habitats. These guidelines are intended to assist Service personnel in providing technical assistance to the wind energy industry to avoid or minimize impacts to wildlife and their habitats through: (1) Proper evaluation of potential wind energy development sites; (2) proper location and design of turbines and associated structures within sites selected for development; and (3) preand post-construction research and monitoring to identify and/or assess impacts to wildlife. This guidance is intended for terrestrial applications only; guidelines for wind energy developments in marine environments and the Great Lakes are being studied and will be provided at a future date. While these guidelines are voluntary, we encourage their immediate use by the wind energy industry. We also encourage and solicit comments on this guidance, including suggestions for improvement based on new scientific research. The interim guidelines are based on current science and will be updated as new information becomes available. They will be evaluated over a 2-year period, and then modified as necessary based on their performance in the field and on the latest scientific and technical discoveries developed in coordination with industry, States, academic researchers, and other Federal agencies. Extensive use of the interim guidelines by the wind industry will be vital to this evaluation. The guidelines may be accessed on the Service's Web site at http://www.fws.gov/r9dhcbfa. Comments on the interim guidelines are invited during the 2-year interim period.

DATES: Comments on the interim guidelines must be received or postmarked by July 7, 2005.

ADDRESSES: Comments should be sent to Dr. Benjamin N. Tuggle, Chief, Division of Federal Program Activities, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 4401 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22203.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Contact Dr. Benjamin N. Tuggle at (703)

358–2161.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: In response to recommendations made in the National Energy Policy report, the Department of the Interior has been reevaluating its existing renewable energy programs and industry access limitations to Federal lands. These actions are intended to both increase the Department's use of renewable energy and to assist industry in increasing renewable energy production, in an environmentally friendly manner, on Department managed lands.

Development of wind energy is a significant component of this initiative.

Wind-generated electrical energy is renewable, produces no emissions, and is considered to be generally environmentally friendly technology. However, wind energy facilities can adversely impact wildlife, especially birds and bats, and their habitats. Commercial wind energy facilities have been constructed in 29 States, with developments planned for several other states as well as coastal and offshore areas. As more facilities with larger turbines are built, the cumulative effects of this rapidly growing industry may initiate or contribute to the decline of some wildlife populations. The potential harm to these populations from an additional source of mortality makes careful evaluation of proposed facilities essential. Considerable avian mortality occurred at older wind energy facilities; therefore, the potential impact of the current rapid expansion of wind energy developments on wildlife is of serious concern to the Fish and Wildlife Service, the wind energy industry, and the public. Due to local differences in wildlife concentration and movement patterns, habitats, area topography, facility design, and weather, each proposed development site is unique and requires detailed, individual evaluation.

Service personnel may become involved in the review of potential wind energy developments on public lands through National Environmental Policy Act review (Sections 1501.6, opportunity as a cooperating agency, and Section 1503.4, duty to comment on federally-licensed activities for agencies with jurisdiction by law, *i.e.*, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act); or because of special expertise. The National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act requires that any activity on Refuge lands be determined to be compatible with the Refuge system mission and Refuge purpose(s). In addition, the Service is required by the Endangered Species Act to assist other Federal agencies in ensuring that any action they authorize, implement, or fund will not jeopardize the continued existence of any federally endangered or threatened species. Service biologists have also received requests from industry for consultation on wildlife impacts of proposed wind energy developments on private lands.

In January 2002, the Service established a Wind Turbine Siting Working Group to develop a set of comprehensive national guidelines for locating, designing, and operating wind energy facilities in a manner that would avoid or minimize the loss of wildlife and their habitats at these facilities. The

purpose of this effort is to ensure that wildlife resources are protected while streamlining the site selection and facility design process, and avoiding unanticipated conflicts after construction.

(Notice: Interim Voluntary Guidelines to Avoid and Minimize Wildlife Impacts from the Wind Turbines)

Dated: June 23, 2003.

Matt Hogan,

Deputy Director, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 03–17429 Filed 7–9–03; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–55–P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [OR-030-1020-PG; G 03-0221]

Resource Advisory Council Call for Nominations

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Vale District, Interior. **ACTION:** Notice of Resource Advisory Council call for nominations.

SUMMARY: The purpose of this notice is to solicit public nominations for two vacancies on the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Southeast Oregon Resource Advisory Council (RAC). There is a timber industry term in Category One that expires in 2004, and a dispersed recreation term in Category Two that expires in 2005. The RAC provides advice and recommendations to the BLM and the USDA Forest Service on land use planning and management of the public lands located in whole or in part within the Vale, Burns and Lakeview Districts of BLM and the Fremont, Deschutes, Ochoco, and Malheur National Forests. Public nominations will be considered for 30 days after the publication date of this notice.

The Federal Land Policy and Management Act (FLPMA) directs the Secretary of the Interior to involve the public in planning and issues related to management of lands administered by BLM.

Section 309 of FLPMA directs the Secretary to select 10 to 15 member citizen-based advisory councils that are established and authorized consistent with the requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA). As required by the FACA, RAC members appointed to the RAC must be balanced and representative of the various interests concerned with the management of the public lands.

These include three categories: Category One—Holders of federal grazing permits and representatives of energy and mineral development, timber industry, transportation or rightsof-way, off-highway vehicle use, and commercial recreation:

Category Two—Representatives of nationally or regionally recognized environmental and resource conservation organizations, archaeological and historic interests, dispersed recreation, and wild horse and burro groups;

Category Three—Holders of State, county or local elected office, employees of a State agency responsible for management of natural resources, academicians involved in natural sciences, representatives of Indian tribes, and the public-at-large.

Individuals may nominate themselves or others. Nominees for the Southeast Oregon RAC must be residents of Oregon. Forms are available at the Oregon BLM's Web site: http:// www.or.blm.gov/SEOR-RAC/formnomination.pdf. Nominees will be evaluated based on their education, training, and experience and their knowledge of the geographical area of the RAC.

Nominees should have demonstrated a commitment to collaborative resource decision making. All nominations must be accompanied by letters of reference from represented interests or organizations, a completed background information nomination form, as well as any other information that speaks to the nominee's qualifications.

Nominations for this RAC should be sent to: Pam Robbins, State Office, BLM, 333 Southwest 1st Avenue, Portland,

DATES: All nominations should be received by the Oregon BLM State Office by September 15, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Pam Robbins, P. O. Box 2965, Portland, OR 97208; (503) 808-6306; or pam_robbins@or.blm.gov.

Dated: July 3, 2003.

Sandy Guches,

Associate District Manager.

[FR Doc. 03–17431 Filed 7–9–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-33-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management [ID-957-1430-BJ]

Idaho: Filing of Plats of Survey

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of filing of plats of

surveys.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Bureau of Land Management, 1387 South Vinnell Way, Boise, Idaho, 83709-1657.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has officially filed the plats of survey of the lands described below in the BLM Idaho State Office, Boise, Idaho, effective 9 a.m., on the dates specified.

The plat, constituting the entire survey record of the dependent resurvey of a portion of the subdivisional lines, a portion of the 1878 meanders of the left bank of the Snake River in section 25, and a portion of former Tract 38, and a metes-and-bounds survey of Lot 18, section 25, in T. 4 N., R. 40 E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, was accepted May 28,

The supplemental plat was prepared to amend lots in section 6, T. 23 N., R. 22 E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, and was accepted June 13, 2003.

The plats representing the dependent resurvey of portions of the east boundary (Boise Meridian), south boundary (First Standard Parallel North), north boundary, and the subdivisional lines, and the subdivision of sections 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 33, 34, and 35, in T. 6 N., R. 1 W., Boise Meridian, Idaho, were accepted June 26, 2003.

The plat representing the dependent resurvey of portions of the east and north boundaries, subdivisional lines, and of Homestead Entry Survey Nos. 203 and 206, and the subdivision of sections 1, 2, and 3, in T. 14 S., R. 24 E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, was accepted June 27, 2003.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This survey was executed at the request of the Bureau of Land Management to meet certain administrative needs of the Bureau of Indian Affairs. The lands we surveved are:

The plat representing the dependent resurvey of a portion of the subdivisional lines and subdivision of section 16, and the further subdivision of section 16, in T. 4 S., R. 34 E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, was accepted June 26,

This survey was executed at the request of the Bureau of Land Management to meet certain administrative needs of the U.S.D.A. Forest Service. The lands we surveyed

The plats, constituting the entire survey record of the dependent resurvey of a portion of the east boundary and a portion of the subdivisional lines, designated to restore the corners in their true original locations, and the subdivision of sections 1, 11, 12, and 13, in T. 19 N., R. 2 E., Boise Meridian, Idaho, was accepted June 30, 2003.

Dated: July 2, 2003.

Harry K. Smith,

Chief Cadastral Surveyor for Idaho. [FR Doc. 03-17310 Filed 7-9-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-GG-P

INTERNATIONAL TRADE **COMMISSION**

[Investigation No. 731-TA-1021 (Final)]

Malleable Iron Pipe Fittings From China

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Scheduling of the final phase of an antidumping investigation.

SUMMARY: The Commission hereby gives notice of the scheduling of the final phase of antidumping investigation No. 731–TA–1021 (Final) under section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)) (the Act) to determine whether an industry in the United States is materially injured or threatened with material injury, or the establishment of an industry in the United States is materially retarded, by reason of less-than-fair-value imports from China of malleable iron pipe fittings, provided for in subheading 7307.19.90 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS).1

For further information concerning the conduct of this phase of the investigation, hearing procedures, and rules of general application, consult the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A through E (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and C (19 CFR part 207). EFFECTIVE DATE: June 6, 2003.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Cynthia Trainor (202-205-3354), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW., Washington, DC 20436. Hearingimpaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202-205-1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office of the Secretary at 202-205-2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}\mbox{For purposes of this investigation, the imported}$ merchandise from China consists of malleable iron pipe fittings, cast, other than grooved fittings, and excludes metal compression couplings (couplings consisting of a coupling body, two gaskets, and two compression nuts; ranging in diameter from 1/2 inch to 2 inches; and in galvanized finish).