for other purposes," and authorizes the Foreign–Trade Zones Board to grant to qualified corporations the privilege of establishing foreign–trade zones in or adjacent to U.S. Customs ports of entry;

WHEREAS, the Board's regulations (15 CFR part 400) provide for the establishment of special-purpose subzones when existing zone facilities cannot serve the specific use involved, and when the activity results in a significant public benefit and is in the public interest;

WHEREAS, the City and County of Denver, Colorado, grantee of Foreign– Trade Zone 123, has made application to the Board for authority to establish special–purpose subzone status at the manufacturing, warehousing, processing and distribution facilities (X–ray film, color paper, digital media, inkjet paper, and entertainment imaging) of the Eastman Kodak Company, located in Windsor, Colorado (FTZ Docket 37– 2005, filed 8/1/2005; amended 5/15/ 2006);

WHEREAS, notice inviting public comment has been given in the **Federal Register** (70 FR 46474–46475, 8/10/ 2005); and,

WHEREAS, the Board adopts the findings and recommendations of the examiner's report, and finds that the requirements of the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations would be satisfied, and that approval of the application would be in the public interest; NOW, THEREFORE, the Board hereby

NOW, THEREFORE, the Board hereby grants authority for subzone status for activity related to X-ray film, color paper, digital media, inkjet paper, and entertainment imaging at the manufacturing, warehousing, processing and distribution facilities of the Eastman Kodak Company, located in Windsor, Colorado (Subzone 123C), as described in the amended application and **Federal Register** notice, subject to the FTZ Act and the Board's regulations, including § 400.28, and further subject to a restriction that privileged foreign status (19 CFR 146.41) shall be elected:

1. On foreign merchandise that falls under HTSUS headings or subheadings 2821, 2823, all of Chapter 32 or 3901.20 or where the foreign merchandise in question is described as a "pigment, pigment preparation, masterbatch, plastic concentrate, flush color, paint dispersion, coloring preparation, or colorant."

2. On foreign merchandise that falls under HTSUS heading 4202, with the exception of merchandise classified in HTSUS categories 4202.91.0090 and 4202.92.9060. Signed at Washington, DC, this 14th day of

July 2006.

David M. Spooner,

Assistant Secretary of Commercefor Import Administration,Alternate ChairmanForeign– Trade Zones Board.

ATTEST: Andrew McGilvray,

Acting Executive Secretary. [FR Doc. E6–11748 Filed 7–21–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Amended Advance Notification of Sunset Reviews

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce. **SUMMARY:** This is an amendment to the notice of Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; Advance Notification of Sunset Reviews, 71 FR 37901 (July 3, 2006) (Advance Notification).

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 24, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Zev Primor, Office 4, AD/CVD Operations, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW, Washington DC 20230; telephone (202) 482–4114.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On July 3, 2006, the Department of Commerce ("the Department") published in the **Federal Register** a list of sunset reviews scheduled for initiation in August 2006. (*See Advanced Notification*). We are amending the advanced sunset **Federal Register** notice because we have determined that early initiation of the sunset reviews for all of the Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products orders would promote administrative efficiency.

Upcoming Sunset Reviews for August 2006

The following Sunset Reviews are scheduled for initiation in August 2006 and will appear in that month's Notice of Initiation of Five–Year Sunset Reviews.

| Antidumping Duty Proceedings | Department Contact |
|--|----------------------------------|
| Foundry Coke from the PRC (A–570–862) | Jim Nunno (202) 482–0783 |
| Solid Agricultural Grade Ammonium Nitrate from Ukraine (A-823-810) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Argentina (A-357-814) | Zev Primor (202) 482–4114 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from the PRC (A–570–865) | Jim Nunno (202) 482–0783 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India (A–533–820) | Zev Primor (202) 482–4114 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Indonesia(A–560–812) | Zev Primor (202) 482-4114 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Kazakhstan (A–834–806) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from the Netherlands (A–421–807) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Romania (A–485–806) | Zev Primor (202) 482–4114 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from South Africa (A–791–809) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Taiwan (A–583–835) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand (A–549–817) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Ukraine (A–823–811) | Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Belarus (A-822-804) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from the PRC (A-570-860) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Indonesia (A-560-811) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Latvia (A-449-804) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Moldova (A-841-804) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Poland (A-455-803) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from South Korea (A-580-844) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bars from Ukraine (A-823-809) | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 |
| Countervailing Duty Proceedings. | |

| Antidumping Duty Proceedings | Department Contact |
|---|--|
| Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Argentina (C–357–815) Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from India (C–533–821) Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Indonesia (C–560–813) Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from South Africa(C–791–810) Certain Hot–Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from Thailand (C–549–818) Suspended Investigations. No suspended investigations are scheduled for initiation in August 2006 | Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 Brandon Farlander (202) 482–0182 Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 Dana Mermelstein (202) 482–1391 |

This notice is not required by statute but is published as a service to the international trading community.

Dated: July 18, 2006.

Thomas F. Futtner,

Acting Director, AD/CVD Operations, Office 4,Import Administration. [FR Doc. E6–11745 Filed 7–21–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–DS–S

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

International Trade Administration

[A-570-865]

Final Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Hot– Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products from the People's Republic of China

AGENCY: Import Administration, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 24, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Catherine Bertrand or Carrie Blozy, Import Administration, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–3207 and (202) 482–5403, respectively.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

On November 1, 2005, the Department of Commerce ("Department") published a notice of opportunity to request an administrative review of the antidumping duty order on certain hotrolled carbon steel flat products from the People's Republic of China ("PRC") for the period November 1, 2004, through October 31, 2005. Antidumping or Countervailing Duty Order, Finding, or Suspended Investigation; **Opportunity to Request Administrative** Review, 70 FR 65883 (November 1, 2005). On November 30, 2005, Nucor Corporation, a domestic producer of certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products, requested that the Department conduct an administrative review of Angang Group International Trade Corporation, Angang Group Hong Kong Co., Ltd., New Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.

("collectively Angang"); and Shanghai Baosteel Group Corporation, Baoshan Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., and Baosteel Group International Trade Corporation (collectively "Baosteel"). On December 22, 2005, the Department published a notice of initiation of an antidumping duty administrative review on certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products from the PRC. Initiation of Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Reviews and Request for Revocation in Part ("Notice of Initiation"), 70 FR 76024 (December 22, 2005). On May 3, 2006, we preliminarily rescinded this review based on evidence on the record indicating that there were no entries into the United States of subject merchandise during the period of review ("POR") by the named firms. See Preliminary Rescission of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review: Certain Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Flat Products From the People's Republic of China, 71 FR 26040 (May 3, 2006) ("Preliminary *Rescission*"). We invited interested parties to submit comments on our Preliminary Rescission. We did not receive any comments on our Preliminary Rescission. The POR is November 1, 2004 through October 31, 2005.

Scope of the Review

For purposes of this review, the products covered are certain hot-rolled carbon steel flat products of a rectangular shape, of a width of 0.5 inch or greater, neither clad, plated, nor coated with metal and whether or not painted, varnished, or coated with plastics or other non-metallic substances, in coils (whether or not in successively superimposed layers), regardless of thickness, and in straight lengths of a thickness of less than 4.75 mm and of a width measuring at least 10 times the thickness. Universal mill plate (*i.e.*, flat-rolled products rolled on four faces or in a closed box pass, of a width exceeding 150 mm, but not exceeding 1250 mm, and of a thickness of not less than 4.0 mm, not in coils and without patterns in relief) of a thickness not less than 4.0 mm is not included within the scope of this review.

Specifically included within the scope of this review are vacuum

degassed, fully stabilized (commonly referred to as interstitial-free (IF)) steels, high strength low alloy (HSLA) steels, and the substrate for motor lamination steels. IF steels are recognized as low carbon steels with micro-alloying levels of elements such as titanium or niobium (also commonly referred to as columbium), or both, added to stabilize carbon and nitrogen elements. HSLA steels are recognized as steels with micro-alloying levels of elements such as chromium, copper, niobium, vanadium, and molybdenum. The substrate for motor lamination steels contains micro-alloying levels of elements such as silicon and aluminum.

Steel products to be included in the scope of this review, regardless of definitions in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS), are products in which: (i) Iron predominates, by weight, over each of the other contained elements; (ii) the carbon content is 2 percent or less, by weight; and, iii) none of the elements listed below exceeds the quantity, by weight, respectively indicated:

- 1.80 percent of manganese, or
- 2.25 percent of silicon, or
- 1.00 percent of copper, or
- 0.50 percent of aluminum, or
- 1.25 percent of chromium, or
- 0.30 percent of cobalt, or
- 0.40 percent of lead, or
- 1.25 percent of nickel, or
- 0.30 percent of tungsten, or
- 0.10 percent of molybdenum, or
- 0.10 percent of niobium, or
- 0.15 percent of vanadium, or
- 0.15 percent of zirconium.

All products that meet the physical and chemical description provided above are within the scope of this review unless otherwise excluded. The following products, by way of example, are outside or specifically excluded from the scope of this review:

- Alloy hot–rolled steel products in which at least one of the chemical elements exceeds those listed above (including, *e.g.*, American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) specifications A543, A387, A514, A517, A506).
- Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE)/American Iron & Steel Institute (AISI) grades of series 2300