

before August 10, 1996, but after December 31, 1965, and who elects to be covered by CSRS, may make an election regarding make-up contributions. The employee may elect to contribute all or a percentage of the amount of employee contributions that the employee would have been eligible to make under 5 U.S.C. 8351 between the date of the move and the date employee contributions begin under paragraph (a)(1) of this section or, if no such election is made under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the pay period following the date the election to be covered by CSRS is made.

(C) Deductions made from the employee's pay pursuant to an employee's election under paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) or (B) of this section, as appropriate, must be made according to a schedule that meets the requirements of 5 CFR 1505.2(c). The payment schedule must begin no later than the pay period following the date the employee elects the schedule.

(iii) *Agency matching makeup contributions.* The NAF instrumentality must pay to the Thrift Savings Fund any matching contributions attributable to employee contributions made under paragraph (b)(1)(ii)(A) of this section which the NAF instrumentality would have been required to make under 5 U.S.C. 8432(c), at the same time that those employee contributions are contributed to the Fund.

(2) Makeup contributions must be reported for investment by the NAF instrumentality when contributed, according to the employee's election for current TSP contributions. If the employee is not making current contributions, the retroactive contributions must be invested according to an election form (TSP-1-NAF) filed specifically for that purpose.

(c) *Noneligible employees.* An employee who is covered by a NAF retirement system is not eligible to participate in the TSP. Any TSP contributions relating to a period for which an employee elects retroactive NAF retirement system coverage must be removed from the TSP as required by the regulations at 5 CFR part 1605.

(d) *Elections.* If a TSP election was made by an employee of a NAF instrumentality who elected to be covered by

CSRS or FERS before August 10, 1996, and the election was properly implemented by the NAF instrumentality because it was valid under then-effective regulations, the election is effective under the regulations in this subpart.

**§ 1620.34 Employees who move from a NAF instrumentality to a Federal Government agency.**

(a) An employee of a NAF instrumentality who moves from a NAF instrumentality to a Federal Government agency and who elects to be covered by a NAF retirement system is not eligible to participate in the TSP. Any TSP contributions relating to a period for which an employee elects retroactive NAF retirement coverage must be removed from the TSP as required by the regulations at 5 CFR part 1605.

(b) An employee of a NAF instrumentality who moves from a NAF instrumentality to a Federal Government agency and who elects to be covered by CSRS or FERS will become eligible to participate in the TSP as determined in accordance with 5 CFR part 1600.

**§ 1620.35 Loan payments.**

NAF instrumentalities must deduct and transmit TSP loan payments for employees who elect to be covered by CSRS or FERS to the record keeper in accordance with 5 CFR part 1655 and Board procedures. Loan payments may not be deducted and transmitted for employees who elect to be covered by the NAF retirement system. Such employees will be considered to have separated from Government service and must prepay their loans or the TSP will declare the loan to be a taxable distribution.

**§ 1620.36 Transmission of information.**

Any employee who moves to a NAF instrumentality must be reported by the losing Federal Government agency to the TSP record keeper as having transferred to a NAF instrumentality of the DOD or Coast Guard rather than as having separated from Government service. If the employee subsequently elects not to be covered by CSRS or FERS, the NAF instrumentality must submit an Employee Data Record to report the employee as having separated