

Federal Acquisition Regulation

45.608-5

TABLE 45-1—Continued
Screening Requirements by Type of Property

Screening Categories	Type of Property	Period
	Special test equipment without standard components..	(see 45.608-5(b))
	Printing equipment.	(see 45.608-5(c))
	Nuclear materials.	(see 45.608-5(d))

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 56 FR 41740, Aug. 22, 1991; 61 FR 41471, Aug. 8, 1996]

45.608-2 Standard screening.

(a) Standard screening applies to serviceable property with a line item value of \$1,000 or more (\$500 for furniture) that does not meet the criteria for another screening category.

(b) Standard screening begins on the date the plant clearance officer receives acceptable contractor inventory schedules and ends 90 days thereafter. The period is broken into three phases as follows:

(1) *1st through 30th day—screening by the contracting agency.* The agency shall screen the listed items for its use. When screening is completed, the plant clearance officer shall delete the retained items from the schedules.

(2) *31st through 75th day—screening by all Federal agencies.* Not later than the 31st day, the plant clearance officer shall send four copies of the revised schedules and Standard Form (SF) 120, Report of Excess Personal Property, to the General Services Administration (GSA) regional office that serves the region in which the property is located. If the plant clearance officer receives a request for property transfer after submission of the SF 120, and before receiving a GSA property transfer order, a prompt request shall be forwarded to GSA for approval to withdraw the items from the inventory schedule. The regional GSA office will prepare and issue circulars and catalogs to all Federal agencies within the region. GSA will honor requests for transfer of property on a *first-come first-served* basis through the 75th day. The GSA regional office will transmit to the plant clearance officer the approved orders and shipping instructions for property to be transferred. The 75th day is the

surplus release date and will be shown on the SF 120. The plant clearance officer may not extend this date.

(3) *76th through 90th day—screening by GSA for possible donation.* During this period, GSA will arrange for screening of all remaining property for possible donation to eligible donees. Procedures for donation are in 45.609. The 90th day is the screening completion date and will be shown on the SF 120. The plant clearance officer shall not extend this date.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 56 FR 41740, Aug. 22, 1991]

45.608-3 Agency screening.

Agency screening is the procedure for screening certain types of property (see Table 45-1) only within the contracting agency. The screening period begins on the date the plant clearance officer receives acceptable inventory schedules and ends 30 days later.

45.608-4 Limited screening.

(a) Items that are scrap or salvage or that otherwise have a limited potential for use (except special tooling) are not ordinarily subject to standard or agency screening. The plant clearance officer shall include listings of such property in a special file, which shall be made available to GSA for limited screening. The screening period for such property begins on the date the plant clearance officer receives acceptable inventory schedules and ends 30 days later. This period is apportioned into two phases, as follows:

(1) *1st through 15th day—GSA selection of items for Federal utilization.*

(2) *16th through 30th day—GSA selection of items for donation.*

(b) For special tooling, the screening period described in paragraph (a) above begins upon completion of agency screening.

45.608-5 Special items screening.

Special procedures are established for the following types of property:

(a) *Special test equipment with standard components.* (1) Contractors reporting special test equipment that contains standard, general, or multipurpose components will describe the composite unit to clearly reflect its capability. Standard components that can

be economically removed and reused will be listed and described in sufficient detail to permit screening.

(2) If the contractor has a requirement for the standard components to meet other approved special test equipment or facilities requirements, the contractor shall annotate the SF 1432, Inventory Schedule D (Special Tooling and Special Test Equipment), to reflect this requirement. Screening shall be accomplished in accordance with agency procedures for the first 30 days. If there are no agency requirements for the composite unit, and if the administrative contracting officer approves the retention, the contractor shall have priority for the standard components for which it has indicated a requirement.

(3) Standard components that have not been retained by the agency or the contractor shall be screened in accordance with standard requirements for the 31st through 75th day. Standard components shall not be removed from the composite unit until a requirement has been established. If no requirements exist, the composite units shall be donated or sold in accordance with prescribed procedures.

(b) *Special test equipment without standard components.* Special test equipment without standard components shall receive agency screening for 30 days. Items for which no requirements exist shall receive limited screening for an additional 30 days.

(c) *Printing equipment.* Agencies shall report all printing equipment excess to their requirements to the Public Printer, Government Printing Office, North Capitol and H Streets, NW, Washington, DC 20401, after screening within the agency (see 44 U.S.C. 312). If the Public Printer indicates no requirements, the reporting activity shall submit the listing of printing equipment to the General Services Administration for further use and donation screening.

(d) *Nuclear materials.* (1) The possession, use, and transfer of certain nuclear materials are subject to the regulatory controls of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC). The materials are defined as follows:

(i) By-product material—any radioactive material (except special nuclear material) yielded in or made radio-

active by exposure to the radiation incident to producing or using special nuclear material.

(ii) Source material—uranium or thorium, or any combination thereof, in any physical or chemical form; or ores which contain by weight one-twentieth of 1 percent (0.05 percent) or more of uranium, thorium, or any combination thereof. Source material does not include special nuclear material.

(iii) Special nuclear material—plutonium, uranium 233, uranium enriched in the isotope 233 or in the isotope 235, and any other material that the NRC determines to be special nuclear material (but not including source material); or any material artificially enriched by any nuclear material.

(2) Plant clearance officers shall submit listings of excess nuclear material in the categories described above for screening by the contracting activity. If there are no requirements, the ultimate method of disposal shall be dependent upon the license issued by the NRC or the respective states and pertinent Federal and agency regulations.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 54 FR 34756, Aug. 21, 1989; 56 FR 41740, Aug. 22, 1991; 61 FR 41471, Aug. 8, 1996]

45.608-6 Waiver of screening requirements.

Agency heads or their designees may authorize exceptions from screening requirements; *provided*, (a) there are compelling circumstances clearly in the Government's interest and (b) the contracting agency prepares a written notice, including justification, and provides a copy to General Services Administration, Office of Government-wide Policy, Office of Transportation and Personal Property (MT), 1800 F Street NW., Washington, DC 20405, and the contract administration office 10 days before the effective date of the exception.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

45.608-7 Reimbursement of costs for transfer of contractor inventory.

The contracting agency shall not be reimbursed for the acquisition cost of any property selected by another agency or for overhead or administrative costs associated with such property.