16.404

- (b) Application. A fixed-price incentive (successive targets) contract is appropriate when—
- (1) Available cost or pricing information is not sufficient to permit the negotiation of a realistic firm target cost and profit before award:
- (2) Sufficient information is available to permit negotiation of initial targets; and
- (3) There is reasonable assurance that additional reliable information will be available at an early point in the contract performance so as to permit negotiation of either (i) a firm fixed price or (ii) firm targets and a formula for establishing final profit and price that will provide a fair and reasonable incentive. This additional information is not limited to experience under the contract, itself, but may be drawn from other contracts for the same or similar items.
- (c) *Limitations*. This contract type may be used only when—
- (1) The contractor's accounting system is adequate for providing data for negotiating firm targets and a realistic profit adjustment formula, as well as later negotiation of final costs; and
- (2) Cost or pricing information adequate for establishing a reasonable firm target cost is reasonably expected to be available at an early point in contract performance.
- (d) Contract Schedule. The contracting officer shall specify in the contract Schedule the initial target cost, initial target profit, and initial target price for each item subject to incentive price revision.

[48 FR 42219, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 59 FR 64785, Dec. 15, 1994]

16.404 Fixed-price contracts with award fees.

- (a) Award-fee provisions may be used in fixed-price contracts when the Government wishes to motivate a contractor and other incentives cannot be used because contractor performance cannot be measured objectively. Such contracts shall—
- (1) Establish a fixed price (including normal profit) for the effort. This price will be paid for satisfactory contract performance. Award fee earned (if any) will be paid in addition to that fixed price; and

- (2) Provide for periodic evaluation of the contractor's performance against an award-fee plan.
- (b) A solicitation contemplating award of a fixed-price contract with award fee shall not be issued unless the following conditions exist:
- (1) The administrative costs of conducting award-fee evaluations are not expected to exceed the expected benefits:
- (2) Procedures have been established for conducting the award-fee evaluation:
- (3) The award-fee board has been established; and
- (4) An individual above the level of the contracting officer approved the fixed-price-award-fee incentive.

[62 FR 12696, Mar. 17, 1997]

16.405 Cost-reimbursement incentive contracts.

See 16.301 for requirements applicable to all cost-reimbursement contracts, for use in conjunction with the following subsections.

[48 FR 42219, Sept. 19, 1983. Redesignated at 62 FR 12696, Mar. 17, 1997]

16.405-1 Cost-plus-incentive-fee contracts.

(a) Description. The cost-plus-incentive-fee contract is a cost-reimbursement contract that provides for the initially negotiated fee to be adjusted later by a formula based on the relationship of total allowable costs to total target costs. This contract type specifies a target cost, a target fee, minimum and maximum fees, and a fee adjustment formula. After contract performance, the fee payable to the contractor is determined in accordance with the formula. The formula provides, within limits, for increases in fee above target fee when total allowable costs are less than target costs, and decreases in fee below target fee when total allowable costs exceed target costs. This increase or decrease is intended to provide an incentive for the contractor to manage the contract effectively. When total allowable cost is greater than or less than the range of costs within which the fee-adjustment formula operates, the contractor is