## § 103.185

in paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the requirements of 31 U.S.C. 5318(i)(3) shall continue to apply to a covered financial institution listed in \$103.175(f)(1)(i) through (vi), (viii), or (ix).

- (3) Special rules for federally regulated trust banks or trust companies, and mutual funds. Until the requirements of this section become applicable as set forth in paragraph (e)(1) of this section, the requirements of 31 U.S.C. 5318(i)(3) shall not apply to a covered financial institution listed in §103.175(f)(1)(vii), or (x).
- (4) Exemptions—(i) Exempt financial institutions. Except as provided in this section, a financial institution defined in 31 U.S.C. 5312(a)(2) or (c)(1) or §103.11(n) is exempt from the requirements of 31 U.S.C. 5318(i)(3) pertaining to private banking accounts.
- (ii) Other compliance obligations of financial institutions unaffected. Nothing in paragraph (e)(4) of this section shall be construed to relieve a financial institution from its responsibility to comply with any other applicable requirement of law or regulation, including title 31, United States Code, and this part.

[71 FR 515, Jan. 4, 2006, as amended at 71 FR 16041, Mar. 30, 2006]

LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCESS TO FOREIGN BANK RECORDS

## § 103.185 Summons or subpoena of foreign bank records; Termination of correspondent relationship.

- (a) *Definitions*. The definitions in §103.175 apply to this section.
- (b) Issuance to foreign banks. The Secretary or the Attorney General may issue a summons or subpoena to any foreign bank that maintains a correspondent account in the United States and may request records related to such correspondent account, including records maintained outside of the United States relating to the deposit of funds into the foreign bank. The summons or subpoena may be served on the foreign bank in the United States if the foreign bank has a representative in the United States, or in a foreign country pursuant to any mutual legal assistance treaty, multilateral agree-

ment, or other request for international law enforcement assistance.

- (c) Issuance to covered financial institutions. Upon receipt of a written request from a Federal law enforcement officer for information required to be maintained by a covered financial institution under paragraph (a)(2) of §103.177, the covered financial institution shall provide the information to the requesting officer not later than 7 days after receipt of the request.
- (d) Termination upon receipt of notice. A covered financial institution shall terminate any correspondent relationship with a foreign bank not later than 10 business days after receipt of written notice from the Secretary or the Attorney General (in each case, after consultation with the other) that the foreign bank has failed:
- (1) To comply with a summons or subpoena issued under paragraph (b) of this section; or
- (2) To initiate proceedings in a United States court contesting such summons or subpoena.
- (e) Limitation on liability. A covered financial institution shall not be liable to any person in any court or arbitration proceeding for terminating a correspondent relationship in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section.
- (f) Failure to terminate relationship. Failure to terminate a correspondent relationship in accordance with this section shall render the covered financial institution liable for a civil penalty of up to \$10,000 per day until the correspondent relationship is so terminated.

[67 FR 60572, Sept. 26, 2002]

## § 103.186 Special measures against Burma.

- (a) Definitions. For purposes of this section:
- (1) Correspondent account has the same meaning as provided in §103.175(d).
- (2) Covered financial institution has the same meaning as provided in §103.175(f)(2) and also includes the following:
- (i) A futures commission merchant or an introducing broker registered, or required to register, with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission under the