- (v) A statement that the agreement is not binding on the agency until executed by the Assistant Administrator; and
- (vi) A statement that failure to pay in accordance with the terms of the agreement which has been adopted as a Final Order will result in the loss of any reductions in penalties for claims found to be valid, and the original amount claimed will be due immediately.
- (2) Any settlement agreement may contain a consent order.
- (3) An executed settlement agreement is binding on the respondent and the claimant according to its terms. The respondent's consent to a settlement agreement that has not been executed by the Assistant Administrator may not be withdrawn for a period of 30 days after it is executed by the respondent.

 $[50~{
m FR}~40306,~{
m Oct.}~2,~1985,~{
m as}~{
m amended}~{
m at}~56~{
m FR}~10183,~{
m Mar.}~11,~1991]$

§ 386.17 Intervention.

After the matter is called for hearing and before the date set for the hearing to begin, any person may petition for leave to intervene. The petition is to be served on the administrative law judge. The petition must set forth the reasons why the petitioner alleges he/she is entitled to intervene. The petition must be served on all parties in accordance with §386.31. Any party may file a response within 10 days of service of the petition. The administrative law judge shall then determine whether to permit or deny the petition. The petition will be allowed if the administrative law judge determines that the final decision could directly and adversely affect the petitioner or the class he/she represents, and if the petitioner may contribute materially to the disposition of the proceedings and his/her interest is not adequately represented by existing parties. Once admitted, a petitioner is a party for the purpose of all subsequent proceedings.

Subpart C—Compliance and Consent Orders

§ 386.21 Compliance order.

- (a) When a respondent contests a Notice of Investigation or fails to reply to such notice, the final order disposing of the proceeding may contain a compliance order.
- (b) A compliance order shall be executed by the Assistant Administrator and shall contain the following:
- (1) A statement of jurisdictional facts:
- (2) Findings of facts, or reference thereto in an accompanying decision, as determined by a hearing officer or by the Assistant Administrator upon respondent's failure to reply to the notice, which establish the violations charged:
- (3) A specific direction to the respondent to comply with the regulations violated within time limits provided:
- (4) Other directions to the respondent to take reasonable measures, in the time and manner specified, to assure future compliance;
- (5) A statement of the consequences for failure to meet the terms of the order;
- (6) Provision that the Notice of Investigation and the final decision of the hearing officer or Assistant Administrator may be used to construe the terms of the order; and
- (7) A statement that the order constitutes final agency action, subject to review as provided in 49 U.S.C. 521(b)(8) for violations of regulations issued under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 31502, the Motor Carrier Safety Act of 1984 or sections 12002, 12003, 12004, 12005(b), or 12008(d)(2) of the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986; or as provided in 5 U.S.C. 701 et seq., for violations of regulations issued under the authority of 49 U.S.C. 5123 (hazardous materials proceedings) or 49 U.S.C. 31138-31139 (financial responsibility proceedings) or violations of the commercial regulations.
- (c) Notice of imminent hazard. A compliance order may also contain notice