45.606-2

accordance with the contract and instructions from the plant clearance officer and shall promptly submit the schedules to the cognizant contract administration office. Detailed instructions and requirements governing preparing and submitting inventory schedules are contained in 45.606–5. Agencies may use special inventory schedules for intra-agency screening of particular categories of contractor inventory (e.g., plant equipment of \$5,000 or more). Such schedules may also be used for screening with other Federal agencies after coordination with GSA.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 56 FR 15154, Apr. 15, 1991; 57 FR 60590, Dec. 21, 1992; 62 FR 237, Jan. 2, 1997]

45.606-2 Common items.

The contractor's inventory schedules shall not include any items that the contractor can reasonably use on other work without financial loss. However, the schedules shall include common items specified by the contracting officer for delivery to the Government or which are Government-furnished property.

45.606-3 Acceptance.

(a) Within 15 days after receipt of inventory schedules, the plant clearance officer shall review them, determine their acceptability, and request the contractor to correct any inadequate listings. Inventory schedules should not be rejected if the information is adequate for disposal purposes, even if complete cost data on work-in-process are not available. Rejection shall be limited, when possible, to specific items and shall not necessarily render the entire schedule unacceptable. If substantial errors are discovered that were not apparent on termination inventory schedules previously found acceptable, the final phase of a plant clearance period shall not begin until corrected schedules have been submitted, unless the plant clearance officer determines otherwise.

(b) The plant clearance officer, with the assistance of other Government personnel as necessary, shall verify that (1) the inventory is present at the location indicated, (2) the inventory is allocable to the contract, (3) the quantity and condition are correctly stated, and (4) the contractor has endeavored to divert items to other work. The verification may be recorded on SF 1423, Inventory Verification Survey. The plant clearance officer shall require the contractor to promptly correct any discrepancies on the inventory schedule or resubmit the schedule as necessary.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 55 FR 25530, June 21, 1990]

45.606-4 Withdrawals.

If, before final disposition, the contractor becomes aware that any items of contractor-acquired property listed in the inventory schedules are usable on other work without financial loss. the contractor shall purchase the items or retain them at cost and amend the inventory schedules and claim accordingly. Upon notifying the plant clearance officer, the contractor may purchase or retain at cost any other items of property included in the inventory schedules. Withdrawal of any Government-furnished property is subject to the written approval of the plant clearance officer. If withdrawal is requested after screening has started, the plant clearance officer shall notify immediately the appropriate screening activity.

45.606-5 Instructions for preparing and submitting schedules of contractor inventory.

(a) *Use of forms*. The contractor shall report contractor inventory on the following forms, as appropriate.

(1) Standard Form 1426, Inventory Schedule A (Metals in Mill Product Form) and SF 1427, Inventory Schedule A—Continuation Sheet. These forms are to be used to list metals in raw or primary form as furnished by the mill and on which there has been no subsequent fabricating operations. They are also to be used for listing nonmetallic materials, such as plastics, rubber, or lumber, in mill product form. They are not to be used for listing castings or forgings, which shall be reported on SF 1428.

(2) Standard Form 1428, Inventory Schedule B and SF 1429, Inventory Schedule B—Continuation Sheet. These forms are to be used to list all contractor inventory (including plant equipment) for which Standard Forms 1426, 1430, 1432, or 1434 are not appropriate. However, agencies may direct listing of particular categories of plant equipment on agency forms when standard forms are not appropriate. (See 45.505–6 and 45.606–1.)

- (3) Standard Form 1430, Inventory Schedule C (Work in Process) and SF 1431, Inventory Schedule C—Continuation Sheet. These forms are to be used to list all work in process.
- (4) Standard Form 1432, Inventory Schedule D (Special Tooling and Special Test Equipment) and SF 1433, Inventory Schedule D—Continuation Sheet. These forms are to be used to list such contractor inventory as dies, jigs, gauges, fixtures, special tools, and special test equipment.
- (5) Standard Form 1434, Termination Inventory Schedule E. This is a short form to be used with SF 1438, Settlement Proposal (Short Form). Applicability is limited to termination settlement proposals under \$10.000.
 - (b) Submission.
- (1) Contractors shall report contractor inventory promptly after determining it to be excess, unless a later date is authorized by the contract or the plant clearance officer.
- (2) Unless contract provisions or agency regulations prescribe otherwise, 12 copies of inventory schedules listing serviceable or salvable items and 6 copies of inventory schedules listing scrap items shall be presented to the plant clearance officer at the cognizant contract administration office.
- (3) The standard inventory schedule forms may be electronically reproduced by contractors pursuant to 53.105, provided no change is made to the name, content or sequence of the data elements. All essential elements of data must be included and the form must be signed.
- (4) The appropriate continuation sheet shall be used when more space is needed.
- (5) Partial schedules may be submitted when they cover substantial portions of a particular property classification of contractor inventory. The first page of each schedule submitted shall be identified as partial or final in the title block of the schedule.

- (6) The contractor should consult with the plant clearance officer when in doubt as to item descriptions or other inventory schedule requirements.
- (c) Grouping contractor inventory for reporting purposes. All line items of contractor inventory shall be grouped into the following categories in the order indicated and reported on separate forms (line items may not be divided for the purpose of avoiding screening requirements):
- (1) Classified property. This category includes all property bearing a security classification, regardless of acquisition cost. Classified property should be further subdivided into the same categories as unclassified property (see paragraph (3) below).
- (2) Government-furnished property. This category should be subdivided into the same categories as unclassified property (see paragraph (3) below).
- (3) Unclassified property. Unclassified property shall be subdivided as follows:
- (i) Special tooling, regardless of acquisition cost.
- (ii) Scrap, regardless of acquisition cost.
- (iii) Salvage, regardless of acquisition cost.
- (iv) Remaining property having a line item acquisition cost of less than \$1,000 (\$500 for furniture).
- (v) Property having a line item acquisition cost of \$1,000 or more (\$500 for furniture), further separated into the following categories (these categories may be revised to suit agency needs):
- (A) Aeronautical material and equipment.
- (B) Electronic material and equipment.
 - (C) Special test equipment.
- (D) Other serviceable or usable property.
- (d) General instructions for completing forms. The inventory schedule forms are self-explanatory, except for the following general instructions and the specific instructions in paragraph (e) below.
- (1) If the inventory applies solely to one contract modification, indicate the contract modification number in the same block as the prime contract number. If the inventory results from the termination of a contract, enter the termination docket number in the

45.606-5

same block as the prime contract number.

- (2) Provide in column b an accurate and complete commercial description for each item of serviceable contractor inventory. Where practical, show the manufacturer's name, address, and catalog number. Describe other items in sufficient detail to permit the Government to determine appropriate disposition. Include in descriptions for all line items the National Stock Number furnished to the contractor with Government-furnished property and the National Stock Number available in the contractor's property control system.
- (3) Identify in column b any industrial diamonds, diamond swarf, and property containing economically recoverable quantities of precious metals by the type of metal and express the quantity of the metal in the appropriate weight unit or in the percentage of total content. In addition, hazardous material or property contaminated with hazardous material shall be identified as to the type of hazardous material.
- (4) Enter in column c one of the following codes to indicate the condition of each item of material:

Code 1, Unused-good. Unused property that is usable without repairs and identical or interchangeable with new items from normal supply sources.

Code 2, Unused-fair. Unused property that is usable without repairs, but is deteriorated or damaged to the extent that utility is somewhat impaired.

Code 3, Unused-poor. Unused property that is usable without repairs, but is considerably deteriorated or damaged. Enough utility remains to classify the property better than salvage.

Code 4, Used-good. Used property that is usable without repairs and most of its useful life remains.

Code 5, Used-fair. Used property that is usable without repairs, but is somewhat worn or deteriorated and may soon require repairs.

Code 6, Used-poor. Used property that may be used without repairs, but is considerably worn or deteriorated to the degree that remaining utility is limited or major repairs will soon be required.

Code 7, Repairs required-good. Required repairs are minor and should not exceed 15 percent of original acquisition cost.

Code 8, Repairs required-fair. Required repairs are considerable and are estimated to range from 16 percent to 40 percent of original acquisition cost.

Code 9, Repairs required-poor. Required repairs are major because property is badly damaged, worn, or deteriorated, and are estimated to range from 41 percent to 65 percent of original acquisition cost.

Code X, Salvage. Property has some value in excess of its basic material content, but repair or rehabilitation to use for the originally intended purpose is clearly impractical. Repair for any use would exceed 65 percent of the original acquisition cost.

Code S, Scrap. Material that has no value except for its basic material content.

- (5) Enter in columns e and f the standard or invoiced cost of the material being reported. If such data are not available, enter the estimated cost, identified by the symbol "(e)".
- (6) Enter after the amount of the contractor's offer in column g the letter "A" if a credit for acquisition has been authorized or approved by the plant clearance officer. Enter the letter "C" if the amount represents your offer to acquire the item. In either case, enter the quantity on a second line if it is less than the full quantity shown in column d.
- (e) Instructions for completing specific forms. The following instructions are in addition to the general instructions in paragraph (d) and the self-explanatory blocks on the inventory forms.
- (1) Inventory Schedule A (Metals in Mill Product Form) (SF 1426).
- (i) Classification. List each type of metal (such as aluminum or carbon steel) on a separate form, with the name or alloy shown in the Property Classification block. List like forms of the metal or alloy together in sequence. (For example, for carbon steel, group all the strip, followed by sheets, followed by the bar stock, etc.)
- (ii) Description. Enter in column b the full commercial description and weight for all items. Identify the material specification entered in column b2 as

Federal Acquisition Regulation

either a Government specification or that of a particular industrial society or manufacturer. Complete columns b3, b4, and b5 to show the thickness, width, and length.

- (2) Inventory Schedule B (SF 1428).
- (i) Classification. Use a separate form for each classification. Enter the name of the classification in the Property Classification block. Items having no commercial value should be placed in a single classification designated no commercial value. The term raw materials (other than metals) means material in primary form. Examples are plastics, textiles, lumber, and chemicals. Arrange items in sequence under separate subheadings. For example, under the classification chemicals, group separately all acids, all alkalis, all resins, etc.
- (ii) Description. In the inventory description for plant equipment (see 45.101 for definition), include the following as a minimum:
- (A) Nomenclature or description of the item and Federal Supply Classification (see Cataloging Handbooks H2–1, H2–2, and H2–3).
- (B) Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers (see Cataloging Handbooks H4–1 and H4–2) and, if available in the contractor's property control system, the name and address of the equipment manufacturer.
 - (C) Model/part number.
- (3) Inventory Schedule C (Work in Process) (SF 1430).
- (i) Classification. No classification of items is required. Do not list finished components on this form (use SF 1428).
- (ii) Description. Enter in column b a description in sufficient detail to permit the Government to determine the appropriate disposition. Estimate percentage of completion for each line item.
- (iii) *Condition* (column c). Generally, conditions X (salvage) or S (scrap) are applicable to work in process (see paragraph (d)(4) above).
- (4) Inventory Schedule D (Special Tooling and Special Test Equipment) (SF 1432).
- (i) Classification. Use a new form for each general classification, such as dies, jigs, gauges, fixtures, special tooling, and special test equipment.

- (ii) Description. Furnish a description which will enable the plant clearance officer or screener to determine the appropriate disposition. Include tool nomenclature, tool number, related product part number, or function which the tool performs. Designate special tooling usable for maintenance programs by placing the letter "M" in the left-hand column, For Use of Contracting Agency Only.
- (i) Classification. Use of a new form for each general classification of special tooling and special test equipment.
- (ii) Description. Furnish a description which will enable the plant clearance officer or screener to determine the appropriate disposition, including the potential for reutilization. Include tool nomenclature, tool number, related product part number, and function which the tool performs. Designate special tooling usable for maintenance programs by placing the letter "M" in the left-hand column, For Use of Contracting Agency Only. Provide the enditem application and a brief description of the test function for each unit of special test equipment.
- (5) Termination Inventory Schedule E (SF 1434).
- (i) Classification. No special classification is required, but similar items should be grouped together. Several classifications may be listed on one form.
- (ii) Description. Enter in column b the full commercial description of all items which have commercial value. For other items, furnish a description in sufficient detail to permit the Government to determine the appropriate disposition.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 52 FR 30078, Aug. 12, 1987; 54 FR 25069, June 12, 1989; 56 FR 41740, Aug. 22, 1991; 60 FR 34739, July 3, 1995; 62 FR 237, Jan. 2, 1997]

45.607 Scrap.

45.607-1 General.

(a) The contractor need not itemize scrap on inventory schedules if (1) the material is physically segregated in the contractor's plant and (2) the contractor submits a statement describing the material, estimating its cost, and providing other information necessary for the plant clearance officer to verify