

Forest Service

Eastern Region



Monitoring and Evaluation Guide



Monitoring and Evaluation Guide

Introduction

Monitoring and evaluation are required by the National Forest Management Act to determine how well the Land and Resource Management Plan (*Forest Plan*) is working. Monitoring and evaluation are divided into three broad categories and are designed to answer the following basic questions:

- 1. **IMPLEMENTATION MONITORING Did we do what we said we were going to do?** This question answers how well the direction in the *Forest Plan* is being implemented. Collected information is compared to Objectives, Standards, Guidelines and Management Area direction.
- 2. **EFFECTIVENESS MONITORING Are the standards and guidelines working?** This question answers whether the application of standards and guidelines is achieving the results envisioned in the Forest Plan.
- 3. VALIDATION MONITORING Is our understanding of the situation and information available correct? This question answers whether the assumptions and predicted effects used to formulate the goals and objectives are accurate.

Depending on the answers to the above questions, the 2005 Forest Plan may be amended or revised to adapt to new information and changed conditions. Through this adaptive management approach, the plan is kept current,

While Chapter 4 (Monitoring and Evaluation Chapter) of the *Forest Plan* provides programmatic direction for monitoring and evaluating *Forest Plan* implementation, this Guide provides more specific direction to implement the monitoring strategy outlined in the *Forest Plan*. See Chapter 4 of the *Forest Plan* for more details on the linkage between these documents.

Monitoring Approach

Monitoring and evaluation are separate activities. Monitoring is the process of collecting data and information. Evaluation is the analysis and interpretation of the information and collected data. A key requirement of a monitoring strategy is that the public be given timely, accurate information about *Forest Plan* implementation. This is done through the release of an <u>annual monitoring</u> <u>evaluation report</u>. The monitoring program must be efficient, practical and affordable, and may make use of data that has been or will be collected for other purposes.

Monitoring tasks are scaled to the *Forest Plan*, program or project to be monitored. Each of these entails different objectives and requirements. Monitoring is not performed on every single activity, nor must it meet the statistical rigor of formal research.

As the *Forest Plan* points out, budgetary constraints affect the level of monitoring that can be done in a fiscal year. If budget levels limit the Forest's ability to perform all monitoring tasks, then the highest priority tasks are funded first. The *Monitoring and Evaluation Guide* establishes priority categories for the monitoring items, and the annual monitoring schedule identifies which items will be measured given the current year's funding levels. The monitoring evaluation report provides the analysis and summary of the monitoring results.

It must be emphasized that this document is a guide – it is not a decision document. It is intended to provide guidance for the execution of Forest monitoring and evaluation activities required by NFMA. The *Guide* itself is dynamic, and may be subject to periodic revision to meet current needs during the life of the Forest Plan. The annual monitoring schedules will be subject to budgetary considerations, emerging research, and issue-driven factors that will influence monitoring priorities from year to year. Priorities will be revisited each year, based on a review of the criteria described in the *Priority* definition below (under "Purpose of the Monitoring and Evaluation Guide").

Monitoring Needs

Chapter 4 of the *Forest Plan* describes monitoring needs in tables 4-03 through 4-06. This *Monitoring and Evaluation Guide* elaborates upon methods to be used to answer the monitoring questions asked in those tables.

Monitoring Methods, Tools, and Sources

The *Guide* contains specific monitoring items along with methods, protocols, and analytical procedures for monitoring them. In seeking to assess the effectiveness of our efforts to implement the Forest Plan and accomplish high quality on-the-ground results, the Forest will use a wide variety of tools, methods, and information sources. Although this *Guide* provides details for specific focused monitoring efforts aimed at answering specific questions, many other information sources may be used. Not all monitoring information will require focused site-specific sampling efforts. Information sources and monitoring methods to be used in evaluating our effectiveness may include any or all of the following:

- Accomplishment reports
- Annual project field reviews and NEPA compliance reviews
- General management reviews (GMRs)
- Functional Assistance Trips and Activity Reviews
- Project Administration (Permit/Contract Administrator reports and inspection reports)
- Data or information provided by contractors, permittees, partners, cooperators, researchers, conservation organizations, and other State and Federal agencies.

Purpose of the Monitoring and Evaluation Guide

The purpose of the *Monitoring and Evaluation Guide* is to identify specific items that respond to the items described in tables 4-03 through 4-06 of the Forest Plan. The Monitoring Guide outlines the methods to be used to collect and analyze the data. In addition, it describes the purpose, methods, locations, responsible persons, and estimated costs. The document also identifies the relative importance of the monitoring items. Each year, an interdisciplinary team will review the monitoring items and the monitoring questions and will work with the Forest leadership team in developing a monitoring schedule for the upcoming year that takes into account available budgets.

Specific components of each item in the *Monitoring and Evaluation Guide* include:

Monitoring Item Name: Descriptive name for the monitoring item.

<u>Monitoring Item ID</u>: Unique alpha-numeric identifier for each monitoring item. (Numbers are not indicators of any kind of priority or ranking.)

- **<u>Priority</u>**: Indicates the priority of the monitoring item. Priority **R** (required) monitoring must be done before or in conjunction with activities that may be associated with it. Priority **H** (high) items should generally be funded after required items are funded. It is expected that annual budgets would normally allow most of these high priority items to be funded along with the required items. Priority **M** (moderate) items are important to the implementation of the 2005 Forest Plan but are contingent upon funding. Priority **L** (low) items are desirable to complete but may not be funded. A protocol for these items is usually not developed unless funding is available. In the priority setting, the following criteria are considered:
 - If the item is required by law, regulation, or policy.
 - The ecological significance of having the results for the issue. This is a measure of the potential risk to natural resources if the monitoring is not completed. This includes the potential for long-term or irreversible damage and the geographic extent of the potential effects.
 - The level of scientific controversy surrounding the issue.
 - The level of public controversy or concern surrounding the issue.
 - The degree of link to achieving Plan desired future conditions?
 - Additional data needs identified from previous monitoring activities
 - Assessment of benefits versus the cost of collecting data
 - Emerging issues and concerns that may be addressed through monitoring

Forest Plan Reference Table Number: The table reference(s) in Chapter 4 of the Forest Plan that this monitoring item addresses.

Evaluation Questions: Provides the purpose of monitoring (most are either legal requirements or provide information for better land management decisions).

Data Collection Methods: The specific techniques are described. The sampling technique descriptions may include the unit of measure for each data element, reference values (thresholds or trigger points), spatial scale, and a description of the evaluation process.

- *Variable or Parameters:* Specific data needed, usually expressed in the form of measurable or quantifiable units (i.e.: miles of trail, acres of harvest, etc.)
- *<u>Frequency of Monitoring</u>*: Describes how often information is gathered or measured. For example, may be annually, every three-five years, or every ten years. Some resources need to be monitored annually to produce trend data.
- **<u>Reporting Frequency</u>**: Defines how often the information is analyzed and reported. Depending upon the question being answered, analysis of the information may occur at longer time intervals than the frequency of monitoring.
- Year Scheduled: Describes the next Fiscal year the data will be collected.
- <u>Year Last Accomplished</u>: Describes the Fiscal year the data collection was last collected.
- <u>Cost for decade</u>: Dollar value cost to complete the monitoring during the decade. These estimates are for direct costs of retrieval or collection of data. Estimates do not include administrative overhead, supervision, contract preparation, or other similar indirect costs (unless otherwise noted).
- **Cost for year scheduled**: Dollar value cost to complete the monitoring during the next year scheduled. These estimates are for direct costs of retrieval or collection of data. Estimates do not include administrative overhead, supervision, contract preparation, or other similar indirect costs (unless otherwise noted).
- <u>Cost Explanation</u>: Explanation of the expenses associated with the monitoring item. This may also include dialogue about funding sources and any other comments related to financing the monitoring item.
- Data Storage Method and Location: Includes metadata on where the associated data is stored.
- **<u>Responsibility</u>**: Lists who on the Forest has the primary lead for monitoring each item. This is often the program leader who works with District counterparts and other program leaders to ensure the item is completed if funded.
- <u>Who (Cooperators)</u>: Who is involved in the data collection, processing and analysis? These may include Forest Service and non-FS personnel.

Using the Monitoring and Evaluation Guide

Aside from serving as a bank of monitoring items that are subsampled to generate the Annual Monitoring Plan, the Guide will also aid in planning monitoring budgets by allowing for out-year scheduling (which is particularly useful for items with data collection intervals of 2, 3 or 5 years)

Annual Monitoring and Evaluation Report

Developed by an interdisciplinary team working with the Forest Supervisor, the *Annual Monitoring and Evaluation Report* summarizes the results of completed monitoring from the previous year(s), and evaluates the data. The evaluation process determines whether the observed changes are consistent with *Forest Plan* desired future conditions, goals, objectives and what adjustments may

be needed. The Forest Supervisor uses this information either to certify the *Forest Plan* as sufficient for management in the coming year, or to decide that the Plan needs to be amended.

This report may provide summaries of data collected, but is primarily written to display evaluation of the data, conclusions and recommendations. Comparison of subsequent monitoring and evaluation reports provide a means to track management effectiveness over time and to show the changes that have been made or are still needed.

Key questions to be addressed through monitoring and evaluation are:

- Are management direction and standards being followed?
- How well are objectives of the Plan being achieved?
- Do management prescriptions respond to issues, concerns, and opportunities?
- Are effects of Plan implementation occurring as predicted?
- Is the Forest progressing toward its long-term goals?

In summary, the Annual Monitoring and Evaluation Report:

- Reviews the results of monitoring activities during the preceding year
- Assesses the effectiveness of management practices in achieving goals, objectives and desired conditions (outcomes) specified in the Plan
- Compares the actual outputs, services and costs with those estimated in the Plan
- Evaluates the data for indicators of trends or effects
- Identifies a need to amend or revise the Plan
- Identifies research needed by the National Forest System

Resource Name	Monitoring Item/ Indicator Name	Page #	Priority	Cost Per Decade (\$1,000)	Fiscal Year Scheduled	Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000)
Air	Air Quality Indicators - Lichen and Vegetation	11	Medium	60	2007	30
Air	Air Quality Related Values	12	High	285	2006	29
Air	Effects of Prescribed Fire Management Practices on Air Quality	13	Medium	40	2007	4
Aquatics	Fishing Opportunies	14	Low	4	2006	2
Aquatics	Habitat Restoration/Improvement - Fish productivity	15	High	60	2006	6
Aquatics	Habitat Restoration/Improvement - Habitat Complexity	16	High	50	2006	5
Aquatics	R9 Sensitive Mayflies	17	High	33	2006	10
Aquatics	Stream Temperatures	18	High	20	2006	2
Aquatics	Wild Fish Inventories	19	High	150	2006	15
Fire	Prescribed Fire	20	Medium	20	2006	2
Fire	Wildland Fire Use	21	Medium	20	2006	2
Forestry	Regeneration Harvest Opening Size	22	Required	8	2010	4
Forestry	Stocking Level	23	Required	20	2006	2
Forestry	Suited Land	24	Required	10	2015	10
Forestry	Increase of Destructive Insects and Diseases	25	Required	20	2006	2
Heritage	Impacts on cultural and historic sites	26	Medium	30	2006	3
Minerals	Rock and Mineral Collecting	27	Low	10	2006	1
Outputs	Outputs Accomplished - Fisheries, Rec., Roads, Watershed, Wildland Fire	28	High	10	2006	1
Outputs	Outputs Accomplished - Volume and Acres of Timber Offered and Sold.	29	Required	5	2006	1

R esource Name	Monitoring Item/ Indicator Name	Page #	Priority	Cost Per Decade (\$1,000)	Fiscal Year Scheduled	Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000)
Plants	Invasive Species Eradication Effectiveness	30	Medium	50	2006	5
Plants	Invasive Species Prevention	31	Low	125	2006	10
Plants	TES Plant Population Trends	32	High	200	2006	20
Plants	Alpine Ecological Indicators	33	Medium	33	2007	10
Plants	Cliff Plant Ecological Indicator	34	High	33	2006	10
Recreation	Off Road Vehicles - Effects	35	Required	31	2008	10
Recreation	Perceived quality of experience and perception of crowding among Forest visitors	36	Low	125	2010	125
Recreation	Use at Developed Campgrounds, Day Use Areas and Ski areas	37	Medium	20	2006	2
Recreation	Use at Special Use Permitted Backcountry Facilities	38	Medium	20	2006	2
Recreation	Use on Forest trails	39	High	300	2008	30
Recreation	Rock Climbing Use	40	High	33	2007	10
Recreation	Permitted Outfitter/Guide use on the Forest	41	High	20	2006	2
Scenery	Scenic Integrity Objectives	42	Medium	5	2015	5
Socioeconomic	Socioeconomic Outputs	43	Required	6	2006	1
Soils	Long-term Soil Productivity	44	High	55	2015	55
Soils	Soil Productivity	45	High	30	2006	2
Water	Effects of Management Practices on Water Quality	46	High	300	2006	30
Water	Watershed Condition	47	Low	100	2006	10
Water	Implementation of BMPs	48	Low	50	2006	5

R esource Name	Monitoring Item/ Indicator Name	Page #	Priority	Cost Per Decade (\$1,000)	Fiscal Year Scheduled	Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000)
Wildcat WSR	Wildcat WSR/Compliance of Developments or Activities within River Corridor	49	High	3	2008	1
Wilderness	Destination Use Trends in Wilderness	50	High	100	2006	10
Wilderness	Dispersed Campsite Density and Size in Wilderness and Wild and Scenic River corridor	51	High	113	2007	12
Wilderness	Satisfaction of Wilderness Visitors (quality of experience and perception of crowding).	52	Medium	175	2007	100
Wilderness	Trail Use Trends in Wilderness	53	High	80	2006	8
Wilderness	Control of Human Litter and Waste in Wilderness and the Wildcat Wild and Scenic River corridor	54	High	6	2007	2
Wildlife	Bald Eagle Monitoring	55	Low	10	2006	1
Wildlife	Bicknell's Thrush Monitoring	56	High	100	2007	20
Wildlife	Early Successional MIS Population Trends	57	Required	35	2007	7
Wildlife	Loon Monitoring	58	Low	20	2006	2
Wildlife	Mature MIS Population trends	59	Required	150	2006	30
Wildlife	MIS Habitat Trends	60	Required	2	2010	1
Wildlife	RFSS Butterflies	61	Medium	40	2008	20
Wildlife	RFSS invertebrates (non-butterfly)	62	Medium	66	2008	20
Wildlife	TES Bat Monitoring	63	Medium	66	2007	20
Wildlife	TES Large Mammals	64	High	150	2006	15
Wildlife	Wood turtle monitoring	65	High	50	2006	10
Wildlife	High Elevation Bird Ecological Indicators	66	High	40	2006	28

Resource Name	Monitoring Item/ Indicator Name	Page #	Priority	Cost Per Decade (\$1,000)	Fiscal Year Scheduled	Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000)
Wildlife	Peregrine Falcon Ecological Indicator	67	Low	33	2008	10
	=					

Total Cost (\$1,000): 792

	Air		
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority:	Medium
Air Quality Indicators - Lichen	n and Vegetation	1 1 101 10 9 .	Wouldin
Monitoring Item Number: 1	9 Forest Management Plan		04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
values) being maintained and Ozone and other air pollutants	Reference Table Number: apacting forest resources especially Cla	ass I wilderness areas? A g helps determine the exte	re AQRVs (air quality related ent of that impact. Monitoring
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Lichen protocol Ozone vegetation damage pro Two surveys of each complete			
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Lichen species, condition, and Ozone vegetation damage.	l changes.		
Sample Design: Using compatible current proto	ocols.		
Frequency of Monitoring: 53	years Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2007 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 30
Reporting Frequency: Decade		J J	Per Decade (\$1,000): 60
Estimated Cost - Explanation \$15000. per individual survey. Data Storage: NRIS-Air Responsibility: Air resource team leader Cooperators:	<i>c</i> : Ozone and lichen surveys completed	d twice per decade.	

	Air	
Manifestina Mana Mana		n ta ta High
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Air Quality Related Values		<i>Priority:</i> High
Monitoring Item Number: 2	\sim $rorest management ran$	-02 4-03 4-04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are air emissions affecting Air implemented? This monitoring measures the	Reference Table Number: Reg Quality Related Values (AQRVs) ? Are level of of air emmisions and their impa of air quality data is required monitoring	ulatory Outputs MIS General Specific the IMPROVE protocols or similar technology being to AQRV's such as water quality, scenic values, under the Forest Plan. Use of the IMPROVE site is
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Air chemistry is measured at C AMC.	Camp Dodge using IMPROVE protocol.	Water quality is collected through an agreement with
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Ozone measurements Water quality - ph, cations, anio Visibility	ons, conductivity	
Sample Design:		
1 5 5 6	,	2006 Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000): 29
Reporting Frequency: Annua Estimated Cost - Explanation \$28,500/year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2005 <i>Cost Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 285
Data Storage:		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Air resource specialist.		
<i>Cooperators:</i> State of New Hampshire, Air Q AMC	2uality	

	Air		7	
Monitoring Item Name:		Prior	ity: Medium	
_	anagement Practices on Air Quality	171070	vy. Woalan	
Monitoring Item Number: 1	6 Forest Management Plan	4-02 4-03 egulatory Outputs	4-04 4-05 4-0 MIS General Spec	06 cific
This monitoring will help deterr	<i>Reference Table Number:</i> vities meeting air quality standards? mine if our prescribed burning meets a rmine if burning prescriptions adequat	ir quality standards by	measuring particulate matter	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Use portable data collectors to	record particulate matter during the a	ctivity.		
Variables or Parameters:				
<i>Sample Design:</i> Selected prescribed fires will b	e monitored for air quality parameters	such as particulate ma	atter.	
Frequency of Monitoring: Ev	very 2 year Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2007 <i>Cost for Y</i>	ear Scheduled (\$1,000):	4
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished:	NA Co	ost Per Decade (\$1,000):	40
	: uring one or two fires per year initially. ble PM monitoroing equipment - appr		ependent upon availablity of	:
NRIS				
<i>Responsibility:</i> Air specialist				
Cooperators:				

	Aquatics		
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Fishing Opportunies		Priority:	Low
Monitoring Item Number:	5 Forest Management Plan		
	e of fishing opportunities that meets dema meeting one of the Fisheries goals in the	and and protects wild sto	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Uses stocking reports compar	ed to miles of perennial streams to deter	mine balance.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> miles of fishable streams stock miles of fishable streams with			
Sample Design:			
Frequency of Monitoring: Reporting Frequency: 5 yea			Scheduled (\$1,000): 2 Per Decade (\$1,000): 4
Estimated Cost - Explanation	1		<i>or Declare</i> (41)88897
Data Storage:			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Fisheries Biologist			
Cooperators:			

	Aquatics]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Habitat Restoration/Improver	nent - Fish productivity	Priority:	High
Monitoring Item Number: 8			.04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are stream habitat restoration/	<i>Reference Table Number:</i> Reg improvement projects increasing wild tr asurements before and after aquatic im	rout productivity?	IIS General Specific Image: Constraint of the second seco
fish from specific stream reach temporarily held after each pas	ted using multiple-pass depletion methones. Block nets are used to isolate fish so through the station. Standard statisticadult fish population abundance and bied.	from other portions of the ical software (Microfish)	e stream and fish are will be used to provide
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Biomass and density of fish po	pulations		
<i>Sample Design:</i> This sampling would be done a	at selected stream restoration projects.		
1 7 7 0	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 6
Reporting Frequency: Annua		2005 <i>Cost</i> 1	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 60
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$4000 per year NFWF	:		
ENRIS water if compatiable.	pecifically for fish population data		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Fisheries Biologist			
<i>Cooperators:</i> NHF&G			

	Aquatics	7
Monitoring Item Name:	Priori	<i>ity:</i> High
Habitat Restoration/Improven		<i>y</i>
Monitoring Item Number: 7	Pagulatory Outputs	4-044-054-06MISGeneralSpecific
This monitoring compares mea	<i>Reference Table Number:</i>	□ ✓ ✓ ty?
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Uses draft National aquatic mo	pnitoring protocols.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Habitat Complexity (%pool, riff Dimensions;	le, glide); Substrate size distribution; Large woody debris size	and abundance; Bankfull
Sample Design:		
1 7 7 8		ear Scheduled (\$1,000): 5
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> Annua <i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$3000 per year NFWF.		<i>st Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 50
<i>Data Storage:</i> NRIS water (when ready)		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Fisheries Biologist		
<i>Cooperators:</i> None		

	8				
	Aquati	CS			
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> R9 Sensitive Mayflies			<i>Priority:</i> Hi	igh	
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are management activities infl	3 Forest Management Plan Reference Table Number: luencing the distribution of aquatic s se species recently added to the RF			heir related commun	cific ✔
determine if Forest S&G's alor <i>Data Collection Method:</i> Aquatic invertebrate sampling	ng with State BMP provide adequate methods.	protection fo	or these sensitive sp	IECIES.	
Variables or Parameters:					
	nrough August in 1st-3rd order strea d timber harvesting occur. Control s establish protocols.				e
Frequency of Monitoring: Tri	iannually Fiscal Year Scheduled	2006	Cost for Year Sch	neduled (\$1,000):	10
Reporting Frequency: Every	3 years Last Year Accomplishe	e d: NA	Cost Per I	Decade (\$1,000):	33
Planned NFIM funding.	a: h university to fund graduate studer	nt.			
<i>Data Storage:</i> Excel spreadsheet or some inf	fo in NRIS water				
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Fisheries Biologist					
<i>Cooperators:</i> Potential cooperators are UNH	H; Plymouth State University, or FS	esearch.			

	Aquatics	
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	High
Stream Temperatures	-	-
Monitoring Item Number:	Portest Munugement Lun Pegulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
Monitoring will help determine	<i>Reference Table Number:</i>	g period? Stream temperature affects
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Continue with current inventor	y using HOBO thermographs. Repeat sites for monitoring.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Average weekly maximum terr	nperature from last week in June thru last week in August	
<i>Sample Design:</i> Will sample 20 streams in FY :	2006 using past years sampling to refine exact locations for ther	mographs.
Frequency of Monitoring: 5	years Fiscal Year Scheduled; 2006 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 2
Reporting Frequency: 5 yr.		Per Decade (\$1,000): 20
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$2000 per year. Conduct sam NFIM or NFWF	a: apling every year but report every 5 years.	
Data Storage:		
Responsibility:		
Forest Fisheries Biologist		
Cooperators:		

	Aquatics		
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Wild Fish Inventories		Priority:	High
	Reference Table Number: Reference Reference Table Number: Reference Table Numb		S General Specific D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D
fish from specific stream reach temporarily held after each par	ated using multiple-pass depletion meth ches. Block nets are used to isolate fish ass through the station. Standard statist d adult fish population abundance and b led.	from other portions of the tical software (Microfish) wi	stream and fish are Il be used to provide
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Fish biomass			
<i>Sample Design:</i> Samples will be randomly take streams, roads, dams).	en from within select reaches. Reaches	s will be determined using (3IS data layers (contours,
1 7 7 8	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	v	Scheduled (\$1,000): 15
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> Annua <i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> 15,000 per year NFIM	1 1	2005 Cost Po	er Decade (\$1,000): 150
Data Storage:			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Fisheries Biologist			
<i>Cooperators:</i> NH Fish and Game			

	Fire	1
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	Medium
Prescribed Fire		
Monitoring Item Number: 7	Poresi Management 1 tun Perulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
1)? Are prescribed burns me	Reference Table Number: Regulatory Outputs In a set of the set o	
management agency monitorir	story burns. ring and Inventory System) is a comprehensive monitoring systen ng requirements. FIREMON includes components and instruction onduct field sampling and, store and analyze their fire effects and	ns enabling field personnel to
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Various can include vegetati	on, soil, fuels characteristics and human factors	
Sample Design:		
Frequency of Monitoring:	Fiscal Year Scheduled: 2006 Cost for Year	Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished: 2005 Cost 1	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 20
Estimated Cost - Explanation 2 days/ burn (of forestry tech ti through cooperation with TNC Data Storage:	me) GS-6 level, dependant on size of burn and ecological objec	tives; possibly completed
<i>Responsibility:</i> Fire Planner/ Ecologist		
<i>Cooperators:</i> The Nature Conservancy		

	Fire	
Monitoring Item Name: Wildland Fire Use		Priority: Medium
Management Plan? Did the fire s to firefighter and public safety? D	tay within the allowed management area id the fire function as a natural ecosyste uels reduced? Monitoring the effects of	4-03 4-04 4-05 4-06 ory Outputs MIS General Specific □ □ □ ✓ ojectives set forth in the Forest Plan and Fire Image: Comparison of the set of
management agency monitoring r	g and Inventory System) is a comprehen equirements. FIREMON includes compo	nsive monitoring system designed to satisfy fire ponents and instructions enabling field personnel to ze their fire effects and other monitoring data.
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Various can include vegetation,	soil, fuels, and human components.	
Sample Design:		
Frequency of Monitoring: Reporting Frequency: Annually	Fiscal Year Scheduled: 200 Last Year Accomplished:	06 Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000): 2 Cost Per Decade (\$1,000): 20
Estimated Cost - Explanation:	curence and size of wildland fire use ev	
Data Storage:		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Fire Planner/ Ecologist		
<i>Cooperators:</i> The Nature Conservancy		

	Forestry - Wil	dlife	
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority:	Required
Regeneration Harvest Openir	ng Size	y -	
Monitoring Item Number: 7	• Forest Munugement I un	4-02 4-03 4-0 gulatory Outputs M	
Are we meeting wildlife habitat	<i>Reference Table Number:</i> for even-age regeneration harvest being t regeneration objectives in both size ar monitoring item. It helps determine who	g met and are we accomp d quantity of openings by	blishing resources needs?
	ne on-the-ground condition and Forest pole) to get stand information. Individua		
Variables or Parameters:			
Sample Design:			
Frequency of Monitoring: 5 y			Scheduled (\$1,000): 4
Reporting Frequency: 5 year	1	2005 <i>Cost F</i>	Per Decade (\$1,000): 8
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Data base comparison against	<i>ι:</i> t standards. Evaluated on a 5 year bas	sis.	
<i>Data Storage:</i> CDS data base			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forestry Program Leader/Fore	est Planner		
Cooperators:			

	Forestry	/]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Stocking Level		Priority.	: Required
Monitoring Item Number: 6	7 Forest Management Plan		4-04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are lands adequately restocke	Reference Table Number:		MIS General Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Stocking Surveys (3rd or 5th) The R9 FSH 2409.26b is curre	ently being updated. This document w	ill provide the protocol for	stocking surveys.
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Stocking levels of suitable spec	cies in regeneration harvest areas.		
Sample Design:			
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	r Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
Reporting Frequency: Annua		J	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 20
Management program. CWK <i>Data Storage:</i> Summary data will be stored in <i>Responsibility:</i>	e summary results. Actual survey cos V or NFTM will fund.		of work for our Forest

	Forestr	y				
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Suited Land			Prior	<i>ity:</i> Re	quired	
Monitoring Item Number: 6	8 Forest Management Plan	4-02	4-03	4-04	4-05	4-06
	Reference Table Number: timber production adequately descril This monitoring helps identify where			e place.		
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Record the acres of unsuitable Use Common Stand Exam	e and suitable lands inventoried.					
Variables or Parameters:						
Sample Design:						
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2015	Cost for Y	ear Sch	eduled (\$1,000):	10
Reporting Frequency: 10 yea		2005	Co	ost Per L	Decade (\$1,000):	10
information. It does NOT inclu	et al. rventories. Costs only include the an ude stand examination and inventory of analysis will occur on a 10 year basis.	costs asso				
Cooperators:						

	Forestr	y - Ecology			
Monitoring Item Name:			Priority:	Required	
Increase of Destructive Insec	ts and Diseases				
Monitoring Item Number: 6	9 Forest Management F Reference Table Num	her. Regulatory	4-03 4-0 Outputs M		4-06 pecific
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> To what extent have destructiv This monitoring helps track tre should take place.	ve insects and disease organi	isms increased?	d to determine w		n
Data Collection Method: Record the number of outbread ""damaging levels"" has been of Forestry does an annual aerial truthing and identification of the can be used as a source for ou	concretely defined, a qualitati detection survey. Hotspots e organisms causing the dam	ive assessment of s are mapped while in	suppression will to n the air and late	be made. State & Prov r followed up with grou	ınd-
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of outbreaks Acres affected Species of insects and disease	€S				
Sample Design:					
Frequency of Monitoring: An			•	Scheduled (\$1,000):	2
Reporting Frequency: Annua		nplished: 2005	Cost P	Per Decade (\$1,000):	20
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Forest Service State and Priva problem occurs, protocols will	te Forestry funds the cost of				
<i>Data Storage:</i> NRIS					
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Silviculturist, Forest Eco	ologist, Forest Botanist				
<i>Cooperators:</i> State and Private Forestry					

	Heritag	ge	7
Monitoring Item Name:		Prio	rity: Medium
Impacts on cultural and histor	ric sites		
Monitoring Item Number: 3	3 Forest Management Plan	4-02 4-03	4-04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> What are the human impacts to This monitoring will help determ	<i>Reference Table Number:</i> to cultural and historic sites? mine if there is unacceptable damag	Regulatory Outputs	MIS General Specific
	led NEPA compliance reviews, activitial Register sites. A portion of the si		
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Unacceptable damage by proje	ects or vandalism of known sites (nເ	umber, description).	
<i>Sample Design:</i> None - field inspection of know	<i>ı</i> n sites		
		2006 0 ()	Year Scheduled (\$1,000); 3
Frequency of Monitoring: An Reporting Frequency: Every	Innually Fiscal Year Scheduled. 3 years Last Year Accomplishe	0	Year Scheduled (\$1,000): 3 Sost Per Decade (\$1,000): 30
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Annual field checks. The 3 yr. <i>Data Storage:</i> Heritage database and atlas. If <i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Heritage program mana District Rangers and NEPA con <i>Cooperators:</i>	Evaluation is estimated to cost \$2, NFRA-Heritage.	000 per time.	
New Hampshire SHPO			

	Minaral	_	
	Minerals	5	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Rock and Mineral Collecting		Priority:	Low
Measures whether sites are be specifically evaluates whether meets Forest Plan standards a protect the sites. Data Collection Method: Involves site visits to evaluate	Reference Table Number: Reference Table Number: Provide the provide the providet the providet the providet the providet the	e protection standards with a ed. It evaluates whether th managers determine if addi Annual report of geology/m	S General Specific Image: Specific Innes? a focus on fee sites. It the collecting activity itself itional actions are needed to Image: Specific Specific Image: Specific Image: Specific
Variables or Parameters:			
Sample Design:			
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year S	Scheduled (\$1,000): 1
Reporting Frequency: Annua	-	J	er Decade (\$1,000): 10
Estimated Cost - Explanation \$1000. This is part of the NFM Data Storage: GIS, Excel Responsibility: Geology/mineral program team Cooperators:	MG program of work and is funded thro	ugh that fund code.	

	Outputs		
Monitoring Item Name: Outputs Accomplished - Fish	eries, Rec., Roads, Watershed, Wildland	Priority:	High
<i>Monitoring Item Number:</i> <i>Evaluation Question:</i> How do actual outputs compar	Forest Management Plan 4-0	02 4-03 4-0 latory Outputs MI ☐ ☑ ☑	IS General Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Utilize annual reports such as	MAR and existing data bases for trails a	nd roads to assemble the	e information.
maintained. Net increase in mi developed campground sites.	d. Number of road crossings where fish les of non-motorized trails. Net increase Net increase in the PAOT's for backcour ed. Acres of improved watershed or soil	in miles of snowmobile t ntry facility capacity. Miles	trails. Net increase in s of roads constructed,
<i>Sample Design:</i> None needed. Data will come	directly from data bases.		
Frequency of Monitoring: An Reporting Frequency: Annua	•		Scheduled (\$1,000): 1 Per Decade (\$1,000): 10
Estimated Cost - Explanation	-		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Fisheries program manager, F program manager, and Forest <i>Cooperators:</i>	Recreation program manager, Fire mana Engineer	ıgement officer, Water/A	ir program manager, Wildlife

	Outputs		
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority:	Required
	me and Acres of Timber Offered and S	•	
Monitoring Item Number: 2	- Poresi Munugemeni Lun		04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
This monitoring uses existing r	Reference Table Number: re with estimates in Appendix B? reporting systems to determine if expect nomic impacts of the Forest Plan.		
	reports to identify: the amount of volume I intermediate harvest; acres of uneven		
Acres of even-aged intermedia Acres of uneven aged harvest	on harvest annually and total for the de ate harvest annually and total for the de annualy and total for the decade. and Pulp offered and sold in FY and dec	cade.	
Sample Design: None needed. Data will come	directly from timber data bases.		
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 1
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished:	2005 <i>Cost</i> 1	Per Decade (\$1,000): 5
Estimated Cost - Explanation \$500/year	:		
Data Storage:			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Forest management pro	ogram leader		
Cooperators:			

	Plants			7	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Invasive Species Eradication	Effectiveness		Priori	<i>ty:</i> Medium	
Monitoring Item Number: 6	2 Forest Management Plan	4-02	4-03	4-04 4-05 MIS General S	4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> To what extent have been obje Monitoring helps determine hor	<i>Reference Table Number:</i>	ts are and	Outputs		Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Visit treatment sites and monite	or effectiveness				
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Area of infestation post-treatme	ent				
	coverage, number of stems, etc. depe nine if size/condition of population has				
Frequency of Monitoring: An		2006	Cost for Ye	ear Scheduled (\$1,000):	5
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished:	2005	Cos	st Per Decade (\$1,000):	50
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$5,000/yr. NFVW covers cost.					
<i>Data Storage:</i> TERRA?					
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Botanist will direct proje	ct; implementation may be by all units	i			
Cooperators:					

	Plants]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Invasive Species Prevention		Priority:	Low
		gulatory Outputs M	-04 4-05 4-06 MIS General Specific □ ☑ ☑ ☑
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Identification of new invasive s	site locations and monitoring of known	occurrences.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of new occurrences or	f NNIS plants		
<i>Sample Design:</i> Most likely, some portion of the revisited annually.	e Forest will be surveyed each year dep	pending on budget, but th	e same locations will not be
1 7 7 0	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	v	<i>r Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 10
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished:	2005 <i>Cost</i> 1	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 125
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$5,000-\$30,000 is range for ea year. NFVW funding.	:: ach survey depending on the intensity d	esired. A portion of the F	Forest is monitored each
<i>Data Storage:</i> TERRA			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Botanist will direct proje	ect; implementation by all units		
Cooperators: New England Wild Flower Soc	iety?		

	Plants			
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> TES Plant Population Trends		Priority:	High	
	\sim $\Gamma U I \in \mathcal{M} I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I$		IIS General Specific	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Subset of RFSS plant species some occurrences of a given s	will be visited each year species will be visited every 5 years			
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population			
<i>Sample Design:</i> Visit site during appropriate ide (see their survey form)	entification season (usually summer), co	ount plants and report acc	cording to NHNHB protocols	
Frequency of Monitoring: An			Scheduled (\$1,000): 20	
Reporting Frequency: Annually Last Year Accomplished: 2005 Cost Per Decade (\$1,000): 200 Estimated Cost - Explanation: Will need to establish some protocol in 2006 to determine which occurences of TES plant populations to monitor in a given year. Set the set of the set				
<i>Data Storage:</i> New Hampshire Natural Herita	age Bureau database			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Botanist will coordinate	monitoring; implementation by all units			
<i>Cooperators:</i> New Hampshire Task Force				

	Plants - Recrea	ation	
Monitoring Item Name: Alpine Ecological Indicators		Priority:	Medium
	\sim $1010000000000000000000000000000000000$	ulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific ✓ ✓ □ recreation use in the alpine
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Monitor subsamples of alpine e affecting communities.	ecological indicators based on proximity	/ to trails to determine if h	niking use is negatively
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Recreation use levels Amount (area and condition) of	f trampling of plants or community patc	hes	
and away from trails or other a within patches (e.g. smashed s nitrogen near trails?) Will also This is more about community	sic heath and snowbank/wet ravine alpi ctivity. Measure size of patches and ch stems, other signs of damage, etc.). Th need to be able to correllate recreation integrity than individual species, but ma in case some species are more sensit	nanges over time, as well nink about soil chemistry activity on each trail near ay need to also be aware	as condition of vegetation changes (e.g., increased r sample sites. of changes in individual
Frequency of Monitoring: Tri	annually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2007 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 10
Reporting Frequency: Every	3 years Last Year Accomplished:	NA Cost I	Per Decade (\$1,000): 33
other one the following year. <i>Data Storage:</i> Data kept with Forest Botanist Rare plant occurrence reported <i>Responsibility:</i>	nonitoring. Completed every 3 years. N d to NHNHB rogram Manager will coordinate monitor mbination		J

	Plants - Recreation	
Monitoring Item Name: Cliff Plant Ecological Indicato	Priority:	High
	Reference Table Number: Regulatory Outputs M Image: State in the	IS General Specific Stence?
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Ocular survey of cliff face/base	and along specific climbing routes	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Rock-climbing / access hiking Vegetative cover (percent cove		
measure percent cover, etc.), a condition. Will also need to ev	ng: 1) a broad effort across large areas of cliff face and base (gr and 2) a more specific effort along specified cliff routes evaluatin valuate potential routes not yet being climbed. Will need to also one in conjunction with peregrine monitoring.	g rare plant occurrences and
Frequency of Monitoring: 3-5		<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 10
Reporting Frequency: 3-5 ye		<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 33
least two surveys are complete expand to monitoring individua <i>Data Storage:</i> With Forest Botanist <i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Botanist / Recreation Praccount from all units <i>Cooperators:</i>	very 3 years. Reporting is done following each survy but evalua ed. Protocols need to be developed in 2006. These may start wi I species in following surveys.	ith photo points for 2006 and y through contract and force
Likely contract for climbing rou	te surveys of rare plants, but could use other staff to inventory pl	ants at base.

	Recreation	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Off Road Vehicles - Effects	Priority: Required	
vegetation, fish and wildlife, fo Monitoring of ORV impacts is		
	identify, discuss and document problem, on-the-ground monitoring of identified areas ar opriate groups to address those locations where monitoring proves a problem exists.	ıd
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Varies depending on the locati	tion of any trail and the resources potentially affected as well as by previous monitoring r	[.] esults.
	identify, discuss and document problem, on-the-ground monitoring of identified areas ar opriate groups to address those locations where monitoring proves a problem exists.	ıd
		10 31
<i>Data Storage:</i> Individual report on review dor <i>Responsibility:</i> Recreation Staff/applicable spo <i>Cooperators:</i> State OHRV Offices and local		rts.

	Recreation	n	
Monitoring Kom Name		Dui ouituu	Low
Monitoring Item Name:	ice and perception of crowding among	Priority:	Low
Monitoring Item Number: 4		4-02 4-03 4-0 gulatory Outputs M	IS General Specific
Evaluation Question: What is the level of visitor satisfaction on the Forest (as measured by quality of experience and perception fo crowding) at developed sites as well as in the backcountry? This monitoring provides trend information to help managers determine if they are meeting visitor expectations. This gives managers an indication of management actions that may need to be taken to meet visitor needs and to judge their reaction to the implementation of the recreation strategy.			
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Attitude Survey on visitor satististics site exit survey of Forest visito	faction (quality of experience and perce	ption of crowding). Meth	ods will at least include an on-
with recreation researchers an	nined during development of the protoco ad carried out through contract or partner risitor satisfaction survey implemented a areas of the Forest.	ership agreements with re	creation research
Sample Design: Survey, every 3-5 years Survey will focus on visitor perceptions of crowding at selected dveloepd sites and selected sites in the backcountry. Survey will also focus on visitor satisfaction as a measure of whether information delivery and education messages are helping visitors find the appropriate recreation opportunity they desire. Sample design (number of samples, location and timing of sampling, etc) of survey to be determined during development of protocol.			
Frequency of Monitoring: 10	Years Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2010 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 125
Reporting Frequency: 10 Ye		NA Cost I	Per Decade (\$1,000): 125
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation:</i> \$125,000 at least once during the life of the Plan for a single stand alone contract.			
Data Storage:			
Recreation Files Central office	files		
Responsibility:			
Recreation management staff			
Cooperators:			
Potential:			
Trail cooperator clubs New England universities with	recreation research programs		
Wilderness Society	realization recourses programs		

Tuesday, March 07, 2006

Concession operators

	Recreation	7
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Use at Developed Campgrou	unds, Day Use Areas and Ski areas	<i>ty:</i> Medium
Monitoring Item Number: 3 Evaluation Question:	Reference Table Number:	4-04 4-05 4-06 MIS General Specific □ □ ✓
changing over time? Monitoring helps Forest persor use sites. This combined with additional or less facilities. Us	Torest developed campgrounds, day use areas, developed facion nnel understand who is using the facilities. In addition, use is a occupancy rates in developed campgrounds and ski area use se figures will help determine where management approaches . The developed campground information can help in discussion	an indicator of impacts at day e can help show a need for need to be changed or where
	round concession operations, permitted ski areas (downhill an VC, counts at visitor centers, fee tube counts at day use sites,	
Variables or Parameters: Visits and visitor days - use sta Site occupancy rates at develo Use at ski areas. Use at day use areas.	andard Length of Stay Factors (LOS) to translate between visitoped campgrounds	ts and visitor days.
would require no sampling.	mitted ski areas, and some day use araes (PNVC, Saco RD V ve to be estimated use (e.g. analysis of fee tube collections or	
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	•	ear Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
		st Per Decade (\$1,000): 20
	Itained annually. Every 3 years the information will be reported to a second	d and evaluated for changes.
<i>Data Storage:</i> Forest database for recreation	n use pending national implementation of use module for INFR	:A.
<i>Responsibility:</i> Developed Recreation staff		
<i>Cooperators:</i> Concession operators and per	rmit holders	

	Recreation	n	
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority	Medium
Use at Special Use Permitted	Backcountry Facilities	1101113.	Weddin
·		4-02 4-03 4-0	04 4-05 4-06
Monitoring Item Number: 3	\sim $1000000000000000000000000000000000000$	gulatory Outputs M	IS General Specific
This monitoring provides an ide it can help inform managers at	use at permitted Forest backcountry fa ea of use trends in the backcountry. W bout the type of use occurring and if cha the recreation strategy of protecting rec	/hen combined with other anges in the amount of us	se indicate a need to change
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Input reports of use at permitte	ed backcountry facilities. May have to sa	ample use at nonpermitte	d backcountry facilities.
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Visits and visitor days - use sta	andard Length of Stay Factors (LOS) to	translate between visits a	and visitor days.
Forest) - these are reported us	kcountry facilities (these represent abo se ted backcountry facilities, if necessary ⁻		/ facility capacity of the
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 <i>Cost for Year</i>	Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
Reporting Frequency: Annua		j	Per Decade (\$1,000): 20
Estimated Cost - Explanation	_		
<i>Data Storage:</i> Forest database for recreation	use pending national implementation of	of use module for INFRA.	
<i>Responsibility:</i> Dispersed Recreation manage	ment staff		
<i>Cooperators:</i> permit holders			

	Recreation	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Use on Forest trails	Priority:	High
This monitoring information is recreation opportunities across	9 Forest Management Plan Reference Table Number: 4-02 4-03 4-0 Regulatory Outputs M use on Forest motorized and non-motorized trails? needed to implement the Forest plan recreation approach of mains the high, moderate, and low use areas on the Forest. The infor- ction to insure a balance is maintained.	IIS General Specific I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
Data Collection Method: National Visitor Use Monitoring Trailhead registers or trailhead recreation use database to be	counts or backcountry ranger counts as well as past use counts	s compiled in a Forest
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Visits and visitor days - use sta	andard Length of Stay Factors (LOS) to translate between visits a	and visitor days.
<i>Sample Design:</i> TBD, evaluate process used b	y Forest for trailhead monitoring in 1999 for potential application.	
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	-	<i>Scheduled</i> (\$1,000): 30
Reporting Frequency: Trianr Estimated Cost - Explanation		Per Decade (\$1,000): 300
<i>Data Storage:</i> Forest database for recreation <i>Responsibility:</i> Dispersed Recreation manage	use pending national implementation of use module for INFRA.	
<i>Cooperators:</i> Trail clubs, AMC, RMC, DOC		

Recreation -	Wildlife/Plants
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		Recreation - Y					
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Rock Climbing Use				Prio	rity: High		
Monitoring Item Number: 1 Evaluation Question: What is the rock climbing use When combined with other mo trends in rock climbing use. T	<i>Ref</i> erence on the For onitoring ef	forts related to cliff pl	$r: \square$		4-04 MIS	\checkmark	4-06 Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Consider parking lot vehicle co plant sites), counts by climber Combine the protocol with that	s who wou	ld voluntarily complet	e use questionn	aire each tim			
Variables or Parameters:							
Rock-climbing / access hiking	route use	levels in visits					
Rock-climbing / access hiking <i>Sample Design:</i> Use of climbing sites in genera a subsample of specified cliff routes not yet being climbed.	al but also	a subsample of active					
Sample Design: Use of climbing sites in genera a subsample of specified cliff routes not yet being climbed. Frequency of Monitoring: 3-	al but also routes eval -5 years	a subsample of active uating rare plant occo Fiscal Year Schedu	urrences and co uled: 2007	ndition. Wil	I also need f	o evaluate pol uled (\$1,000):	ential
<i>Sample Design:</i> Use of climbing sites in genera a subsample of specified cliff routes not yet being climbed.	al but also routes eval -5 years years <i>n</i> :	a subsample of active uating rare plant occu <i>Fiscal Year Schedu</i> <i>Last Year Accomp</i>	urrences and co uled: 2007 lished: NA	ndition. Wil	I also need f	o evaluate po	ential
Sample Design: Use of climbing sites in genera a subsample of specified cliff routes not yet being climbed. Frequency of Monitoring: 3- Reporting Frequency: 3-5 y Estimated Cost - Explanation	al but also routes eval -5 years years n: ntually deter	a subsample of active uating rare plant occu <i>Fiscal Year Schedu</i> <i>Last Year Accomp</i> mined. Determine p	uled: 2007 lished: NA rotocol in 2006.	ndition. Wil	l also need f Year Schedt Jost Per Dec	o evaluate pol uled (\$1,000); ade (\$1,000);	ential

Recreation, Outfitter/Guides, Special Uses

	Recreation, Outilitier/ G	naes, spee			
Monitoring Item Name:			Priority: Higl	'n	
Permitted Outfitter/Guide use	on the Forest		2		
Monitoring Item Number: 35		4-02 Regulatory	4-03 4-04 hutputs MIS	4-05 4-0 Conoral Spa	
This monitoring will help identify	Reference Table Number: untry use is attributed to permitted of fy trends and locations of use by our nd protect areas of currently low use	utfitter/guides?			cific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Inputting O/G data from "end of	of year" reports into Outfitter/Guide o	atabase.			
	G permits, number of people using C s, where is O/G activity occuring on t		on making use of C	D/G permits, activit	ies
<i>Sample Design:</i> No sampling - counts of all O/G	G permit use via "end of season" rep	orts.			
1	reports ar Fiscal Year Scheduled		ost for Year Sche		2
1 0 1 7	3 years Last Year Accomplishe	d: 2005	Cost Per De	ecade (\$1,000):	20
evaluated for changes. Databa	vill need to be maintained annually. ase maintenance funded out of NFF				
<i>Data Storage:</i> Forest Outfitter/Guide use data	abase				
<i>Responsibility:</i> Outfitter/Guide administrator					
<i>Cooperators:</i> Outfitter/Guide permit holders					

	Scener	у]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Scenic Integrity Objectives		Priority:	Medium
<i>Monitoring Item Number:</i> 1 <i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are assigned Scenic Integrity (This monitoring will help valida	Reference Table Number:	Regulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 AIS General Specific □ □ ✓ y being met.
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Project reviews			
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Design and distribution of indiv Cumulative combination of veg			
	ndividual projects and combinations of hether Scenic Integrity Objectives ar		oximity to each other with
Frequency of Monitoring: 3-5			• Scheduled (\$1,000): 5
Reporting Frequency: 10 yeaEstimated Cost - ExplanationData Storage:LA files and monitoring reportsResponsibility:Landscape ArchitectCooperators:			Per Decade (\$1,000): 5

	Socioecono	mic	
Monitoring Item Name: Socioeconomic Outputs		Priority:	Required
This monitoring compares the		☐	IIS General Specific
	Itiple sources, mostly from recurring bu a. Some of the recreation use figures w itees and concessionaires.		
Number of Full and Part-time e sawtimber and pulp; Special U	yments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT); WMNF employees; Stumpage Value and Volur lse Permit Receipts; Recreation Pass (ting Budgets; Number of Developed Ca	me of Timber Sold and Ha Fee Demo) Receipts; Anr	rvested broken out by
services and amenities provide collected. Most items are avail amounts for the year.	across several resources to arrive at a ed by the Forest. Accordingly, the desi able in recurring reports, and will not re measure visitor use levels by recreation npling protocols developed}	gn for the collection is dep equire sampling, rather the	pendent on each item ey will be reported in actual
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 1
Reporting Frequency: Annua	ally Last Year Accomplished:	2005 Cost I	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 6
Comparison of actual versus e Data Storage: Electronic copies stored on the monitoring summary report. Responsibility:		aluated on a 5 year basis. cordingly. Paper copies sto	ored in project record for the

	Soils	
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	Hiah
Long-term Soil Productivity		3
Monitoring Item Number: 1	Regulatory Outputs M	
species)? This is a long term monitoring	<i>Reference Table Number:</i>	d/or forest health (or, aquatic
soil taxonomy.Collection is soil	ar in Forest Service GTR (In preparation with NRS). In brief, soil layer by layer. Health data is collected for all trees within a 30m er. Biomass data is the same 30m diameter plot.	
collected systematically across Variables or Parameters:		
using the till source model (Ba hardwood), slope position (ridg trees within a 30 meter circular plot at all 40 soil data sites. Pl	d to represent the range of soil calcium concentration on the WM iley et al 2004) as the initial representation. All sites were similar ge, mid, toe), and soil (moderately well-drained basal till). Forest plot at the all 40 soil data sites. Forest productivity was measur ot size was determined for similarity with other productivity plots er plot) for statistically useful data.	in forest type (northern health was measured for all ed within 30 meter circular
Frequency of Monitoring: 10	-	Scheduled (\$1,000): 55
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> 10 yea	ars Last Year Accomplished: 2004 Cost H	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 55
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Depletion-\$30-40,000/sample Health/Productivity-\$20,000/sa	year	
<i>Data Storage:</i> Soil samples are archived at H stored at HBEF.	ubbard Brook Experimental Forest. Increment Cores are stored	at HBEF. Foliar samples are
<i>Responsibility:</i> WMNF Forest Soil Scientist/Ec	cologist and NRS Ecologists (A Memorandum of Understanding i	s being developed)
<i>Cooperators:</i> Northeast Research Station (D	r's Scott Bailey, HBEF; Rich Hallett, NRS-Durham and Marie-Lo	uise Smith, NRS-Durham).

	Soils		
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Soil Productivity		Priority:	High
<i>Monitoring Item Number:</i> <i>Evaluation Question:</i> Is soil compaction occuring?		4-02 4-03 4-0 gulatory Outputs MI	IS General Specific
Data Collection Method:			
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Soil Compaction			
Sample Design:			
Encryon of Monitoring.	Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
Frequency of Monitoring: Reporting Frequency: Annu		,	Scheduled (\$1,000): 2 Per Decade (\$1,000): 30
Estimated Cost - Explanation			
<i>Data Storage:</i> Soil data will be stored at WM	INF.		
<i>Responsibility:</i> WMNF Forest Soil Scientists/	Ecologist		
Cooperators:			

	Water	
Monitoring How North		Priority: High
Monitoring Item Name: Effects of Management Pract	ices on Water Quality	Frioruy: Tigit
-	·	
Monitoring Item Number: 22	Remia	
quality being maintained? This monitoring assesses the e		In protecting water quality. The Wildcat River protecting the quality of that river.
	imber harvest activities in maintaining wa creational activities on water resources.	ater quality.
several forms, basic cations, basic cations, backet of assessment depends of assessment depends of assessment depends of a statement of a sta	asic anions, metals. Can also include bac	Il be on vegetation management activities such as
	wide. Water chemistry samples are collecter of the second se	ected on reference stream with pre and post harvest
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled: 20	COO6 Cost for Year Scheduled (\$1,000): 30
Reporting Frequency: Annua	-	2005 Cost for Tear Scheduled (\$1,000): 300
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation.</i> \$30,000/year <i>Data Storage:</i> NRIS will eventually be able to	: store this data.	
Data is stored cooperatively with	th NHDES in STORET.	
Responsibility:		
Forest hydrologist. Wild and Scenic River Corridor	r Leader.	
Cooperators:		
Forest Service Research NE PSU - Plymouth State Univsers	sity	

	Water		
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Watershed Condition		Priority:	Low
Monitoring Item Number: 2	\sim $rorest munusement run$		04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are watersheds and associate	<i>Reference Table Number:</i>		IIS General Specific □ □ ✓
	ne what watersheds are fully functioning improving stream crossings and road/to goals.		
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> WO and RO are developing m	ethod to assess watershed condition.		
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> number (and percent) of water Miles of stream at PFC Acres of waterbodies at PFC Acres of wetland at PFC	sheds in fully functioning condition		
Sample Design:			
Frequency of Monitoring: An Reporting Frequency: Annua	nnuallyFiscal Year Scheduled:allyLast Year Accomplished:	•	Scheduled (\$1,000): 10 Per Decade (\$1,000): 100
Estimated Cost - Explanation			
<i>Data Storage:</i> NRIS/GIS			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest hydrologist			
Cooperators:			

	Water - A	ir]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Implementation of BMPs		Priority:	Low
This monitoring assesses if mi dust abatement, reduction in v		gulatory Outputs M vities ? ject plans. This includes considerations were made	. For water quality it includes
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Use BMPEP or similar protoco Additional protocols may be de	ol to assess forest projects eveloped by the Region in the future.		
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Many Standards and Guideline basis during project planning. implementation	es are also Best Management Practices Best Management Practices including		
<i>Sample Design:</i> Random samples are selected	d by program. Forms are used to recor	d information.	
Frequency of Monitoring: An Reporting Frequency: Annua	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled: ally Last Year Accomplished:	•	Scheduled (\$1,000): 5 Per Decade (\$1,000): 50
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Accomplish through program	<i>ı</i> :		(\$1,000). U
<i>Data Storage:</i> ORACLE/GIS			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest hydrologist			
Cooperators:			

	Wild & Scenic Rivers	
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	High
Wildcat WSR/Compliance of	Developments or Activities within River Corridor	
Monitoring Item Number: 3	0 Forest Management Plan 4-02 4-03 4-0 Reference Table Number: Qutputs M	IS General Specific
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Are developments and project	ts within the Wild & Scenic River corridor consistent with the Wild	and Scenic Rivers Act.?
consistent with the Compreher	sibility as the lead agency to insure both federal and private land nsive River management plan and Section 7 requirements of the nd past Section 7 consultation reports to insure that we are meet	Clean Water Act. This
Data Collection Method:		
	ects where permit issued by state or town every three to five yea permit or 404 Clean Water Act permits prior to Section 7 determi	
Check for consistency of privat	lications received and consultations provided. te and agency activities, and town zoning ordnances, with the Co nd the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.	omprehensive River
<i>Sample Design:</i> None		
		Scheduled (\$1,000): 1 Per Decade (\$1,000): 3
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Est \$1,000 every three to five y	;	
Data Storage:		
Forest records for Wildcat WS	R	
<i>Responsibility:</i> Saco RD		
<i>Cooperators:</i> Town of Jackson US CoE		

	Wildernes	S	
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority:	High
Destination Use Trends in W	ilderness	1 <i>110111</i> 9.	i light
Monitoring Item Number: 4		4-02 4-03 4-	04 4-05 4-06
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> Over time is there a change in The Forest Plan lists a variety	Reference Table Number: Reg visitor use at Wilderness destinations? of sites and desired conditions for the s is being met and if management actions	sites. This monitoring will	IIS General Specific Image: help determined if desired
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Use counts in all zones of Wild	derness		
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> The indicator is "use at Wilder	ness destinations"		
group sizes encountered durin	areas per zone. Measure total number o Ig sampling period. Measure maximum Analyze data on 3-year intervals. Utilize	and minimum total users	at any time during sample
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar	nnually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 10
Reporting Frequency: Every		J J	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 100
Estimated Cost - Explanation			
Data Storage:			
	recreation use pending national implen	nentation of use module f	or INFRA.
Responsibility: Wilderness staff			
Cooperators:			
Potential:			
Trail cooperator clubs New England universities with Wilderness Society	recreation research programs		

	Wilderness					
		Llich				
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	High				
	and Size in Wilderness and Wild and Scenic River corridor					
Monitoring Item Number: 4	Regulatory Outputs M					
Reference Table Number: Regulatory Outputs MIS General Specific Evaluation Question: Image:						
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Field survey of selected draina	ges/untrailed peaks/Wilderness					
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> The indicators are "number of without vegetative cover."	dispersed campsites within set distance of each other." and "are	a of dispersed campsites				
year. Survey dispersed camps Zones B, C, and D: Complete 1 selected stream drainage as year as appropriate in each Wi life of the Plan. Zone C-D - Sel	rsed campsites along 1 selected stream drainage as appropriate ites on 1 trailless peaks above 2,999 feet as appropriate in each update of dispersed campsite inventory during the life of the Plar appropriate in each Wilderness each year. Survey of 1 trailless ilderness each year. Zones B: Complete update of dispersed car lect 10 sample sites. Measure campsite area at sample sites on change. Utilize same sample sites for duration of this plan.	Wilderness each year. n. Size: Zone A: Survey along peaks above 2999 feet each mpsite inventory during the				
		<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 12				
Reporting Frequency: Every	3 years Last Year Accomplished: NA Cost H	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 113				
Estimated Cost - Explanation						
Annual data collection for som the results available every 3 ye	e of the items. Once every 3 years for some and once per plan pears.	period for others. Report on				
Data Storage:						
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	mpsite database (is the current database compatable with storin	g this data?)				
Responsibility:						
Wilderness staff						
Cooperators:						
Potential:						
Trail cooperator clubs New England universities with	recreation research programs					

Wilderness Society

	Wildernes	S	
Manitaring Itam Nama		Duiouitu	Medium
Monitoring Item Name:	sitors (quality of experience and percer	•	Wediam
		0,	
Monitoring Item Number: 4	• Forest Munugement I tun	4-02 4-03 4-0 gulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
One of the goals of Wilderness	Reference Table Number: sfaction in Wilderness (quality of experises management is to provide users with if we are meeting this goal and visitor e	an opportunity for solitude	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Attitude Survey on visitor stats	faction (quality of experience and perce	əption of crowding) in Wild	derness
	ined during development of the protoco d carried out through contract or partne		
perceptions of crowding at sele whether information delivery an	ntation to get a baseline and then once ected sites within Wilderness. Survey nd education messages are helping vis er of samples, location and timing of sa	will also focus on visitor sa sitors find the appropriate	atisfaction as a measure of recreation opportunity they
Frequency of Monitoring: 10	Years Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2007 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 100
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> 10 Ye			Per Decade (\$1,000): 175
Estimated Cost - Explanation	-	Cost I	er Decuue (\$1,000). 115
_	ring the life of the Plan. Report out follo	wing second survey. Dev	/elop protocol in FY 2006-
Data Storago			
<i>Data Storage:</i> Individual central office Wilder	ness Files		
Responsibility:			
Wilderness staff			
Cooperators:			
Potential:			
Trail cooperator clubs			

New England universities with recretaion research programs Wilderness Society

	Wilderne	SS			
Manifaring Kom Namos			Priority:	Liah	
Monitoring Item Name: Trail Use Trends in Wildernes	ee		f rioruy.	riign	
		4-02	4.02 4.1	04 4-05 4-	-06
Monitoring Item Number: 4	3 Forest Management Plan Reference Table Number:	4-02 Regulatory	4-03 4-0 Outputs M		-06 ecific
This monitoring will provide us recreation strategy and more s high, moderate, and low use a	visitor use on trails in Wilderness? e trend data that can be used to dete specifically the Wilderness plan. Both reas. The Wilderness plan provides nonitoring will determine if some of th	of these a more spec	are aimed at mair cific and trigger po	ting the Forest wide ntaining a balance betwo pints for when additiona	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Visitor counts on trails in Wilde	erness zones B, C, and D. No trails i	ו Wilderne	ss Zone A by def	inition.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> The indicator is "use on Wilder	mess trails"				
two time per season). Measure Measure group sizes encounte	nts per Wilderness, one per zone. Sa e total number of users encountered ered during sampling period. Monitor bling dates and times for duration of t	during sam use annua	npling period.		
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006	Cost for Year	Scheduled (\$1,000):	8
	3 years Last Year Accomplished	NA	v	Per Decade (\$1,000):	80
	Results will be reported and analyz	ed every 3	years.		
Data Storage:			(
As part of Forest database for	recreation use pending national impl	ementation) of use module to	or INERA.	
Responsibility: Wilderness staff					
Cooperators:					
Potential:					
Trail cooperator clubs New England universities with	recreation research programs				
Wilderness Society	recreation research programs				

	Wilderness - Wild and Scenic River	
Monitoring Item Name:		High
Control of Human Litter and	Waste in Wilderness and the Wildcat Wild and Scenic River corrid	or
Monitoring Item Number: 3	34 Forest Management Plan 4-02 4-03 4-04 Reference Table Number: Outputs MIS	
This monitoring helps define the	the presence of human litter and waste in Wilderness and the river of the impacts use may have in the backcountry. This can affect the videntify if trigger points in the stewardship plan have been reached	visitors experience. The
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Observation		
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> The indicator is "the presence	e of human litter and waste."	
<i>Sample Design:</i> As discovered on regularly sch	heduled patrols	
Frequency of Monitoring: Du	During regul Fiscal Year Scheduled: 2007 Cost for Year S	Scheduled (\$1,000): 2
Reporting Frequency: Every	y 3 years Last Year Accomplished: NA Cost Pe	er Decade (\$1,000): 6
Estimated Cost - Explanation	<i>n</i> :	
-	is part Wilderness patrols. Conducted every 3 years at \$2000 per t	ime. \$6,000/decade.
Data Storage:		
LEMARS as part of incident re	eporting system	
Responsibility:		
Wilderness staff		
Cooperators:		

	Wildlife	;]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Bald Eagle Monitoring		Priority.	; Low
Monitoring Item Number: 6			-04 4-05 4-06 MIS General Specific
	Reference Table Number: If breeding bald eagles on the WMNF? reeding is occurring on L. Tarleton. Th		
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Identification of suitable nestin eagles	ng habitat on the Forest, which may be	limited to Lake Tarleton.	Ocular survey for and count of
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population		
<i>Sample Design:</i> NH Audubon Society protocols	3		
Frequency of Monitoring: Ar Reporting Frequency: Annua		•	<i>r Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 1 <i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 10
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> NFWF funded.			1 <i>cr Decuue</i> (\$1,000).
<i>Data Storage:</i> NH Audubon Society; FAUNA			
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	e with partners		
<i>Cooperators:</i> New Hampshire Audubon Soc	siety		

	Wildl	ife			
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Bicknell's Thrush Monitoring			Priority:	High	
	56 Forest Management Plan Reference Table Number: f Bicknell's thrush on the Forest? n population trends in order to insur	4-02 Regulatory		IIS General	4-06 Specific ✔
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Auditory/ocular survey along es	stablished transects				
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population				
<i>Sample Design:</i> See WMNF High Elevation Bre	eeding Bird Survey protocol (update	əd from Comm	nittee of Scientis	յts in 2005).	
	very 2 year Fiscal Year Schedulea		Cost for Year	Scheduled (\$1,000):	20
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> Every <i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$20,000/survey completed eve		<u>ed:</u> 2005	Cost F	Per Decade (\$1,000):	100
<i>Data Storage:</i> WMNF Birds Access breeding) bird database; possible future mig	ration into FAL	UNA		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	e monitoring; implementation by all	units			
Cooperators:					

	Wildlife		
Monitoring Item Name:		Priority:	Required
Early Successional MIS Pop	ulation Trends	<u> </u>	
Monitoring Item Number: 6	P I Diest Munugement I un	4-02 4-03 4-0 gulatory Outputs M	04 4-05 4-06 IIS General Specific
	IIS consistent with those projected under ad under the NFMA. This monitoring he	er the Plan?	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Breeding Bird Survey point co	unt		
Variables or Parameters: Number of breeding birds occu (chestnut-sided warbler) and s	upying various sizes and stages of rege softwoods (magnolia warbler)	enerating stands. Will nee	d to look at hardwoods
(in softwoods) occur in a giver sampled. Standard 10-minute	uate the number of breeding chestnut-s n stand aged 0-9 (or maybe up to 20). breeding bird survey point count should bbably work best to run this survey in be	Stands meeting vegetative d be sufficient for most sta	e criteria would be randomly ands. All birds seen or heard
Frequency of Monitoring: Ex	very 2 year Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2007 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 7
Reporting Frequency: Every	2 years Last Year Accomplished:	-	Per Decade (\$1,000): 35
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$7,000/survey completed ever	<i>ı:</i> ry two years. Develop protocol in 2006.		
<i>Data Storage:</i> FAUNA			
Responsibility: Forest Biologist			
Cooperators:			

	Wildl	ife			
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Loon Monitoring			Priority:	Low	
Monitoring Item Number: 5	-	4-02 Regulatory	4-03 4-04 Outputs MIS		4-06 pecific
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> What is the population trend of The monitoring helps establish	Reference Table Number: f loons on the Forest? n population trends in order to insur				
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Nest productivity survey					
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population				
	n nesting is known or has occurred determine number of chicks fledged		ount nesting pairs	s during breeding sea	ason
Frequency of Monitoring: An			· ·	Scheduled (\$1,000):	2
Reporting Frequency: Annua Estimated Cost - Explanation Is funded from NFWF.		<u>ed:</u> 2005	<u>Cost Pe</u>	er Decade (\$1,000):	20
<i>Data Storage:</i> FAUNA; data also sent to Loor	n Preservation Committee				
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	e monitoring; implementation by Am	imo-Pemi and	Saco districts		
<i>Cooperators:</i> Loon Preservation Committee					

	Wildlife		
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Mature MIS Population trends	S	Priority:	Required
	Reference Table Number: Reg IS consistent with those projected under d under the NFMA. This monitoring he		S General Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Breeding Bird Survey			
Variables or Parameters: Number of birds over time			
transects and another for rege	d survey protocols for MIS; one for mat eneration habitats that will randomly selve habitat measurements to track associ	ect recent clearcuts and tra	ack number of birds in them.
Frequency of Monitoring: Ev	very 2 year Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006 Cost for Year S	Scheduled (\$1,000): 30
	2 years Last Year Accomplished:	2004 <i>Cost Po</i>	er Decade (\$1,000): 150
	e; every other year and report. Evalua	ite every 5 years.	
<i>Data Storage:</i> WMNF Birds Access database	e; possible future migration to FAUNA		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will direct proje	ect; implementation by all units		
Cooperators:			

	Wildlife	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> MIS Habitat Trends	Priority:	Required
Monitoring Item Number: 4	8 Forest Management Plan 4-02 4-03 4-04	
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> How has the amount and quali	Reference Table Number: Regulatory Outputs M	⊿ □ Û
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Query acres of habitat type and	d age classes from vegetation database, which is based on com	oartment exams
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Acres of habitat by forest type	and age class	
	ument to identify which forest types and age classes are tied to e r each MIS habitat category, then query acres by forest type and	
Frequency of Monitoring: 53	rears Fiscal Year Scheduled: 2010 Cost for Year	<i>Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 1
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> Every <i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Simply a query of data bases.		<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 2
Data Storage: Stand data stored in CDS or commonitoring report. Responsibility: Forest Biologist Cooperators:	urrent vegetation database. Queries stored in Forest Biologist's	iles. Reported in Forest

	Wildlife	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> RFSS Butterflies	Pric	ority: Medium
Monitoring Item Number: 5	4 Forest Management Plan 4-02 4-03	4-04 4-05 4-06
	<i>Reference Table Number:</i> Regulatory Outputs Sensitive butterfly species on the Forest? Population trends in order to insure these sensitive species	MIS General Specific
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Similar to Kent McFarland's pr	otocol (White Mountain butterfly/fritillary Conservation Asse	essment)
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population	
<i>Sample Design:</i> Ocular count of target species	weekly visits throughout summer in potential alpine habita	t
Frequency of Monitoring: 5	•	<i>Year Scheduled (\$1,000):</i> 20
<i>Reporting Frequency:</i> 5 year		<i>Cost Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 40
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$20,000/survey done every 5 y	: ears. Protocols are established.	
<i>Data Storage:</i> FAUNA		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	monitoring; probably implemented through contract	
<i>Cooperators:</i> Likely contract to VINS		

	Wildlife]
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> RFSS invertebrates (non-but		Medium
Monitoring Item Number: 6		-04 4-05 4-06 AIS General Specific
	ces on the Forest increasing, stable, or decreasing? a population trends in order to insure these sensitive species per	☐ ✔ ✔
	ver invertebrates (except for alpine butterfiles) that will be added ore than one protocol developed because species occupy differ species have been listed.	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Presence/absence Number of individuals Number of separate population	าร	
Sample Design:		
Frequency of Monitoring: 5 Reporting Frequency: Every Estimated Cost - Explanation \$20,000/ contract survey cond	3 years Last Year Accomplished: NA Cost	r Scheduled (\$1,000): 20 Per Decade (\$1,000): 66
<i>Data Storage:</i> With Forest biologist		
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist; may shift to F	orest Fisheries Biologist in time	
Cooperators:		

	Wildli	fe]	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> TES Bat Monitoring			Priority	y: Medium	
Monitoring Item Number: 5		4-02 Regulatory		4-04 4-05 MIS General	4-06 Specific
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> What are the population trends The monitoring helps establish	Reference Table Number: s of TES bats on the Forest? a population trends in order to insure				
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Mist nets and sonogram surve	ys				
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population				
<i>Sample Design:</i> See U.S. Fish and Wildlife Ser	vice Indiana bat protocol				
Frequency of Monitoring: 3 y	years Fiscal Year Scheduled	: 2007	Cost for Yea	ur Scheduled (\$1,000)	: 20
Reporting Frequency: Every		e d: 2004	Cost	t Per Decade (\$1,000)	: 66
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$20,000/survey completed eve	: ry 3 years. Protocols are establish	ed.			
<i>Data Storage:</i> FAUNA					
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	monitoring; probably implemented	through surv	/ey.		
<i>Cooperators:</i> Likely contract					

	Wildlif	e		1	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> TES Large Mammals			Priority	,: High	
Monitoring Item Number: 5	9 Forest Management Plan	4-02		4-04 4-05 MIS General	4-06
	resent on the WMNF? e if the species exist on the Forest. cisions on protection should the species		s the prey base	e for the species. This	
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Large mammal winter track co	unts along established transects				
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Number of individuals / size of	population				
<i>Sample Design:</i> See WMNF winter tracking pro This project also includes deer					
Frequency of Monitoring: An	nually Fiscal Year Scheduled:	2006	Cost for Yea	ur Scheduled (\$1,000).	15
Reporting Frequency: Annua	-			t Per Decade (\$1,000).	
Estimated Cost - Explanation Data Storage: FAUNA Responsibility: Forest Biologist will direct mon Cooperators:	: itoring; implementation by all units				

		Wildlife					
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> Wood turtle monitoring				Priorit _.	y: High		
Monitoring Item Number: 5	_	Rectant Rec	4-02 gulatory	4-03 Outputs	4-04 MIS (4-06 pecific
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> What is the population trend of The monitoring helps establish		MNF?					
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Directed searches in suitable h	nabitat						
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Location/number of individuals	\$						
<i>Sample Design:</i> Identify suitable streams for tar banks, and along shores in ide photodocumentation of individu follow-up detailed search as de	entified segments during uals captured. Recomm	g April and May.	To deterr	mine population	on trends, r	need	
Frequency of Monitoring: Bia	annually Fiscal Year	r Scheduled:	2006	Cost for Ye	ar Schedui	led (\$1,000):	10
Reporting Frequency: Every	2 years Last Year A	Accomplished:	NA	Cos	t Per Deca	ude (\$1,000):	50
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> \$10,000/survey every 2 years.		hed.					
<i>Data Storage:</i> FAUNA							
<i>Responsibility:</i> Forest Biologist will coordinate	monitoring						
Cooperators:							

	Wildlife - Recr	eation	
<i>Monitoring Item Name:</i> High Elevation Bird Ecologica	al Indicators	Priority:	High
Monitoring Item Number: 4			04 4-05 4-06
	s recreation use levels on high elevation orrelate hiking use with impacts on high	birds?	IIS General Specific □ ✓ □ ty/fitness. The study will help
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Occurrence study and product	ivity study based on proximity to recrea	tion activity (hiking).	
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Recreation use levels Nest proximity to recreation ac Nest productivity relative to use			
vs. low use vs. control). Could there's a difference in nest pro difficult, so may need to consid causal agent (e.g. dogs off-lea detailed evaluation of recreation) Determine if there's a difference in sp do through breeding bird survey, but m oductivity based on proximity to trails sin der artificial nests. 3) If there's a differer ish or other predators attracted to huma on activity that optimally would be run co at other ecological indicators to confirm	ist-netting would be more nilar to above. Identifying nce in nest productivity, w ans (e.g. red squirrel, gray oncurrent with #2 above.	e accurate. 2) Determine if g nest sites may be too ve need to determine the y jays). This will require more Will need to focus on
Frequency of Monitoring: 10		0	• Scheduled (\$1,000): 28
Reporting Frequency: 10 Ye		NA Cost I	<i>Per Decade (\$1,000):</i> 40
<i>Estimated Cost - Explanation</i> Occurs over 2 year period 200			
<i>Data Storage:</i> Wildlife data may be stored in Results should be reported in I			
Responsibility: Forest Biologist / Recreation P agreement with Research and	Program Manager will coordinate monitc /or university partner	pring; implementation like	ly through contract or
<i>Cooperators:</i> NEFES?			

	Wildlife - Recreation				
Monitoring Item Name:	Priority:	Low			
Peregrine Falcon Ecological Indicator					
Monitoring Item Number: 5	Regulatory Outputs MI				
<i>Evaluation Question:</i> What are the effects of cliff-relation	Reference Table Number:				
This monitoring will display the use monitoring of climbing acro	e effects and help determine if current mitigation is effective. See oss the Forest.	also the broader recreation			
<i>Data Collection Method:</i> Peregrine nest activity survey					
<i>Variables or Parameters:</i> Rock-climbing use levels Peregrine nesting success (ne	est occupancy, percent nestlings successfully fledged)				
how many are successfully flee	e activity at known nest sites; monitor sites for reproductive activity dged. ubsample of active peregrine eyeries and proximity of routes to ne				
Frequency of Monitoring: Tri	iannually Fiscal Year Scheduled: 2008 Cost for Year S	Scheduled (\$1,000): 10			
	-	<i>er Decade (\$1,000):</i> 33			
Estimated Cost - Explanation		(<i>p</i> 2)::::/:			
-	years. Some Peregrine counts have been done in the past but w	e have not correlated this			
Data Storage:					
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	ductivity data stored in FAUNA; Climbing use data kept with the F	Forest Biologist and Forest			
Responsibility:					
Forest Biologist / Recreation P	Program Manager will coordinate monitoring; implementation by al	l units			
<i>Cooperators:</i> New Hampshire Audubon Soci	iety				