Federal Acquisition Regulation

45.306-3 Special tooling under fixedprice contracts.

- (a) Criteria for acquisition. In deciding whether or not to acquire title to special tooling, or rights to title, under fixed-price contracts, the contracting officer shall consider the following factors:
- (1) The current or probable future need of the Government for the items involved (including in-house use) and the estimated cost of producing them if not acquired.
- (2) The estimated residual value of the items.
- (3) The administrative burden and other expenses incident to reporting, recordkeeping, preparation, handling transportation, and storage.
- (4) The feasibility and probable cost of making the items available to other offerors in the event of future acquisitions.
- (5) The amount offered by the contractor for the right to retain the items.
- (6) The affect on future competition and contract pricing.
- (b) Decision not to acquire special tooling. In contracts in which the Government will not acquire title to special tooling, or rights to title, special requirements may be included in the Schedule of the contract (e.g., requirement governing the contractor's capitalization of special tooling costs).

[54 FR 48989, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.306-4 [Reserved]

45.306-5 Contract clause.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.245–17, Special Tooling, in solicitations and contracts when a fixed-price contract is contemplated, and either the contract will include special tooling provided by the Government or the Government will acquire title or right to title in special tooling to be acquired or fabricated by the contractor for the Government, other than special tooling to be delivered as an end item under the contract. The Special Tooling clause shall apply to all special tooling accountable to the contract.

[54 FR 48989, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.307 Providing special test equipment.

45.307-1 General.

- (a) Contracting officers shall offer existing Government-owned special test equipment to contractors, consistent with the conditions in 45.306–1(a). (See also 45.308 and 45.309.)
- (b) Contracting officers may also authorize contractors to acquire special test equipment for the Government when it is advantageous to the Government under the criteria in 45.306–3(a) and existing special test equipment is not available.

[48 FR 42392, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 54 FR 48990, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.307-2 Acquiring special test equipment.

- (a) When special test equipment or components are known, the solicitation (and the contract) shall separately identify each item to be furnished by the Government or acquired or fabricated by the contractor for the Government. Individual items of less than \$5,000 may be grouped by category.
- (b) Notice and approval. Under negotiated contracts containing the clause at 52.245–18, Special Test Equipment, the contractor must notify the contracting officer if it intends to acquire or fabricate special test equipment. Within 30 days of receipt of the notice, the contracting officer shall—
- (1) Review the proposed items for necessity and proper classification as *special* test equipment;
- (2) Screen the availability of existing Government-owned test equipment in accordance with agency procedures; and
- (3) Notify the contractor, approving or disapproving the acquisition or fabrication and, if it is disapproved, state whether the equipment will be furnished by the Government.

 $[48 \ FR \ 42392, \ Sept. \ 19, \ 1983, \ as \ amended \ at \ 57 \ FR \ 60588, \ Dec. \ 21, \ 1992]$

45.307-3 Contract clause.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.245-18, Special Test Equipment, in solicitations and contracts when contracting by negotiation

45.308

and the contractor will acquire or fabricate special test equipent for the Government but the exact identification of the special test equipment to be acquired or fabricated is unknown.

[54 FR 48990, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.308 Providing Government production and research property "as is."

45.308-1 General.

- (a) The contracting officer may provide Government production and research property on an "as is" basis for performing fixed-price, time-and-material, and labor-hour contracts. It may also be furnished under a facilities contract, in which case the contract shall state that the contractor will not be reimbursed for transporting, installing, modifying, repairing, or otherwise making the property ready for use.
- (b) When the property is provided under other than a facilities contract, the solicitation shall state that—
- (1) Offerors may inspect the property before submitting offers and the conditions under which it may be inspected;
- (2) The property is offered in its current condition, f.o.b. present location (provide specific locations);
- (3) Offerors must satisfy themselves that the property is suitable for their use:
- (4) The successful offeror shall bear the cost of transporting, installing, modifying, repairing, or otherwise making the property suitable for use; and
- (5) Evaluations will be made in accordance with Subpart 45.2 to eliminate any competitive advantage resulting from using the property.

[54 FR 48990, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.308-2 Contract clause.

The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 52.245–19, Government Property Furnished "As Is," in solicitations and contracts when a contract other than a consolidated facilities contract, a facilities acquisition contract, or a facilities use contract is contemplated and Government production and research property is to be furnished "as is" (see 45.106 for additional clauses that may be required).

[54 FR 48990, Nov. 28, 1989]

45.309 Providing Government production and research property under special restrictions.

- (a) Government production and research property, other than foundations and similar improvements necessary for installing special tooling, special test equipment, or plant equipment, shall not be installed or constructed on land not owned by the Government in such fashion as to be non-severable, unless the head of the contracting activity determines that the location is necessary, and the contract under which the property is provided contains—
- (1) A requirement for the contractor to reimburse the Government for the fair value of the property at contract completion or termination or within a reasonable time thereafter (for example, the provision may require the contractor to purchase the property at a value determined by appraisal or at a price equal to its acquisition cost less depreciation at a specified rate);
- (2) An option for the Government to acquire the underlying land; or
- (3) An alternative provision that the agency head considers adequate to protect the Government's interests.
- (b) If patent or other proprietary rights of a contractor may restrict the disposal of Government production and research property, the condition in either paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(3) above shall be satisfied before the property is provided.
- (c) If Government production and research property is not available to all offerors, the solicitation shall identify the offerors to whom the property is available.

45.310 Providing agency-peculiar property.

- (a) Agency-peculiar property may be furnished to contractors when necessary for use as a standard or model, for testing the contractor's end item where suitable commercial equipment is not available, to establish equipment compatibility, or for other reasons that the contracting officer determines to be in the Government's interest.
- (b) Agency-peculiar property may be furnished under a facilities contract, a supply or service contract containing the appropriate Government Property