airspace legal description for Window Rock, AZ.

#### §71.1 [Corrected]

■ On page 36744, column 2, beginning with the 2nd line from the top, change to read: That airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface bounded by a line beginning at Lat. 36°04′00" N, Long. 109°27′00" W; to Lat. 36°07′00" N, Long. 109°23′00" W; to Lat. 35°54'00" N, Long. 109°03'00"; thence along Lat. 35°54′00" N to the western edge of V-421 and thence southwest along the western edge of V-421 to Lat. 35°13′15″ N, Long. 109°06′02″ W; to Lat. 35°20′25″ N, Long. 109°10′42″ W; to Lat. 35°08′00″ N, Long. 109°25′00″ W; to Lat. 35°08′00" N, Long. 109°30′00" W; thence north along Long. 109°30′00" W to the southern edge of V-95; thence northeast along the southern edge of V-95 to Lat. 35°54′54" N, Long. 109°13′10" W; to the point of beginning.

Issued in Los Angeles, California, July 16, 2003.

#### Stephen Lloyd,

Acting Assistant Manager, Air Traffic Division, Western-Pacific Region.

[FR Doc. 03–18919 Filed 7–24–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910–13–M

#### **DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

#### 15 CFR Part 922

[Docket No. 030613151-3151-01]

Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary; Establishment of Temporary No-Entry Zone in the White Bank Dry Rocks Area; Correction

**AGENCY:** National Ocean Service (NOS), National Marine Sanctuary Program. **ACTION:** Temporary rule; correction.

**SUMMARY:** This document corrects coordinates published on July 1, 2003 for a no-entry zone in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. The noentry zone was established by a temporary rule and became effective June 26, 2003 until August 25, 2003. That temporary rule created two noentry zones in the vicinity of White Bank Dry Rocks off of Key Largo to prevent the inadvertent spread by swimmers and snorkelers of infectious agents associated with diseased corals in the two zones. Each no-entry zone is approximately 0.25 square miles in size. This document corrects the coordinates of White Bank South Patch that were incorrectly described in the temporary published on July 1, 2003.

**DATES:** Effective July 24, 2003 until August 25, 2003.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Billy D. Causey, Superintendent, Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary, (FKNMS), Post Office Box 500368, Marathon, Florida 33050, (305) 743– 2467.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Need for Correction**

The temporary rule establishing noentry zones at White Bank North Patch and White Bank South Patch, off of Key Largo in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (68 FR 39005; July 1, 2003), contained errors in the coordinates for White Bank South Patch. The correct coordinates are:

White Bank South Patch—

- (1) 25 degrees 02.414 seconds N 80 degrees 22.425 seconds W;
- (2) 25 degrees 02.446 seconds N 80 degrees 22.267 seconds W;
- (3) 25 degrees 02.314 seconds N 80 degrees 22.278 seconds W;
- (4) 25 degrees 02.336 seconds N 80 degrees 22.408 seconds W.

# Classification

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Assistant Administrator of the National Ocean Service, NOAA, for good cause, finds that providing prior notice and public procedure thereon with respect to this correction is impracticable and contrary to the public interest. Recent evidence has come to light of an outbreak of infectious coral disease in areas of White Bank Dry Rocks near Key Largo. It is possible that humans entering the waters of the affected areas could inadvertently carry infectious agents to healthy coral reef areas. Infected corals are also most subject to stress from human activities. This action is intended to limit the innocent spread of infectious agents to healthy coral and to reduce stress to corals within the infected areas. As such, further damage to the infected corals as well as to healthy corals outside of the close areas would occur if the prohibition implemented by this rule is delayed to provide prior notice and opportunity for public comment.

Likewise, under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Assistant Administrator of the National Ocean Service, NOAA, finds good cause to waive the 30-day delay in effective date for this correction. First, if the correction is delayed for 30 days, significant damage to the living coral resources could result. Further, 30 days are not necessary to give notification to visitors who might use the area in the future to move to other nearby sites. The U.S. Coast Guard will give immediate

notification to vessels to stay out of the no-entry zones. Notification will be made by the U.S. Coast Guard via notice to mariners, Sanctuary radio announcements, press releases, press conferences, and with assistance by the U.S. Coast Guard and Sanctuary staff on the water within the area. This correction is effective upon filing at the Office of the **Federal Register**.

Dated: July 19, 2003.

# Jamison S. Hawkins,

Deputy Assistant Administrator for Ocean Services and Coastal Zone Management. [FR Doc. 03–18933 Filed 7–24–03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510-NK-M

# OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

#### 15 CFR Part 2016

RIN 0350-AA06

Establishment of a Petition Process To Review Eligibility of Countries for the Benefits of the Andean Trade Preference Act, as Amended by the Andean Trade Promotion and Drug Eradication Act

**AGENCY:** Office of the United States Trade Representative.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

**SUMMARY:** This final rule provides for the establishment of a petition process to review the eligibility of countries for the benefits of the Andean Trade Preference Act, as amended by the Andean Trade Promotion and Drug Eradication Act.

**DATES:** This final rule is effective on July 25, 2003.

# FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Bennett M. Harman, Office of the Americas, Office of the United States Trade Representative at (202) 395–5190.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Trade Act of 2002 (Pub. L. 107-210) (Trade Act) includes the "Andean Trade Promotion and Drug Eradication Act" (ATPDEA), which contains provision on enhanced trade benefits for eligible Andean countries. The ATPDEA renews and amends the Andean Trade Preference Act (ATPA) (19 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.) Section 3103(d) of the ATPDEA requires the President to promulgate regulations regarding the review of eligibility of articles and countries for the benefits of the ATPA, consistent with section 203(e) of the ATPA, as amended by the ATPDEA, not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Trade Act of 2002. The Trade Act was enacted on August 6, 2002. In Executive Order 13277 of November 19,