will be reviewed by the BLM Las Cruces District Manager, who may sustain, vacate, or modify this action in whole or in part. In the absence of any adverse comments, this action will become the final determination of the Department of the Interior. Any comments received during this process, as well as the commenter's name and address, will be available to the public in the administrative record or pursuant to a Freedom of Information Act request. You may indicate for the record that you do not wish to have your name or address made available to the public. Any determination by the BLM to release or withhold the names or addresses of those who comment will be made on a case-by-case basis. A request from a commenter to have their name or address withheld from public release will be honored to the extent permissible by laws. BLM will not accept anonymous comments.

Detailed information concerning the sale, including the restrictions, reservations, sale procedures and conditions, and planning and environmental documents is available for review at the BLM, Las Cruces District Office or by calling (505) 525– 4300.

Dated: December 23, 2005.

Edwin L. Roberson,

District Manager, Las Cruces. [FR Doc. E6–2294 Filed 2–16–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-VC-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[NM220-1430 ES; NM-98042]

Recreation and Public Purposes (R&PP) Act Classification; New Mexico

AGENCY: Bureau of Land Management, Interior.

ACTION: Notice of realty action.

SUMMARY: The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) has determined land located in San Miguel County, New Mexico is suitable for classification for lease or conveyance to El Valle de Cristo Church, a non-profit organization, under authority of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act, as amended (43 U.S.C. 869 *et seq.*).

DATES: Interested parties may submit comments to the Taos Field Office Manager at the address below. Comments must be received by no later than April 3, 2006. Only written comments will be accepted.

ADDRESSES: Address all written comments concerning this Notice to

Sam DesGeorges, Taos Field Office Manager, 226 Cruz Alta Road, Taos, New Mexico 87571.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Francina Martinez, Realty Specialist, at

the above address or (505) 758–8851. **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The land

is located at:

New Mexico Principal Meridian

T. 13 N., R. 14 E., Sec. 10, lot 11.

Containing 8.34 acres, more or less.

El Valle de Cristo Church proposes to use the lands for a recreational facility for the purpose of meeting a community need for an organized recreational site. Conveying title to the affected public land is consistent with current BLM land use planning. The lease/ conveyance, when issued, would be subject to the following terms, conditions and reservations:

1. Provisions of the Recreation and Public Purposes Act and to all applicable regulations of the Secretary of the Interior.

2. A right-of-way for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States.

3. The United States will reserve all minerals together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the minerals.

4. Those rights for a utility and access road right-of-way granted to Ken, Marianne and Rheanna Hastey by permit No. NMNM 107503.

Additional detailed information concerning this Notice of Realty Action is available for review at the office of the Bureau of Land Management, Taos Resource Area, 226 Cruz Alta, Taos, NM 87571.

Upon publication of this notice in the Federal Register, the lands will be segregated from all other forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining and mineral leasing laws, except for lease or conveyance under the Recreation and Public Purposes Act. Comments may be submitted regarding the proposed classification, leasing or conveyance of the land to the Field Office Manager, Taos Field Office, for a period of $\overline{45}$ days from the date of publication of this notice in the Federal Register. You may submit comments regarding the suitability of the lands for a recreation site. Comments on the classification are restricted to four subjects:

(1) Whether the land is physically suited for the proposal;

(2) Whether the use will maximize the future use or uses of the land;

(3) Whether the use is consistent with local planning and zoning; and

(4) If the use is consistent with State and Federal programs.

Comments may be submitted regarding the specific use proposed in the application and plan of development, and whether the BLM followed proper administrative procedures in reaching the decision.

The State Director will review any adverse comments. The classification will become effective 60 days from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: January 5, 2006.

Paul Williams,

Acting Field Office Manager. [FR Doc. E6–2295 Filed 2–16–06; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310-FB-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

Notice of Intent To Prepare a Restoration Plan/Draft Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement for Coral Restoration Within Biscayne National Park

SUMMARY: Under the provisions of Section 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the National Park Service is preparing a Coral Restoration Plan/Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (RP/ PEIS). This plan is intended to guide all future coral restoration activities performed within Biscayne National Park (BISC).

NPS is undertaking restoration planning and an impact analysis to identify and assess potential impacts of performing restoration activities on injured coral reef communities at vessel grounding sites within BISC. As part of this process NPS will evaluate a range of alternatives for coral reef restoration to determine the potential impacts of those alternatives, including those on land use, water quality, biological resources, geology, cultural resources, human health and safety, and aesthetics. The alternatives that may be evaluated for coral restoration are specific for each injury type including geological, biological, and other. Preliminary alternatives for geological injuries include seal/fill fractures, removal of material/rubble, filling fractures with rubble or other materials, translocate biota to stabilize surface, promote natural depositional processes, reattachment of displaced substrate, reestablish topography, stabilize rubble, and relocation of rubble. Preliminary alternatives for biological injuries include re-attachment on-site, translocation/transplanting, seeding,