#### § 1039.5

required to comply with the requirements in §1039.20. In addition, the prohibitions in 40 CFR 1068.101 restrict the use of stationary engines for nonstationary purposes unless they are certified under this part 1039, or under the provisions of 40 CFR part 89 or 40 CFR part 94, to the same standards that would apply to nonroad engines for the same model year.

(d) In certain cases, the regulations in this part 1039 apply to engines at or above 250 kW that would otherwise be covered by 40 CFR part 1048. See 40 CFR 1048.620 for provisions related to this allowance.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 40462, July 13, 2005; 71 FR 39184, July 11, 2006]

## § 1039.5 Which engines are excluded from this part's requirements?

This part does not apply to the following nonroad engines:

- (a) *Locomotive engines.* (1) The following locomotive engines are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines in locomotives subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 92.
- (ii) Engines in locomotives that are exempt from the standards of 40 CFR part 92 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR part 92 (except for the provisions of 40 CFR 92.907). For example, an engine that is exempt under 40 CFR 92.906 because it is in a manufacturer-owned locomotive is not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.
- (2) The following locomotive engines are subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines in locomotives exempt from 40 CFR part 92 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR 92.907.
- (ii) Locomotive engines excluded from the definition of locomotive in 40 CFR 92.2.
- (b) *Marine engines.* (1) The following marine engines are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039:
- (i) Engines subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 94.
- (ii) Engines not subject to the standards of 40 CFR part 94 only because they were produced before the standards of 40 CFR part 94 started to apply.
- (iii) Engines that are exempt from the standards of 40 CFR part 94 pursuant to the provisions of 40 CFR part 94

(except for the provisions of 40 CFR 94.907 or 94.912). For example, an engine that is exempt under 40 CFR 94.906 because it is a manufacturer-owned engine is not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.

- (iv) Engines with rated power below 37 kW.
  - (v) Engines on foreign vessels.
- (2) Marine engines are subject to the provisions of this part 1039 if they are exempt from 40 CFR part 94 based on the engine-dressing provisions of 40 CFR 94.907 or the common-family provisions of 40 CFR 94.912.
- (c) *Mining engines*. Engines used in underground mining or in underground mining equipment and regulated by the Mining Safety and Health Administration in 30 CFR parts 7, 31, 32, 36, 56, 57, 70, and 75 are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.
- (d) *Hobby engines*. Engines with percylinder displacement below 50 cubic centimeters are not subject to the provisions of this part 1039.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 40462, July 13, 2005]

### § 1039.10 How is this part organized?

The regulations in this part 1039 contain provisions that affect both engine manufacturers and others. However, the requirements of this part are generally addressed to the engine manufacturer. The term "you" generally means the engine manufacturer, as defined in §1039.801. This part 1039 is divided into the following subparts:

- (a) Subpart A of this part defines the applicability of part 1039 and gives an overview of regulatory requirements.
- (b) Subpart B of this part describes the emission standards and other requirements that must be met to certify engines under this part. Note that \$1039.102 and \$1039.104 discuss certain interim requirements and compliance provisions that apply only for a limited time.
- (c) Subpart C of this part describes how to apply for a certificate of conformity.
  - (d) [Reserved]
- (e) Subpart E of this part describes general provisions for testing in-use engines.

#### **Environmental Protection Agency**

- (f) Subpart F of this part describes how to test your engines (including references to other parts of the Code of Federal Regulations).
- (g) Subpart G of this part and 40 CFR part 1068 describe requirements, prohibitions, and other provisions that apply to engine manufacturers, equipment manufacturers, owners, operators, rebuilders, and all others.
- (h) Subpart H of this part describes how you may generate and use emission credits to certify your engines.
- (i) Subpart I of this part contains definitions and other reference information.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 70 FR 40462, July 13, 2005]

## § 1039.15 Do any other regulation parts apply to me?

- (a) Part 1065 of this chapter describes procedures and equipment specifications for testing engines. Subpart F of this part 1039 describes how to apply the provisions of part 1065 of this chapter to determine whether engines meet the emission standards in this part.
- (b) The requirements and prohibitions of part 1068 of this chapter apply to everyone, including anyone who manufactures, imports, installs, owns, operates, or rebuilds any of the engines subject to this part 1039, or equipment containing these engines. Part 1068 of this chapter describes general provisions, including these seven areas:
- (1) Prohibited acts and penalties for engine manufacturers, equipment manufacturers, and others.
- (2) Rebuilding and other aftermarket changes.
- (3) Exclusions and exemptions for certain engines.
  - (4) Importing engines.
- (5) Selective enforcement audits of your production.
  - (6) Defect reporting and recall.
  - (7) Procedures for hearings.
- (c) Other parts of this chapter apply if referenced in this part.

# § 1039.20 What requirements from this part apply to excluded stationary engines?

The provisions of this section apply for engines built on or after January 1, 2006.

- (a) You must add a permanent label or tag to each new engine you produce or import that is excluded under §1039.1(c) as a stationary engine and is not required by 40 CFR part 60, subpart IIII, to meet the requirements of this part 1039, or the requirements of parts 89 or 94, that are equivalent to the requirements applicable to nonroad or marine engines for the same model year. To meet labeling requirements, you must do the following things:
- (1) Attach the label or tag in one piece so no one can remove it without destroying or defacing it.
- (2) Secure it to a part of the engine needed for normal operation and not normally requiring replacement.
- (3) Make sure it is durable and readable for the engine's entire life.
  - (4) Write it in English.
- (5) Follow the requirements in  $\S 1039.135(g)$  regarding duplicate labels if the engine label is obscured in the final installation.
- (b) Engine labels or tags required under this section must have the following information:
- (1) Include the heading "EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION."
- (2) Include your full corporate name and trademark. You may instead include the fill corporate name and trademark of another company you choose to designate.
- (3) State the engine displacement (in liters) and maximum engine power (or in the case of fire pumps, NFPA nameplate engine power).
- (4) State: "THIS ENGINE IS EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CFR PARTS 89 AND 1039 AS A "STATIONARY ENGINE." INSTALLING OR USING THIS ENGINE IN ANY OTHER APPLICATION MAY BE A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW SUBJECT TO CIVIL PENALTY."
- (c) Stationary engines required by 40 CFR part 60, subpart IIII, to meet the requirements of this part 1039, or parts 89 or 94, must meet the labeling requirements of 40 CFR 60.4210.

[69 FR 39213, June 29, 2004, as amended at 71 FR 39185, July 11, 2006]