\$1.959-4 Distributions to United States persons not counting as dividends.

Except as provided in section 960(a)(3)and §1.960-2, any distribution to a United States person which is excluded from the gross income of such person under section 959(a)(1) and §1.959-1 shall be treated for purposes of chapter 1 (relating to normal taxes and surtaxes) of subtitle A (relating to income taxes) of the Code as a distribution which is not a dividend. However, see paragraph (b)(1) of §1.956-1, relating to the dividend limitation on the amount of a controlled foreign corporation's investment of earnings in United States property.

[T.D. 7120, 36 FR 10860, June 4, 1971]

\$1.960-1 Foreign tax credit with respect to taxes paid on earnings and profits of controlled foreign corporations.

(a) Scope of regulations under section 960. This section prescribes rules for determining the foreign income taxes deemed paid under section 960(a)(1) by a domestic corporation which is required under section 951 to include in gross income an amount attributable to a first-, second-, or third-tier corporation's earnings and profits. Section 1.960-2 prescribes rules for applying section 902 to dividends paid by a third-, second-, or first-tier corporation from earnings and profits attributable to an amount which is, or has been, included in gross income under section 951. Section 1.960-3 provides special rules for the application of the gross-up provisions of section 78 where an amount is included in gross income under section 951. Section 1.960-4 prescribes rules for increasing the applicable foreign tax credit limitation under section 904(a) of the domestic corporation for the taxable year in which it receives a distribution of earnings and profits in respect of which it was required under section 951 to include an amount in its gross income for a prior taxable year. Section 1.960-5 prescribes rules for disallowing a deduction for foreign income taxes for such taxable year of receipt where the domestic corporation received the benefits of the foreign tax credit for such previous taxable year of inclusion. Section 1.960-6 provides that

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the excess of such an increase in the applicable limitation under section 904(a) over the tax liability of the domestic corporation for such taxable year of receipt results in an overpayment of tax. Section 1.960-7 prescribes the effective dates for application of these rules.

(b) *Definitions.* For purposes of section 960 and §§1.960-1 through 1.960-7—

(1) *First-tier corporation.* The term "first-tier corporation" means a foreign corporation at least 10 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by the domestic corporation described in paragraph (a) of this section.

(2) Second-tier corporation. In the case of amounts included in the gross income of the taxpayer under section 951-

(i) For taxable years beginning before January 1, 1977, the term "second-tier corporation" means a foreign corporation at least 50 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such firsttier corporation.

(ii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, the term "secondtier corporation" means a foreign corporation as least 10 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such first-tier corporation.

(3) *Third-tier corporation.* In the case of amounts included in the gross income of a domestic shareholder under section 951 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, the term "third-tier corporation" means a foreign corporation at least 10 percent of the voting stock of which is owned by such second-tier corporation.

(4) Immediately lower-tier corporation. In the case of a first-tier corporation the term "immediately lower-tier corporation" means a second-tier corporation. In the case of a second-tier corporation, the term "immediately lower-tier corporation" means a thirdtier corporation. In the case of a thirdtier corporation, the term "immediately lower-tier corporation" means a fourth-tier corporation.

(5) *Foreign income taxes.* The term "foreign income taxes" means income, war profits, and excess profits taxes, and taxes included in the term "income, war profits, and excess profits