

other important issues affecting clarity and general draftsmanship under any guidelines issued by the Attorney General. Section 3(c) of Executive Order 12988 requires executive agencies to review regulations in light of applicable standards in section 3(a) and section 3(b) to determine whether they are met or it is unreasonable to meet one or more of them. DOE has completed the required review and determined that, to the extent permitted by law, this proposed rule meets the relevant standards of Executive Order 12988.

#### H. Executive Order 13084

Under Executive Order 13084, 63 FR 27655 (May 19, 1998), DOE may not issue a discretionary rule that significantly or uniquely affects Indian tribal governments and imposes substantial direct compliance costs. This proposed rulemaking would not have such effects. Accordingly, Executive Order 13084 does not apply to this rulemaking.

#### I. Executive Order 13132

Executive Order 13132, 64 FR 43255 (August 10, 1999), requires agencies to develop an accountable process to ensure meaningful and timely input by state and local officials in the development of regulatory policies that have "federalism implications." Policies that have federalism implications are defined in the Executive Order to include regulations that have "substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government." On March 14, 2000, DOE published a statement of policy describing the intergovernmental consultation process it will follow in the development of such regulations (65 FR 13735). DOE has examined this proposed rule and determined that it would not have a substantial direct effect on the states, on the relationship between the national government and the states, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. No further action is required by the Executive Order.

#### J. Review Under Executive Order 13211

Executive Order 13211 (Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy, Supply, Distribution, or Use), 66 FR 28355 (May 22, 2001) requires preparation and submission to OMB of a Statement of Energy Effects for significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866 that are likely to have a significant adverse

effect on the supply, distribution, or use of energy. This rulemaking, although significant, will not have such an effect. Consequently, DOE has concluded that there is no need for a Statement of Energy Effects.

#### K. Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act, 1999

The Treasury and General Government Appropriations Act, 2001 (44 U.S.C. 3516, *note*) provides for agencies to review most disseminations of information to the public under guidelines established by each agency pursuant to general guidelines issues by OMB. OMB's guidelines were published at 67 FR 8452 (February 22, 2001), and DOE's guidelines were published at 67 FR 62446 (October 7, 2002). DOE has reviewed this notice of proposed rulemaking under the OMB and DOE guidelines, and has concluded that it is consistent with applicable policies in those guidelines.

#### V. Opportunity for Public Comment

Interested members of the public are invited to participate in this proceeding by submitting data, views, or comments on this proposed rule. Ten copies of written comments should be submitted to the address indicated in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice. Comments should be identified on the outside of the envelope and on the comments themselves with the designation "Polygraph Examination Regulation, Docket No. CN-03-RM-01." If anyone wishing to provide written comments is unable to provide ten copies, alternative arrangements can be made in advance with the DOE. All comments received on or before the date specified at the beginning of this notice, and other relevant information before final action is taken on the proposed rule, will be considered.

All submitted comments will be available for public inspection as part of the administrative record on file for this rulemaking in the DOE Freedom of Information Reading Room at the address indicated in the **ADDRESSES** section of this notice. Pursuant to the provisions of 10 CFR 1004.11, anyone submitting information or data that he or she believes to be confidential and exempt by law from public disclosure should submit one complete copy of the document, as well as two copies, if possible, from which the information has been deleted. The DOE will make its determination as to the confidentiality of the information and treat it accordingly.

#### List of Subjects in 10 CFR Part 709

Lie detector tests, Privacy.

Issued in Washington, DC on April 8, 2003.

**Stephen W. Dillard,**

*Director, Office of Counterintelligence.*

For the reasons stated in the preamble, DOE hereby proposes to amend 10 CFR part 709 to read as follows:

#### PART 709—POLYGRAPH EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

1. The authority citation for 10 CFR part 709 is revised to read as follows:

**Authority:** 42 U.S.C. 2011, *et seq.*, 7101, *et seq.*, 7383h-1.

\* \* \* \* \*

[FR Doc. 03-9009 Filed 4-11-03; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 6450-01-P**

#### DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### Office of the Comptroller of the Currency

#### 12 CFR Part 5

[Docket No. 03-06]

RIN 1557-AC13

#### Electronic Filings

**AGENCY:** Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury.

**ACTION:** Interim rule with request for comments.

**SUMMARY:** The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) is issuing this interim rule, with a request for comments, to amend our rules, policies and procedures for corporate activities. The interim rule expressly provides that the OCC may permit national banks to make any class of licensing filings electronically. Its purpose is to facilitate the expansion of the OCC's e-Corp program. The e-Corp program, which began as a pilot project to enable participating national banks to make certain types of licensing filings electronically, has been made available to all national banks through the OCC's National BankNet web site. The rule furthers the OCC's objectives of reducing regulatory burden for national banks and improving the agency's efficiency in processing filings through increased use of electronic technology. The interim rule also amends part 5 to clarify the circumstances under which we may adopt filing procedures different from those otherwise required by part 5.

**DATES: Effective Date:** This rule is effective April 14, 2003.

**Comment Date:** Comments must be received by June 13, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** You should direct comments to the Public Information Room, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Mailstop 1-5, Attention: Docket No. 03-06, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219. Due to delays in paper mail delivery in the Washington, DC, area, commenters are encouraged to submit comments by fax or e-mail. Comments may be sent by fax to (202) 874-4448, or by e-mail to [regs.comments@occ.treas.gov](mailto:regs.comments@occ.treas.gov). You can inspect and photocopy the comments at the OCC's Public Information Room, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219. You can make an appointment to inspect the comments by calling (202) 874-5043.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Jean Campbell, Attorney, Legislative and Regulatory Activities Division, (202) 874-5090; or Darrell Sheets, Licensing Data Manager, Licensing, Policy and Systems Division, (202) 874-5060, Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

### **Background and Description of the Rule**

#### *1. Electronic Filing*

The OCC's ongoing objectives include minimizing regulatory burden for the national banks we supervise, consistent with safety and soundness, and achieving greater efficiency in the agency's regulatory processes. National banks' preparation of required licensing applications and filings and the OCC's processing of those submissions are activities where substantial efficiencies, including cost savings, can be achieved through increased use of electronic technology. Moreover, the Government Paperwork Elimination Act (GPEA)<sup>1</sup> requires that Federal agencies consider providing the public with the option of automated transactional processes that use and accept electronic filings and signatures, when practicable. The requirements of GPEA apply to all interactions with the Federal government that involve the electronic submission, maintenance, or disclosure of information.<sup>2</sup> This includes transactions "such as the electronic filings that are the subject of this notice—that involve Federal information collections covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA)."<sup>3</sup>

To further the objectives we have described and to facilitate compliance with GPEA, the OCC designed Web-based corporate applications and made them available to a limited number of national banks through a pilot program called e-Corp. National banks that participated in the pilot used e-Corp to submit electronically certain licensing filings to the OCC using electronic signatures. Ten national banks participated in the pilot program. Authorized users from those national banks accessed e-Corp's electronic forms through the OCC's National BankNet Web site (BankNet).<sup>4</sup> Four applications were available: establishment of a branch, relocation of a branch, relocation of a main office within a 30-mile radius (within current city, town or village limits), and relocation of a main office within a 30-mile radius (outside current city, town or village limits). Three more e-Corp electronic filings are currently under development: notices of branch closing, change of corporate title, and change of address.

In March 2003 the OCC made e-Corp available to all national banks through BankNet. The four corporate filings described above are available for electronic submission. In the near future we also expect to add to e-Corp additional classes of corporate filings, such as the three currently under development, as we gain experience with electronic filing. In recognition of the fact that national banks rely on technology to varying extents, electronic filing will be voluntary. Any bank that wishes to continue filing paper-based applications may do so.

The interim rule facilitates the expansion of e-Corp by revising § 5.2, which generally describes our filing rules. As revised, § 5.2 expressly provides that the OCC may permit national banks to make any class of filings available for electronic submission. The rule refers national banks to the Comptroller's Licensing Manual (Manual) to find information about the filings that are available for electronic submission. The Manual also specifies the procedures that apply to national banks making electronic filings. In light of rapid changes in technology and our plan to expand the electronic filing system over time, we believe it is preferable to provide detailed information on electronic filings in the more flexible format of the Manual, rather than in the text of the regulation. The Manual is available on the OCC's

Internet website.<sup>5</sup> The Manual is updated on a continuous basis and will be updated as necessary when electronic filing of additional types of applications or notices is available to national banks. We plan to publish notices on BankNet and the OCC's homepage whenever an additional class of applications is added to e-Corp.

#### *2. Exceptions to Licensing Procedures*

Section 5.2(b) of our rules provides that, after giving appropriate notice to the applicant and, at the OCC's discretion, to others, the OCC may adopt materially different procedures for a particular filing, or a class of filings, in exceptional circumstances, such as natural disasters or unusual transactions. The wording of this provision could be misleading if the reference to natural disasters were interpreted, contrary to its intended meaning, as establishing the standard for determining what is an exceptional circumstance rather than as merely illustrative of one type of situation where use of filing procedures otherwise prescribed by part 5 is warranted. Accordingly, the interim rule deletes the phrase "such as natural disasters." As revised, the standard in § 5.2(b) simply permits the OCC to adopt materially different procedures in exceptional circumstances or for unusual transactions. The notice requirement in the current rule is unchanged.

#### *3. Comptroller's Licensing Manual*

The Comptroller's Corporate Manual formerly contained guidance on how applicants and other filers could comply with our rules. On July 17, 2002, the OCC replaced the Comptroller's Corporate Manual with the Comptroller's Licensing Manual and made the Manual available on our homepage. As we have described, the Manual contains information on corporate applications, such as charter and merger applications, and other policies and procedures on corporate changes sought by national banks. The interim rule substitutes the new name of the Manual, provides the OCC's Internet address, and substitutes a new address to use to submit a request for a printed version of the Manual.

#### *4. Notice and Comment; Effective Date*

Under the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), the requirement that an

<sup>1</sup> 44 U.S.C. 3504 note.

<sup>2</sup> See OMB Memorandum M-00-10, "OMB Procedures and Guidance; Implementation of the Government Paperwork Elimination Act," 65 FR 25508, May 2, 2000 (OMB Guidance).

<sup>3</sup> 44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*

<sup>4</sup> BankNet is a secure, extranet website that allows the OCC to deliver data-based services via the Internet to the national banks we supervise.

<sup>5</sup> See [www.occ.treas.gov/corpapps/corpapplic.htm](http://www.occ.treas.gov/corpapps/corpapplic.htm). This is the web address for the OCC's homepage, which contains information available to the general public. Printed copies of the Manual are available for a fee from the OCC's Communications Division.

agency provide public notice and an opportunity for comment does not apply to "rules of agency organization, procedure, or practice."<sup>6</sup> This exemption applies to a rule that does not itself affect the substantive rights of those affected, even though the rule "may alter the manner in which the parties present themselves or their viewpoints to the agency." *JEM Broadcasting Co., Inc. v. FCC*, 22 F.3d 320, 326–27 (D.C. Cir. 1994).

The interim rule has no effect on the substantive rights of national banks subject to application or filing requirements. The electronic filing amendments pertain only to the form in which a bank may make a submission to the OCC. Moreover, electronic filing is permissive, not mandatory. Similarly, the amendment to the "exceptional circumstances" provision only clarifies the types of circumstances that may warrant the use of special procedures. The requirement that the OCC provide notice to an applicant in such a case is unchanged. For these reasons, we conclude that this interim rule is not subject to the notice and comment requirements of the APA.

The interim rule is effective immediately upon publication in the **Federal Register**. An agency may dispense with the delayed effective date requirement of the APA for "good cause."<sup>7</sup> As we have described, we expect that the interim rule, which imposes no new requirements, will help produce efficiencies for national banks by enabling them to save time and money in the preparation and processing of certain required filings. For these reasons, we conclude that there is good cause to dispense with the 30-day delayed effective date prescribed by the APA.

Finally, subject to certain exceptions, 12 U.S.C. 4802(b)(1) provides that new regulations and amendments to regulations prescribed by a Federal banking agency that impose additional reporting, disclosure, or other new requirements on an insured depository institution must take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter that begins on or after the date on which the regulations are published in final form. The interim rule imposes no additional reporting, disclosure, or other new requirements on insured depository institutions. For this reason, section 4802(b)(1) does not apply to this rulemaking.

### Comment Solicitation

Although notice and comment are not required, we are nonetheless interested in receiving any comments that may improve this rule before it is adopted in final form. We therefore request comment on all aspects of this interim rule.

### Community Bank Comment Request

In addition, we invite your comments on the impact of this proposal on community banks. The OCC recognizes that community banks operate with more limited resources than larger institutions and may present a different risk profile. Thus, the OCC specifically requests comments on the impact of this proposal on community banks' current resources and available personnel with the requisite expertise, and whether the goals of the proposed regulation could be achieved, for community banks, through an alternative approach.

### Solicitation of Comments on Use of Plain Language

The OCC also requests comment on whether the interim rule is written clearly and is easy to understand. On June 1, 1998, the President issued a memorandum directing each agency in the Executive branch to write its rules in plain language. This directive applies to all new proposed and final rulemaking documents issued on or after January 1, 1999. In addition, Pub. L. 106–102 requires each Federal agency to use plain language in all proposed and final rules published after January 1, 2000. The OCC invites comments on how to make this rule clearer. For example, you may wish to discuss:

- (1) Whether we have organized the material to suit your needs;
- (2) Whether the requirements of the rule are clear; or
- (3) Whether there is something else we could do to make the rule easier to understand.

### Regulatory Analysis

#### *Regulatory Flexibility Act*

The Regulatory Flexibility Act applies only to rules for which an agency publishes a general notice of proposed rulemaking pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553(b).<sup>8</sup> Because the OCC has determined for good cause that the APA does not require public notice and comment on this final rule, we are not publishing a general notice of proposed rulemaking. Thus, the Regulatory Flexibility Act does not apply to this interim rule.

### *Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995*

Section 202 of the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995, Pub. L. 104–04 (Unfunded Mandates Act) requires that an agency prepare a budgetary impact statement before promulgating a rule that includes a Federal mandate that may result in expenditure by State, local, and tribal governments, in the aggregate, or by the private sector, of \$100 million or more in any one year. If a budgetary impact statement is required, section 205 of the Unfunded Mandates Act also requires an agency to identify and consider a reasonable number of regulatory alternatives before promulgating a rule. The OCC has determined that the interim rule will not result in expenditures by State, local, or tribal governments or by the private sector of \$100 million or more. Accordingly, the OCC has not prepared a budgetary impact statement or specifically addressed the regulatory alternatives considered.

#### *Executive Order 12866*

The OCC has determined that this rule does not constitute a "significant regulatory action" for the purposes of Executive Order 12866.

### List of Subjects in Part 5

Administrative practice and procedure, National banks, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Securities.

### Authority and Issuance

For the reasons set forth in the preamble, part 5 of chapter I of the Code of Federal Regulations is revised to read as follows:

### **PART 5—RULES, POLICIES, AND PROCEDURES FOR CORPORATE ACTIVITIES**

1. The authority citation for part 5 continues to read as follows:

**Authority:** 12 U.S.C. 1 *et seq.*, 24a, 24(Seventh), 93a, and 3101 *et seq.*

2. In § 5.2, paragraphs (b) and (c) are revised and a new paragraph (d) is added to read as follows:

#### **§ 5.2 Rules of general applicability.**

\* \* \* \* \*

(b) *Exceptions.* The OCC may adopt materially different procedures for a particular filing, or class of filings, in exceptional circumstances or for unusual transactions, after providing notice of the change to the applicant and to any other party that the OCC determines should receive notice.

(c) *Additional information.* The "Comptroller's Licensing Manual"

<sup>6</sup> 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(A).

<sup>7</sup> *Id.* at 553(d)(3).

<sup>8</sup> *See id.* at 553(d).

(Manual) provides additional guidance, including policies, procedures, and sample forms. The Manual is available on the OCC's Internet Web page at <http://www.occ.treas.gov>. Printed copies are available for a fee from Publications, Communications Division, Comptroller of the Currency, 250 E Street, SW., Washington, DC 20219-0001.

(d) *Electronic filing.* The OCC may permit electronic filing for any class of filings. The Manual identifies filings that may be made electronically and describes the procedures that the OCC requires in those cases.

Dated: April 3, 2003

**John D. Hawke, Jr.,**

*Comptroller of the Currency.*

[FR Doc. 03-8995 Filed 4-11-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4810-33-P

## DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

### Federal Aviation Administration

#### 14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NM-39-AD]

RIN 2120-AA64

#### **Airworthiness Directives; Airbus Model A300 B4-600, B4-600R, and F4-600R (Collectively Called A300-600) Series Airplanes; and Model A310 Series Airplanes; Equipped With Pratt & Whitney JT9D-7R4 or 4000 Series Engines**

**AGENCY:** Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

**ACTION:** Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

**SUMMARY:** This document proposes the superseding of an existing airworthiness directive (AD), applicable to certain Airbus Model A300-600 and A310 series airplanes, that currently requires deactivating both thrust reversers and revising the airplane flight manual (AFM) to ensure safe and appropriate performance during certain takeoff conditions. This action would require installing modifications that will add an independent third line of defense on the thrust reversers, which would enhance their redundancy and terminate the requirements of the existing AD. The actions specified by the proposed AD are intended to prevent in-flight deployment of the thrust reversers, which could result in reduced controllability of the airplane. This action is intended to address the identified unsafe condition.

**DATES:** Comments must be received by May 14, 2003.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-39-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056. Comments may be inspected at this location between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may be submitted via fax to (425) 227-1232. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: [9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov](mailto:9-anm-nprmcomment@faa.gov). Comments sent via fax or the Internet must contain "Docket No. 2002-NM-39-AD" in the subject line and need not be submitted in triplicate. Comments sent via the Internet as attached electronic files must be formatted in Microsoft Word 97 for Windows or ASCII text.

The service information referenced in the proposed rule may be obtained from Airbus Industrie, 1 Rond Point Maurice Bellonte, 31707 Blagnac Cedex, France. This information may be examined at the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Tim Backman, Aerospace Engineer, International Branch, ANM-116, FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056; telephone (425) 227-2797; fax (425) 227-1149.

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **Comments Invited**

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications shall identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified above. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments, specified above, will be considered before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this action may be changed in light of the comments received.

Submit comments using the following format:

- Organize comments issue-by-issue. For example, discuss a request to change the compliance time and a request to change the service bulletin reference as two separate issues.
- For each issue, state what specific change to the proposed AD is being requested.
- Include justification (*e.g.*, reasons or data) for each request.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic,

environmental, and energy aspects of the proposed rule. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report summarizing each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this proposal will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their comments submitted in response to this action must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket Number 2002-NM-39-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

#### **Availability of NPRMs**

Any person may obtain a copy of this NPRM by submitting a request to the FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, ANM-114, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NM-39-AD, 1601 Lind Avenue, SW., Renton, Washington 98055-4056.

#### **Discussion**

On December 15, 1998, the FAA issued AD 98-25-51, amendment 39-10952 (63 FR 70637, December 22, 1998), applicable to certain Airbus Model A300-600 and A310 series airplanes. That AD requires deactivating both thrust reversers and revising the airplane flight manual (AFM) to ensure safe and appropriate performance during certain takeoff conditions. That action was prompted by a report indicating that the thrust reverser of engine number 1 on an Airbus Model A300-600 series airplane deployed during climb. The requirements of that AD are intended to prevent in-flight deployment of a thrust reverser, which could result in reduced controllability of the airplane.

#### **Actions Since Issuance of Previous Rule**

Since AD 98-25-51 was issued, Airbus issued service information that provides instructions for reactivating the thrust reversers through the implementation of a program that involves parts replacement and repetitive inspections of the thrust reversers. The FAA approved this program as an alternative method of compliance (AMOC) with the requirements of AD 98-25-51, allowing for reactivation of the thrust reversers and removal of the AFM limitations.

The actions required by AD 98-25-51 and the reactivation program are considered "interim action." Since issuance of that AD and the AMOC, the manufacturer has developed a modification to address the unsafe