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than an in-State service, if either service would meet the individual's rehabilitation needs, the designated State unit is not responsible for those costs in excess of the cost of the in-State service.

- (2) The State unit may not establish policies that effectively prohibit the provision of out-of-State services.
 - (c) Payment for services.
- (1) The State unit must establish and maintain written policies to govern the rates of payment for all purchased vocational rehabilitation services.
- (2) The State unit may establish a fee schedule designed to ensure a reasonable cost to the program for each service, if the schedule is—
- (i) Not so low as to effectively deny an individual a necessary service; and
- (ii) Not absolute and permits exceptions so that individual needs can be addressed.
- (3) The State unit may not place absolute dollar limits on specific service categories or on the total services provided to an individual.
 - (d) Duration of services.
- (1) The State unit may establish reasonable time periods for the provision of services provided that the time periods are—
- (i) Not so short as to effectively deny an individual a necessary service; and
- (ii) Not absolute and permit exceptions so that individual needs can be addressed.
- (2) The State unit may not establish absolute time limits on the provision of specific services or on the provision of services to an individual. The duration of each service needed by an individual must be determined on an individual basis and reflected in that individual's individualized plan for employment.
- (e) Authorization of services. The State unit must establish policies related to the timely authorization of services, including any conditions under which verbal authorization can be given.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820–0500)

(Authority: Sections 12(c) and 101(a)(6) of the Act and 29 U.S.C. 709(c) and 721(a)(6))

[66 FR 4382, Jan. 17, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 7253, Jan. 22, 2001]

§ 361.51 Standards for facilities and providers of services.

- (a) Accessibility of facilities. The State plan must assure that any facility used in connection with the delivery of vocational rehabilitation services under this part meets program accessibility requirements consistent with the requirements, as applicable, of the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Act, and the regulations implementing these laws.
- (b) Affirmative action. The State plan must assure that community rehabilitation programs that receive assistance under part B of Title I of the Act take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities covered under and on the same terms and conditions as in section 503 of the Act.
- (c) Special communication needs personnel. The designated State unit must ensure that providers of vocational rehabilitation services are able to communicate—
- (1) In the native language of applicants and eligible individuals who have limited English speaking ability; and
- (2) By using appropriate modes of communication used by applicants and eligible individuals.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1820–0500)

(Authority: Sections 12(c) and 101(a)(6)(B) and (C) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 709(c) and 721(a)(6)(B) and (C))

[66 FR 4382, Jan. 17, 2001, as amended at 66 FR 7253, Jan. 22, 2001]

§ 361.52 Informed choice.

- (a) General provision. The State plan must assure that applicants and eligible individuals or, as appropriate, their representatives are provided information and support services to assist applicants and eligible individuals in exercising informed choice throughout the rehabilitation process consistent with the provisions of section 102(d) of the Act and the requirements of this section.
- (b) Written policies and procedures. The designated State unit, in consultation with its State Rehabilitation Council, if it has a Council, must develop and