance provisions apply to these engines?

Engine and equipment manufacturers, as well as owners, operators, and rebuilders of engines subject to the requirements of this part, and all other persons, must observe the provisions of this part, the requirements and prohibitions in 40 CFR part 1068, and the provisions of the Act.

§ 1039.605 What provisions apply to engines certified under the motor-vehicle program?

(a) General provisions. If you are an engine manufacturer, this section allows you to introduce new nonroad engines into commerce if they are already certified to the requirements that apply to compression-ignition engines under 40 CFR parts 85 and 86. If you comply with all the provisions of this section, we consider the certificate issued under 40 CFR part 86 for each engine to also be a valid certificate of conformity under this part 1039 for its model year, without a separate application for certification under the requirements of this part 1039. See § 1039.610 for similar provisions that apply to engines certified to chassis-based standards for motor vehicles.

- (b) Equipment-manufacturer provisions. If you are not an engine manufacturer, you may produce nonroad equipment using motor-vehicle engines under this section as long as the engine has been properly labeled as specified in paragraph (d)(5) of this section and you do not make any of the changes described in paragraph (d)(2) of this section. You must also add the fuel-inlet label we specify in §1039.135(e). If you modify the motor-vehicle engine in any of the ways described in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, we will consider you a manufacturer of a new nonroad engine. Such engine modifications prevent you from using the provisions of this sec-
- (c) Liability. Engines for which you meet the requirements of this section are exempt from all the requirements and prohibitions of this part, except for those specified in this section. Engines exempted under this section must meet all the applicable requirements from 40 CFR parts 85 and 86. This paragraph (c) applies to engine manufacturers, equipment manufacturers who use these engines, and all other persons as if these engines were used in a motor vehicle. The prohibited acts of §1068.101(a)(1) apply to these new engines and equipment; however, we consider the certificate issued under 40 CFR part 86 for each engine to also be a valid certificate of conformity under this part 1039 for its model year. If we make a determination that these engines do not conform to the regulations during their useful life, we may require you to recall them under 40 CFR part 85 or 40 CFR 1068,505.
- (d) Specific requirements. If you are an engine manufacturer and meet all the following criteria and requirements regarding your new nonroad engine, the engine is eligible for an exemption under this section:
- (1) Your engine must be covered by a valid certificate of conformity issued under 40 CFR part 86.
- (2) You must not make any changes to the certified engine that could reasonably be expected to increase its exhaust emissions for any pollutant, or its evaporative emissions if it is subject to evaporative-emission standards.

Environmental Protection Agency

For example, if you make any of the following changes to one of these engines, you do not qualify for this exemption:

- (i) Change any fuel system parameters from the certified configuration.
- (ii) Change, remove, or fail to properly install any other component, element of design, or calibration specified in the engine manufacturer's application for certification. This includes aftertreatment devices and all related components.
- (iii) Modify or design the engine cooling system so that temperatures or heat rejection rates are outside the original engine manufacturer's specified ranges.
- (3) You must show that fewer than 50 percent of the engine model's total sales for the model year, from all companies, are used in nonroad applications, as follows:
- (i) If you are the original manufacturer of the engine, base this showing on your sales information.
- (ii) In all other cases, you must get the original manufacturer of the engine to confirm this based on its sales information.
- (4) You must ensure that the engine has the label we require under 40 CFR part 86.
- (5) You must add a permanent supplemental label to the engine in a position where it will remain clearly visible after installation in the equipment. In the supplemental label, do the following:
- (i) Include the heading: "NONROAD ENGINE EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION".
- (ii) Include your full corporate name and trademark. You may instead include the full corporate name and trademark of another company you choose to designate.
- (iii) State: "THIS ENGINE WAS ADAPTED FOR NONROAD USE WITH-OUT AFFECTING ITS EMISSION CONTROLS. THE EMISSION-CONTROL SYSTEM DEPENDS ON THE USE OF FUEL MEETING SPECIFICATIONS THAT APPLY FOR MOTOR-VEHICLE APPLICATIONS. OPERATING THE ENGINE ON OTHER FUELS MAY BE A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW."

- (iv) State the date you finished modifying the engine (month and year), if applicable.
- (6) The original and supplemental labels must be readily visible after the engine is installed in the equipment or, if the equipment obscures the engine's emission control information label, the equipment manufacturer must attach duplicate labels, as described in 40 CFR 1068.105.
- (7) You must make sure that nonroad equipment produced under this section will have the fueling label we specify in §1039.135(c)(9)(i).
- (8) Send the Designated Compliance Officer a signed letter by the end of each calendar year (or less often if we tell you) with all the following information:
- (i) Identify your full corporate name, address, and telephone number.
- (ii) List the engine models you expect to produce under this exemption in the coming year.
- (iii) State: "We produce each listed engine model for nonroad application without making any changes that could increase its certified emission levels, as described in 40 CFR 1039.605.".
- (e) Failure to comply. If your engines do not meet the criteria listed in paragraph (d) of this section, they will be subject to the standards, requirements, and prohibitions of this part 1039 and the certificate issued under 40 CFR part 86 will not be deemed to also be a certificate issued under this part 1039. Introducing these engines into commerce without a valid exemption or certificate of conformity under this part violates the prohibitions in 40 CFR 1068.101(a)(1).
- (f) Data submission. We may require you to send us emission test data on any applicable nonroad duty cycles.
- (g) Participation in averaging, banking and trading. Engines adapted for nonroad use under this section may not generate or use emission credits under this part 1039. These engines may generate credits under the ABT provisions in 40 CFR part 86. These engines must use emission credits under 40 CFR part 86 if they are certified to an FEL that exceeds an applicable standard under 40 CFR part 86.

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