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required to comply with the requirements in §1039.20. In addition, the prohibitions in 40 CFR 1068.101 restrict the use of stationary engines for nonstationary purposes unless they are certified under this part 1039, or under the provisions of 40 CFR part 89 or 40 CFR part 94, to the same standards that would apply to nonroad engines for the same model year.

(d) In certain cases, the regulations in this part 1039 apply to engines at or above 250 kW that would otherwise be covered by 40 CFR part 1048. See 40 CFR 1048.620 for provisions related to this allowance.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 40462, July 13, 2005; 71 FR 39184, July 11, 2006]

§ 1039.5 Which engines are excluded from this part's requirements?

This part does not apply to the following nonroad engines:

- (a) Locomotive engines. (1) The following locomotive engines are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines in locomotives subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 92.
- (ii) Engines in locomotives that are exempt from the standards of 40 CFR part 92 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR part 92 (except for the provisions of 40 CFR 92.907). For example, an engine that is exempt under 40 CFR 92.906 because it is in a manufacturer-owned locomotive is not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.
- (2) The following locomotive engines are subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines in locomotives exempt from 40 CFR part 92 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR 92.907.
- (ii) Locomotive engines excluded from the definition of locomotive in 40 CFR 92.2.
- (b) *Marine engines.* (1) The following marine engines are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 94.
- (ii) Engines not subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 94 only because they were produced before the standards of 40 CFR part 94 started to apply.
- (iii) Engines that are exempt from the standards of 40 CFR part 94 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR part 94

(except for the provisions of 40 CFR 94.907 or 94.912). For example, an engine that is exempt under 40 CFR 94.906 because it is a manufacturer-owned engine is not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.

- (iv) Engines with rated power below 37 kW.
 - (v) Engines on foreign vessels.
- (2) Marine engines are subject to the provisions of this part 1039 if they are exempt from 40 CFR part 94 based on the engine-dressing provisions of 40 CFR 94.907 or the common-family provisions of 40 CFR 94.912.
- (c) *Mining engines*. Engines used in underground mining or in underground mining equipment and regulated by the Mining Safety and Health Administration in 30 CFR parts 7, 31, 32, 36, 56, 57, 70, and 75 are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.
- (d) *Hobby engines*. Engines with percylinder displacement below 50 cubic centimeters are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 40462, July 13, 2005]

§ 1039.10 How is this part organized?

The regulations in this part 1039 contain provisions that affect both engine manufacturers and others. However, the requirements of this part are generally addressed to the engine manufacturer. The term "you" generally means the engine manufacturer, as defined in § 1039.801. This part 1039 is divided into the following subparts:

- (a) Subpart A of this part defines the applicability of part 1039 and gives an overview of regulatory requirements.
- (b) Subpart B of this part describes the emission standards and other requirements that must be met to certify engines under this part. Note that §1039.102 and §1039.104 discuss certain interim requirements and compliance provisions that apply only for a limited time.
- (c) Subpart C of this part describes how to apply for a certificate of conformity.
 - (d) [Reserved]
- (e) Subpart E of this part describes general provisions for testing in-use engines.