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as amended, unless when such disclosure is:

- (a) To those officers and employees of the agency which maintains the record and who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties;
 - (b) Required under 5 U.S.C. 552;
- (c) For a routine use of the record compatible with the purpose for which it was collected:
- (d) To the Bureau of the Census for purposes of planning or carrying out a census or survey or related activity pursuant to 13 U.S.C.;
- (e) To a recipient who has provided the AFRH with advance adequate written assurance that the record will be used solely as a statistical research or reporting record, and the record is to be transferred in a form that is not individually identifiable;
- (f) To the National Archives of the United States as a record which has sufficient historical or other value to warrant its continued preservation by the U.S. Government or for evaluation by the Archivist of the United States, or his/her designee, to determine whether the record has such value;
- (g) To another agency or to an instrumentality of any governmental jurisdiction within or under the control of the United States for a civil or criminal law enforcement activity if the activity is authorized by law, and if the head of the agency or instrumentality, has made a written request to the agency which maintains the record specifying the particular portion desired and the law enforcement activity for which the record is sought;
- (h) To a person pursuant to a showing of compelling circumstances affecting the health or safety of an individual if upon such disclosure notification is transmitted to the last known address of such individual;
- (i) To either House of Congress, or, to the extent of matter within its jurisdiction, any committee or subcommittee thereof, any joint committee of Congress or subcommittee of any such joint committee;
- (j) To the Comptroller General, or any authorized representatives, in the course of the performance of the duties of the General Accounting Office;
- (k) Pursuant to the order of a court of competent jurisdiction; or

(1) To a consumer reporting agency in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3711(f).

§2100.11 Penalties.

- (a) An individual may bring a civil action against the AFRH to correct or amend the record, or where there is a refusal to comply with an individual request or failure to maintain any record with accuracy, relevance, timeliness and completeness, so as to guarantee fairness, or failure to comply with any other provision of the Privacy Act. The court may order correction or amendment of records. The court may enjoin the AFRH from withholding the records and order the production of the record.
- (b) Where it is determined that the action was willful or intentional with respect to 5 U.S.C. 552a(g)(1)(C) or (D), the United States may be liable for the actual damages sustained.
- (c) Criminal penalties may be imposed against an officer or employee of the USSAH or USNH who discloses material, which he/she knows is prohibited from disclosure, or who willfully maintains a system of records without compliance with the notice requirements.
- (d) Criminal penalties may be imposed against any person who knowingly and willfully requests or obtains any record concerning another individual from an agency under false pretenses.
- (e) All of these offenses are misdemeanors with a fine not to exceed \$5.000.

§2100.12 Accounting of disclosure.

- (a) The AFRH or agency will maintain a record of disclosures in cases where records about the individual are disclosed from a system of records except—
- (1) When the disclosure is made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. 552, as amended; or
- (2) When the disclosure is made to those officers and employees of the AFRH who have a need for the record in the performance of their duties.
- (b) This accounting of the disclosures will be retained for a least 5 years or for the life of the record, whichever is longer, and will contain the following information: