- (1) A TSP annuity after separation from service, but before receiving a FERS annuity; or
- (2) A single payment or monthly payments after separation from service; or
- (3) An age-based in-service with-drawal.
- (b) If you received an automatic cashout of your TSP account after you separated (because your account balance was \$3,500 or less), or if you received a financial hardship in-service withdrawal, you may make a retirement coverage election.

§ 839.214 Am I disqualified from making an election of retirement coverage under the FERCCA if I withdrew my TSP account after I retired under FERS?

No, you may make an election of retirement coverage under the FERCCA if you made a TSP withdrawal as a retiree.

§ 839.215 May I make a retirement coverage election under the FERCCA if I received a payment as settlement of my claim for losses because of a qualifying retirement coverage error?

You can make a retirement coverage election under the FERCCA if OPM waives repayment of the entire amount under §839.1202. If OPM does not waive the entire repayment, you must pay back the amount that OPM did not waive.

PREVIOUS ELECTION OPPORTUNITY

§839.221 If my qualifying retirement coverage error was that I was put into FERS by mistake and then, after the error was discovered, I chose my current retirement coverage, can I now make another election?

No, OPM regulations allow certain employees who were put in FERS in error to choose between remaining in FERS or being covered under their automatic retirement coverage. (See §846.204(b)(2) of this chapter). If you already had this opportunity to choose your retirement coverage; then you may not make an election of retirement coverage based on the same error under these rules.

COURT-ORDERED BENEFITS FOR FORMER SPOUSES

§839.231 Can I make an election if my former spouse is entitled to a portion of my retirement benefits by qualifying court order?

Yes, but if you want to elect FERS you need your former spouse's consent to the election. If you are subject to a qualifying court order and want to elect FERS, the requirements in \$846.722 of this chapter (Former Spouse's Consent to an Election of FERS Coverage) apply to you.

§ 839.232 If a deceased employee's survivors include both a current spouse and a former spouse, or spouses, who are eligible for survivor annuities, must all of them consent to an election of FERS?

If the employee dies before making an election of retirement coverage under the FERCCA, all eligible potential survivors, that is, both the current and any former spouses, must consent to an election of FERS coverage. If they do not all consent, the election cannot be made.

ELECTIONS

§839.241 Am I eligible to make an election under the FERCCA if I had a qualifying retirement coverage error and none of the conditions mentioned in §839.212 through §839.232 apply to me?

If you were in CSRS or CSRS Offset and should have been in FERS or Social Security-Only, or if you were in FERS and should have been in CSRS, CSRS Offset, or Social Security-Only, then you have an election opportunity. This is summarized in the following chart:

You are or were in:	And you belong in:
CSRS or CSRS Offset CSRS or CSRS Offset FERS FERS FERS	Social Security-Only. Social Security-Only. CSRS.

§839.242 Do these rules apply to me if I had multiple errors?

You must be in the wrong retirement plan for at least 3 years of Federal service after December 31, 1986. You

§839.301

need not be in the same wrong retirement plan during the entire 3-year period. If you had more than one type of erroneous retirement coverage, then you will have a retirement plan election under these rules if one of the errors is of a type that qualifies you for an election.

Subpart C—Employer Responsibility to Notify Employees

§839.301 What should I do if I am not sure whether I am or was in the wrong retirement plan?

- (a) If you are an employee, your employer has your personnel records and will review them to determine whether an error has been made. Therefore, you should notify your employer's human resources office if you believe an error has been made in your case. Notify your current employer even if you believe the error occurred while you were employed at another agency.
- (b) If you are not currently employed by the Federal Government, you should notify OPM at: U.S. Office of Personnel Management, Retirement Operations Center, Post Office Box 45, Boyers, Pennsylvania 16017. You can also contact us by electronic mail at FERCCA@OPM.GOV. Notify OPM regardless of whether you are a retiree, survivor, or separated employee.
- (c) You may also get additional information about the FERCCA and whether or not you qualify at: www.opm.gov/benefits/correction.

§839.302 Will my employer give me a written explanation?

- (a) Your employer must provide you with written notice of the error. The notice must include an explanation of the error, your options regarding the error, and any time limits that apply.
- (b) Your employer must inform you if they find that you do not have a retirement coverage error.

§839.303 Is my employer required to find employees with a retirement coverage error?

The FERCCA requires your employer to take reasonable and appropriate measures to identify individuals affected by a qualifying retirement cov-

erage error and notify them of their rights under the law.

§839.304 What if my employer does not notify me?

- (a) If your error has not previously been corrected, the 6-month time limit on making an election of retirement coverage under the FERCCA (see §839.611(a)) does not begin to run until you are notified of the error.
- (b) If your error was previously corrected, the 18-month time limit on making an election of retirement coverage ends on September 19, 2002. Employers and OPM may extend the time limit if you were prevented from making a timely election due to a cause beyond your control (see §839.612).

Subpart D—Retirement Coverage Elections for Errors That Were Not Previously Corrected

ERRONEOUS CSRS OR CSRS OFFSET

§839.401 What can I elect if I was put in CSRS or CSRS Offset by mistake?

If you were placed in CSRS or CSRS Offset due to a qualifying retirement coverage error and you should have been in FERS, you may elect CSRS Offset or FERS. If you were placed in CSRS or CSRS Offset due to a qualifying retirement coverage error and you should have been in Social Security-Only, you may elect CSRS Offset or Social Security-Only. This is summarized in the following chart:

You are in:	And you belong in:	You may elect:
CSRS	FERS	CSRS Offset or FERS.
CSRS Offset	FERS.	
CSRS	Social Security- Only.	CSRS Offset or Social Security- Only.
CSRS Offset	Social Security- Only.	,

ERRONEOUS FERS

§839.411 What can I elect if I was put in FERS by mistake?

If you were placed in FERS due to a qualifying retirement coverage error and you should have been in CSRS, you may elect FERS or CSRS. If you were placed in FERS due to a qualifying retirement coverage error and you should