CHALLENGES FACING THE NEW ADMINISTRATION AND THE 111TH CONGRESS

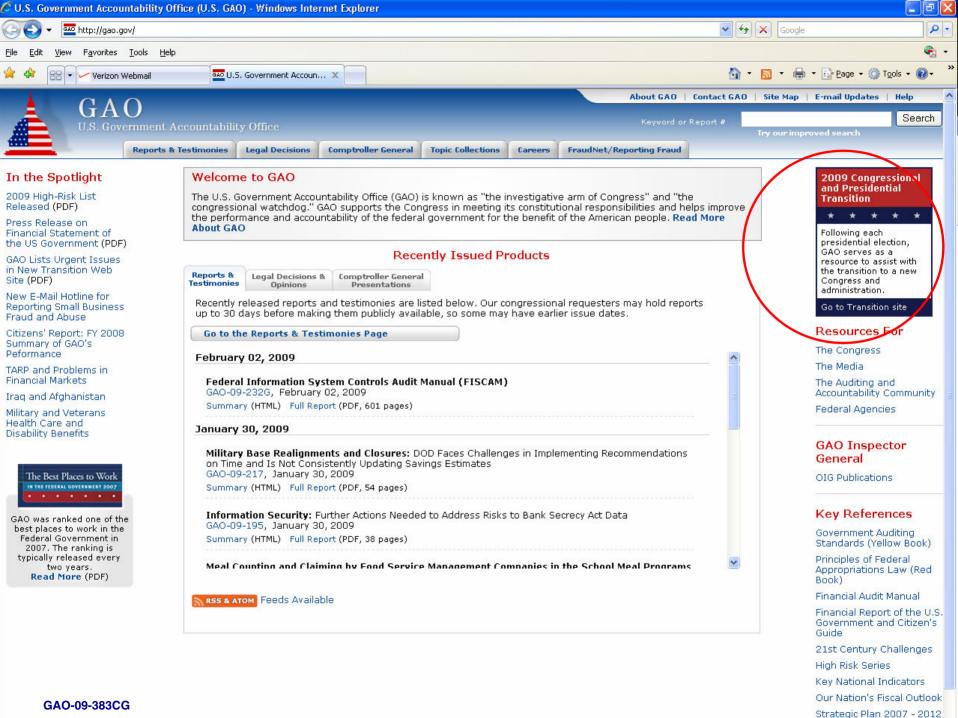
Before the AGA 2009 Leadership Conference Washington, DC February 19, 2009

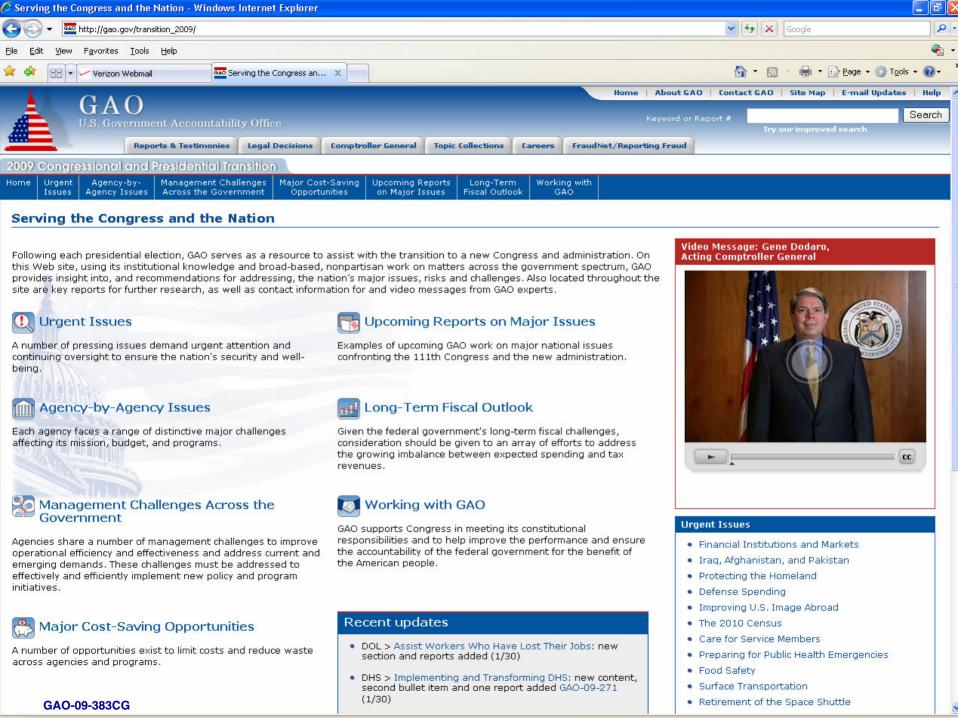
By Gene L. Dodaro Acting Comptroller General

Transition: Assisting The New Administration & The New Congress









Financial Institutions and Markets

- Financial Regulatory System
- GAO Role in Financial Rescue
- Auditors of Bank Insurance Fund, FHFA, TARP and U.S. Government Financial Statements

Modernizing The U.S. Financial Regulatory System

Financial Regulation: A Framework for Crafting and Assessing Proposals to Modernize the Outdated U.S. Financial Regulatory System (GAO-09-216, Jan. 8, 2009)

- Explains the origins of the current financial regulatory system
- Describes market developments and changes that pose challenges to the current system
- Presents an evaluation framework that Congress and others can use to craft or evaluate potential regulatory reform efforts.

Regulatory System Outdated

Risks Posed By:

- Emergence of large, complex, and interconnected financial conglomerates
- Less-regulated entities are playing increasingly critical roles in the financial system
- New and complex products pose challenges to system stability and consumer protection

Crafting or Assessing Regulatory Reform Proposals: GAO Framework—9 Essential Characteristics

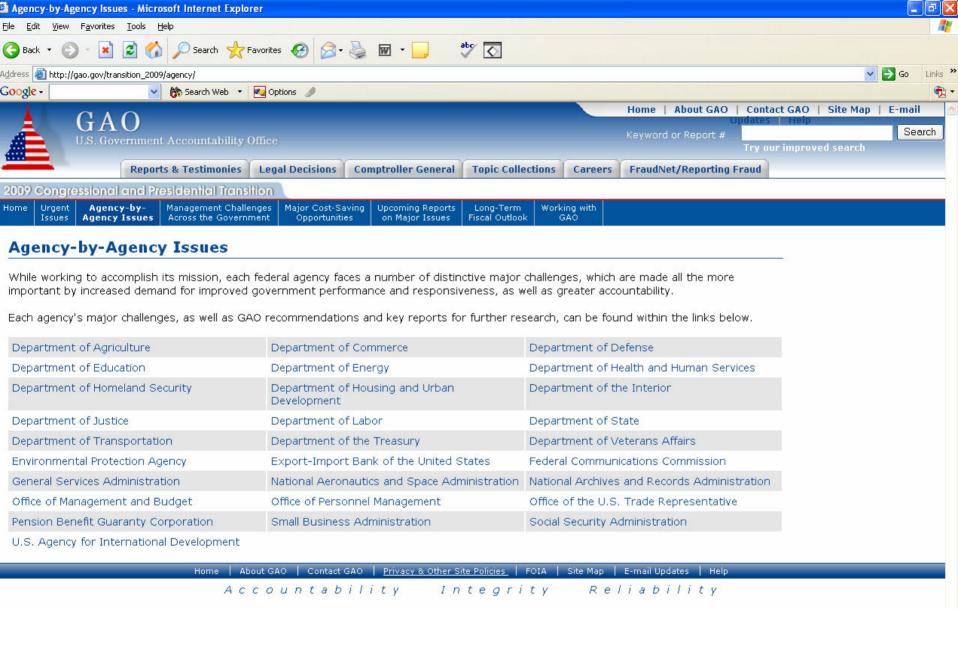
- Clearly defined regulatory goals in statute
- Appropriately comprehensive
- Systemwide focus
- Flexible and adaptable
- Efficient and effective
- Consistent consumer and investor protections
- Regulators provided with independence, prominence, authority, and accountability
- Consistent financial oversight
- Minimal taxpayer exposure

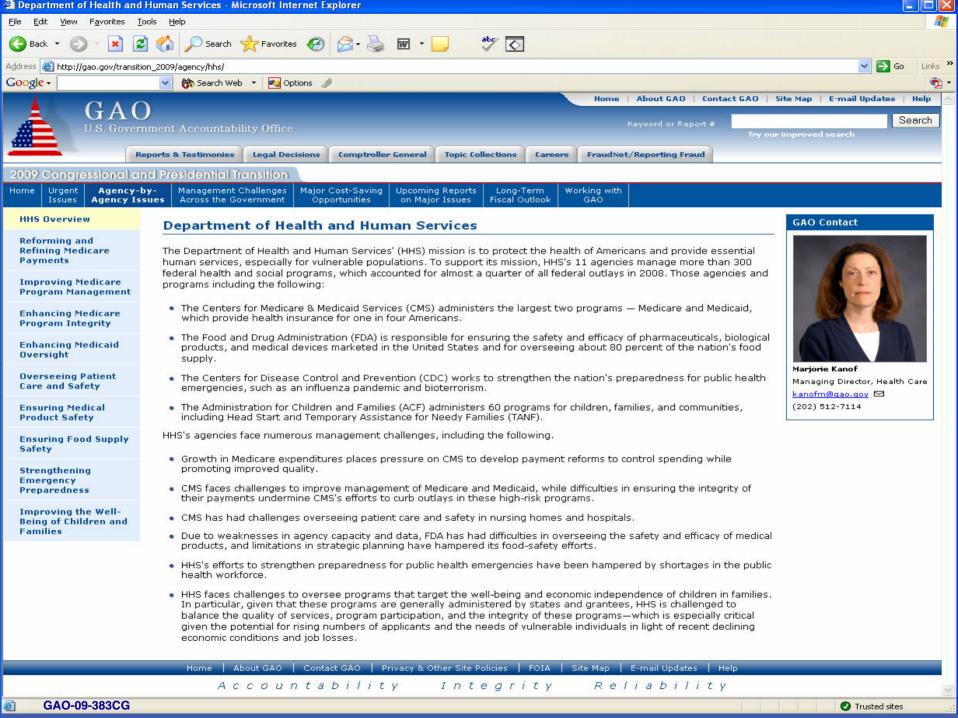
Financial Institutions and Markets

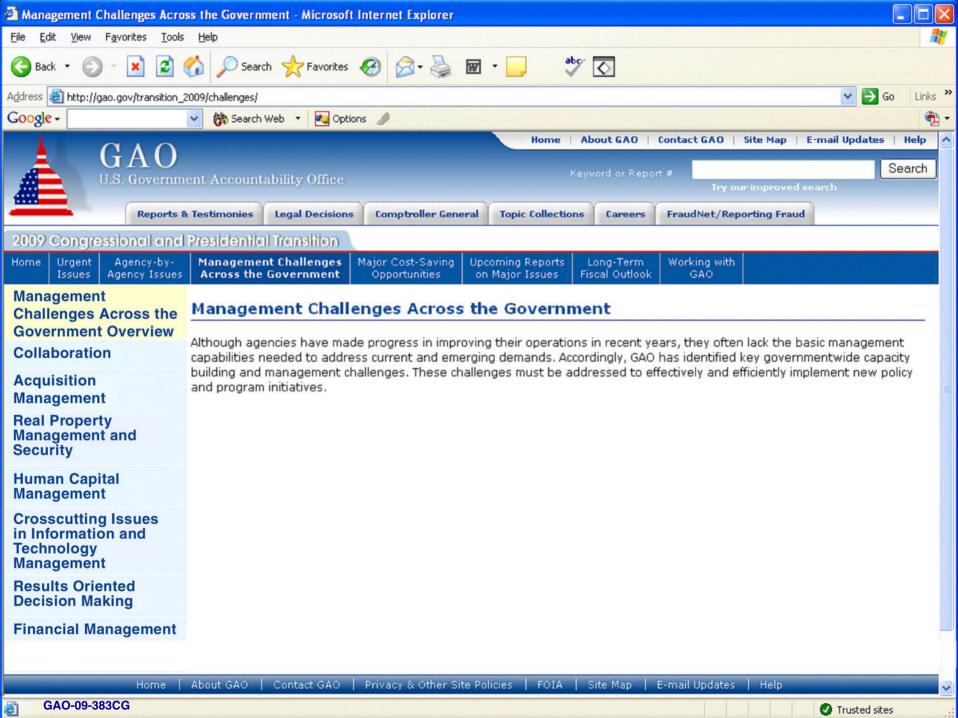
- Emergency Economic Stability Act of 2008 created TARP
- GAO given statutory oversight role
- GAO's TARP reports recommendations follow 3 themes:
 - Monitoring the use of funds to meet the Act's objectives
 - Articulating a better communication strategy
 - Ensuring effective Treasury management structure.

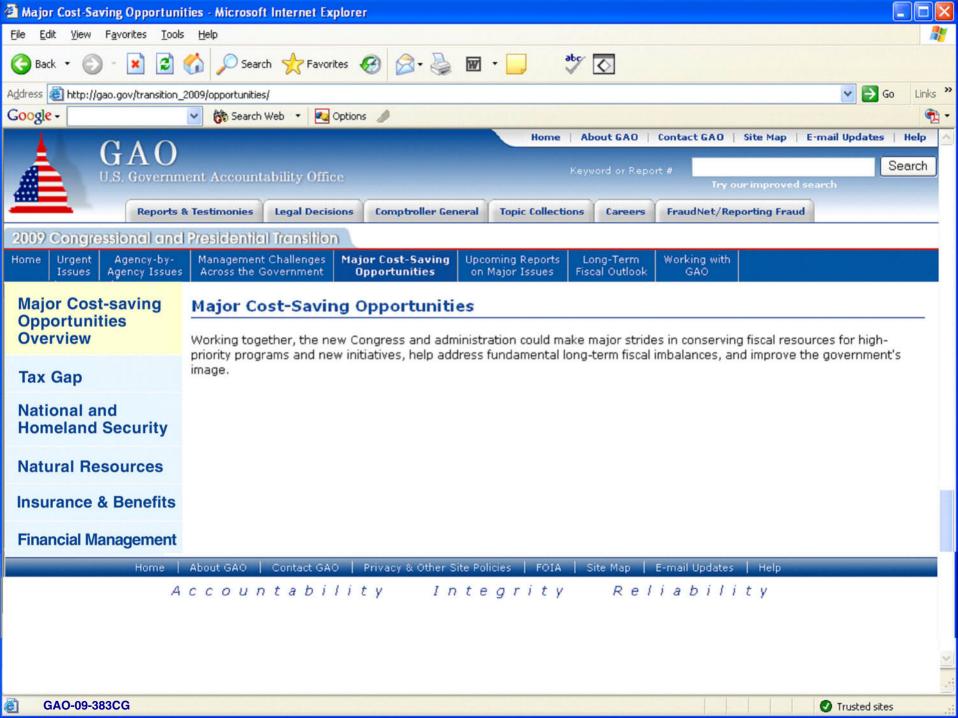
Other Urgent Issues: Timely Action Critical

- U.S. Efforts in Iraq, Afghanistan, and Pakistan
- Defense Readiness, Spending, and Care for Service Members
- Protecting the Homeland and Preparing for Public Health Emergencies
- Improving U.S. Image Abroad
- Food Safety
- Transition to Digital TV









2009 HIGH-RISK LIST

30 items grouped into four categories:

- Broad-Based Transformation Challenges
 (e.g., DOD, DHS, surface transportation, food safety oversight)
- Federal Contracting
- Tax Law Administration
- Insurance and Benefit Programs
 (e.g., Medicare, Medicaid, PBGC, flood insurance)

Latest High-Risk List Additions

Modernizing the Outdated U.S. Financial Regulatory System

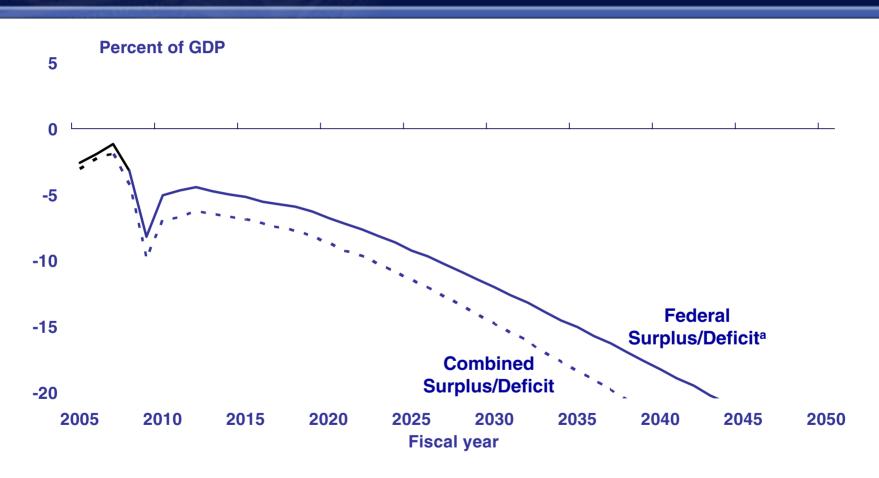
 Protecting Public Health through Enhanced Oversight of Medical Products

 Transforming EPA's Processes for Assessing and Controlling Toxic Chemicals

Long-Term Challenges

- Today's focus—understandably—is on:
 - Dealing with financial system stress
 - Addressing the economic downturn
- BUT.... Underlying issues still need to be addressed:
 - Long-term fiscal challenge
 - Sustaining progress on federal financial management

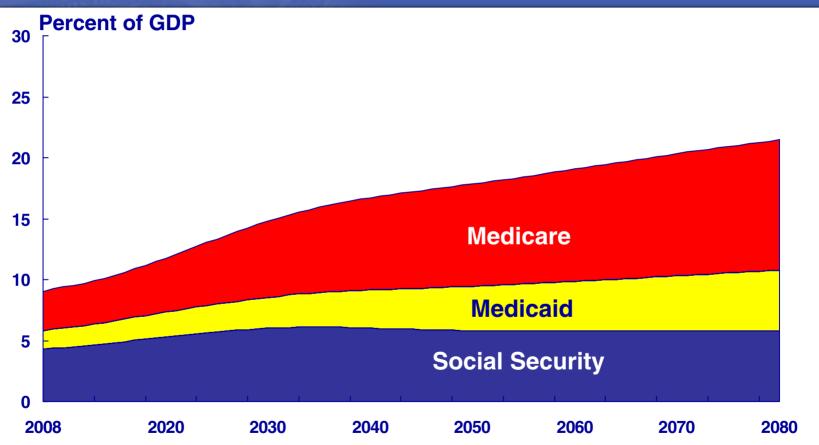
Long-Term Fiscal Challenge



Source: GAO January 2009 analysis.

^aFederal surplus/deficit is from GAO's Alternative Simulation using the Trustees' assumptions.

Long-Term Fiscal Challenge Driven by Health Care Spending



Source: GAO analysis of data from the Office of the Chief Actuary, Social Security Administration, Office of the Actuary, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, and the Congressional Budget Office.

Note: Social Security and Medicare projections based on the intermediate assumptions of the 2008 Trustees' Reports. Medicaid projections based on CBO's January 2009 short-term Medicaid estimates and CBO's December 2007 long-term Medicaid projections adjusted to reflect excess cost growth consistent with the 2008 Trustees intermediate assumptions.

Federal Financial Management: Need to Continue Progress

 Significant improvements in federal financial management -but still a long way to go

Important to ensure that information for decision-making is reliable

Federal Financial Management: Key Challenges

- Improve internal control—enhanced accountability and reduced improper payments
- Obtain clean opinion on U.S. government's consolidated financial statements
- Improve extent and reliability of cost information for evaluating federal program operations
- Implement more effective federal financial management systems
- Improve federal grant accountability
- Streamline and enhance relevance and effectiveness of federal accountability requirements and practices

On the Web

Web site: www.gao.gov/cghome.htm

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