

before such date; from corporations which during their taxable year of the distribution or their preceding taxable year were corporations to which section 931 applies (relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States); from corporations which during the taxable year of the distribution or the preceding taxable year are corporations exempt from tax either under section 501, relating to charitable, etc., organizations, or under section 521, relating to farmers' cooperative associations.

(2) So-called dividends paid by mutual savings banks, cooperative banks, and building and loan associations which are allowed as a deduction under section 591 are ineligible for the credit and exclusion.

(3) For special rules as to the limitation on the amount of dividends for which a credit and exclusion are allowable in the case of dividends paid by a regulated investment company, see section 854 and the regulations thereunder.

(4) See section 857(c) and paragraph (d) of § 1.857-4 for special rules which deny a credit under section 34 and exclusion under section 116 in the case of dividends received from a real estate investment trust with respect to a taxable year for which such trust is taxable under part II, subchapter M, chapter 1 of the Code.

[T.D. 6500, 25 FR 11402, Nov. 26, 1960, as amended by T.D. 6598, 27 FR 4092, Apr. 28, 1962; T.D. 6625, 27 FR 12541, Dec. 19, 1962]

§ 1.34-4 Taxpayers not entitled to credit and exclusion.

(a) The credit or exclusion is not available to nonresident aliens with respect to whom a tax is imposed for the taxable year under section 871(a). If the taxpayer elects under section 6014 to have the Government compute his tax, the credit is not taken into account in such computation although the taxpayer is allowed the exclusion under section 116.

(b) For treatment of dividends received by estates or trusts, and the allocation of such dividends between an estate or trust and the beneficiary thereof, see sections 642, 652, and 662 and the regulations thereunder. 3

(c) For treatment of dividends received by a partnership see section 702 and the regulations thereunder.

(d) For treatment of dividends received by a common trust fund, see section 584 and the regulations thereunder.

§ 1.34-5 Effective date; taxable years ending after July 31, 1954, subject to the Internal Revenue Code of 1939.

Pursuant to section 7851(a)(1)(C), the regulations prescribed in §§ 1.34-1 to 1.34-4, inclusive, shall also apply to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1954, and ending after July 31, 1954, and to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1953, and ending after July 31, 1954, but before August 17, 1954, though such years are subject to the Internal Revenue Code of 1939.

§ 1.34-6 Dividends received after December 31, 1964.

In the case of dividends received after December 31, 1964, section 34 and the regulations issued thereunder do not apply.

[T.D. 6777, 29 FR 17807, Dec. 16, 1964]

§ 1.35-1 Partially tax-exempt interest received by individuals.

(a) The credit against tax under section 35 shall be allowed only to individuals and if the requirements of both paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 35(a) are met. Where the alternative tax on capital gains is imposed under section 1201(b), the taxable income for such taxable year is the taxable income as defined in section 63, which includes 50 percent of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss.

(b) For the treatment of partially tax-exempt interest in the case of amounts not allocable to any beneficiary of an estate or trust, see section 642(a)(1), and for treatment of amounts allocable to a beneficiary, see sections 652 and 662. For treatment of partially tax-exempt interest received by a partnership, see section 702(a)(7). For treatment of such interest received by a common trust fund, see section 584(c)(2).

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(c) The application of section 35 may be illustrated by the following example:

Example. In his taxable year, 1955, A received \$4,500 of partially tax-exempt interest. A's taxable income is \$4,000 upon which the tax prior to any credits against tax is \$840. His foreign tax credit under section 33 is \$610, and his dividends received credit under section 34 is \$120. A's credit under section 35 for partially tax-exempt interest is \$110, determined as follows:

<i>Section 35(a)</i>	
Partially tax-exempt interest	\$4,500
Credit computed under section 35(a); 3 percent of \$4,500	135
<i>Section 35(b)(1)</i>	
Tax imposed by chapter 1	840
Less:	
Credit allowed under section 33	\$610
Credit allowed under section 34	120
	\$730
Limitation on credit under section 35(b)(1)	110
<i>Section 35(b)(2)</i>	
Taxable income	4,000
Limitation on credit under section 35(b)(2); 3 percent of \$4,000	120

Since of the three figures (\$135, \$110, and \$120), the lesser is \$110, A's credit under section 35 is limited to \$110.

§ 1.35-2 Taxpayers not entitled to credit.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957, no credit shall be allowed under section 35 to a nonresident alien individual with respect to whom a tax is imposed for such taxable year under section 871(a).

§ 1.37-1 General rules for the credit for the elderly.

(a) *In general.* In the case of an individual, section 37 provides a credit against the tax imposed by chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. This section and §§ 1.37-2 and 1.37-3 provide guidance in the computation of the credit for the elderly provided under section 37 for taxable years beginning after 1975. For rules relating to the computation of the retirement income credit provided under section 37 for taxable years beginning before 1976, see 26 CFR 1.37-1 through 1.37-5 (Rev. as of April 1, 1980). Note that section 403 of the Tax Reduction and Simplification Act of 1977 provides that a taxpayer may elect to compute the credit under section 37 for the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning in 1976 in accord-

ance with the rules applicable to taxable years beginning before 1976.

(b) *Limitation on the amount of the credit.* The credit allowed by section 37 for a taxable year shall not exceed the tax imposed by chapter 1 of the Code for the taxable year (reduced, in the case of a taxable year beginning before 1979, by the general tax credit allowed by section 42).

(c) *Married couples must file joint returns.* If the taxpayer is married at the close of the taxable year, the credit provided by section 37 shall be allowed only if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint return for the taxable year. The preceding sentence shall not apply in the case of a husband and wife who are not members of the same household at any time during the taxable year. For the determination of marital status, see §§ 1.143 and 1.143-1.

(d) *Nonresident aliens ineligible.* No credit is allowed under section 37 to any individual for any taxable year during which that individual is at any time a nonresident alien unless the individual is treated, by reason of an election under section 6013 (g) or (h), as a resident of the United States for that taxable year.

[T.D. 7743, 45 FR 84049, Dec. 22, 1980]

§ 1.37-2 Credit for individuals age 65 or over.

(a) *In general.* This section illustrates the computation of the credit for the elderly in the case of an individual who has attained the age of 65 before the close of the taxable year. This section shall not apply to an individual for any taxable year for which the individual makes the election described in section 37(e)(2) and paragraph (b) of § 1.37-3.

(b) *Computation of credit.* The credit for the elderly for an individual to whom this section applies equals 15 percent of the individual's "section 37 amount" for the taxable year. An individual's "section 37 amount" for a taxable year is the initial amount determined under section 37(b)(2), reduced as provided in section 37(b)(3) and (c)(1).

(c) *Examples.* The computation of the credit for the elderly for individuals to whom this section applies may be illustrated by the following examples: