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vehicle to which assigned based on a continued safe driving record.

 $[50~\mathrm{FR}~34669,~\mathrm{Aug}.~27,~1985,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~60~\mathrm{FR}~3067,~\mathrm{Jan}.~13,~1995]$

§ 930.110 Identification of authorized operators and incidental operators.

Agencies must have procedures to identify employees who are authorized to operate Government-owned or leased motor vehicles. Such procedures must provide for adequate control of access to vehicles and assure that the other requirements of this subpart are met.

[50 FR 34669, Aug. 27, 1985, as amended at 66 FR 66712, Dec. 27, 2001]

§ 930.111 State license in possession.

An operator or incidental operator will have a State license in his or her possession at all times while driving a Government-owned or -leased motor vehicle on a public highway.

§ 930.112 Identification card or document in possession.

The operator or incidental operator will have a valid agency identification card or document (e.g., building pass or credential) in his or her possession at all times while driving a Government-owned or -leased motor vehicle.

§ 930.113 Corrective action.

An agency will take adverse, disciplinary, or other appropriate action against an operator or an incidental operator in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Agency orders and directives will include the following reasons among those constituting sufficient cause for such action against an operator or an incidental operator:

- (a) The employee is convicted of operating under the intoxicating influence of alcohol, narcotics, or pathogenic drugs.
- (b) The employee is convicted of leaving the scene of an accident without making his or her identity known.
- (c) The employee is not qualified to operate a Government-owned or -leased vehicle safely because of a physical or medical condition. In making such a determination, agencies should consult

a Federal medical officer or other medical authority as appropriate.

- (d) The employee's State license is revoked.
- (e) The employee's State license is suspended. However, the agency may continue the employee in his or her position for operation of Governmentowned or -leased motor vehicles on other than public highways for not to exceed 45 days from the date of suspension of the State license.

§930.114 Reports required.

An agency will submit to OPM, on request (a) a copy of agency orders and directives issued in compliance with this subpart; and (b) such other reports as OPM may require for adequate administration and evaluation of the motor vehicle operator program.

§ 930.115 Requests for waiver of requirements.

Agencies may request authority from OPM to waive requirements in this subpart. OPM may grant exceptions or waivers when it finds these waivers or exceptions are in the interest of good administration and meet the objectives of this program.

[50 FR 34669, Aug. 27, 1985, as amended at 66 FR 66712, Dec. 27, 2001]

Subpart B—Appointment, Pay, and Removal of Administrative Law Judges

Source 52 FR 34203, Sept. 10, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL PROVISIONS

§930.201 Coverage.

- (a) This subpart applies to people appointed under 5 U.S.C. 3105 for proceedings required to be conducted in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 556 and 557, and to administrative law judge positions
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subpart, the rules and regulations applicable to positions in the competitive service apply to administrative law judge positions.

§ 930.202

(c) In accordance with 5 U.S.C. 1104(a)(2), OPM shall conduct competitive examinations for administrative law judge positions, and agencies employing judges shall reimburse OPM for the cost of developing and administering such examinations. Each employing agency's share of reimbursement shall be based on its relative number of administrative law judges as of March 31 of the preceding fiscal year. OPM will work with employing agencies to review the examination program for effectiveness and efficiency and identify needed improvements, consistent with statutory requirements. Subsequently, OPM will annually compute the cost of the examination program and notify each agency of its share, along with a full accounting of the costs, and payment procedures.

[52 FR 34203, Sept. 10, 1987, as amended at 61 FR 39267, July 29, 1996]

§ 930.202 Definitions.

In this subpart-

- (a) Agency has the same meaning as given in 5 U.S.C. 551.
- (b) Detail means the temporary assignment of an employee from one position to another position without change in civil service or pay status. The assignment to an administrative law judge of a case of the level of difficulty that would ordinarily be assigned to an administrative law judge of a different grade does not of itself constitute a detail within the meaning of this subpart.
- (c) Administrative law judge position means a position in which any portion of the duties includes those which require the appointment of an administrative law judge under 5 U.S.C. 3105.
- (d) *Promotion* means a change from a lower to a higher level position.
- (e) Reinstatement means reemployment authorized on the basis of the appointee's absolute status as administrative law judge after an earlier separation from an administrative law judge position.
- (f) Removal means discharge of an administrative law judge from the position of administrative law judge or involuntary reassignment, demotion, or

promotion to a position other than that of administrative law judge.

[52 FR 34203, Sept. 10, 1987, as amended at 56 FR 6209, Feb. 14, 1991]

§ 930.203 Examination.

- (a) Periodic open competition. Applicants for entrance into the competitive service as administrative law judges will be examined periodically in open competition as announced by OPM. Applications received by OPM during such periods of open competition will be reviewed as a group.
- (b) Minimum qualifications. All applicants must demonstrate in their written applications and supporting materials that they meet the qualifying experience requirements in OPM Examination Announcement No. 318.
- (c) Supplemental qualifications. Applicants who meet minimum qualification requirements will be assigned a score on the supplemental qualifications statement described in the examination announcement.
- (d) Participation in examination procedures. Applicants who meet minimum qualification requirements and are assigned a score on the supplemental qualifications statement become eligible to compete for a final rating through participating in three additional examination procedures described in the examination announcement:
 - (1) A written demonstration;
 - (2) A panel interview; and
 - (3) A personal reference inquiry.
- (e) Final rating. Applicants who complete the examination procedures described in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section will be assigned a final numerical rating based on a weighted sum of the scores for each of the four parts, transmuted to a scale of 0 to 100, with 70 required to pass. For applicants entitled thereto, the final passing score will be augmented by 5 or 10 veteran preference points.
- (f) Preparation of certificates. As agencies request certificates of applicants from registers to consider in filling vacant administrative law judge positions in various geographic areas, all applicants who are eligible and available for those positions will be ranked